

Suffering Women.

Alas! women do suffer. Why, we often cannot tell, but we know there is one great cause, and that is weakness. The headaches, the dizziness, the nervousness, the depression, the fainting, the paleness, the discouragement, indeed, almost all the misery has a common cause—weakness. At such times a woman always needs a friend that can be relied upon, and such a friend, for more than twenty years, has been that greatest of all remedies.



Saffron Cure

By its purity and its power it furnishes a prompt relief for women in their hours of need, and if the grateful expressions which come up from the homes of the land show what SAFE CURE has done, you will be convinced, if you are a sufferer, can you not take hope from this suggestion?

Large bottle, 50c; small size, 25c, at your druggist.

Change of Heart.
Socialistic Mob—"Bring him out! Hang him! Down mit monopoly!" Inventor (putting his head out of the window)—"Goodness me! What does this mean?"
Mob Spokesman—"You moost die! Ve hear you invent a machine vat do do vork out von hoodnerd men. You dake vret out off der mouth; you—"
Inventor—"This machine of mine is an attachment for breweries, and will bring beer down to one cent a glass."
Mob (wildly)—"Hooray!"

Care of Property.
Small Boy—"Papa, will you lend me your knife?"
Papa—"Lend you my knife? It isn't a week since I bought you a new knife. What have you done with it? Lost it?"
"Oh, no; I've got it yet."
"Then why don't you use it?"
"You said I should take good care of it, and I want to take up tacks."

TOO MUCH BARK.
It is not the best watchdog that barks the most. The old watchdog lays low and seizes the burglar before he knows it. In the treatment of rheumatism many sufferers talk too much and do too little. If they want to find out what is best for it, let them get St. Jacobs Oil and use it. It is a good watchdog against the intrusion of pain. It goes to work quickly and surely, and seizes hold of rheumatism for the purpose of driving it out, and holds on until its purpose is accomplished. It is, therefore, the best remedy, because it takes the best means to accomplish its end, as many who have suffered for years with the ailment will testify. The cure is the same in chronic or inflammatory cases. With patience and a free use of oil, the worst cases of long standing have been finally cured by it.

The very small eyes of the bats (partially nocturnal) is due to the partial replacement of sight by their very highly developed sense of feeling.

DON'T GIVE WAY TO DESPAIR.
Although you have suffered for a long time from malaria, typhoid, bilious trouble, nervousness or indigestion. Know that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has cured worse cases than yours, and is potent to help you in the most stubborn cases. But always remember that this is saying, "Delays are dangerous." Mole hills grow to be mountains if not removed at once. Check disease at the outset with this incomparable defensive medicine.

Passing beside a stall, a liverman of Hopkinsville, Ky., lost a part of one ear which a horse reached out and seized with its teeth.

HOME PRODUCTS AND PURE FOOD.
All Eastern Syrup, so-called, usually very light colored and of heavy body, is made from glucose. "The Golden Drops" is made from Sugar Cane and is strictly pure. It is for sale by first-class grocers, in cans only. Manufactured by the Laclede Cane Sugar Co., St. Louis. Beware of cheap imitations. The name "The Golden Drops" has the manufacturer's name lithographed on every can.

We will forfeit \$1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine.
The Pisco Co., Warren, Pa.

Imperfect teeth are a sure sign of civilization. Perfect teeth are found, as a rule, only among savages.

HOW'S THIS?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
We understand, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and specially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WIFE & TRIAL.
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KIRKMAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Best in the World

Rambler Bicycles

'96 Models - - - - - \$60
'97 Models - - - - - 80
'98 Models - - - - - 39

Second-hand Machines of all makes from \$10 to \$40 Cash...

Or on Installments

Write for Catalog and Second-hand List. LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

Fred T. Merrill Cycle Co.
PORTLAND, OR. SPOKANE, WASH.

WHEAT.
Make money by successful speculation in Chicago. We buy wheat at margins. Fortune is to be made here on the margins by trading in futures. Write for full particulars. Best of references given. Several years' experience on the Chicago Board of Trade, and a thorough knowledge of the business. Jennings, Hamilton & Co., Chicago Board of Trade Brokers, Offices in Portland, Oregon, Spokane and Seattle, Wash.

FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK OF "DON'T FEEL WELL,"
"I DON'T FEEL WELL" IS THE ONE THING TO USE. Only One For a Dose. Sold by Druggists Everywhere. Address: Jennings, Hamilton & Co., 123 N. Wabash St., Chicago, Ill.

AN UNCOMMON SIGHT

President McKinley Surprises Washingtonians.

CABINET OFFICERS SWORN IN

President Takes a Walk—Cabinet Has Already Entered Upon Its Official Duties.

Washington, March 9.—President McKinley took a long walk through the streets of Washington just before dusk tonight and was cheered several times along the way. It was an uncommon sight to see the president swinging along in this fashion, for Mr. Cleveland seldom, if ever, walked through the streets, and not since Grant's time had Washingtonians seen a president joining in the general throng along the thoroughfares. It had been a fatiguing day at the executive mansion, so at 5 o'clock the president asked Secretary Porter to join him for a stroll. The president wore his beaver coat, silk hat, and a silk muffler at his throat. They emerged from the White House grounds by the easterly walk and turned into Pennsylvania avenue going west. Twice the president was joined by some friends, the latter one continuing throughout the walk. When he was first recognized by some passing crowds, some dozen people or more began to follow, but the president cut across the street at the war, state and navy buildings and retraced his steps to Seventeenth street, going out to Connecticut avenue. Before leaving the avenue a cheer went up from a party of men who had recognized him. He touched his hat in recognition. Further on a party of ladies and gentlemen saluted him in passing and he returned them a sweeping bow. It was about dark when the president turned back to the White House, looking much refreshed after the brisk walk.

The executive mansion today was the center of attraction for great crowds, including many prominent public men. President McKinley was at his desk at 9 o'clock, clearing away the more pressing matters. The commission of the new cabinet members were signed by the president early in the day, and efforts were made to have the members assemble in the president's office at 10:30 to be sworn in by Chief Justice Fuller.

Cabinet Officers Sworn In.

Washington, March 9.—All the members of the cabinet except Gage took the oath of office at the White House at 11:30 this morning. It was a simple but impressive ceremony. President McKinley and Mr. Sherman led the way from the president's office to the blue room, where the justices of the supreme court were assembled.

Mr. Sherman was the first sworn in, Chief Justice Fuller administering the oath. Then followed the other cabinet officers in the order of their rank.

Justice Gray, of Massachusetts, administered the oath to John D. Long, of that state. For the same reason of locality Justice Brown, formerly of Michigan, administered the oath to General Alger as secretary of war. All the other oaths were administered by the chief justice.

Lyman J. Gage took the oath in the secretary's office of the treasury department at noon. Chief Justice Fuller administered the oath in the presence of a distinguished company, which included relatives and friends of Mr. Gage, part of the Illinois delegation in congress and the principal officials of the treasury. The chief justice read the oath, Gage repeating it sentence by sentence. The first sentence was "I, Lyman J. Gage, of Illinois, do solemnly swear," but Gage declared, "I, Lyman J. Gage, of Chicago, Illinois," the emphasis which he put on the added word "Chicago" inspiring a smile.

When the oath had been repeated, Secretary Carlisle stepped forward and took his successor's hand, saying, "I want to congratulate you and wish you every success."

After the new cabinet officers had taken the oath of office, they lost but little time in entering upon their official duties.

Death Overtook a Footpad.

New York, March 9.—Late Saturday afternoon, while Hermann Golstein, a latter, was entering the door of his home on East Sixteenth street, he was felled by blows from a sandbag, in the hands of a man who suddenly sprang from a hallway. Golstein shouted loudly, and the sandbagger fled. Suddenly the prisoner became palsied and sank down with apparent illness. Before medical help could be summoned he died. The dead man has not been identified. He was about 30 years old, tall and dark, and looked like a Spaniard.

Celebrated Their Golden Wedding.

Chevelah, Wash., March 9.—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brown, the first married couple to settle in the Colville valley, celebrated their golden wedding last evening. They have five children, twenty-six grand-children and two great-grand-children, all living in this vicinity. They crossed the plains in 1854, and settled in Colville valley in 1855.

A Subplot Re-Established.

Port Townsend, March 9.—Collector of Customs Saunders today received a dispatch from the treasury department notifying him of the re-establishment of the subplot of Roche Harbor. This subplot was discontinued March 1, but the protest of shippers and Collector Saunders brought a reversal of the order.

Great quantities of sulphur are mined in the craters of several extinct volcanoes in Mexico.

Astoria's Mayor Says He Will Sign It.
Astoria, Or., March 9.—The city council tonight passed an ordinance making it unlawful for any person or persons to spit on any sidewalk, floor of any public hall or building, or upon the floor of any street-car. One half of the fine is to go to the informer. The mayor says that he will sign the ordinance.

Alexander the Great employed the first submarine boat at the siege of Tyre in the year 332 B. C. M. Pierce informed the Paris Society of Civil Engineers recently.

GIVES UP THE FIGHT.

The Original House Recumbs to the Inevitable.

The last session of the Davis house of the Oregon legislature was called to order at 11:30 A. M. Friday. Seventeen members answered the roll-call. U'Ren, by unanimous consent, offered a resolution which was read. The resolution after setting forth the history of the failure to organize the legislature in a lengthy preamble, concluded as follows:

"Resolved, By the members of the house now in attendance, and who have signed this resolution, that we will return to our respective homes, at all times during our term of office awaiting the call of the governor of the state for a session of the legislative assembly, hoping that the members may yet in a legal and constitutional organization fulfill the pledges made to the people of Oregon."

The following thirty names were subscribed to the resolution: E. J. Davis, Henry L. Barkley, W. S. U'Ren, John Gill, J. J. Houser, George W. Riddell, Thomas Buckman, David Craig, Orin C. Emery, J. S. Smith, T. M. Munkers, John Whittaker, D. W. Yeakum, N. J. Svindeth, L. Bilyeu, T. J. Lee, C. S. Dustin, J. C. Bayer, D. L. Porey, R. E. Miesner, John W. McAlister, James N. Davis, H. G. Guild, G. F. Schmidlein, George Ogle, Jonathan Bourne, Jr., J. K. Kruss, George H. Hill, A. L. Maxwell and F. N. Jones.

Svindeth then offered a resolution that the house, by a rising vote, thank Speaker Davis "for his firm and fair rulings as speaker, his close and untiring attention to the duties of the office, his strict adherence to the constitution, his manly and courageous action in behalf of pure and decent politics and legislation in our state."

The resolution was adopted.

Speaker Davis responded: "I thank the members of the house for the courtesies extended and the support given me. In accordance with the terms of the resolution adopted members are now at liberty to go to their homes."

The members then dispersed.

Will Appoint a Senator.

Governor Lord, of Oregon, in an interview, states that he will not call an extra session of the legislature, as he thinks it would be of no avail. He will, however, appoint a United States senator to succeed John H. Mitchell.

Confirmed by the Senate.

The United States senate was in session only about two hours Friday, and the greater part of the time was spent in executive session, confirming President McKinley's cabinet appointments. While in executive session, the credentials of Mr. Hanna, as senator from Ohio, to succeed Mr. Sherman, were presented by Foraker, and he was sworn in by Vice-President Hobart.

Davis was also designated acting chairman of the committee on foreign relations, to succeed Sherman. Beyond the usual notification to the president, nothing further was done.

The House Caucus.

The Republicans of the national house, anticipating an extra session of congress, have arranged to hold a caucus on the evening of Saturday, March 13. The call was issued by Representative Groves, chairman of the caucus. The speaker will be decided upon then. Probably there will be no opposition to Reed. The method of putting the tariff bill through the house and possibly of organizing committees may be considered.

Greece Massing Her Troops.

Athens, March 8.—Feverish activity continues throughout the whole country. Large quantities of arms, ammunition, provisions and military stores are being conveyed by transports to Thessaly. The massing of troops on the frontier is proceeding with the utmost speed, and public feeling is at the highest pitch of excitement. Those taking the coolest view no longer conceal their opinion that in the event of coercion the center of interest will be transferred to the Turkish frontier, where the most serious events may be expected. Many foreign escorts have already started for Thessaly. Greece says she will not yield to the demand of the powers to vacate Crete, even if she has to fight all Europe.

Fire Fiend's Work.

New York, March 4.—A remarkable series of fires, all of mysterious origin and strangely similar in their characteristics, spread terror through a section of the upper East Side yesterday, and led to the belief that a daring incendiary was abroad, applying his torch for no other purpose, apparently, than the destruction of human life.

Five fires occurred in three hours and all within the district between Sixty-fifth and Eighty-third streets and First and Third avenues. All were in tenement-houses, and no one could tell how the flames started. Four of the fires, the most important, occurred almost within a stone's throw of each other in a thickly populated area.

The clang of the fire bells and the sight of engines dashing hither and thither through the streets naturally created a panicky feeling among the tenement-house dwellers, who knew not where the fire fiend would strike next. The firemen were exhausted by the arduous labor exacted from them.

The Gale in Cairo.

A heavy thunder storm with rain and wind struck Cairo, Ill. Roofs were torn off, plate-glass windows smashed, a frame church under construction was destroyed, one house blown down and the wreckage burned. Eight persons were injured and one killed and burned in the ruins.

Explosion in a Coal Mine.
In mine 44, of the Kansas & Texas Coal Company, at Huntington, Ark., an explosion occurred, burning thirty-five men seriously, and some of them fatally. One man is already dead.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

The week closes with better wheat markets, and an increase in bullish indications, notably an increased demand for cash wheat in Western markets. Prices have been helped also by stronger Liverpool markets, and by more widespread crop damage reports. The latter complaints are being received from sections of Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, but in the aggregate they are much less than normal. We do not ignore these reports, but in a general way we believe that soft and growing weather may dissipate, not only the legitimate solicitude, but much of the damage. We are greatly indisposed to anticipate another short winter wheat crop. There has been no change in foreign crop advices. The Argentine exports continue extremely small and more than establish the lowest previous estimates of yield. American crop clearances, though a little heavier than the previous week, have been small, and indicate a large decrease in the amount of wheat on passage. This may tend to firm foreign markets and renew export demand, without which the price of wheat could not advance, as it takes a cash inquiry to put wheat up, not fictitious stories and fake cablegrams of the supposed fear of a general outbreak among the nations of Europe. On Friday, prices got a boost on the alleged war scare, but, as is usual, speculators who took the bait, offered and bought freely, were compelled to liquidate before the day was over, and at a loss, leaving the market on merit alone, and a lot of deluded holders with diminished bank accounts. It has been a good many years since investment in wheat on European political complications have paid any kind of a dividend.

In corn a fair degree of activity is observable which is all the more noticeable by the frequency of fluctuations. Attention is being gradually attracted to the immense exports of corn from our shores.

It is useless to attempt to say anything interesting about the oats market. There is absolutely no trading worthy of the name.

Market Quotations.

Portland, Or., March 9, 1897.

Flour—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, \$4.25; Benton county and White Lily, \$4.25; Graham, \$3.50; superfine, \$2.75 per barrel.

Wheat—Walla Walla, \$1.82; Valley, \$2.82 per bushel.

Oats—Choice white, 40@42c per bushel; choice gray, 36@40c.

Hay—Timothy, \$13@13.50 per ton; clover, \$11.00@12.00; mixed and oat, \$9.00@11 per ton.

Barley—Feed barley, \$18.00 per ton; brewing, \$18@19.

Millets—Bran, \$15.00; shorts, \$16.50; middlings, \$26.

Butter—Creamery, 45@50c; dairy, 30@40c; store, 17 1/2@30c per roll.

Potatoes—Oregon Earlians, 55@60c; Garnet Chiles, 70c; Early Rose, 80@90c per sack; sweets, \$3.00 per cwt. for Merced; new potatoes, 6 1/2c per pound.

Onions—\$1.25@1.50 per sack.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.00@2.50; geese, \$4@5; turkeys, live, 10c; ducks, \$3.00@4.00 per dozen.

Eggs—Oregon, 11c per dozen.

Cheese—Oregon, 12 1/2c; Young America, 13 1/2c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 10c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 6@8c.

Hops—9@10c per pound.

Beef—Gross, top steers, \$2.75@3.00; cows, \$2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 4@5 1/2c per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, \$3.00@3.25; dressed mutton, 5 1/2@6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, choice, heavy, \$3.25@3.50; light and feeders, \$2.50@3.00; dressed, \$4.50@5.00 per cwt.

Seattle, Wash., March 9, 1897.

Wheat—Chicken feed, \$27 per ton.

Oats—Choice, \$23@24 per ton.

Barley—Rolled or ground, \$22 per ton.

Corn—Whole, \$19 per ton; cracked, \$19@20; feed meal, \$19@20.

Flour—(Jobbing)—Patent excellent, \$5.10; Novelty A, \$4.60; California brands, \$5.30; Dakota, \$5.50; patent, \$6.25.

Millets—Bran, \$14.00 per ton; shorts, \$18.

Feed—Chopped feed, \$18.00 per ton; middlings, \$22; oilcake meal, \$29.

Hay—Puget sound, per ton, \$9.00@10.00; Eastern Washington, \$14.

Butter—Fancy native creamery, brick, 26c; select, 24c; tubs, 23c; ranch, 15@17c.

Cheese—Native Washington, 12 1/2c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, per ton, \$18@20; parsnips, per sack, 75c; beets, per sack, 60c; turnips, per sack, 60c; rutabagas, per sack, 40c; carrots, per sack, 35@45c; cabbage, per 100 lbs., \$2.00.

Sweet potatoes—Per 100 lbs., \$3.25.

Poultry—Chickens, live, per pound, 9c; dressed, 10@11c; ducks, \$4.00@5.00; dressed turkeys, 15c.

Eggs—Fresh ranch, 14c.

Fresh Meats—Choice, dressed beef, steers, 6 1/2c; cows; 6c; mutton, sheep, 7c per pound; lamb, 5c; pork, 6c per pound; veal, small, 8c.

Fresh Fish—Halibut, 4 1/2@6c; salmon, 5@6c; salmon trout, 7@10c; flounders and soles, 3@4c.

Provisions—Hams, large, 11c; hams, small, 11 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 10c; dry salt sides, 5 1/2c per pound.

San Francisco, March 9, 1897.

Potatoes—Salinas Burbanks, 90c@1.10; Early Rose, 75@80c; River Burbanks, 60@70c; sweets, \$1.25@1.75 per cwt.

Onions—\$1.50@1.75 per cwt.

Eggs—Ranch, 11@12 1/2c per dozen.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 18@19c; do seconds, 16@17c; fancy dairy, 15c; seconds, 13@14c.

Cheese—Fancy mild, new, 8@8 1/2c; fair to good, 7@7 1/2c; Young America, 9@10c; Eastern, 14@14 1/2c.

Wool—Choice mountain, 6@7c; poor do, 4@5c; San Joaquin plains, 3@5c; do foothill, 6@8c per pound.

Hay—Wheat and oat, \$8@11; best barley, \$7.00@8.50; alfalfa, \$8@10; clover, \$6@8; compressed wheat, \$6@8.50; do oat, \$6@7 per ton.

Tropical Fruit—Bananas, \$1.00@3.00 per bunch; pineapples, \$2@4.

Citrus Fruit—Oranges, navel, \$75c@3.00; seedlings do, 75c@1.25; common lemons, 75c@1.00; good to choice, \$1.50@2.00; fancy, \$3.25 per box.

Apples—Fancy, \$1.40@1.75 per box; common, 90c@1.25 per box.

Malt-Water Soup.

In an article on fish food, the London Spectator gives many interesting facts about the wonderful and invisible supply furnished by nature for the feeding of the millions of fishes that make up her great oceanic population. The most careful examination of shallow waters near the shore will not settle the question of what the fish feed on when out in the wide sea, because the conditions in the two cases differ so widely.

The sea, in the heart of its own domain, far from the shallow water-fringe along the shore, is devoid of vegetable life. It contains no growth of weeds or plants to harbor swarms of possible food-creatures, except in limited spaces, as in the floating weeds of the Sargasso Sea.

A bucket of water drawn from the Atlantic is to the eye simply so much transparent brine, unfouled with weed, void of fish, and in most cases not visibly infested with any form of floating marine organism.

Yet at any moment shoals of fish, numbering millions of individuals, may elude to enter this apparently foodless waste, and do so with impunity. The herring-shoals disappear into the deep Atlantic and return in good condition, oily and exuberant.

What have they lived on in the meantime? Not on smaller fish caught in the chase, for even if these were present in sufficient quantities, the herrings travel in a scurried shoal a mile square and perhaps thirty feet deep, crowding one another too closely to admit of a free chase after food.

The explanation lies in the universal presence of those microscopic creatures that in some parts of the Atlantic are so thickly massed in the water as to discolor its surface and afford abundant food for the whale. These are now known to pervade every drop of surface water in numbers comparable to the motes in the air.

For the purposes of the herring, the pichard, and countless other vertebrate fish, shell-fish and zoophytes, the upper waters of the sea are in fact a nutritive soup, a food exactly suited to their needs.

These microscopic creatures are the basis of all the life of the ocean. Some are water-fleas, others occupy shells like miniature bivalves, others again are in the form of the one-eyed microscopic monsters of the pools—the cyclops. They multiply at an amazing rate, increasing from one to more than four hundred thousand a year.

Their existence is one of the greatest economic triumphs of nature. They dispose of the refuse of the sea, and keep its waters sweet. Dead animal and vegetable matter feeds them, and they, without further machinery, are converted into the food-fishes of the world.

A Bowers' Controversy.

Slobovy-Say, cully, why is dat felly wot's stoffin' away de grog in de saloon like de felly wot makes all de noise at de head of de procession?
Petey—Give it up!
Slobovy-Dat's easy. 'Cause he's hit-in' de base-ruin de base!

A Second Experience.

There Will Be No Doubt as to What Physicians Will Be Called in Future
By Mrs. Hurlburt.

From the Republican, Fresno, Cal.

An interesting case comes from Kingsburg, in Fresno county, California. Mrs. Mattie Hurlburt tells her own story, and as she is a lady who is well and favorably known and well worthy of credence, it will be found interesting.

"While I was living in Fresno City in 1893," Mrs. Hurlburt said, "shortly after the birth of what was then my youngest child, I began to lose all strength and vitality, and was in a very serious condition. Dr. Hayden of Fresno, had been attending me, but his efforts to help me proved unavailing, and I was gradually growing worse, though I tried all the doctors and remedies within reach. One day I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I also read an advertisement about these pills in a newspaper, and made up my mind to give them a trial as a dernier resort. I at once procured a supply, and took them according to rule until I had used four boxes. By that time I was so much improved in every way that I could do my own housework and was in excellent spirits at my returned health. I felt splendidly until one year and a half ago when another baby was born, and I was taken just as before, and brought very low again. The attending physician feared that my illness this time would result seriously, but he was not able to help me, so I again turned to Dr. Williams' remedy, and after taking two boxes was up and about my work again. I shall always keep Pink Pills in my house from this time on, and shall turn to them alone for medical comfort in the time of illness." (Signed)

"MATTIE HURLBURT."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Mr. Grocer: we can't get along without you. Here are thousands of people who want good tea, and tons of Schilling's Best for them.

Will you say to your customers for us: "Here is a tea that I am sure of. I'll give your money back if you don't like it!"

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco

ITS MARVELOUS POWER.

Paine's Celery Compound Better Than Years of Doctoring.



There never was a remedy so eminently successful, so far above and beyond all competition, as Paine's celery compound.

Paine's celery compound effects marvelous cures.

Where other remedies miserably fail, and where doctors do not succeed, there Paine's celery compound is found curing disease, making people well and happy.

Here is the case of Mrs. Hurlburt, who lives at 140 Summer ave., Newark, N. J., and whose portrait is printed here.

"My doctor," she says, "called my disease liver complaint, stomach trouble, nervous dyspepsia, and almost every other name you could think of. When I was in Portland, Ore., I had enlargement of the liver, and the doctor thought all the troubles came from that severe spell of illness. That was twelve years ago, and I have done nothing but doctor ever since. I have had the best physicians examine me, and see if they could do anything for me. For months at a time my stomach and liver have been so sore that I could only lie in bed in misery, and with such severe pain in my back, and so weak that I could hardly talk.

"After I had a bad night I would send for the doctor, and he would leave me a small box of powders and one or two other medicines, and it would cost me \$4 every time I had one of these spells. I believe I have taken more medicine than any other living woman.

"Last March I had a call from a lady friend of mine, who asked me, 'What is the matter with you?' I replied by saying, 'How well you look!' 'Yes,' she said, 'I never felt so well in my life.' She is a woman of 45. 'And now,' she said, 'I want to give you a little advice. I have been almost at death's door with liver trouble. After the doctor had done all that he could for me I told him not to come again. I showed him a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and told him I was going to give that a fair trial. As a result I am strong and well.

"I sent right over to the drug store and got a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and when I had taken two bottles the soreness had left my stomach and my side felt much better. After I had taken four bottles my side was much stronger, and I was in better spirits and felt as though I might live and not be in such misery. Working people nowadays work the vitality all out every week, and all I ask is to be able to earn the money I have to every week.

"Paine's celery compound has enabled me to do this, and has done me more good than all the doctors put together.

"Why, my nervous system is so entirely strengthened that I feel like a new being, and what is more, I look the good the medicine has done me, right in my face and eyes. Just tell all the poor women for me that for a medicine to build one up, give Paine's celery compound a fair trial, and if it does not do it, then they might as well die. I have recommended it to several and it has helped in every case. I have a great deal to worry me, and a dose of the compound gives me quiet sleep and then I can work. If any one wishes to write me they can do so."

Why should a sick person do anything else but try a bottle of Paine's celery compound?

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 178.

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