

OREGON MIST.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 PER YEAR.

BEEGLE & DAVIS, Publishers.

ST. HELENS, OREGON, OCT. 11.

It is said that there are in the state of Kansas twenty well built towns containing no inhabitants, and that Saratoga, in that state, now absolutely uninhabited, has, among other buildings, a \$30,000 opera-house.

"I do the heaviest advertising in dull times," says John Wanamaker, in writing on that subject. "Then it is when people load keenly for bargains, and are anxious to know how much things cost, and when they can save money. I advertise particular things, give my prices, and take as much pains with the announcement as I do with my stock. One big dinner won't keep up the reputation of the house—but steady, good cooking does it. I never permit interest in my announcement to lag, and never miss an issue in my chosen publications. Advertising has made my store one of the largest in the country."

It is demonstrated beyond doubt that the catfish have almost destroyed the sturgeon in the Columbia river and tributaries. Only a few years ago sturgeon in large numbers and of very large size were caught and placed on the market, but now only small ones are marketed and then only in limited numbers. It is said that in the lakes of Savoy and other islands where the principal propagation has taken place in the past the catfish have practically driven the sturgeon out by eating up or destroying the substance upon which they formerly fed. This little scrawny mud cat has destroyed what at one time promised to be one of the leading industries of the lower Columbia.

TEXAS, that renegade state which has for years borne the proud distinction of being the dumping ground of the United States for criminals, has at last merged from the realm of questionable characters and declared that whatever else of a degraded nature shall find encouragement on her soil, the prizefight is barred. There is hope for Texas yet. But in the face of the Texas legislature refusing to allow the Corbett Fitzsimmons fight to take place, "Gentleman Jim" now declares he will join a tribe of Indians in Indian territory that his brutal mill may take place as an Indian fight and under the protection of the natives. It is quite natural, however, that a prizefighter should do this, since if any difference they are several degrees below the native in point of civilization.

It will be seen by the following from the Philadelphia Bulletin that Oregon fruit is attracting attention in the eastern markets: "It is a little surprising that the Oregon fruit growers have not made a greater effort heretofore to exploit their fruit product. It is not like them to let it masquerade as California fruit. But there need be no great rivalry between the two states, for their products are not the same, as a rule. California is the home of the citrus fruits, and Oregon of the hardier varieties. California cannot grow apples to equal the Oregon product, and, of course, Oregon cannot grow oranges. It is claimed, too, that of the fruits which they produce in common, the Oregon varieties are the finer and better flavored. At all events, it is always best to sell a thing on its merits, and if the Oregon fruit is all that is claimed for it, Oregon should have the credit for producing it."

THE MIST has for a long time contended that property belonging to churches, except the church edifice itself, sectarian schools and private hospitals should bear their just proportion of taxation. The assessor of Multnomah county has taken the initial step in this direction and has included all such property, except the actual church edifice, in the assessment roll, and taxes will be collected thereon unless the supreme court should decide otherwise. The statute touching upon this matter is very plain, and in THE MIST'S opinion these institutions will be compelled to pay. The amount of property belonging to churches, hospitals and sectarian schools which are used for private or speculative purposes in Multnomah county alone reaches an aggregate of \$1,000,000 which would yield a revenue to the county of \$30,000. Some of the best business property in Portland belongs to the churches, from which they receive a large yearly rental, yet heretofore, contrary to law, they have not borne one cent of the burden of taxation. Portland is not the only place in the state where this class of property has heretofore been exempt to the detriment of other property, and Assessor Greenleaf's stand in the premises is commendable.

THE city council is about to take a step in the right direction. It is negotiating for the resurvey of the St. Helens townsite, or at least that part of it bordering on the water front. This has been a standing necessity for a long time, for want of which improvements have perhaps been retarded. Heretofore it has been next to impossible to exactly locate boundaries to lots and blocks in this city, and in consequence sales of real estate have been prevented many times. The resurvey of the city, however, is not sufficient to guarantee a substantial growth. There is another and perhaps more important thing necessary to insure prosperity, and that is for property to assume prices that will make it saleable. A town cannot be built up with prices so high that no one can afford to buy. It must be small before it can be large, and prices should follow growth instead of growth following prices. "Large acorns from small trees grow," but large prices from small towns never, never do. There never was a townsite owner but what could well afford to give away every alternate lot and make a profit by so doing. It is very hard to convince property owners of this fact, but it is none the less a matter of history. In any event the average lot in a town of this size is not worth more and will not readily sell for more than \$25 and never will, with increasing price with increasing growth.

WOOL TARIFF FOR REVENUE.

It hardly seems possible that the president can avoid the subject of revenue deficiency in his next message to congress. The revenues have been less than the expenditures of the government by about \$200,000,000 from March, 1893, until the present time. The Wilson-Gorman tariff, constructed by men pledged to legislation for "revenue only" has been, and is likely to be, unproductive of revenue sufficient to meet what in the cant of democratic platform was called "the expenses of government honestly administered." Even the scaling of the pension list has failed to make revenues and expenses coincide. We have been borrowers and borrowers with a humility that savors of beggary from Europe, every since Mr. Cleveland's policy of tariff for revenue only was assayed.

Something will have to be done, and that quickly, by the next Congress. We cannot forever be borrowers. Revenue sufficient to the needs of the government must be raised. A tariff on wool seems to be one of the feasible remedies for our deficiency.

The revenues derived from wool during the operation of the McKinley bill stood thus:

| | |
|------|-------------|
| 1890 | \$5,460,885 |
| 1891 | 6,532,287 |
| 1892 | 7,769,083 |
| 1893 | 8,147,220 |

And this gain to the national revenues was accompanied by such a development of American woolen manufactures and by such competition among American manufacturers for the control of the market as to reduce greatly the prices of the purchaser at retail. Indeed during the operation of the McKinley bill the price of carpets made and sold in the United States became for the first time in commercial history, lower than those of like quality made and sold in Europe.

The Wilson-Gorman bill has changed all this. It has dangerously depleted the revenue. It has destroyed the purchasing power of thousands who once were engaged profitably in the growth or manufacture of American wool. But while doing away with protection to American wool growers the democratic tariff bill was not neglectful of the interests of the rice growers. Eighty-three per cent of protection was given to them. The McKinley wool duties averaged less than 41 per cent. Cotton manufactures are protected by tariffs ranging between 36 and 46 per cent. Wool is denied any protection.

The equities of legislation and the interests of the people demand a restoration of the wool duties. The interests demand it as a means of raising revenue and of rehabilitating the purchasing power of a large body of citizens; the equities demand it as a removal of the unjust discrimination between rice and wool.—Inter-Ocean.

Judging from the recent comments in the eastern press, the duke of Marlborough has just engaged to marry \$15,000,000 together with a daughter of the Vanderbilt family. If the present rage for marrying European noblemen goes on among American girls it will soon be necessary for the United States government to offer titles to its young men to prevent the constant drain on the girl reserve.

It is not surprising to see with what degree of confidence the Cubans are pressing their cause. They have an old object lesson before them from the United States of more than a century ago—a lesson that might well be patterned after by any oppressed country in search of freedom.

WHEN people can buy on credit they buy more than they would if they had cash to pay at the time of purchase. They seldom keep run of the amount purchased and generally go in debt much more than they expected or intended, and find when called upon for a settlement that the bill is often two or three times more than they anticipated.

WHY GRAIN IS CHEAP.

Tacoma Merchants Say Exporters are Bearing the Market. The fact that little grain is now moving though the wheat season is fairly open, has led to an investigation being made to determine the reason, says the Tacoma Ledger. From the evidence gathered it would seem that considerable of the blame attaches to the local exporters who are bearing the market for the reason that they purchased a number of charters at high rates when charters were high some weeks ago, and are now seeking to save themselves from loss, or rather to make the usual profit by paying only low prices until their charters are out of the way. The same condition of affairs exist in Portland.

At San Francisco, however, charters have dropped greatly. When Portland and Tacoma exporters purchased charters at 35 and 37 shillings, San Francisco exporters are now getting them for 24 and 25 shillings. This, it is estimated by grain men, gives San Francisco the advantage in the purchase of grain. One grain man said to a Ledger reporter recently that Washington farmers can ship to San Francisco now and obtain, after deducting freight charges, 5 cents more a bushel for their wheat than at Tacoma and Portland. San Francisco quotations are 55 cents a bushel and Tacoma and Portland quotations are 43 1/2 and 44 cents. "In other words," said the gentleman speaking, "Tacoma and Portland exporters are endeavoring to make the farmers sustain the loss they should bear themselves, a loss resulting from their own bad judgment in making charters when the market was at the highest. They are offering these low prices thinking the farmers will take them, but in this the exporters, in my mind, are using poor judgment. The result of their arbitrary action will simply be to force grain that would otherwise be shipped to Tacoma and Portland to San Francisco. Such action as theirs does more than anything else to injure the port. To my mind it cannot be too severely censured. Where the Tacoma and Portland exporters are offering 32 1/2 and 34 cents a bushel they could and should pay 50 cents."

As a result of the low prices prevailing farmers all over the state are holding their grain for a higher price. The disposition generally is to hold. It is reported that nearly all the grain in warehouses in Eastern Washington is to be held, and that money at the rate of 20 cents a bushel is being borrowed on it. If sales are made at prevailing prices the merchants will make nothing, hence they, with the banks, are assisting the farmers to hold.

CIRCUIT COURT DOCKET.

LAW.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. S. H. Tryon; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. A. L. Woodard et al; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. J. S. Rinearson; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff.

J. C. Moreland for defendant.

W. W. Miller vs. W. E. Cathy et al; Emmons & Emmons for plaintiff.

W. J. Zilman vs. Charles Beasro; Lewis & Kernan for plaintiff; L. A. McNary for defendant.

F. M. Thorp vs. H. M. Entire; W. J. Rice for plaintiff.

D. Hinkle vs. H. McIntire; W. J. Rice for plaintiff.

S. A. Barber vs. S. G. Allen and E. R. Bird; Paxton & Padlock for plaintiff; John W. Gilt for defendant.

John Giltner vs. Samuel Mann; C. E. Kindt for plaintiff; Dillard & Cole for defendant.

John Conway vs. E. S. Bryant; Cleland & Cleland for plaintiff.

Bertha A. Knighton vs. Christian Richardson; W. J. Rice for plaintiff; Whalley & Muir for defendant.

Bertha A. Knighton vs. Jacob H. Horst; W. J. Rice for plaintiff; Stott, Boise & Stout for defendant.

Walter Severn vs. John W. Isenhart; A. L. Frazer for plaintiff; W. J. Rice for defendant.

Wm. H. Dolman vs. Wm. Strachan et al; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff; W. J. Rice for defendant.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. John and S. W. Dibble; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

A. H. Blakesley vs. James Muckle et al; W. J. Rice for plaintiff; Dillard & Cole for defendant.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. John Karvonen et al; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. Jos. R. E. Bourne; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff; Dolph, Mallory, Simoa & Strachan for defendant.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. John Henderson et al; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff; Bronaugh, McArthur, Fenton & Bronaugh for defendant.

Pittsburg Mill Co. vs. I. H. Foster; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff.

I. M. Arthur & Co. vs. H. Reimer; Bronaugh, McArthur, Fenton & Bronaugh for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

M. J. Kelling & Co. vs. W. C. King et al; Dillard & Cole for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

Jacob Goddard vs. B. F. Vanvolkenberg et al; R. P. Graham for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. Geo. W. Shaver et al; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff; F. S. Keenan for defendant.

Astoria & Columbia River R. R. Co. vs. Chas. G. Thayer; Fulton Bros. for plaintiff.

Z. Bryant vs. O. E. Elliott; W. H. Conyers for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

D. M. Osborn & Co. vs. Dean Blanchard; Cox, Cotton & Teal and Minor & Stuart for plaintiff; Dillard & Cole for defendant.

A. McCauley vs. T. E. Mills et al; W. J. Rice for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

The Mayer Co. vs. John Stockenberg; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff; A. L. Frazer for defendant.

Edgar Enyart vs. Henry C. Gore; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff; Dillard & Cole for defendant.

Green Creek Lumber & Mfg. Co. vs. John Stockenberg; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff.

Emerson Bros. vs. S. A. Miles; W. F. Magill for plaintiff.

Matter of assignment of Columbia City Lumber Co., insolvent debtors; R. W. Emmons, assignee, for plaintiff.

Matter of assignment of Link & Blake, insolvent debtors; P. G. Bannon, assignee, for plaintiff.

W. J. Burns vs. C. C. Cole et al; Emmons & Emmons and Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff; Stott, Boise & Stout and A. H. Inaus for defendant.

D. R. Murphy vs. John W. Straten et al; Silverstein, Murphy & Brodie for plaintiff.

Chas. P. Mugele vs. Geo. S. Dippold et al; Dillard & Cole for plaintiff; Brownell & Dresser for defendant.

Charles du Pont Breck vs. C. H. Jones et al; R. P. Graham for plaintiff.

Mary A. Kelley vs. Susannah Lamberson et al; W. J. Rice for plaintiff; Dillard & Cole for defendant.

John W. Cline vs. Maria Cline; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff; W. J. Rice for defendant.

W. R. Davis vs. D. L. Gee et al; Davis, Gautensla & Veazie for plaintiff; Paxton, Sears, Beach & Simon for defendant.

Emma May Davis vs. Herbert Davis; Allen & Cleeton for plaintiff.

C. A. Erickson et al vs. L. Saldren et al; W. J. Rice for plaintiffs; L. A. McNary, Dillard & Cole, Allen & Cleeton and W. H. Conyers for defendants.

A. T. Creevy vs. John W. Cline et al; Dillard & Cole for plaintiff.

Mary Amaden vs. D. W. Zeller et al; Dillard & Cole for plaintiff.

Samuel Kinder vs. Ida M. Buell et al; R. P. Graham for plaintiff; Allen & Cleeton for defendant.

C. L. Olsen vs. John H. Swager et al; Allen & Cleeton and Dillard & Cole for plaintiff; W. J. Rice for defendant.

CRIMINAL.

State of Oregon vs. Mary E. Severn and John W. Isenhart.

State of Oregon vs. B. C. Enyart and Edgar Enyart.

State of Oregon vs. George W. Upton.

State of Oregon vs. Charles Lamberson.

CLATSKANIE.

The gasoline steamer Cornet, of Astoria, was in Tuesday for shingles.

Another horse race outside the city last Sunday afternoon attracted a considerable number of a crowd.

The water in the Clatskanie river gets so low at low tide that the hingle mill has to stop running for a time.

Louis Jarvey was on crutches Wednesday, and stated that he had sprained his ankle the evening before.

C. H. Wheeler was up from Lower Nehalem spending one day in our city. He left on the steamer Monday evening.

A social for the benefit of the new minister is announced to be held at Dr. Hall's residence on Saturday evening of this week.

The Good Templars were reinforced last Thursday evening by a crowd of friends from Beaver, and all had a good time in the exchange of fraternal greetings.

Ed. McClure and family decided to leave our part of the country to try farming in the Willamette valley, near Forest grove. Ed has been a familiar figure here for some

years and his smiling face will be missed. If he gains either in wealth or comfort by the change of residence, his many friends about here will be gratified. His goods were shipped this week.

Rev. H. T. Atkinson and wife, with their household goods, arrived on Monday to occupy the parsonage and serve their charge as pastor for the ensuing conference year. Bruce Lee and George Conyers, assisted by Dr. Hall, filled the gap in the fence in front of the parsonage just in time for the new minister to occupy the premises.

Miss Jewel Wheeler, a former resident in and about our city, was in town this week. She has been teaching at Astoria where she has just closed a successful term of school.

It is a boy whose name is not yet announced, but makes Jim Van feel that some day he may have more help in ranching. He has felt that way since Wednesday afternoon of this week.

Dr. Ball, a dentist in Portland, passed through our city last week to look after his ranch in the Nehalem valley. He returned Monday and took the steamer for Portland, satisfied that the land is occupying the old stand.

The community sympathize with J. J. Johnson in the loss of his valuable bay station that sickened and died on Sunday night. It is a little tough on Johnson, but he is not a man to lose courage by such misfortune, and will do his best to replace the loss.

An alarm of fire on our streets last Thursday brought out a large delegation in short order. Smoke was coming from the roof of the Aldridge building and prompt action was necessary. A few buckets of water in time and judiciously applied soon put the fire out, to the gratification of all concerned.

Attorney T. J. Cleeton and wife spent the time from Friday until Monday evening in and about our city. This is the gentleman's first visit to our city since his return from the legislature, and he found many old friends here with whom he exchanged greetings, who wish him success in his legal work.

W. H. Conyers, our attorney, took the steamer Monday evening to the county seat in company with T. J. Cleeton. Both gentlemen are working up the defense in the murder trial from this place. Mr. Conyers at this place and Allen & Cleeton at St. Helens having been employed to conduct the case in the interest of the prisoner. Mr. Conyers returned Wednesday.

Upon the return of Rev. and Mrs. White last Wednesday, some of the sisters arranged for a social at the residence of J. A. Fabrique and wife to be held the following evening. A crowd that taxed the capacity of the house gathered to express their good wishes to the pastor and his wife and wish them success in their new field of labor. A little cash testimonial of five dollars gave additional emphasis to the expressions of good will of those present, all of which the pastor accepted very gratefully. The couple got their goods packed and shipped and started on Friday evening last for their work at Fairfield (Cleone P. O.) near Portland.



Reader, did you ever take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES"? Everybody needs take a liver remedy. It is a sluggish or diseased liver that impairs digestion and causes constipation, when the waste that should be carried off remains in the body and poisons the whole system. That dull, heavy feeling is due to a torpid liver. Biliousness, Headache, Malaria and Indigestion are all liver diseases. Keep the liver active by an occasional dose of Simmons' Liver Regulator and you'll get rid of these troubles, and give tone to the whole system. For a laxative Simmons' Liver Regulator is BETTER THAN PILLS. It does not gripe, nor weaken, but greatly refreshes and strengthens. Every package has the Red Z stamp on the wrapper. J. H. Zelin & Co., Philadelphia.

Notice of Settlement of Final Account.

IN the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Columbia County, In the matter of the estate of E. G. Bryant, deceased.

Order fixing date of Settlement of Final Account of Administration.

E. S. Bryant, administrator of the estate of E. G. Bryant, deceased, having this day filed with the court, and filed his final account as administrator of said estate, and prayed for an order fixing the time and place of settlement of the same, and a distribution of the estate, it is hereby ordered that Saturday, the 12th day of October, 1895, at the court-house in St. Helens, Or., at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, be and the same are hereby appointed, as the time and place for the settlement of said account and the distribution of said estate, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and oppose the same. And it is further ordered that notice of this appointment be given by publication of a copy of this order in THE OREGON MIST, a newspaper regularly published in said county, for at least four weeks next preceding said day of settlement and distribution.

Done this 7th day of September, 1895.

DEAN BLANCHARD, County Judge.

E. S. BRYANT, Administrator.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, ST. HELENS, Or., Sept. 27, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that all unpaid County Warrants of said county, which have been presented and endorsed "Not Paid for Want of Funds," up to July 31st, 1895, also warrants No. 2994, 3022, 3121, 3122, 3123, 3124 and 3125, will be paid upon presentation at this office. Interest will not be allowed after this date.

E. M. WHARTON, Treasurer of Columbia County, Oregon.

E. WEAVER, Hair-Cutting and Shaving Neatly Done Clean Towels and Quick Work

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED. ST. HELENS, OREGON.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, County of Columbia.

Walter J. Burns, plaintiff,

vs.

C. C. Cole, Amanda Cole, Cole, Henderson, J. P. Marshall and Samuel A. Fowler, defendants.

To Defendants C. C. Cole and Amanda Cole:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer plaintiff's complaint hereon, on the first day of the next regular term of said Court, which shall commence six weeks or more after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: On Tuesday, the 15th day of October, A. D. 1895, and you apply to the Court for the relief demanded in his complaint, to-wit: For a decree foreclosing a certain mortgage, executed by one W. W. Cole and one W. C. Henderson, under the firm name of Cole & Henderson, to one William Dunbar, on the 29th day of July, 1889, which is recorded on page 449 of Book "B" of the records of mortgages of Columbia county, State of Oregon; that the real estate which is described in said mortgage as follows: "Lot number one (1), in section thirty-six (36), in township one north, range number two (2) west of the Willamette Meridian, containing eleven and 49-100ths acres; also the west half (1/2) of the northeast quarter (1/4), and the southeast quarter (1/4) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section number thirty-five (35), all in township number seven (7) north, range number two (2) west of the Willamette Meridian, and containing one hundred and twenty acres, all of the property aforesaid being in Columbia county, State of Oregon" be sold in manner prescribed by law and the proceeds applied to the satisfaction of said mortgage, the costs and disbursements of this action, the sum of \$300 attorney fees, and the expenses of said sale; that you and each of you be barred and foreclosed of all interest in and to the aforesaid property, and that plaintiff's mortgage be adjudged to be a first lien thereon.

This summons is published pursuant to an order of Hon. E. D. Shattuck, judge of the Circuit Court of Multnomah county, Oregon, (made in open court on the 28th day of August, 1895, as by statute provided), the Hon. T. A. McBride, judge of the Court before whom this action is pending, being absent from the state; that this summons be served upon you herein by publication once a week for six weeks, in THE OREGON MIST, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, published at St. Helens, Columbia county, Oregon. ALLEN & CLEETON, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

E. E. QUICK, Commissioner of Deeds for Washington.

G. W. COLE, Notary Public.

COLE & QUICK,

St. Helens, Oregon

PROPRIETORS OF

"Thorn's Numerical System"

—OF—

Title Abstracts"

—FOR—

Columbia - County, - Oregon

TITLES

Examined and abstracts furnished. Will attend to matters before the Board of Equalization; payment of taxes, etc. Real Estate, Coal Mining, and Insurance, and Loans negotiated.

\$25,000

Stock of Boots and Shoes.

THE OREGON

Shoe Store

168 THIRD STREET

Have Purchased \$25,000.00 worth of Boots and Shoes at 25 per cent less than Actual Cost. We will sell them cheaper than you can buy anywhere else.

Look at These Prices

Mens Boots \$1.45

Mens Working Shoes95

Mens Dress Shoes from 1.25 to \$3.50

Ladies Shoes from 1.00 to 3.50

Best School Shoes from .50 to 1.75

Infant Shoes25

We have a Big Assortment and Sell at Lowest Prices.

BE SURE TO FIND THE RIGHT PLACE

The Oregon Shoe Store

168 Third Street, PORTLAND, Between Morrison and Yamhill.

Next door to Roberts Bros. Dry Goods Store. (Mention this paper.)

THE HUNT HARDWARE COMPANY

—DEALERS IN—

Stoves and Ranges

CUTLERY AND TINWARE

A large and varied assortment of all necessary cooking utensils, consisting of an elegant and well-chosen assortment of

GRANITE-IRONWARE

Our line of stoves are the best made, as we carry the celebrated "Majestic Steel Ranges," recognized to be the very best.

—INSPECT OUR—

Heating Stoves

HUNT HARDWARE CO.,

Cor. Second and Yamhill Streets, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Columbia.

Emma May Davis, Plaintiff,

vs.

HERBERT DAVIS, Defendant.

To Herbert Davis, defendant above named:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, you are hereby required to appear and answer plaintiff's complaint hereon, on the first day of the next regular term of said Court, which shall commence six weeks or more after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: On Tuesday, the 15th day of October, A. D. 1895, and if you fail to so appear and answer, plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in her complaint, to-wit: For a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, for the restoration of plaintiff to her maiden name, and for such other and further relief in the premises as to the