

The Best Time  
No autumn or winter is so good but  
may be had for chamois. The  
best time for it is the best time to  
buy and use St. Jacobs Oil to cure it,  
because it cures promptly.

Pocket filters attached to the end of  
19 or 20 inches of rubber tubing are  
valuable additions to the tourist's  
outfit. The filter added to the  
"Century" habit of the camper is now  
protected against insects when drinking  
from a mountain spring or way-side  
brook. No danger of imbibing makes  
except in the time-honored road-  
house way.

### Pure Blood Good Digestion

These are the essentials of health. Hood's  
Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and  
stomach tonic. It promptly expels the  
impurities which cause pimples, sores and  
eruptions and by giving healthy action to  
the stomach and digestive organs it keeps  
the system in perfect order.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. 50¢ per Box.  
Prepared only by Dr. J. C. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25¢

Ark-Like Weather.  
"Talking about rainy weather," said  
the Westerner, "I remember once in  
Indiana meeting a farmer who  
took the most cheerful view of damp-  
ness of anybody I ever saw. I asked  
him if he had had much rain down  
on the Washab that spring. 'Well, it  
hasn't been a little damp,' he answered.  
'The day before I left home I had to  
hang up 24 of my ducks. They had got  
so water-soaked that they couldn't  
swim any longer. I planted my corn  
in two feet of water, and I don't expect  
over 20 bushels to the acre. Why, wheat  
is looking pretty well but the  
sturgeon and catfish have damaged it  
considerably.'

"There was about 15 minutes of  
sunshine one day, and I thought I  
would plant my potatoes, so I loaded  
them on a scow and anchored the scow  
in three feet of water, when it began  
to rain again. I wanted to go down on  
the bottom lands next the Washab to  
see if the grass was growing for my  
hay crop, but my wife said that as we  
didn't have any diving-bell and I  
couldn't swim."

"I should feel kind of discouraged  
with all the rain, but I've spent my  
odd hours of leisure time—and the even-  
ings, too, on account of staying in out-  
of the wet—building up an ark. If it  
will only rain another week or two until  
I get her all ready to sail, I'm going  
to take my family out to Missouri by  
water for a trip to visit our folks that  
moved off on there because they didn't  
know enough to stay in a place where  
they were comfortable."—St. Louis  
Globe-Democrat.

Try Schilling's best tea and baking powder.

The Metal Works, a trade paper, says  
that 41 tin-plate manufacturing estab-  
lishments in the United States, with an  
aggregate of 250 tin mills, turned out  
in the six months ended June 30, 1898,  
414,115,498 pounds, or 184,979 tons of  
black plate for lining and 459,468,301  
pounds, or 160,477 tons, of finished tin  
plate.

An African fat, used for domestic  
purposes, is the soil of a species of  
beetle. It resembles hardened cocoon-  
oil.

A woman of Belfast, Me., pawned  
her best bonnet in order to obtain  
money to pay the license tax on her pet  
dog.

There are 10,000 camels at work in  
Australia.

### TUMOR EXPELLED.

Unqualified Success of Lydia E.  
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WHEELLOCK, Magnolia,  
Iowa, in the following letter de-  
scribes her recovery from a very critical  
condition:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I have been  
taking your Vegetable Compound, and  
am now ready to sound  
its praises. I  
have done won-  
ders for me in  
relieving me  
of a tumor.

"My health  
has been poor  
for three years.  
Change of life  
was working  
upon me. I  
was very  
much bloated  
and was a bur-  
den to myself.

John Holmes, of Wellington, New  
Zealand, was recently in Vancouver,  
B. C., as a commissioner from the gov-  
ernment of the island on a mission to  
find new fields for the hemp trade of  
New Zealand, which last year pro-  
duced 22,000 tons. Mr. Holmes says  
this country offers a fine opening for  
trade in shirts, shoes, cottons, house-  
hold furniture, canned salmon and agri-  
cultural implements.

Five mourning tribes assembled at  
the Puyallup reservation Sunday to  
pay the last honors to the royal infant,  
Reed Leschi, who died last week, and  
who was the 8-months-old son of  
George Leschi, chief of the Puyallup  
tribe, and his death is mourned as the  
removal of a possible leader of the peo-  
ple, being but one living heir  
now left. Leschi's uncle was the leader  
of the war against the whites in the  
early days, for which he lost his life.

In compliance with the request of  
the Philadelphia board of trade, which  
was addressed to the several chambers  
of commerce in Pacific coast cities, the  
Los Angeles chamber of commerce last  
week passed resolutions urging congress  
to take needed action to restore to the  
United States the ocean-carrying trade  
in vessels sailing under the American  
flag, and also urging the press of the  
coast to lend its powerful aid to the  
success of this great national under-  
taking, and to co-operate with local  
commercial organizations.

Reliable authorities place the value  
of the Washington fruit crop at about  
\$4,000,000. The prune crop was  
gathered and evaporated in good condi-  
tion, and about 75 per cent will grade  
60s to 50s, which is considered excel-  
lent for export. The apple crop west of  
the Cascades has colored up well, and  
is almost entirely free from scab and  
other blemishes. Where the culture  
was thorough in the eastern part of the  
state, the per cent of apples affected by  
the codlin moth is small. Eastern  
fruit merchants are applying to the Pa-  
cific Northwest apple-growers for fruit  
this season.

BASEBALL, FOOTBALL,  
ATHLETIC AND GYMNASIUM SUPPLIES.

WILL & FINCK CO., 820 Market St.,  
San Francisco, Cal.

Buy Direct  
FROM THE  
WOOLEN MILLS

And save middlemen's profits. Men's fine tail-  
or-made suits, \$1.50 to \$1.75. Figured, cat-  
tains, samples, self-measuring blanks, etc.,  
sent free. Address: J. LANIGAN, 304-5  
building, Portland, Or. Mention this paper.

BASEBALL, FOOTBALL,  
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### ALONG THE COAST.

Means of General Interest Gleaned  
From the Thriving Pacific  
States.

The ministers of Spokane are gener-  
ally of the opinion that there should  
be but one legal ground for divorce.

The new sawmill of the Equality  
Colony, near Edison, Wash., is com-  
pleted and paid for. Its daily capacity  
is 10,000 feet.

The shipments from Oonlee City,  
Wash., last week amounted to 33 cars  
of cattle, containing nearly 1,500 head,  
and representing \$49,000.

The Indians who have been causing  
trouble are getting out of Grant coun-  
ty, Oregon, as fast as possible, and no  
further trouble is expected.

According to the financial statement  
of Coos county, Oregon, the 3 per cent  
reduction in the legal rate of interest  
will mean a yearly saving of something  
over \$1,800.

G. Ganserson, of Melbourne, and one  
of the largest timber importers of Aus-  
tralia, is visiting the Northwest arrang-  
ing for the purchase of several cargoes  
of fir lumber.

Isaac W. Garrett, ex-secretary of  
state of Idaho, and a pioneer of Ore-  
gon, died at Boise. Mr. Garrett had  
suffered from a complication of troubles  
for about a year.

The Grand Ronde Lumber Company,  
of La Grande, has just closed large con-  
tracts with different southern California  
fruit associations for very large quanti-  
ties of orange and other fruit boxes.

The receiver of the Bank of Everett,  
which failed early in the panic, has  
made his final report to the court, and  
an order has been made directing the  
remaining assets to be sold at auction.

The Pacific sheet metal works at New  
Whitcomb started up again last week  
with half a crew, after having been  
shut down for about a month. This  
means the employment of about 50 or  
60 persons, and is welcome news to a  
large number of people.

The discovery has been made that  
some miscreant has defaced the two 50-  
ton guns that are waiting to be placed  
in position at Marrowstone point, in  
Puget sound, by cutting names on the  
steel barrels with soap and acid. Sus-  
picion rests on discharged workmen.

The Imperial Paste Company has  
been organized at Great Falls, Mont.,  
for the purpose of manufacturing  
macaroni to supply the trade of that  
and adjoining states. The output of  
the factory is 500 pounds daily. They  
have orders ahead for three months' supply.

The receiver of the defunct Spokane  
Savings bank has been authorized by  
the court to pay a dividend of 7 per cent  
on the outstanding claims against the  
institution. This will make a total of  
52 per cent paid by the bank. The  
total indebtedness of the bank amounts  
to \$100,409.54.

The Golden Giant dredger, now be-  
ing rapidly pushed to completion at  
Lanham's spur, below the mouth of  
Burrat river, will be ready to operate  
on December 1. Its capacity is 2,000  
cubic yards per day, and it is to be  
operated on 180 acres which are report-  
edly good for 80 cents per cubic yard.

The Republic Mining Company of  
Eastern Washington has just declared  
another dividend amounting to \$30,-  
000, which is at the rate of 3 cents per  
share. This is the second monthly  
dividend paid by the company of like  
amount, and there is every assurance  
that the dividends will continue at this  
rate every month, although the mill is  
not running at its full capacity.

Nevada before was grass so scarce on  
the Gilliam county range as now.  
Even in pasture where the old brush-  
grass is abundant, the grass is so devoid  
of nutriment from long-continued  
drought that stock are losing flesh on  
it. Several sheepmen have commenced  
feeding hay already, and wise shepherds  
and cattlemen are reducing their flocks  
just now, while the price is good.

The contract to cut 5,000,000 feet of  
lumber and 175,000 ties has been  
secured by McPherson Bros. & Stone,  
of Brooklyn, B. C. This contract is  
with the Columbia & Western railway,  
which will use the lumber on its Rob-  
inson-Panticon branch. This firm con-  
templates removing their mill to Gil-  
christ, where a fine body of timber  
exists.

The Detroit steel and spring works  
of the Detroit Steel & Spring Company  
are being operated 24 hours a day.  
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burg, Pa., have an order from the  
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\$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000 worth of  
plate. As the result of a moderate  
protective duty the importation last  
year was less than \$4,000,000.

### PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets.

Tomatoes, 50¢@55¢ per box.  
Cucumbers, 10¢@15¢ per doz.  
Onions, 85¢@90¢ per 100 pounds.  
Potatoes, \$10@12.

Beets, per sack, \$1.  
Turnips, per sack, 60¢@65¢.  
Carrots, per sack, 60¢.  
Parsnips, per sack, \$1.  
Beans, green, 2¢@3¢.  
Green corn, 1¢@1.25 per sack.  
Cauliflower, 75¢ per doz.  
Celery, 40¢@50¢.

Cabbage, native and California  
\$1.25@1.50 per 100 pounds.  
Apples, 50¢@60¢ per box.  
Pears, 75¢@81¢ per box.  
Fruit, 50¢ per box.  
Peaches, 75¢.  
Plums, 50¢.  
Butter—Creamery, 37¢ per pound;  
dairy and ranch, 35¢@36¢ per pound.  
Eggs, 30¢.  
Cheese—Native, 12¢@13¢.  
Poultry—Old hens, 13¢ per pound;  
spring chickens, 14¢; turkeys, 16¢.  
Fresh meats—Choice dressed beef  
steers, prime, 5¼¢@7¢; cows, prime,  
5½¢; mutton, 7¼¢; pork, 7¢@8¢; veal,  
7¢@8¢.

Wheat—Feed wheat, \$19@20.  
Oats—Choice, per ton, \$22@23.  
Hay—Panic sound piled, \$9.50@10;  
choice Eastern Washington tim-  
othy, \$15.

Corn—Whole, \$23.50; cracked, \$24;  
feed meal, \$23.50.  
Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton,  
\$24@25; whole, \$22.  
Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$5.00;  
straights, \$3.50; California brands,  
\$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.75; Graham,  
per barrel, \$3.70; whole wheat flour,  
\$3.75; rye flour, \$4.  
Millet—Bran, per ton, \$14;  
shorts, per ton, \$16.  
Feed—Chopped feed, \$17@21 per  
ton; middlings, per ton, \$17; oil cake  
meal, per ton, \$35.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 61¢; Val-  
ley and Blomston, 66¢ per bushel.  
Flour—Best grade, \$5.40; Graham,  
\$5; superfine, \$3.25 per barrel.  
Oats—Choice white, 50¢@40¢; choice  
gray, 37¢@36¢ per bushel.  
Barley—Bran, \$21@22; brew-  
ing, \$24 per ton.  
Millet—Bran, \$15.50@16; mid-  
dlings, \$21; shorts, \$16; chop, \$15.50  
per ton.  
Hay—Timothy, \$8@9; clover, \$7  
@8; Oregon wild hay, \$5 per ton.  
Butter—Fancy creamery, 50¢@55¢;  
seconds, 40¢@45¢; dairy, 40¢@45¢; store,  
30¢@35¢.

Cheese—Oregon full cream, 11¢@12¢;  
Young America, 12¢@13¢; new cheese,  
10¢ per pound.  
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.00@3  
per dozen; hens, \$2.00@3.50; springs,  
\$1.25@3; geese, \$5.00@5.00 for old,  
\$4.50@5 for young; ducks, \$4.00@5  
per dozen; turkeys, live, 13¢@  
12½¢ per pound.

Potatoes—45¢@55¢ per sack; sweet  
2¢ per pound.  
Vegetables—Beets, 90¢; turnips, 75¢  
per sack; garlic, 75¢ per pound; cabb-  
age, \$1@1.25 per 100 pounds; caulif-  
lower, 75¢ per dozen; parsnips, 50¢  
per sack; beans, 90¢ per pound; celery,  
70¢@75¢ per dozen; cucumbers, 50¢ per  
box; peas, 8¢@10¢ per pound.  
Onions—Oregon, 75¢@81¢ per sack.  
Hops—1917; 1897 crop, 6¢@7¢.  
Wool—Valley, 10¢@12¢ per pound;  
Eastern Oregon, 8¢@12¢; mohair,  
25¢ per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers  
and ewes, 5¼¢; dressed mutton, 7¢;  
spring lambs, 7¼¢ per lb.  
Hogs—Gross, choice hams, \$4.75;  
light and feeders, \$3.00@4.00; dressed,  
\$5.50@6.50 per 100 pounds.  
Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50@4.75;  
cows, \$3.50@3.50; dressed beef,  
5¢@6¢ per pound.  
Veal—Large, 5¼¢@6¢; small, 6¼¢@  
7¼¢ per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Spring—Nevada, 10¢@14¢ per  
pound; Oregon, Eastern, 10¢@12¢; Val-  
ley, 15¢@17¢; Northern, 9¢@11¢.  
Millet—100 lbs., \$17@21.00;  
bran, \$15.00@16.00 per ton.  
Oats—100 lbs., 30¢@40¢ per sack.  
Butter—Fancy creamery, 24¢;  
do seconds, 22¢@23¢; fancy dairy, 21¢  
@22¢; do seconds, 20¢@24¢ per pound.  
Eggs—Store, 18¢@22¢; fancy ranch,  
24¢@29¢.

Citrus Fruit—Oranges, Valencia, 23  
¢@25¢; Mexican lemons, \$2.50@3.50; Cali-  
fornia lemons, \$2.00@3.00; do Chile,  
\$3.50@4.50; per box.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

The Detroit steel and spring works  
of the Detroit Steel & Spring Company  
are being operated 24 hours a day.  
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### NO FORMAL PROTEST MADE.

Our Relations With Nicaragua Concern-  
ing the Canal.

Washington, Nov. 5.—It is said at  
the state department that our govern-  
ment has not protested against the ac-  
tion of the Nicaragua government in  
granting a concession for the building  
of the Nicaragua canal to Eyre & Gra-  
gin, after the expiration of the Mari-  
time company's concession next Octo-  
ber. What the department has done is  
not of recent date, and consists solely  
of making of representations to the Ni-  
caragua authorities to the effect that  
the United States deemed it only fair  
and proper that the status quo should  
be maintained in matters relating to  
the Nicaragua canal until the board,  
headed by Admiral Walker, has had a  
chance to report and congress an op-  
portunity to consider that report. This  
is diplomatically something very differ-  
ent from a protest. The reason that  
this action is taken is that the making  
of a new concession by the Nicaragua  
government, even though it will take  
effect only upon the expiration of the  
present concession to the Maritime  
Canal Company, might operate to pre-  
vent the latter from obtaining an ex-  
tension of its concession, to which it  
might be justly entitled.

In the event that congress should  
legislate upon the basis of the con-  
struction of the work under the aus-  
pices of the Maritime company, this,  
of course, would seriously jeopardize  
the interests of the United States.

### GALLERY COLLAPSED.

Serious Accident in the Eugene Opera-  
House—People Panic-Stricken.

Eugene, Or., Nov. 5.—Tonight at  
about 10 o'clock, during a performance  
at the opera-house, while the building  
was packed, a section of one of the up-  
per floors, on which there were about  
30 people, fell, without warning. The  
lower floor was also crowded. The sec-  
tion of floor that fell was about 18 feet  
long and 8 feet wide. It was built out  
from the wall. The wall supports  
gate way, and the floor swung back,  
precipitating the people to the floor  
below. Those underneath were caught  
under the timbers, but miraculously  
few of them were injured. One man  
had his collar bone broken, and a boy  
about 15 years of age was severely in-  
jured in the back. A dozen or more  
received minor injuries. A regular  
panic followed the collapse, but the  
house was emptied without further ac-  
cidents, though another floor creaked  
and came near going down during the  
rush.

### BUFFALO READY FOR HER TRIP.

Will Go to Manila Via the Suez Canal  
Route.

New York, Nov. 5.—Everything is  
now in readiness for the departure of  
the cruiser Buffalo for Manila. The  
coaling of the ship was completed last  
night. The Buffalo is to go by way of  
the Mediterranean and the Suez canal.

There will be several hundred men  
for Admiral Dewey's fleet on the Buf-  
falo when she sails. They are intend-  
ed to meet the warships due to Manila  
and other causes, on the vessels in the  
Asiatic station.

A large amount of stores will also  
be sent on the Buffalo. She is expected  
to make the trip in about 50 days,  
traveling at a speed of 10 knots an  
hour. An effort will be made to get  
her into Manila harbor by Christmas.

Twenty-four officers sail on the Buf-  
falo. Commander J. N. Hemphill is  
in command; Lieutenant W. B. Diehl  
is executive officer, and Lieutenant  
George W. Logan, navigator.

### To Stop Growth of Crime.

Spokane, Nov. 5.—A special meeting  
of the mayor, commissioners and chief  
of police was held today, to take action  
regarding the growth of crime. The  
city has become infested with burglars  
and highwaymen and hold-ups and rob-  
beries have become of nightly occur-  
rence. As a result of the meeting the  
mayor issued a proclamation offering a  
reward of \$500 for the arrest and con-  
viction of any of the men who have  
been engaged in the recent hold-ups.  
It was also decided to swear in as  
special policemen any reputable citizens  
who may desire to carry arms for their  
own protection.

### To Prevent Privatizing.

Washington, Nov. 5.—A memorial  
prepared by Charles Henry Butler and  
others has been presented to the presi-  
dent, asking that this government call  
an international convention to consider  
the question of making private property  
free from capture on the high seas in  
time of war. The memorial pays a  
tribute to the administration on the  
humane and speedily successful pro-  
secution of the recent war, and points  
out that this government is in the best  
position of any power at present to  
take the initiative in such a humane  
movement, without laying itself open  
to the imputation of selfishness.

### News From Ketchikan.

San Francisco, Nov. 5.—A letter  
from Frank Nunan, a prospector, dated  
September 19, was received in this city  
from Ketchikan, Alaska. He states  
that the steam wharf steamer John Riley  
was grounded six miles above Squirrel  
river, and it was said that her back was  
broken. The steamer Arctic went to  
the Riley's assistance with provisions  
for her crew. On the Nootka, Selawick  
and Kubak rivers only the color of four  
gold was discovered. Prospects on the  
Buckland river are fair.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—The British gov-  
ernment has closed a contract here for  
the immediate delivery of 125,000 gal-  
lons of distilled spirits at Montreal.  
An intimation was also given that  
about 40,000 more gallons would in all  
likelihood be ordered within about 10  
days. This order of 125,000 gallons  
amounts to nearly 5,000 barrels, and  
will require over 60 cars for its trans-  
portation into Canada. The use of the  
distilled spirits thus ordered will be in  
the manufacture of smokeless powder.

Washington, Nov. 5.—In regard to  
Spain's protest against sending the  
battle-ships Oregon and Iowa to Man-  
ila, Secretary of State Hay has notifi-  
ed M. Zuloaga, the French charge  
d'affaires, who is representing Spain,  
in the absence of M. Cambon, that  
the destination of these ships is Honolulu,  
and as that is now an American port  
this government has the right to send  
the ships there.

The Oregon and Iowa are now in  
Brazilian waters, and while officially  
it is stated they are bound for Hono-  
lulu, it is unofficially admitted that  
they will proceed to Manila.

### A Vigorous Battle.

From the New York Greenbacker, Ind.

The following is a straightforward  
statement of facts by a veteran of the  
late war. No comrade will need fur-  
ther proof than their friend's own  
words, as here given.

Squire John Castor, of Newport,  
Ind., is the narrator, and an honest,  
respectable citizen he is, too. He said:  
"I have been troubled with rheumatism  
in all my joints, ever since I went to  
the war. It was brought on by my ex-  
posure there. It came on me gradu-  
ally, and kept getting worse until I  
was unable to do any work. I tried  
several physicians, but they did me no  
good. They said my trouble was rheu-  
matism resulting in disease of the  
heart, and that there was no cure for it.  
Nevertheless I had lived and fought  
the disease for thirty years, and did  
not intend to die, simply because they  
said I must, so I hunted up some rem-  
edy."

"I want to swear to that."  
advice for myself, and finally happened  
on Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale  
People. I asked some of my neighbors  
about the medicine, for it had been  
used by several persons in the com-  
munity, and they recommended it very  
highly. I procured a box. The pills  
helped me right away, and I continued  
taking them. I commenced taking  
them last fall, and finished taking the  
sixth box a few months ago. I am not  
bothered with the rheumatism now—  
the medicine has cured me. I can most  
certainly recommend Dr. Williams'  
Pink Pills for Pale People."

"These pills are not only good for  
rheumatism, but are valuable for any  
disease that arises from impoverished,  
or bad blood. They do not act on the  
bowels."

### IN THE ANIMAL WORLD.

The organs of smell in a vulture  
and a crow are so keen that they  
can scent their food for a distance of  
40 miles.

The wings of birds are not only to  
aid locomotion in the air, but also on  
the ground and water. One bird even  
has claws in the "elbows" of its wings  
to aid in climbing.

The elephant does not smell with his  
trunk. His olfactory nerves are con-  
tained in a single nostril, which is in  
the roof of the mouth, near the front.

Humming birds are domesticated by  
placing in their cages a number of  
paper flowers of tubular form, contain-  
ing a small quantity of sugar and water,  
which must be frequently renewed. Of  
this liquid the birds partake and quick-  
ly become apparently contented with  
their captivity.

A fossil bog oak, weighing 40 tons,  
which geologists assert to be 10,000  
years old, has been dug up at Stock-  
port, England, in excavating to lay a  
sewer. The corporation of the town  
wants to blow it up with dynamite, in  
spite of protests from scientific men  
throughout England.

No household is complete without a bot-  
tle of the famous Jesse Moore Whiskey. It  
is a pure and wholesome stimulant rec-  
ommended by all physicians. Don't neglect  
this necessity.

Mrs. Thackara, General Sherman's  
daughter, who resides in Havre, France,  
her husband having been made the  
American consul at that port, writes  
that she has been elected a member of  
the board of managers of the Hays So-  
ciety for the Protection of Animals.  
The members of the board are chiefly  
men, there being only two women be-  
sides Mrs. Thackara.

When coming to San Francisco go to  
Brooklyn Hotel, 208-212 Bush street,  
American or European plan. Room and  
board \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day; rooms 50 cents  
to \$1.00 per day; single meals 25