

CUBA WAS THE THEME

Passionate War Talk in the U. S. Senate.

RIGHTS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS

Resolution Demanding the Release of Sanguilly Secures the Right of Way

Washington, Feb. 27.—The senate was storm-swept today by such passionate debate, such extraordinary demonstrations in the crowded galleries, and such dramatic personal exchanges between the conspicuous figures of the senate as to make the day one of the most memorable in the annals of the upper branch of congress.

The Allen resolution for sending battle-ships to Cuba came up soon after the senate opened, at 11 A. M., and Allen severely arraigned Spain for its cruelties against women and children.

Morgan, who reported the resolution for the immediate release of Sanguilly, followed in a calm speech, reciting the breach of treaty rights in Sanguilly's case.

Daniel, in a fervid plea for Sanguilly, stirred up all the latent passion in the senate. He spoke of Spanish outrages to American citizens and insults to American officials.

When Hale sought to interject questions, Daniel suggestively stated that he would yield in due time, whether it be to the organ of the captain-general of Cuba or of the queen of Spain, or of any one else.

This was followed by a series of explosive incidents, culminating in a ringing statement by Frye, that if he had his way, a warship would start forth with for Havana. This sent a thrill through the crowded galleries, which broke into long-continued and vociferous applause, which the vice-president tried vainly to restrain.

Mills exultantly declared that the galleries were filled with American citizens, who had a right to express their feelings.

Speeches followed in quick succession from Lodge, Teller, White and Sherman. The latter earnestly supported the resolution. With the Cuban resolution placed directly before the senate on a vote, White took the floor in opposition, speaking throughout the afternoon.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The house is evidently drifting toward final adjournment, with an easy conscience. All the appropriation bills have been sent to the senate. Final action was had on both the agricultural and army bills today, and the bill was passed to the senate.

Quite unexpectedly, late in the afternoon, the banking and currency committee brought forward the bill to authorize national banks to take out circulation to the par value of the bonds deposited. This bill was bitterly opposed by Walker, chairman of the committee from which it emanated, and there was a lively debate, but the bill was passed, 144 to 46.

A resolution was adopted requesting the president to transmit to the house all correspondence on file at the state department relative to the imprisonment of Americans in Cuba.

To Declare War Against Spain. Washington, Feb. 27.—Representative Sulzer, of New York, today introduced a bill declaring war between Spain and the United States.

The bill provides that war be declared to exist between the kingdom of Spain and her colonies and the United States of America and their territories, and that the president is authorized to use the whole land and naval force of the United States to carry the same into effect, and to issue to private armed vessels of the United States commissions or letters of marque and general reprisal, in such form as he shall think proper, and under the seal of the United States, against the vessels, goods and effects of the government of the said kingdom of Spain and the subjects thereof.

Wool Men Meet. New York, March 1.—A meeting of representative men of the wool trade of the United States was held at the new wool exchange today. The purpose of the gathering was to consider "the best means by which the greatest advantages may be secured to the wool trade generally through co-operation with the wool exchange."

Chicago, March 1.—An electric car on the one-hundred-and-third-street line was caught between two trains going in opposite directions on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois road this afternoon. The car carried four passengers besides the conductor and motorman, and three out of the six were killed outright. The others are seriously injured, and one or more of them may also succumb. The accident is said to have been due to the recklessness of the motorman.

Escape From a Horrible Death. Santa Rosa, Cal., March 1.—Ercilia Chiani, a young woman employed in the La Grande laundry, had a thrilling escape from a horrible death this afternoon. She was operating a large steam mangle, when her right hand became entangled in the machinery and she was being rapidly drawn into the machine when other workmen saw her perilous position. One of the men caught her and held on, keeping her from going into the machine until other workmen could stop it. When released, her hand was found to be smashed to a pulp.

ADJOURNED WITHOUT DAY.

The Benson House and Joint Convention Have Given Up.

A portion of the Oregon legislature has decided to quit. The Benson house and joint convention adjourned sine die Wednesday. This leaves both the house and senate without a quorum to do business, but active measures to accomplish reorganization are well under way.

The break-up of the joint assembly caucus was the first event of this very important day. The assembly met at 9 o'clock and discussed in a desultory way the question of the legality of the proposed adjournment.

The original house met at 9:30 o'clock, and, as usual, adjourned till next day at the same hour.

The Benson house, senate and joint assembly all convened at 10 o'clock. The first held intermittent sessions until the hour fixed for adjournment without day.

In the senate at noon President Simon declared carried a simple motion to adjourn, but the Mitchell men held that, under the resolution adopted the day before, it was the close of the session, and many of them left the city.

The Benson house, after fixing the per diem and mileage of the members and the pay of clerks, dissolved at 1 P. M.

An afternoon session of the senate was held, but fourteen members answering roll call. This was six short of a quorum.

The attempts at reorganization will be confined largely to the house. When it is ready for business, it is anticipated that there will be very little trouble in getting back enough senators to make up a quorum of twenty.

Renewed Activity in the Davis House. Senator Mitchell has apparently given up the contest, as he returned to Portland Thursday.

The Davis house had a morning and afternoon session, and twenty-seven members responded to roll call. Three absentees, Kruse, Lee and Riddle, were accounted for. Immediately after the morning session a conference was held and the situation was thoroughly canvassed.

It was agreed that reorganization was not only possible, but probable, and much enthusiasm prevailed. Individual members of the late Benson house have given positive assurance that they would return if the opposition went at matters in earnest and in evident good faith.

These promises have been so numerous that members of the house express themselves as entirely confident of success. It is the purpose merely to invite absentees to join in the endeavor to secure remedial legislation. The senatorial question being out of the way, the house has a very fair chance of organizing.

There were many new faces in the original house Thursday. For forty-five days the majority of the opposition has taken fugitive journeys to their desks to see if there was any mail, to answer letters, to read the papers, and to do all other things which might safely be done during a recess. Thursday it was different. They showed up with pleased smiles on their faces, and were early in their seats.

At 9:30 Temporary Speaker Davis, who has performed the same duty for forty-six consecutive days, mounted the rostrum and called the house to order. Clerk Moody called the roll and the following responded to their names: Barkley, Bayer, Bilyeu, Buckman, Craig, Davis of Umatilla, Emery, Gill, Hill, Houser, Jones, Maxwell, McAlister, Misener, Munkers, Ogle, Schmidlein, Smith of Linn, Svendsteth, U'Ren, Whitaker—21.

These were absent: Bourne, Davis of Multnomah, Dustin, Guild, Kruse, Lee, Povey, Riddle, Yoakum—9.

Also those of the Benson house: Benson, Bridges, Brown, Chapman, Conn, Crawford, David, Gratke, Gurdane, Hogue, Hope, Hudson, Huntington, Jennings, Lake, Langell, Marsh, Merrill, Mitchell, Nosler, Palm, Rigby, Smith, of Marion, Somers, Stanley, Thomas, Thompson, Vaughan, Veness, Wagner—30.

The nine absentees belonging to the opposition were detained for various reasons. Kruse has been sick for two weeks with typhoid fever, and there is no prospect that he can be present during the session. Povey and Davis of Multnomah were at home, but are expected up. Lee was called to Junction City by the illness of his aged mother.

Bourne, Dustin, Guild and Yoakum came in just too late. Riddle is in Southern Oregon, but will return when needed, it is said. The present membership of the original house is thirty, or precisely the same as the Benson organization. Kruse being in the hospital, this number is reduced to twenty-nine. It is, therefore, necessary to get eleven members of the rival organization to join before a constitutional quorum can be secured.

Members of the Benson house of the legislature have been presenting claims for serving the state to Secretary Kincaid, but the secretary has refused to issue warrants or certificates in recognition of any of the claims. The disappointed members say that if the secretary neglects or refuses to do his duty, he can be compelled by mandate of the court.

The senate met Thursday morning, with thirteen present, as follows: Bates, Carter, Dawson, Gesner, Haseltine, Holt, Mackay, McClung, Mitchell, Mulkey, Patterson of Washington, Sellings, Mr. President. Quite a number of excuses were presented.

THE JOINT ASSEMBLY.

Both a Day and Night Session Held With the Usual Results.

The total number present at Monday's joint convention in Salem was thirty-six—twenty-six from the house and ten from the senate.

The usual formality of dispensing with the reading of the journal having been adopted, the joint assembly took a recess till 9 o'clock at night.

When the joint assembly met at night, thirty-three were found to be present. The absentees were Senator Hughes and Taylor and Representatives Hudson, Thomas, Vaughan and Wagner. When his name was called, Senator Gowan made a speech and reviewed at length the situation from the standpoint of a Mitchell supporter.

He laid the responsibility for the hold-up on the opposition, and said: "We demand only what is right. We will never surrender to what is wrong. They charge that Senator Mitchell alone is responsible for this hold-up. We deny it; as a body of men and as individuals, we deny it on documentary evidence. I desire to read a letter which will forever set that statement at rest."

Gowan then read the following letter: "Salem, Or., Feb. 22, 1897.—Hon. Samuel Hughes, Chairman of the Republican Conference, Salem, Or.—My Dear Sir: I understand there is a strong disposition upon the part of a majority of the Republicans to adjourn the legislature sine die, without further effort to secure the election of a senator. This would leave the state only partly represented in the senate of the United States, the effect of which, in all probability, would be to place the control of the senate in the hands of those opposed to the Republican party, in which event the defeat of tariff legislation at the coming extraordinary session of congress would be assured. It seems to me, therefore, that there is a paramount duty resting upon you, to make one more determined effort, before final adjournment, to secure the election of a senator. There are many prominent Republicans located in different sections of the state, eminently qualified for the position—men who would do credit to the party, the state and the nation. I will cooperate with you and all other Republicans in the legislature in endeavoring to bring about the election of such a Republican as the Republican conference, to whom this letter is addressed, will agree upon. Yours very sincerely, John H. Mitchell."

Gowan then went on to discuss the letter, and said: "A caucus of thirty-nine Republicans is behind John H. Mitchell, and we do not propose to change base at this time."

In conclusion, he said: "I give it as my opinion that we must adjourn without securing legislation, and without the election of a United States senator."

Brown stated that the letter which Gowan had read had been presented to the conference Republicans, and that the conference by a standing vote, had decided to stay by its candidate, "whoever he is," until they got a chance to vote for him.

Senator Reed, of Douglas, made a speech, and introduced a letter, which he said had been presented to the Republican conference.

The paper was substantially an agreement to be signed by all sides, in which the members were pledged to organize and secure remedial legislation, and to vote for no candidate for United States senator in such manner as to elect him, and to distribute their votes as to prevent an election. The full text of the letter was withheld from publication.

After several other speeches of minor importance the convention adjourned without taking a ballot.

The Senate. The senate held a brief session Monday. The following motion was made by Mitchell of Wasco: "In honor of the occasion, this being the 165th anniversary of the birth of George Washington, who was 'First in peace, first in war, and first in the hearts of his countrymen,' I move that the senate now adjourn."

Reed of Douglas sprang quickly to his feet, saying: "I have an amendment to offer. I move that the senate now adjourn sine die."

"The motion is not susceptible of an amendment of that kind," replied the president. "Besides, it is itself out of order."

Mitchell's motion carried, 15 to 14.

The Benson house met, and very soon thereafter adjourned. The Davis house met in the morning with eleven members present. It immediately adjourned.

"The Sage of Essex" Dead. Beverly, Mass., Feb. 25.—John Baker, "the sage of Essex," an abolitionist, and one of the founders of the Republican party, is dead, aged 85. He suffered a broken hip in a fall three months ago, and paralysis resulted and caused his death. He was born in Beverly, August 18, 1812, and has always lived there.

Mulhall, the noted statistician, spent over forty years in accumulating the material for this one volume of statistics. "What is Bexton huddling around so in the interest of a curfew ordinance?" "His boy saw him coming out of a variety theater the other night and went home and told about it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Pearl divers remain under water on an average from fifty to eighty seconds. Cases are reported where they have remained as long as six minutes under water.

"How can Schilling's Best

tea cost so little and be so good?" Easy. It is roasted every day in San Francisco—like fresh coffee and peanuts.

Other tea is roasted once a year in Japan, etc—like stale coffee and stale peanuts.

An English paper says "Queen Victoria now rules 487,000,000 people."

HOISE POWER. The horse has wonderful muscular power, but will suffer a great deal at times with nervous attacks if not properly groomed and stabled. This illustrates that a great deal of neuralgia is caused by impudence and results from shock from cold to the nervous organism in parts most exposed to the cold. Hence, neuralgia is so often an affliction of the head, face and neck, as they are frequently badly protected against intense cold.

It takes each year 200,000 acres of forest to supply cross-ties for the railroads of the United States.

THE SPARTAN VIRTUE, FORTITUDE. Is severely taxed by dyspepsia. But "good digestion will wait on appetite, and health on both." When Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is resorted to by the victims of indigestion, heartburn, flatulence, biliousness will cease tormenting the gastric region and liver. If this salutary remedy corrects the stomach, it is a sure cure for a host of ailments, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney, nervous and rheumatic ailments.

A Great Head. Kiliby—"Old Potts seems to have great discipline of mind. Why, he can put himself sound asleep whenever he wants to."

Marion—"Yes. I see him work it quite often on himself at church about the time the collection plate is passed."

Corn husking has been so thoroughly mastered by a resident of Papillon, Neb., that he made a record of 167 bushels and ten pounds in one day.

HOME PRODUCTS AND PURE FOOD. All Eastern Syrup, so-called, usually very light colored and of heavy body, is made from glucose. "Ten Grades" brand is made from Sugar Cane and is strictly pure. It is for sale by first-class grocers, in cans only. Manufactured by THE PACIFIC COAST SYRUP CO. All genuine "Ten Grades" have the manufacturer's name lithographed on every can.

My doctor said I would die, but Pico's Cure for Consumption cured me.—Amos Kelter, Cherry Valley, Ill., Nov. 23, '95.

PRESIDENT'S DAILY ROUTINE. General Harrison writes of "A Day With the President at His Desk."

Ex-President Harrison has written of "A Day With the President at His Desk" for the March Ladies' Home Journal. The article is said to be singularly interesting in the detail with which it describes the wearisome routine of the president. It is said that General Harrison, in this article, has delivered himself with great directness and vigor, relative to the annoyances that are visited upon a chief executive by persistent office-seekers, and he suggests a unique plan, by which the president's burdens in that direction could be greatly lightened, and he is enabled to devote more attention to more important matters. A feature of the article that will have a timely interest to those ambitious to serve the country under the incoming administration, describes very fully how the president makes appointments to office.

"A Day With the President at His Desk" is unique in being the first time that the daily life of the president has been described by one who has filled the exalted office. Articles upon the social and domestic life of the president by General Harrison will follow in successive issues of the Journal.

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts, gentile efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Pige, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and in every where esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore of the greatest importance, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Pige stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TROTTER STOCK. MARCH 15, 1897. Stallions, brood mares, colts, trotters and roadsters of the best bred and many in America, consisting of Alton, McKinnon, Wilkes, Detroit, Nutwood, etc., all of which are standard-bred and suitable for race, road or breeding purposes. Call at Irvington racetrack and see them or write for catalogue, giving particulars. Address, Dr. G. W. Alder, Portland, Or. GEO. BAKER & CO., Astoria.

SMALL CRIMINALS.—This world is a small place, after all. Mr. Crimbeak—Well, it doesn't seem to be so mighty small if a man is chasing around after a lost collar button.—Yonkers Statesman.

SURE CURE FOR PILES. Swelling and Itching, Stinging or Pricking Pains, and all other Pile troubles cured by the use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pile Remedy. It is a certain cure, and is sold by all druggists and dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle. Prepared at Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

The declining values for American wheat and flour during the last decade and half can be traced to known causes. The increased competition in supplying wants of importing countries by Russia, India, Argentina and Australia account for the major portion of the decline in values. The still further reduction in values can be accounted for by the decreased cost of production, owing to improved machinery and to some extent by the decreased cost of transportation and smaller intervening charges between the producer and consumer.

The Argentine Republic, at one time a serious competitor, is suffering from two succeeding crop failures and her exportable surplus no longer exerts any depressing influence on values. Australia, owing to crop failures, has become an importer instead of an exporter of wheat. Only two remaining countries possess exportable supplies of wheat—America and Russia—a condition that cannot be changed for more than a year to come. Russian advances, always unreliable, still indicate that less than the usual amount of wheat is available for export. American supplies are known to be far below the average of recent years. In France the crop prospects are far below those of the preceding two years. If we grant for the present that excessive competition during recent years has decreased wheat values, the present conditions warrant a return in part, if not wholly, to the normal range of prices before such competition depressed values.

Market Quotations. Portland, Or., March 2, 1897. Flour—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, \$4.25; Benton county and White Lily, \$4.25; Graham, \$5.50; superfine, \$2.75 per barrel.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 79¢@80¢; Valley, 82¢@83¢ per bushel. Oats—Choice white, 39¢@40¢ per bushel; choice gray, 35¢@40¢.

Hay—Timothy, \$13@13.50 per ton; clover, \$11.00@12.00; wheat and oat, \$10.00@11 per ton.

Barley—Feed barley, \$18.00 per ton; brewing, \$20.00. Bran, \$15.00; shorts, \$10.00; middlings, \$28.

Butter—Creamery, 45¢@50¢; dairy, 30¢@40¢; store, 17¢@20¢ per roll. Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks, 65¢@70¢; Garnet Chiles, 70¢; Early Rose, 70¢ per sack; sweets, \$3.00 per cental for Merced; new potatoes, 6 1/2¢ per pound.

Onions—\$1.25@1.50 per sack. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@3.00; geese, \$4@5; turkeys, live, 10¢@10 1/2¢; ducks, \$3.50@4.50 per dozen.

Eggs—Oregon, 11¢ per dozen. Cheese—Oregon, 13 1/2¢; Young America, 13 1/2¢ per pound; Eastern Oregon, 6¢@8¢.

Hops—9¢@10¢ per pound. Beef—Gross, top steers, \$3.75@3.80; cows, \$2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 4¢@5 1/2¢ per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, \$3.00@3.25; dressed mutton, 5 1/2¢@6¢ per pound. Hogs—Gross, choice, heavy, \$3.25@3.50; light and feeders, \$2.50@3.00; dressed, \$4.50@5.00 per cwt.

Veal—Large, 5¢@5 1/2¢; small, 6¢@6 1/2¢ per pound. Seattle, Wash., March 2, 1897. Wheat—Chickens feed, \$27 per ton. Oats—Choice, \$23@24 per ton.

Barley—Rolled or ground, \$22 per ton. Corn—Whole, \$19 per ton; cracked, \$20; feed meal, \$20.

Flour—(Jobbing)—Patent excellent, \$5.10; Novelty A, \$4.60; California brands, \$5.20; Dakota, \$5.50; patent, \$6.25. Millet—Bran, \$14.00 per ton; shorts, \$18.

Feed—Chopped feed, \$18.00 per ton; middlings, \$22; oatmeal, \$29. Hay—Pugst sound, per ton, \$9.00@10.00; Eastern Washington, \$14.

Butter—Fancy native creamery, brick, 26¢; select, 24¢; tubs, 25¢; ranch, 21¢. Cheese—Native Washington, 12 1/2¢.

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