

Strong Hood's Sarsaparilla

Headache, steady nerves, good appetite, refreshing sleep come with blood made pure by Hood's Pills.

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills.

ICEBERG PHENOMENA.

Their Presence in Low Latitudes is Readily Accounted For.

The occurrence of ice in the comparatively low latitudes of Cape Horn and the Falkland islands is easily explained, says The Pall Mall Gazette. The ice has originally formed part of the great barrier which, with very few breaks, surrounds the vast antarctic continent, rising to an average height of from 150 feet to 200 feet above and sinking from 1,100 feet to 1,400 feet below the level of the sea, and having, moreover, a thickness of something like 1,900 feet, or 1,500 feet. It is a solid perpendicular wall of ice formed by the descent over the lowlands into the sea of the ice and snow which form on the mountains inland, and when the forefronts are pushed into depths of about 300 or 400 fathoms large stretches are broken off and float away northward with the current. When they start on their aimless career, they may be miles in extent, and though, as a rule, they break up by collision and erosion it is not at all unusual to encounter an island miles long in the neighborhood of the extreme ice limit.

For instance, the Coldingham in this region passed about 200 bergs, one of which was ten miles long. The Curly Berk, again, in latitude 30 north, longitude 47 west, found by cross bearings and distance run that the east side of one berg which she encountered was 19 miles long. At first the masses are straight, flat topped and horizontally stratified—altogether unlike those met with in the north. By the action of the waves they are cut at the water's edge into coves and caverns of a heavenly blue color. Then, as they collide or get melted away at the base by the action of the water, they turn over and show to the wandering mariner those fantastic shapes which simply beggar all description. Naturally as they travel farther north they become smaller and still more strangely shaped and ultimately melt away.

THE CITY SMITHY.

No Spreading Chestnut Tree, but Picturesque Surroundings Not Lacking.

"Under a spreading chestnut tree the village smithy stands," but the city smithy may be found in a variety of places. It may perhaps be in a down town street devoted to commerce, with the bellows resting upon a framework overhead to save space, with the nozzle running into the forge at the end of a pipe and the handle of the bellows hanging at the end of a rod or chain. It may be a forge up on the structure of the elevated road heating rivets in the air, or it may be on the seventeenth story of some lofty steel frame building under construction, and the coal for this smithy may be dumped alongside of it from a cart that has been hoisted from the street below at the end of a chain depending from a steam derrick.

Perhaps it is by the riverside making or mending irons for ships, or alongside the cable road in busy Broadway at night lighted by a flaring gasolene torch. It may be in a movable shanty set up where they are getting out rock to make cellar space. Here they sharpen drill points, the hammer ringing on the anvil while the bounding steam drills close at hand are noisily pounding down through the rock.

There may be over it no spreading chestnut tree, but the city smithy does not lack picturesque surroundings, and the city blacksmith may easily be a mighty man.—New York Sun.

How the Quarrel Began.

"I dreamed last night," said Dick, "that I went out in the woods and found a barrel full of gold."

"That was bully!" exclaimed Johnny. "You gave me a whole lot of it, didn't you?"

"Course not. I bought the bang-upt bicycle you ever saw with part of it and spent the rest for candy."

"I wouldn't be as stingy as you are," said Johnny, "not for \$1,000,000."—Chicago Tribune.

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood purifiers failed to reach the disease at all until S. S. S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed.

The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured and well. Her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S. S. S. (guaranteed purely vegetable) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble. It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy.

Take a blood remedy for a blood disease; a tonic won't cure it.

Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Write to Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SURE CURE FOR PILES

Dr. S. S. S. is the only medicine that cures Piles, Hemorrhoids, and all other blood troubles. It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

TRAINED TO HARNESS

Alaska Whale Furnishes Motive Power to a Boat.

FIRST OF ITS KIND IN HISTORY

Will Be Hitched Up and Driven by Sea to the Oregon Coast in August, So They Say.

Colonel F. W. Black, of the customs department, at Sand Point, Pop Off Island, situated in the Shumagin group of islands off the Alaskan peninsula, while in Tacoma, told a story of a captive whale, which, if true, proves that the Pop Off contains a genius in the line of animal training.

"We," said Colonel Black, "of the island of Pop Off have in Pirate Cove bay the first and only living whale ever captured, tamed and trained, and that will work at the will of its master."

"The whale, which we named Bulshoy, an Aleut word for immense, was captured in the spring of 1894, when a calf of some eighteen or twenty months old. It was then about fifteen or sixteen feet long and though so young and small was possessed of considerable strength, and I can assure you that it took tons of patience to bring the creature into subjection, small as it was."

"Bulshoy's capture was brought about by an accident that cost two natives their lives, and the total destruction of two large three-hatch bidarkas. "During the confusion attending the capture a large female, accompanied by its calf, made for the westward, and in attempting to round a sand spit that ran out several cables lengths from the island, it grounded, and as it was full flood tide, the more efforts it made to free itself the more firmly it became grounded. The calf, when its mother grounded, kept swimming round and round its mother, and would strike out to sea short distance, returning again to its stranded parent."

"About half a mile from the sand spit where the whale grounded is the entrance to Pirate Cove bay, and when the natives and the few whites came alongside the stranded monster the pup made a break for the cove and passed into the bay, the entrance to which is not over 100 feet wide, though it is fully twenty fathoms deep. John C. Whitley, the storekeeper at the island, stretched across the mouth of the cove a strong wire net. We had lots of sport chasing the calf, which could not get out."

"To celebrate the Fourth of July, Whitley and his native servant, Efteha, made an attempt to feed it and were successful. Whitley rigged up a walrus bladder to which was attached six or seven feet of rubber tube. About one-half a gallon of cow's milk was put in the bladder, and Whitley and Efteha put it in the bidarka and paddled alongside the pup, which by this time would allow them to come alongside him with bidarkas. After several hours of patient coaxing, the Indian succeeded in getting Bulshoy to drink from the rubber tube. When the bidarka turned for the shore Bulshoy followed close behind it."

"For the next six weeks Whitley and the Indian fed the pup twice every day. The pup would stick his cunning head out of the water, close to the landing, and look for his nurses long before feeding time. It was not until the following spring that the actual training of Bulshoy began to take any definite form."

"Whitley one day said, 'I am going to train that pup so that I can drive him to Oonga or San Francisco.' The rest of us laughed at such a crazy idea, but Whitley stuck to his notion."

"While the process of taming was going on, Whitley had taken the pup's measure for a set of harness, and both he and his native spent the nights for several weeks in making it. The harness was ready on Friday, September 20, when for the first time, probably in the history of the world, a 4-year-old twenty-five foot whale was successfully put in harness. When Whitley and Efteha, after putting on his harness started for the shore, Bulshoy as usual started the bidarka, and in doing so, made the discovery that everything was not as it should be, and then he reared and plunged around at a lively rate, lashing the quiet water of the bay into foam in his efforts to free himself of the offending harness. But the harness was well and strongly made, and there was no shake off to it. Bulshoy kept up his antics for two whole days, and for the first time since the episode of the battle, next morning he refused to come at the call of either Whitley or the Aleut. Hunger, however, soon brought him to his senses, and on the morning of the third day, as the native was out on the bay in his bidarka, Bulshoy came meekly alongside and seemed to beg for his much delayed breakfast, which was given him."

"From that day Bulshoy made no more trouble, and Whitley could pull the gay ropes attached to his harness as hard as he could without causing the pup to give."

The novel outfit is expected to be off the Oregon coast between August 5 and 10, as the party would not leave Karlok before July 20, and they will come south in short and easy stages.

"What are we going to do with him?" That will depend on circumstances, but it is our intention on our way south to stop for a day or so at all the various summer resorts along the Oregon and California coast, and I have no fear but what we will be able to use Bulshoy's wonderful power to make a barrel of money. Who knows but what, Colonel Sellers-like, there may be millions in it, for if one whale can be tamed so can others. The voyage will be the first of its kind since the creation of the world."

"I am having made in Seattle a strong but light boat and will take it to the cape on the pilot schooner and then we will discard our heavy whale boat, when we will be able to make much faster speed without endangering the young whale, for the load he has got to bring down from the north is really too much for him."

An intoxicated musician was arrested in Seaburg, near Metz, not long ago. The policeman who looked him up forgot all about him, and a week later the musician was found dead from starvation.

UNPRECEDENTED RUN.

More Salmon Than the Lower River Canneries Can Handle.

Astoria, Or., Aug. 3.—The receipts of salmon at the various lower river canneries continue unusually heavy and are far in excess of the capacity of several of the packing establishments. Today the fish were so plentiful that one of Kinney's men delivered 100, and near Sand Island it was reported that the water was almost alive with large chinooks. Many were reported to have been taken with gaff hooks by some of the men who found themselves in the midst of a great school of fish. At one or two canneries, where too many fish were received, the loss is heavy. Tons of the fish are being thrown overboard at Kinney's on account of the lack of means to preserve them until they could be canned. As many as possible have been salted for the winter use by the citizens in the west end of town, and were freely given to all who would carry them away.

Fishermen assert that never since the canning industry began has such a run been seen. If it continues until the close of the season, the chances are favorable for a much larger pack than had been anticipated. An unusual feature of the situation is the quality of the fish, which is fully equal to those taken in June, the fish being exceptionally red and firm and the quality of oil abundant.

THROWN INTO A CISTERN.

Texas Man Slays His Family and Disposes of Their Bodies.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 3.—T. E. Burt, a member of one of the most respectable families, murdered his wife and two children, aged 3 and 4 years, last Friday night, and placed the dead bodies in a cistern. He left the city Saturday night following the terrible deed, after advising several neighbors not to drink the water in his cistern, as it was polluted. His relatives became alarmed at the disappearance of his family, and began an investigation, resulting in the finding of the bodies today. Burt bound his wife in a blanket, after tying her feet and neck together, and then dropped the body into the cistern. Both children had their brains knocked out. His brothers have offered a reward of \$300 for his apprehension.

Burt was at one time a prominent furniture dealer in this city, but gambling got the best of him, and last year he failed and was indicted for embezzlement, but his brothers succeeded in getting him out of the trouble. The governor has offered a reward for his arrest. Nothing is known as to Burt's whereabouts, although telegrams have been sent all over the state and to outside cities. No motive for the crime is known.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Grass Valley Suffered a Severe Loss From the Flames.

Grass Valley, Cal., Aug. 3.—At 8:20 o'clock tonight, an alarm of fire was sounded for a blaze in the opera house. The fire started under a store occupied by Imbert and Webbe, and spread with great rapidity. Soon the whole building was enveloped in flames, and the adjoining buildings commenced to burn and, despite the work of the firemen, it looked as though the whole center portion of the town would be destroyed.

The fire department of Nevada City came over to assist the local department, but a scarcity of water hindered them so they were of little service until an extra head of water was turned in to the supply ditch. The two departments did great work and confined the fire to the block bounded by Neal, Church, Auburn and Bank streets. The loss will exceed \$100,000, it is thought. Insurance in most cases is small, and the blow is a hard one to the city.

An Indiana Tragedy.

Vincennes, Ind., Aug. 3.—Thomas Prather, a farmer, and Miss Maud Delay, daughter of a wealthy farmer, eloped from Sanborn, this county, and drove to this city and were married. They then drove back to Sanborn, when an altercation took place between Prather and Clyde Delay, a brother of the bride. Prather fatally shot the new brother-in-law in the abdomen. The elopement was planned some time ago, but Prather's marriage license was forcibly taken from him by members of the young woman's family.

Neutrality Proclamation. Washington, Aug. 3.—The president has issued a proclamation bearing date of July 27, again commanding citizens to observe the neutrality laws in respect to the Cuban insurrection, and giving notice that all violations will be vigorously prosecuted. The president cites the decision of the supreme court in the Wiborg case in order that citizens may not be misled as to the meaning of the military laws.

Oil Tank Exploded.

New York, Aug. 3.—Two men were fatally injured and three others severely burned by the explosion of a tank at the Standard Oil Company's works, at Cravens Point, Jersey City, today. The fatally injured are: Richard Cunningham, and John Goldsmith. The works were set on fire by the explosion, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

Driven Out by Cretans.

Athens, July 30.—A large body of Mussulmans supported by Turkish troops while engaged in pillaging the Adomati district of Crete were attacked by 1,500 insurgents. The latter drove the Mussulmans and Turkish troops out of the district inflicting serious losses.

A machine has been invented by some genius which will do typesetting and the addition of figures at the same time.

Ran Through a Bridge.

San Jose, Mo., July 31.—A freight train on the Vandalla railroad ran through a bridge near Crawfordville, Ind., this morning, killing Conductor Fowler, brakeman McKenzie and Fireman John Herber and seriously injuring locomotive J. B. Brothers and Engineer Bowman. The wreck was caused by washouts.

Prisoners in the Bangor, Me., jail are to be supplied with potted plants to care for in their cells. It is believed the care of the plants will have an elevating and reforming influence.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT

Political Uncertainty Has an Unfavorable Effect.

New York, Aug. 3.—Bradstreet's weekly review of trade says: Political uncertainty continues to have an unfavorable effect on trade, and industrial and mercantile lines are unusually dull. Mercantile credits are closely scanned, and in many cases shortened. The industrial situation is less favorable. Among manufacturers of iron and steel it is regarded as serious in some lines, owing to the surprising falling off in the demand. The reduction of pig iron is further curtailed, yet stocks increase. The outlook is for a further decline in iron and steel prices. Chicago offers concessions on pig to bring bids for round iron. Curtailments of products in cotton fabrics continue, yet fall purchasers in prints are of small volume. The demand for boots and shoes is also smaller.

Exports of wheat flour included as wheat, from both coasts of the United States for last week amount to 2,454,000 bushels, as compared with 3,074,000 bushels for the corresponding week of last year.

The total number of business failures in the United States this week is 294, as compared with 280 last week. The increase, as contrasted with the corresponding total in 1895, is seventy-three, or an average of ten each day during the week. There are thirty-seven failures reported in the Canadian dominion this week, six more than last week and thirteen more than in the corresponding week last year, and only six more than in the like week in 1894.

L. H. PLATTOR KILLED.

Shot Through the Heart While in the Spokane Court House.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 3.—L. H. Plattor, a well-known attorney and Democratic politician, was shot and almost instantly killed in the corridor of the courthouse shortly before 6 o'clock this evening. The shot was fired by Henry Seiffert, a restaurant proprietor and sporting man, who is also well known.

The tragedy resulted from remarks made by Plattor in court, and which Seiffert construed as a reflection upon his character. Seiffert was being pressed before the court as administrator of the estate of Rudolph Gorkow, a rich brewer, who died here this week. Gorkow had married a variety actress about a year ago, and the marriage was an unhappy one. He brought suit for divorce shortly before his death, and in his will out his wife off with a dollar. She is contesting the will, and there is a struggle over the administration of the estate. Plattor represented some of the beneficiaries of the will, opposing Seiffert. It had been insinuated that Seiffert's relations with Mrs. Gorkow were not of a proper nature.

Prosecution of Railway Claims.

Washington, Aug. 3.—A complete change of policy in the method of government prosecution of railroads in the West to recover lands erroneously patented to them, is provided for in directions issued by the secretary of the interior to the commissioner of the general land office. In this a rule is laid down that all railroads against which suits are now pending for vacation of patents under the act of March 3, 1887, shall make a showing as to the bona fide purchasers from the road of lands patented, similar to the showing made in the cases of the Burlington & Missouri River and Union Pacific roads. Similar recommendations for the dismissal of suits wherein non-bona fide purchasers may retain title will hereafter be made by the department in all cases. The proceedings accordingly can be hereafter instituted under the act of March 2, 1896.

A Seattle Man's Long Ride.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Mr. Shueneman is in Chicago, after a ride by wheel from Seattle. He left the coast June 1, expecting to reach Columbus, O., by October 1. After he had crossed two states on his journey he made such good time that he decided to keep as far ahead of his schedule as he could. Shortly after leaving Seattle Shueneman reached the desert which extends from Prosser Falls to Umattilla, and in attempting to cross the thirty-five miles of sandy fields the tourist nearly lost his life. He could not ride the wheel through the sand, and had to dismount and push it ahead of him. All the water in his canteen had been consumed before he had covered half the desert, and when he reached the Columbia river he fell exhausted on the bank.

A Nest of Murderers.

Vienna, Aug. 3.—After a six week's trial at Agram, the Stenjen band of thirty-six persons, charged with nineteen murders and numerous assaults and robberies, had been tried. Nine members of the band, including two women, have been sentenced to death. Nine have been sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. Eight were acquitted.

Female Racing Condemned.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—In the racing board bulletin issued today, the Canadian board condemns female racing, and announces that the board will hereafter blacklist any track upon which female riders are allowed to race before the public.

Played With Matches.

Grants Pass, Or., Aug. 3.—The residence of George Burgess, in the outskirts of town, took fire today and burned with almost its entire contents. Some little girls were playing with matches in one of the upper rooms and set fire to a table cover. There is no insurance.

In Massachusetts the lieutenant-governor does not become governor on the death of that functionary, but only acting.

He Completed the Circuit.

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—Morris Olsen, an apprentice in G. Speir's ladies' tailoring shop, was instantly killed this afternoon. He was sitting at his sewing machine, his feet on the iron pedal, and attempted to cut or brush aside the electric wires which convey power to the machine. His shears must have touched the wires, for a stream of sparks marked the contact. Olsen's body completed the circuit, the full strength of the current coursed through his frame, and with a cry he fell over dead.

CHURCHES OF GRANADA.

At Once Magnificent and Beggary, Solemn and Gay.

It was in its churches that I thought Granada at once most magnificent and beggary, most solemn and gay. I know nothing in France or Italy to compare with the effect of the cathedral when the sun-set curtains were left, and the leather carpets were lifted, and we were suddenly in darkness in far shadows, vague, motionless figures, prostrate before it. Their silent fervor in the strange, scented dusk gave a clue to the ecstasy of a Theresa, or an Ignatius. But it was well to turn back quickly into matter-of-fact daylight. To linger was to be reminded that mystery has its price, solemnity its tardiness. In cathedral and capilla real if we ventured to look at the royal tombs, at the grille—which even in Spain is without equal—at the retablos with their wealth of ornament, one sacristan after another kept close at our heels, impudently expectant.

If in unknown little church our eyes grew accustomed to darkness, it was that they might be offended with Virgin gleaming in silks and jewels, with Christs clothed in petticoats. And if we did once visit the Cartuja, it satisfied our curiosity where other churches were concerned. The word Cartuja hung upon the lips of every visitor at the Hotel Roma. Foreigners wrestled hopelessly with it. Spaniards repeated it tenderly, as if in love with its gasping gutturals. We never sat down to a meal that some one did not urge us to the enjoyment of its wonders. At last, in self-defense, we went. The Cartuja's architecture struck us as elaborate, its decoration as abandoned as the gush that had sent us to it. It had not even the amusing gaiety of Bohemia's roocco, but was pretensions and florid in a full, vulgar way, more in keeping with gilded cafe or popular restaurant. But to this visit my record owes a place, since it was our one concession to the guide-book's commands. It pleased us better to forget the exaggerated, tortured flamboyance in the kindly twilight of churches the names of which we never troubled to ask.—Century.

A Bold Brigand.

Franz Cosnka, a famous 74-year-old brigand, was hanged recently for murder at Esseg, in Slavonia. He smoked his pipe to the gallows, slapped the hangman on the shoulder and said to him: "Do your job well; don't make a fool of yourself." He was the most fearless of the band of Rosa Sandor, with whom he committed many robberies and murders in the Bakonyer forests. They were captured with difficulty twenty-five years ago, when Cosnka declared he would confess to murders only, the rest being merely child's play. He was sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment, from which he was released a year ago, but soon after committed an unusually atrocious murder, for which he was executed. Rosa Sandor was sentenced to imprisonment for life, and died in jail ten years ago. In Hungary he was never looked upon as a common criminal, but rather as a hero of romance. He was a handsome man, the best horseman in Hungary, and a great favorite with the women. Kosuth appointed him leader of a corps of volunteers in 1849. His father was a brigand like himself, belonging to the organized bands that kept judges and police in their pay, and preventing accusations by fear of the vengeance of the organization.

A Marriage Without the Bridegroom.

The scenes in Vienna were brilliant in the extreme. The civil contract was signed on the 10th, the religious ceremony occurred on the 11th, as appointed, and then followed a banquet where Berthier was absolved from all the ceremonies considered obligatory upon one of his rank in the Hofburg. Three days later the new Empress was handed to her traveling carriage by the Archduke Charles, and amid salvoes of artillery, which scarcely drowned the cheers of the populace, she set forth. Her journey through Bavaria and Wurtemberg was one long ovation, for these countries believed their welfare to be bound up with that of France. On the 26th her cortege, having passed by way of Strasburg, was moving toward Soissons.—Century.

All He Was Fit For.

The American says that in an Irish court recently an old man was called into the witness-box, and being old and a little blind, he went too far in more senses than one, and instead of going up the stairs that led to the box, mounted those that led to the bench. The judge took the mistake good-humoredly.

"Is it a judge you want to be, my good man?" he asked.

"Ah, sure, your honor," was the reply, "I'm an old man now, and mebbe it's all I'm fit for."

Spanish Blotting Paper.

An English exchange says "that in Spain there are many manufactures of pasteboard, blotting and packing paper, and these goods are exported to the Spanish colonies in large quantities." The blotting paper is so poor, however, that the greatest care must be exercised to prevent it from literally becoming "blotting" paper. If the native article were not so very cheap, American blotting paper might be sent there; but Spaniards are very economical, and as a rule regard price rather than quality.

Without Photography.

Drawings on paper can be transferred to wood or metal, if executed in crayon or ordinary writing ink, by moistening the copy in a strong solution of caustic potash and alcohol. Place the copy face downward on the wood or metal, rub down with a folder, or take a proof on an ordinary proof press. This is useful information for those who wish to obtain a transfer of a design or label for the purpose of engraving, as a die for the embossing, or other purposes where photographic materials are not accessible.

But for Her.

Mattress salesman—Did you ever stop to think that you spend one-third of your life in sleep?

Customer—Well, I might, perhaps, if it were not for my wife.—Somerville Journal.

A VEIL OF MIST

Rising at morning or evening from some low lands, often carried in its folds the seeds of malaria. Where malarial fever prevails no one is safe, unless protected by some efficient medicinal agent. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is both a protection and a remedy. No person who inhabits or sojourns in a malarial region or country, should omit to procure this remedy for dyspepsia, constipation, kidney trouble and rheumatism.

There are 1,540 machines or devices for the manufacture of cordage twines and string.

My doctor said I would die, but Pio's Cure for Consumption cured me.—Amos Kainer, Cherry Valley, Ill., Nov. 23, '95.

HOIT'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS

At Burlingame, San Mateo County, Cal., is one of the most thorough, careful and practical "Home Schools" to be found on the Pacific coast. It prepares boys for any university, technical school, or for active business; is accredited at the State and Stanford Universities, and under the able management of Ex State Superintendent Ira G. Hoyt, Ph. D., ranks among the first schools in the United States. Re-opens August 4.—Miting and Scientific Press.

There is more calvary in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it constitutional disease, and therefore result in constitutional treatment. Hoyt's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hoyt's Family Pills are the best.

NOTE.—All pills stopped from Dr. Kline's Great Kidney Resolvent. After the first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and 25¢ trial bottle free. Write to Dr. Kline, 601 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The net profits of the South Carolina dispensary system for the quarter ending March 1 were \$54,423.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in this knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a complicated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupons which give a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Battle Ax Plug

Off for a Six Months' Trip.

No matter how much you are charged for a small piece of other brands, the chew is no better than "Battle Ax." For 10 cents you get almost twice as much as of other high grade goods.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE Waterproof your skirt edges with Duxbak

S.H. & M. BIAS VELVETEEN BINDING It keeps them dry and whole and it never fades.

If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Sample showing labels and materials mailed free. "Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72 page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies Home Journal, giving valuable hints, mailed for 25c. S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, N. Y. City.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING FOR CHILDREN'S TROUBLE. For sale by all Druggists, 25 Cents a bottle.

N. P. N. U. No. 661.—N. Y. N. U. No. 726