Control Politics and Business-Shave the Living and Bury the Dead-Go to Lodge and Club Meetings While the Husba

Stay Home-Now They Want More. The new woman is in her sphere in the village of Marcellus, Mich., which, if signs and pretensions are verified, will soon be controlled by the fair sax.

Marcellus will go down into history as a town practically run by the ne oman, who not only controls the man-ement of the public schools, but also as a word to say in the conduct of its colitical affairs, and in the administra-tion of its varied business interests.

The town has the distinction of having the only woman undertaker in the United States. There also resides in the village a female barber, and it is need-Village a remaie carper, and it is need-less to say she enjoys a generous patron-age. These women are master hands in their respective professions, and are pos-sessors of comfortable fortunes.

The movement, which has attracted more than state attention, first assumed form in 1893, when the poor manage-ment of the schools of the place resulted in the election of two women members of the board of education.

This was the starting point of the new woman movement, and the mesculine portion of the village was dazed by the audacity of their wives and sweet-

Next spring, it is officially announced the new women, under the leadership of Mrs. J. Cromley, who is the prime originator of the movement, will attempt by the ballot to secure the abolish-ment of the sale of intoxicating liquors in the village.

Three saloons are new doing business, but the agitation, which has been per-sistent, threatens to wipe them out.

The time has come in the affairs of the town when the men have been forced to acknowledge themselves back numbers. In many homes domestic affairs have simply changed about. The wom-en now go to the lodge, ride the goat, attend the meetings of town clubs, while the husbands remain at home to care for

The first woman to go into business was Mrs. Anna Walters, the wife of the resident undertaker. Her busband was taken ill at a time when business was exceedingly brisk. He was without assistance, and in despair turned to his wife, who was not slow in mastering the exacting requirements of the busi-ness, and the wants of customers were given equally as good attention as though the husband himself had performed the last functions for the dead.

The result of Mrs. Walters' practical acquirement of the rudiments of the pro-fession will be a partnership with her bushand in the business. She is a typical new woman, claiming that her sex is better fitted not only in the manner of conducting business affairs, but that it takes a greater interest in making them eccessful than the men.
Mrs. Melissa Decker is another wom-

an whose success has been nothing short enomenal. It is she who trims the public whiskers. She wields the razor deftly, shaves with skill, and for nine years has found time to hold a chair regularly in her husband's shop, calling 'Next!" in a manner that would do credit to an old timer. Her fame has extended far and wide, and in consequence the patronage of the shop has doubled the last two years. A notable instance of the growing

power of the new woman is the customer of the male janitor in the United Brethwer of the new woman is the ousting ren church and the appointment of a woman as his successor. He was de-clared by the official church board to be incompetent, and Miss Ella Wilcox, a pretty girl, got the position.

sweethearts of its former rulers, prom- hardly exist, was wholly color blind. state's history.—New York Recorder.

Eighteen Hundred Years After Death. When the pick used by the excavator at Pompeii gives forth a hollow sound when striking the great bed of lava, care is immediately taken to open the cavity that is known to be near. Into this cavity liquid plaster of paris is poured. The cavity serves as a mold, and the plaster soon hardens. When the lava has been removed, the statue obtained usually proves to be that of a woman or man in the agonizing convolsions of death, the limbs contorted and the features drawn out of shape just as they were when the person was overtaken by the flood of redhot lava 1,800 years ago.

## Spring Medicine

-St. Louis Republic.

be full of impurities the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, over eating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

# Purify Your Blood

the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetile, will open the way for serious disease, ruines health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands un-equalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier, All druggists. \$1 Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills are the only pille to take FIGHT ON A LOCOMOTIVE.

In Engineer's Desperate Struggle With Drunken Fireman. Crazed by liquor, Barney Long of Schuylkill Haven, a fireman on a Reading coal train, the other night attempted

to murder the engineer and steal the ocomotive. The crew, with W. H. White as coninctor, started from Port Richmo where Long, anknown to the crew, took on several bottles of liquor. On coming up the line the engineer, noticing that the supply of steam was getting low, remonstrated with the fireman for his negligence, when it was seen that he

The steam becoming very low, the engineer cut loose from the train at Monocacy, three miles from Birdsbore, and started for the latter place to tele-graph for assistance. Fireman Long was then crazed by the liquor, and, noticing that the engine was running empty, he climbed on the footboard of the large coal dirt burner and started to ereep into the engineer's cab to stop the engine. On the narrow footboard of the rapidly moving engine the fight began.

The struggle was fierce and the engineer grasped a monkey wrench and commenced striking the fireman with it. He was unable to entirely subdue him. and when Birdsboro was reached, the engineer saw that a switch was thrown and that they were running into a siding. The locomotive was stopped and

the engineer ran back. Then the fireman, seeing the engineer off the engine, reversed it, but fortunately the switch was thrown again in time and the only damage done was the running of the engine off the track. The fireman was seriously injured, and it is thought his skull was fractured by the errible beating.—Philadelphia Press.

The mercenary fighting man is a per-son who seldom receives his due reward during his lifetime or his just meed of fame after his death. The character is one so alien to the age in which we live, it belongs so entirely to the days when fighting was the only occupation for a gentleman, that it has forfeited alike our study and our sympathy. Volunteers we The world apparently has grown to think that fighting as a profession—the bare trade of arms unconsecrated by any sentiment of cause or country—is not a noble thing and should not, however ably and gallantly followed, be ad-

judged the highest praise.

Possibly the world is right, but we suspect that change of system in the training of fighting men has had far more influence than mere abstract humanity in creating this opinion. In these days of short service and swift wars the old type of professional fighting man has become extinct. In every country the recruit is forced through a soldier's education at high pressure and returned to civil life as speedily as possible that he may earn money to pay for the education of others. No man, unless he be an officer, devotes his whole lifetime to the military calling, and consequently the few mercenaries-the name is too ignoble for them-who are known to us in these later times are without exception officers-Gordon, for instance. Valentine Baker and Hobart. It was not so of old, when the rule was once a soldier always a soldier, and the only school was war. Then few men dreamed of rising to command except through the ranks, and many gentlemen preferre to stay all their lives in the ranks or at highest to carry the ensigns of their companies. Veteran soldiers were worth their weight in gold, and though by no means innocent of rapacity followed their calling from sheer devotion to it and thought themselves unlucky if they died in their beds.—Macmillan's Maga-

## Color Blind.

John Dalton, without whose discovery Marcellus, the only town in Michigan of the laws of chemical combination practically controlled by the wives and chemistry as an exact science could His knowledge of the fact came about by a happening of the sort which we call chance. On his mother's birthday, when he was a man of 26, he took her a pair of stockings which he had seen in shop window labeled:

"Silk, and newest fashion." "Thee has bought me a pair of grand hose, John," said the mother, "but what made thee fancy such a bright color? Why, I can never show myself at meeting in them.

John was much disconcerted, but he told her that he considered the stockings to be of a very proper go to meeting color, as they were a dark bluish drab. "Why, they're red as a cherry, John,"

was her astonished reply.

Neither he nor his brother Jonathan sould see anything but drab in the stockings, and they rested in the belief that the good wife's eyes were out of order until she, having consulted various neighbors, returned with the verdict, "Varra fine stuff, but uncommon scar-

ton became almost the first to direct the attention of the scientific world to the subject of color blindness. - Youth's

Sure of It This Time.

"John! John!" Mr. Billus ceased snoring. "What's the matter, Maria?"
"There's a man in the house. Listen!

"I heard a heavy foot on the stairway. Listen !" Mr. Billus listened a moment.

"I don't hear anything."
"I do. There—I heard it again!" There was no response but a snore. "John!"

Another an "John Billus, are you afraid to get

Mrs. Billus lay down again.
"If you can stand it to have the house robbed," she exclaimed wrathfully, "I

At the end of half an hour she spoke

"John!" No answer 'John Billus!"

"What's the matter now?" "I was mistaken. There wasn't any man in the house. And there isn't any man in the house now, either. Hear that, do you?"—Chicago Tribune.

Nobody Can Remember. Miss Willard says it is no longer considered a breach of courtesy to decline a drink in Kentucky. When was the experiment ever tried?—Louisville Commercial.

### TAKE TO WASHING.

WHY THE CHINESE LIKE THAT BUSI NESS IN THIS COUNTRY.

It Is So Much Easier Here Than at Hom In China-Washing In Ice Covered Ponds and Beating Out the Dirt With Stones For Very Small Pay.

Among the thousands of Chinamer in this city few, besides the store and restaurant keepers on Race street, follow any other calling than that of laundry

man. Consequently many Americans believe that the majority of China's millions are laundrymen, who, when not squirting water through their teeth upon shirts and linen, spend their time eating rats and puppies or indulging in the questionable enjoyments of the "flower boats." The truth is that the Celestial Kingdom's 450,000,000 of tea drinkers do a smaller percentage of washing than any other large country. What little washable clothing they wear is cleaused in the paddy fields near the wearer's home, and only the Europeans and richer class of natives require the

That important item of expense, the wash bill, is reduced to a minimum in China, where the European's clothing is eagerly sought by young and old male natives, who are glad to do up in first class order white shirts, white waistcoats or anything at all for 75 cents per hundred. This will partly explain why our Chinese residents prefer to do our indry work to waiting on our tables or sweating on a farm, as the money received for ironing and finishing a single white shirt will support him two days in his native country. Another reason is that when at work behind his ironing board, breathing the close air of his little shop, he appreciates the one hundred and one conveniences that he could not afford in China. Tubs, hot water, self acting soaps and washboards have not yet been introduced in his native home and have never been thought of by the poor beggars doing up shirts at three-quarters of a cent apiece. There they tand on the low shores of a paddy field, ankle deep in the mud and coze, and after soaking the clothes slap them against the smooth stones put there for this purpose until the dirt becomes loosened and can be rubbed out with the

Within the limits of the American settlement of the treaty port of Shang-hai are several ponds filled with from two to four feet of rainwater. In summer these ponds are used by the wash-men and for irrigating neighboring paddy and rice fields, while in winter the ice accumulating is carefully pre-

The Chinese themselves do not use ice for any purpose, the most refreshing drink to them in the hot spells being boiling hot tea without milk or sngar, Since the advent of the foreigner the Chinaman has found that it pays to preserve the scanty ice of Shanghai during the short winters. The icehouses surrounding the ponds are low structures formed of wood, mud and thick layers of salt hay, with the floors raised slightly above the level of the water.

Adhering to his general rule of doing everything directly opposite to us "bar-John Chinaman does not believe in allowing the ice to form three or more inches, but as soon as a thin skin has formed he breaks it up and oushes it all through the narrow openings of the storehouses. The breaking of this thin ice makes it necessary for he poor natives to wade up to the hips the water of the ponds and with rakes and books manage the ice so that it can reach the storehouses.

But to return to the workmen, who must work and live in winter as well as in summer. Not having hot water boilers and other luxuries, he must reboilers and other luxuries, he must resort to the dirty ponds no matter how cold the weather. The ice, broken in the center of the pond, is allowed to get quite thick along the edges, making it precessary very often for the washman. to cut through it before he can immerse his washing. The stiffened linen is then slammed up against the smooth stone, which soon turns into a small mound of ice as layer after layer of water is thrown upon it. The native keeps his feet incased in a covering of old cloth-ing, rags and hay, while around his body are wrapped one or more blankets. As he goes through his cheerless as well as soapless operation he is gradually covered by the ice, which forms as soon as the water reaches his clothing. Taking into consideration all the trouble, hardship and inconvenience the laundry man in the Flowery Kingdom is com pelled to endure while rendering white the foreign devil's linen, he does it much better than his more fortunate brother in this country, who returns our laundry in such a careless and independent fashion, and who receives, after deducting rent and all expenses, eight times more pay in return. —Philadelphia

"How do you like your new wheel, Miss Splurge? 'Splendidly! Why, Mr. Pedleman, do you know, it rides so easily that half

the time it seems as though it wanted to run away with me!" "Perfectly natural it should, I am spre. If I had its chances, I would do so too."—American Wheel. TAKE CARE OF THE CHEST.

And the Rest of the Body Will Take Car

"Take care of your chest," says a physical culture teacher, "and the rest of your body will take care of itself. The chest is the chief thing to be remem-bered. Keep it well raised and your head, spine and shoulders will involuntarily ssume their proper positions without any effort on your part. The cry from parents and teachers used to be, 'Throw your shoulders back!' But this mistaken notion is now completely exploded. The shoulders have nothing to do with correct posture. It is all the chest, and its elevation or depression will regulate the rest of the body. The chest is the seat of all things spiritual, elevated and ennobling. Bring it into prominence and you bring into prominence the best qualities of your nature.

"It has been said that whatever psychological attribute is most marked in a human being is correspondingly most marked in his physical being. If he's a glutton, his stomach is most in evi-dence; if a scholar or brain worker, his head is sure to be thrust well forward; but if he preserves a proper intellectual balance he walks with his chest in advance of the rest of his body.

"It is curious, too, how one may really influence his own mental condition in this way. Just try and see how impossible it is to say, 'Oh, how happy I am!' with sunken chest and spent breath. One involuntarily lifts his chest and takes a good long breath when he says anything optimistic and brave, for if he doesn't be might just as well say Have mercy on us miserable sinners. The effect is the same. There is no surer cure for the 'blues' or like maladies than merely lifting the chest and taking a good, long breath. It scares away all the bugaboos of pessimism. - New York

### clery Sufficient.

The barber's trade is everywhere recognized as honorable, but The Commercial Bulletin tells a story of one man who had peculiar reasons for magnifying his office.

There was once a hairdresser in Boston who numbered among his patrons many gentlemen of the medical profes-sion. One day, when operating upon one of them, he broke forth in great glee:

"Vat you dink, degtor? I haf been to dot hospital, und vhile I vait to go up and cut a man's hair I see marple busts of de dogtors. Dere was Dogtor Storer und dere vas Dogtor Peegelow mit de vig I dress for him dese dwenty years, in marple. Dink of dot! Von of my vigs in marple!"

### EASY COME, EASY GO.

The man who creeps along bent over, with his spinal column feeling in a condition to snap like a pipestem at any minute, would readily give a great deal to get out of his dilemma, and yet this is only the commonest form by which lumbago seizes on and twists out or shape the muscles of the back. This is commonly known as backache, a crick in the back, but by whatever name it may be known, and however bad it may be, 10 minutes vigorous rubbing with St. Jacobs Oil on the afflicted part will drive out the trouble and completely restore. It is a thing so easily caught, it may be wondered at why there is not more of it, but because it is so easily cured by St. Jacobs Oil may be the very reason that we hear so little of it. ute, would readily give a great deal to get

The shanghai rooster's dull and sad, And stands on one leg all the day: What makes his lordship seel so bad? Alas! He has no Easter lay.

THE BACK, THE THUMBSCREW AND

Were old fashioned instruments of terture long since abandoned, but there is a termenter who still continues to agonize the joints, muccles and nerves of many of us. The rheumatism, that inveterate foe to daily and nightly comfort, may be conquered by the timely and steady use of Hostetter's stomach Bitters, which likewise eradicates neuralgia, billious, malariai, bowel, stomach and nerve complaints.

the sum of Order in the cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Cataran Cun.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this Mth day of December, A. D. 1856. A. W. GLEASON, 1000 Hotary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and musous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, from F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Seld by Presents. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Pamfly Pills are the best.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Bestorer. No Fits after the first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$1.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 81 Arch 81s., Philadelphia. Pa.

THY GERNEA for breakfast.

"I hear Jack Fortescue is ill. What is the trouble?" "He was frost-bitten," "While he was staring?" "No; he proposed to a Boston girl."

Pron U.S. Journal of Medi Prof. W. H. Peeke, w makes a specialty

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Buy a bag of this Celebrated Smoking Tobacco, and read the coupon, which gives a list of other premiums and how to get them. 2 CENT STAMPS ACCEPTED.

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mercial center of the country.

When such people as Col. Littler,
State Treaseurer Colvin of New York, Austria John M. Francis, and hosts of who have been made strong and well unhappy they would experience the joy of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of perfect health, sound digestion and virtue of Paine's called the property of the pro Modjeska, the actress, ex-Minister to virtue of Paine's celery compound, no many people well. Col. Littler says:
"I have used with great benefit sev-

It is a wonderful spring remedy."

tler has been in constant demand as a his busiest hours whether he can recom- cares, would only take Paine's celery bureau of information by correspondents who recognize Chicago as the commercial center of the country.

When such people as Col. Littler, always glad to praise Paine's celery backache, headache, disordered liver compound."
That is the feeling among people

persuade some man or woman who is | Paine's celery compound is just the eral bottles of Paine's celery compound throughout the country than the great and plenty of it, and in the consequent and have recommended it to myfriends. army of those who have recovered famished state of their nerves. Paine's

For ten years secretary of the Na-tional Better and Egg Association and since 1882 secretary of the Chicago produce exchange, Col. Robert M. Lit-business matters. Ask one of them in and heart trouble.

Insead of being thin, nervous and

body of intelligent men and women plainly in the want of good rich blood, health by the use of Paine's colery com- celery compound should be taken with-Go to the busiest lawyer, editor or pound. out delay. It will restore the health business man of your acquaintance who has taken Paine's celery compound. end disastrously might be quickly and bilitated condition.

# Breakfast Gocoa

Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is "a perfect ! writhes in croup or whooptype of the highest order of excel-Lence in manufacture." It costs less than one cent a cup.

If you want a sure relief for pains in the back, side, chest, or Porous

Plaster

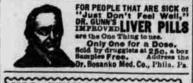
The very remarkable and certain relief given woman by MOORE'S REVEALED REMEDY has given it the name of Woman's Friend. It is full in relieving the backaches, headaches ful in relieving the backaches, headaches headaches head woman's women testify for it. It will give health and strength and make life a pleasure. For sale by all druggists.

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Take a run over to London and there try to do business before 10 and 11 in the morning, and learn how impossible it will be, because the Englishman is thoroughly imbued with the idea that business is an incident of and not the sole aim and end of life. There is no nation of the world wherein work is regarded as it is with us; no other nation 'lives that it may work," as we do. They "work that they may live;" they thoroughly live while they live. We toil and slave that we may leave money to those who, because of our very work, will not inherit the vital strength to

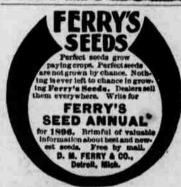
properly utilize and enjoy it.

Individual exceptions might seem to negative our assertion, but we are not dealing with individuals, but our nation as a whole, and as a whole we fear not contradiction of the assertion that the great American nervous system is in a eplorable condition of prostration, and that this lamentable condition of affairs has been the direct outcome of our methods of work, particularly during the past 80 years.—New Orleans Times

"Save My Child!"



Dr. Acker's English Remedy proves a blessing and a godsend. Mrs. M. A. Burke, of 309 E. 105th St., New York, writes: "Dr. Acker's English Remedy cured my baby of bronchitis, and also gave instant relief in a severe case of croup. I gratefully recommend it."
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