

# THE OREGON MIST.

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## OREGON MIST.

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County Surveyor. Land Surveying, Town  
Platting and Engineering work promptly  
executed.

A WHITECAP CARNIVAL.

The Persecution of Colored People in a  
Texas County.

Paris, Tex., August 15.—An old negro  
woman named Stephens arrived here  
yesterday from Delta county, where  
the whitecaps are alleged to be holding  
carnival. She states that on Saturday  
morning her son was called to the door  
about 4 o'clock and shot down by the  
whitecaps. The ten days' notice given him  
had just expired, and he was prevented from  
fleeing with the whole exodus of negroes  
from that section on account of his crops  
and his home, which was placed in jeopardy.  
He had a wife and two children. The whitecap  
notices were posted about his house. His  
brother fled when he first received notice.  
An afternoon paper published the following  
appeal from the negroes:

"To the Citizens of Lamar County:  
We, the colored people of Delta county,  
are the poorest and most worthless people  
in the state of Texas and we do not want  
any trouble with anybody. We ask the white  
people to protect us, and when we do wrong  
to do with us as the laws demand, and we  
will be satisfied. So please help us to stop  
the whitecaps. We are not guilty of the  
least crime in Delta county, so please  
come to our relief and we will be under  
lasting obligations to you. At present we  
are unable to go any where."

The reports from Delta county are  
conflicting. A merchant from that vicinity  
states that so far as he has any knowledge  
there has been no negro shot by the whitecaps.

INVESTIGATING PARTY.

The Report That It Left for Ku Cheng  
Is Considered Accurate.

Washington, August 15.—No confirmation  
has been received as yet at the state  
department of the appointment of a  
commissioner at Foo Chow to visit the  
scene of the recent riots at Ku Cheng,  
though Minister Denby has advised the  
department that the appointment of such  
a commissioner was under consideration, and  
it was known that it would be composed of  
Americans and Englishmen. The present  
reports are, therefore, accepted as accurate,  
and earlier than official advice. No  
surprise is expressed that the Chinese  
government refuses to allow an armed  
escort of foreigners, as such an escort  
would not have been permitted in either  
Great Britain or the United States, and  
would have indicated that China felt unable  
to protect the foreigners, who were on a  
diplomatic mission, and also that China was  
unable to punish the offenders in the recent  
riots.

A cable was received at the navy  
department today announcing the arrival  
of Admiral Carpenter at Chee Foo with  
the flagship Baltimore. He had not been  
able to communicate with Minister Denby,  
but it is expected that he will do so  
during the day. Acting Secretary McAdoo  
said it was expected an officer of the navy  
would be a member of the Ku Cheng  
commission, if the civil authorities so  
requested.

Consul Sheridan Reed, at Tien Tsin,  
cabled the state department today that  
cholera had broken out at Tien Tsin  
and Chee Foo.

## THE LAST LINK ADDED

More Damaging Proof of Theodore Durrant's Guilt.

AN AGED LADY'S STATEMENTS

She Is Positive That She Saw Blanche Lamont and Durrant Enter Emanuel Church.

San Francisco, August 19.—Since the trial of Theodore Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lamont has been pending, both the prosecution and defense have intimated from time to time that they have important additional evidence, which had not been developed at the preliminary examination.

The strong card of the prosecution has been sprung at last to the infinite disgust of the police authorities.

Mrs. Leak, a member of Emanuel Baptist church, who resides opposite the sanctuary, and who was intimately acquainted with both Durrant and Miss Lamont, voluntarily gave the police the last and most important link in the chain of evidence against the prisoner.

Mrs. Leak is 70 years old, and has been a member of the church several years. She knew both Durrant and Miss Lamont intimately and therefore cannot be mistaken with regard to the identity of either. She says she has remained silent since the discovery of the two girls because she did not wish to undergo the annoyance of being a witness, and did not consent to divulge her information to the police until she became convinced that it was a duty she owed to the state.

April 3 Mrs. Leak sat at the window of her residence nearly all the afternoon looking for her daughter whom she expected from San Mateo.

At 4 o'clock she saw a couple coming up the street, one of whom she recognized as Durrant, but at first she was puzzled over the identity of the girl. She first thought the young lady was Lucille Turner, but as the couple came nearer Mrs. Leak recognized the girl as Blanche Lamont.

Miss Lamont wore a school girl's short dress and carried a package of school books. The dress and the school books were afterward found secreted in the church.

When the couple reached the church gate they stopped for a moment, Durrant opened the gate and they passed through. Mrs. Leak from her point of observation was watching them, and when the girl stepped through the gate she said to herself: "What an imprudent thing for her to do."

Mrs. Leak knew nothing detrimental to Durrant. She had always considered him "such an exemplary young man," but, notwithstanding that fact, she thought it exceedingly imprudent for the girl to go into the church with him alone. She feared some one might have seen them and make unpleasant remarks. She imagined they had some errand in the church, and expected in a few minutes they would come out.

She watched carefully, but the gate did not open. There is only one entrance to Emanuel church during the week, and that is by the side gate and rear door. Mrs. Leak knew the young man and Miss Lamont would have to pass through the gate and she wanted to see them on the street again before she left the window. She waited a long time, but household duties finally called her to another part of the flat, and she was obliged to give up the vigil.

Mrs. Leak's testimony completes the chain of circumstantial evidence against Durrant. Three school girls saw Blanche and Durrant riding on a Powell street car at 3:30 on the day that Miss Lamont disappeared. Attorney Quinlan saw the couple a few blocks from the church a few minutes before 4 o'clock. Now comes Mrs. Leak, who says she saw Durrant and Miss Lamont enter the church a few minutes later.

George King, the organist, has already testified that he entered the church about 5 o'clock and saw Durrant coming down from the attic. Durrant's hair was disheveled, his face was red, he was panting for breath and was in a state of utter physical and nervous collapse. In answer to inquiries he explained that he had been engaged in repairing electric light wires in the organ loft and had been overcome by gas. An expert electrician afterward examined the wires and testified that no repairs of the nature Durrant claimed to have made had been made within six months.

The attorneys for the defense were disturbed in court today over the publication of Mrs. Leak's narrative. The prisoner also showed signs of uneasiness for the first time since his arrest. The defendant's counsel refused to discuss Mrs. Leak's story, but admit its seriousness.

Senator Foley's Estate.

Reno, Nev., August 19.—What appears to be the opening gun in the contest for the late Senator Foley's estate appeared today in the form of a petition filed with the county clerk by the counsel for Vernon Harrison Hartley, the illegitimate child of the late senator, and Mrs. Alice M. Hartley. The paper sets forth that Senator Foley had acknowledged the parentage of the child in writing before good witnesses, and prays that one-half of the entire estate be made over to the child and the other half go to the other heirs. It is believed that the paper acknowledging the facts is now locked up in the vault of a Salt Lake bank. At any rate, Mrs. Hartley, in her testimony in the murder trial, said that Senator Foley went to Salt Lake with the intention of filing the document with a lot of other private papers.

## INDUSTRIES PROSPER.

The Particularly Bright Spot in a Dull Summer Season.

New York, August 19.—R. G. Dun & Co. say in their Review of Trade: "A belated season and a frozen May set everything back. The heavy business which ought to have been done in May and June was pushed into July, so that the midsummer decline due in July comes in August, and it is not surprising to find the shrinkage from July to August rather more conspicuous than usual."

"The disappointing crop reports of last Saturday, though evidently distressed, lessened confidence in regard to the future of trade, even while some speculators gain by them. Back of all doubts is the fact that the industries are doing better than anybody could have expected. The output of pig iron August 17 was 180,525 tons weekly, or 178,505 by another report, in either case close to the largest output in 1895. Unsold stocks are 88,000 tons smaller, the steel companies having made heavy purchases in advance of needs, but the actual consumption is large, and prices rise in the face of an increasing output. Bessemer iron is \$14.15 at Pittsburgh, and plates have advanced \$1 per ton. The sale of steel rails in 1895 to August 17 were 30,000 tons, and the deliveries 282,000. Wages in this industry have been generally advanced, and strikes are few. Minor metals changed little, though large sales lifted lake copper to 12 1/2 cents.

"Textile imports have been very heavy, and advances in cotton goods to some extent check buying, while Fall River spinners are organizing for restoration of wages paid before the panic. The sales of wool were 5,313,600 domestic, and 5,274,900 foreign, this month, against 12,870,650 domestic and 1,602,500 foreign last year, and 11,889,800 domestic and 4,566,500 foreign in 1892, indicating that the domestic wool is largely held for speculation at prices about 1 cent higher than manufacturers feel able to pay.

"Failures for the week were 196 in the United States, against 226 last week, and 39 in Canada, against 45 last week."

## BRITISH VESSEL FIRED ON.

Still Another Complication Between England and Venezuela.

New York, August 19.—Advice from Barbados, under date of July 26, state that breaches of international law, like filibustering expeditions, seem to be on the increase in the Caribbean sea. The latest as well as the one most likely to attract considerable attention is the firing upon a British schooner in British waters by a Venezuelan gunboat.

The schooner Ellen, which is owned and sailed by Captain Truxillo, a Britisher, and registered at Trinidad, passed under the muzzle of a Venezuelan gunboat, and though the captain sent the English flag to his mizzenmast head the Venezuelans firing ignored it and continued their firing, injuring the sails of the British vessel in several places, and declined to cease firing until the British vessel had been hoisted to and allowed the Venezuelan cruiser to come along side.

Captain Truxillo reported as above to the harbor master at Port au Spain. He was asked to make a sworn declaration of the facts as stated, which he immediately did. The captain explains that he was on a voyage from Trinidad to the Venezuelan port of Mautrin, and when within two miles of Trinidad a Venezuelan coast-guard cruiser fired a shot at his vessel. The British ensign was sent up on the mizzenmasthead, but no notice was taken of it. He kept the vessel on its course, believing it would be all right, when the Venezuelan sent a shot through the schooner's sails. The passengers and crew threw themselves upon the deck to escape the shot which was raking the vessel. He was compelled to heave to and the Venezuelan came alongside. Captain Truxillo, passengers and crew were forced to enter a small boat, and were kept there for nearly four hours, when they were released. In the meantime the Venezuelans had searched the ship, but finding nothing to take in her, she was allowed to continue the voyage.

The Trinidad government has reported the matter to the colonial office at London, and the outcome is anxiously awaited.

## Peace Arbitration.

Brussels, August 19.—The international parliamentary conference on peace arbitration today adopted a resolution declaring that adopted a resolution declaring that neutrality, such neutralized permanent neutrality, such neutrality should be recognized by the powers. The conference also adopted a resolution introduced by W. R. Cremer, the British delegate, authorizing the president of the conference to ascertain whether two or more governments were prepared to take the initiative in the establishment of an international court for the settlement of disputes by pacific methods.

## Denver's Water-Rate Squabble.

Denver, August 19.—At a special meeting of the board of aldermen today a new ordinance providing for 20 per cent horizontal reductions of all rates, except for irrigation rates, was presented by Alderman Platry. It is believed this ordinance is acceptable to the water company and that it will be passed, but it may meet with a veto, for Mayor McMurray is disposed to insist on a reduction in accordance with the contract.

## To Bring Miners to Time.

Ispheming, Mich., August 19.—The mine agents today announce that the different companies have concluded to pull the pumps and allow the workings to fill with water, unless the men decide to return to work within the next few days.

## THE FIRST SUSPENSION

Exciting Scene in the English House of Commons.

TANNER THE CENTRAL FIGURE

After an Attack Upon Balfour, the Government Leader, He Gave Harrington the Lie Direct.

London, August 17.—During the debate upon the queen's speech to parliament, there was an exciting debate in commons over the Irish question, which resulted in the suspension of Dr. Tanner. Tanner first created quite a scene by an attack upon Balfour, the government leader. Later he gave the lie direct to Timothy Harrington, and his suspension followed. At this time Balfour was absent, and the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain assumed the temporary leadership of the house, which presumptively belonged to Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer. Dr. Tanner's suspension lasts for one week.

After the house of commons had re-assembled, its members were summoned to the house of lords, with the usual formalities, and the queen's speech was read by Lord Chancellor Baron Salisbury, as follows:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: Communications which I have received from foreign powers assure me of the continuance of their good will. I am happy to say that no international complication has arisen in any quarter calculated to endanger the peace of Europe."

"The war between China and Japan, which was in progress at the opening of the last session, has been brought to a conclusion by peace, which I trust will endure. I observed a strict neutrality during the war and took no action in respect thereto except such as appeared to me likely to be favorable to a termination of hostilities."

"I deeply regret to say that the most atrocious outrages upon a body of English missionaries are reported from the province of Su Chuen, in China. In reply to earnest representations addressed to the Chinese government by my direction, active measures, which I trust will prove effective, are being taken for the punishment of the murderers and all persons in any degree responsible for these crimes."

"International troubles which have broken out in the Armenian districts of Asiatic Turkey have been attended with horrors which have moved to indignation the Christian nations of Europe generally, and my people especially. The English ambassador and the ambassador of the emperor of Russia and the president of the French republic, acting together, have suggested to the government of the sultan reforms which, in their opinion, are necessary to prevent a recurrence of the constant disorder. These proposals are now being considered by the sultan, and I am anxiously awaiting his decision."

"The speech concludes with reference to the incorporation of Behuchaland into Cape Colony.

"The speech to the commons merely says estimates for the service for the year not voted at the last session will be laid before them.

"The second portion of the speech says:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: At this season of the year it will probably be found more convenient to defer to a later session the consideration of any important legislative measures except those which are necessary to provide for administrative charges of the year."

After adjournment the house of commons met again at 4 o'clock, and the formal business in connection with the queen's speech was disposed of. Then Sir Richard Webster, conservative member for the Isle of Wight, division of Camphire, and formerly attorney-general, moved that a certified copy of the trial and conviction of Michael Daly, the dynamiter, representing Limerick, although he was convicted in 1884 of having been engaged in dynamite conspiracies, be furnished by the house, and that the governor of Portland prison present a certificate that Daly is still a prisoner in that prison.

Vanderbilt's Ball at Newport.  
Newport, R. I., August 17.—The new and elegant villa, "The Breakers," built by Cornelius Vanderbilt on the site of the residence destroyed by fire two years ago, was formally opened last evening with a dinner, followed by a ball, the most elaborate social function ever given here. The occasion was most select, only thirty invitations having been issued to the dinner and those to the ball were limited to 150. The large ballroom which runs across the building, was the scene of the dancing. The contillation, of which the favors were trinkets of foreign workmanship, was led by Hon. Lisenard Stewart and Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt.

## Affects the Fair Case.

San Francisco, August 17.—The trial of the Haskins will case began today. Nephews of the late James Haskins allege that Mrs. Elizabeth Haskins forged the will. She is a witness to Fair's pencil will, and the Fair executors will try to connect her with writing the pencil will if the Haskins will is broken.

## New York's Clothing-Makers.

New York, August 16.—Two new strikes were begun last night by the children's jacket-makers' local assembly, demanding contracts for one year instead of six months. Altogether 7,000 or 8,000 persons are thrown out of work, but the leaders assert the strike will last but a few days.

## NEWS OF THE TRUST.

Arrangements to Transfer the Whisky Combine's Property.

Chicago, August 17.—The transfer of the seventeen distilleries and office buildings in Peoria, purchased yesterday by the reorganization committee, to the American Spirits Manufacturing Company, has been arranged for. The papers are all drawn up, but before formal title can be given it will be necessary to obtain a confirmation order from the United States court. Receiver McNulta is required by the decree of sale to make a report to the court of the proceedings, and a confirmatory order will issue without doubt. There will then have to be other confirmatory orders from the federal courts at Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, and St. Paul, in whose jurisdiction are located some of the distilleries sold yesterday.

The confirmatory order here and those in the auxiliary proceedings in other courts will not be made until the judges return from their vacations. Meanwhile the work of arranging for resumption of active distillery business on October 1 will go forward, pending the actual launching of the new corporation.

"The American Spirits Manufacturing Company is a chartered Illinois corporation, with \$35,000,000 capital, and its head office will be in Chicago. S. M. Rice, who succeeded to the presidency of the old trust on Greenhut's deposition, has been named as president of the new corporation, but the names of the new directors are withheld until the legal title to the property is complete. It is expected that the new company will gradually purchase most of the valuable plants still remaining in Receiver McNulta's hands, but this is contingent to some extent on the amount of the active business to be done in the fall.

## CRIME ON A STEAMER.

Fatal Stabbing Affray on a Puget Sound Boat.

Seattle, August 17.—Charles Ling, the Chinese cook on board the steamer Idaho, was stabbed and instantly killed this morning by Joseph Carter, a deckhand, who immediately gave himself up, and had the captain put back here and send him to jail. Four persons saw the killing, but refuse to talk about it until the inquest, and Carter's story is the only one obtainable. He says the Chinaman abused him because he complained that the coffee at breakfast was watery, and when he went into the kitchen to demand that he take it back, Ling picked up a bread knife and made for him. He heaved the knife away, cutting his hand in so doing, and then Ling raised a chair to brain him, but he received the blow on his arm. He admits that he then made a rush at the Chinaman, but only realized that he had stabbed him when he saw the blood flowing from the wound. The knife entered the left side, cutting the kidney almost in two, and almost came out through the abdomen. The Chinaman was the only one of the race in the service of the Puget Sound & Alaska Steamship Company.

## The Forest Fires.

Seattle, August 17.—The past two days the forest fires which were burning to the south have increased, and the line of blazing woods has extended, until now it seems to include the whole of Western Washington. For the most part the fires are confined to brush clearings and to grass, which, owing to the continued dry weather, has become as dry as tinder. Nevertheless, several blazes of consequence are reported. Near Shelton, where a train on the Peninsula railway was wrecked a few days ago, owing to a burning bridge, fires are raging, and require continual watching in order to keep them out of the town. The railway company is keeping close guard to save the rest of its bridges and tracks. Yesterday the barn of Sam Gustin, at North Bend, was burned, together with the residence of W. C. Richardson was burned, with all its contents. His loss is \$1,500, with insurance of \$500, in the State Insurance Company, of Oregon. Communication with Tatoosh island was established today for the first time since August 10, fires along the straits of Fuca and Bainbridge island having broken down the line.

## The Santa Cruz Indians.

Merida, Yucatan, August 17.—There is great enthusiasm over the intention of President Diaz, as announced in the City of Mexico, to occupy Bacalar with a strong force of troops. The Santa Cruz Indians are filled with dismay because they now realize that their depredations are to be severely punished. Many of these Indians are fleeing to Belize to accept British hospitality among the people who for many years have been furnishing them arms and ammunition.

It is not believed that the leaders of the Indians can bring over 600 into the field against the Mexican troops. Ten thousand Yucateans, now employed in cutting dyewoods in Honduras, will return to take up farms at Bacalar directly the troops succeed in dislodging the hostile Indians now there.

## State Fair at Salem.

The thirty-fifth annual state fair at Salem this year will be a ten day festival. It opens on Wednesday, September 25, and closes on Friday, October 4. The fair this year will be a greater success than ever before. New features have been added in all departments. Parsons' famous band and orchestra will furnish the music. Rev. Edwards Davis will deliver the Sunday services; Senator Ingalls and Congressman Bryan will speak. There will be balloon ascensions, thirty-four horse races, and bicycle races every day.

## SECOND DEPOSIT MADE

Syndicate Is Determined to Protect the Reserve.

MORE LARGE WITHDRAWALS

Another Million Dollars in Gold Was Withdrawn for Export to Europe by the Next Steamer.

Washington, August 16.—United States Treasurer Morgan today received a telegram from Assistant Treasurer Jordan, at New York, stating the bond syndicate had deposited \$1,658,000 in gold in exchange for legal tender. Later in the day another telegram was received stating that \$1,150,000 in gold had been withdrawn for export to Europe. This leaves the gold reserve at the close of business, \$102,431,061.

This second deposit by the syndicate confirms the officials in the belief that it fully intends to see to it that the \$100,000,000 gold reserve is not invaded.

The official returns for August show that the prospective fruit crop of the country, taken as a whole, is much larger than for several years. The report follows:

Apples—The crop met with no serious obstacles to development during July. The influences upon which the proper maturity of the crop naturally depends have been so favorable that general increase in the index figures have resulted. There are, however, some very important states in which the crop produced is less than half the normal product. This is the case in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Michigan and Wisconsin, the recent percentages ranging from 28 in Michigan to 49 in Vermont.

Peaches—The average condition of peaches August 1 was 82.3, against 92.3 in 1894. The prospective yield has declined heavily in Delaware, where about one-third the normal crop is now indicated. New Jersey has also suffered, the percentage falling 12 points and resting now at 61. Conditions in Connecticut and Georgia were, respectively, 92 and 104. Maryland hopes for a two-thirds crop. Virginia something under that. A short crop is indicated for Ohio and for Michigan, about half the normal product. On the Pacific coast conditions approximate the general average for the country. Much complaint of dropping and rotting is made, the latter especially in the South.

A letter received today from ex-Congressman General Waller, by his stepson, Bray, says that his baggage was taken from him by the French on his arrival at Marseilles, and that he made complaint to the United States consulate at this place, but has heard nothing of it since. He has not yet received a word from Mrs. Waller or her children since their departure from Madagascar, nor has he as yet received the money sent him by friends a few days after word reached this country that he was ill and without funds to supply himself with medical attention. The letter is dated July 22.

Waller expresses much gratitude for the interest taken in his case by the newspapers of the United States and to hear that the department of state was looking after the protection of his family. He expresses the belief and hope that he will be released soon. His health is a little better than when he last wrote.

## DISEASED HORSE MEAT.

Consuls Are Endeavoring to Prevent Its Exportation.

Chicago, August 16.—It now appears that the horse-meat packing-house, a mile from the southwestern portion of this city, may possibly be the cause of international complications. Richard Martin, owner of the packing-house, and who ships quantities of the meat to Paris, Antwerp and Berlin for food, is to receive some distinguished visitors. It is probable that tomorrow M. Veilhomme, the French consul; Charles Henrotin, the Belgian consul, and F. Bopp, the vice-German consul, accompanied by a city meat inspector and one or two policemen, will call on Mr. Martin to see if he is shipping diseased horse meat to their respective countries as has been reported. They have no thought of attempting to interfere with Martin's business, but only of warning the authorities abroad against receiving it. Consul Veilhomme said:

"This is a subject in which my government feels a deep interest. It will be inconvenient for me to go so far as to inspect Martin's premises, but under the circumstances I shall surely do so. I am surprised that there is no law in this country by which to take hold of him, but the least I can do is to ascertain the facts and put the authorities in France on their guard. I think it might be well for the three consuls most nearly interested to go down together."

## A Gigantic Tobacco Combine.

New York, August 17.—The World says: Representatives of the National Cigarette & Cigar Company, John T. Drummond, Colonel Wetmore and Mr. McMillister, who represent the Drummond Tobacco Company, Liggett & Meyers, and other big Western manufacturers of plug tobacco, are holding a meeting in this city. Negotiations are going on at the present time with a view of forming a gigantic combine. It is proposed to unite the different interests and go into the market prepared to supply the jobbers and dealers with all the staple articles of the tobacco trade.

## A GOOD MOVE.

A Convention to Form a Western Editorial Association.

The Utah Press Association has issued a call for a convention of all western editors, for the purpose of forming one grand Western Editorial Association. The convention will be in session in Salt Lake City August 27th and 28th. Arrangements have been made with the railroads so that every newspaperman desiring to attend "can do so without paying his fare or 'counting ties.'"

The call for this convention has been issued with a view to inaugurating a movement to promote the general welfare of Western journalism and create a closer and more friendly intercourse between the editorial workers throughout the transmississippi states. At the convention it is proposed to discuss libel laws and such other matters as may come before the convention.

Altogether the idea of such a convention and of such an association must strike every editor favorably. The association will give greater weight to the papers of this association, and carry greater influence in national legislation affecting the states embraced by the organization.

Any further information about transportation, routes, hotels, etc., can be obtained by addressing a note of inquiry to A. B. Tomson, corresponding secretary Utah Press Association, 305 Atlas block, Salt Lake City, Utah.

## THE VINSON LYNCHING.

Regrets That the Law Was Not Allowed to Take Its Course.

Ellensburg, Wash., August 16.—The body of the Vinsons were cut down early this morning, taken to the undertakers and prepared for burial. Their family was notified that the bodies were at their disposal, but they told the authorities they would have nothing to do with them. Consequently the court will bury them. There has been no undue excitement here today, but more than the usual number of men have been on the streets discussing the affair. Beyond question, there is not a particle of sympathy for the desperadoes. All concede they only got what they deserved, yet, while this feeling prevails so extensively, it is a matter of very general regret that the city, which has heretofore been so law-abiding, should be brought into such unpleasant notoriety, and much regret is expressed that the law was not allowed to take its course. While the jail was being stormed Judge Graves and Major Frost made an effort to get the militia company out, but so many people were camping in the mountains that they were unable to collect a guard until the affair was over. No further trouble of any kind is at all probable, and affairs are rapidly assuming their normal condition.

## Incompetence and Negligence.

Tacoma, August 17.—The National Bank of Commerce today commenced action in equity in the federal court against F. McWade, J. C. Westhead and A. F. McClaine, formerly president, vice-president and cashier, respectively, of the bank. They are charged with incompetent and negligent management, whereby the bank's capital was impaired to the amount of more than \$70,000, and with infractions of the national banking system act in making loans exceeding \$20,000 to the Commercial Investment Company and the Pacific Mill Company. The court is asked for an order requiring the defendants to testify regarding these alleged transactions to the end that they may be held personally liable. Ex-President Wade has had papers prepared in a suit by which he will seek to have set aside the sale of bank stock, made Monday to President Thorne, but will not file it until the bank's suit is tried.

## The Projected Federation.

New York, August 16.—A special to the World from Managua, Nicaragua, says: Guatemala's minister of war, General Morales, visited here secretly, it is reported, and tried to influence President Zelaya against the projected federation. But Zelaya, it is asserted, answered that it is now too late to make any changes in the plans; that other presidents were not averse to letting Guatemala in, but they were afraid of Barrios. The new republic would be willing to make treaties with Guatemala should she wish it. Minister Morales left dejected, the rumor says, and without answering the propositions made to him. It is proposed to organize a cabinet of six members, two from each country in the federation—Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador.

## The Count Must Wait.

Boston, August 16.—At the Tremont theater Miss Marie Millard confirmed the report of her engagement to Count Raoul de Brabant, of France. She said she met her husband-to-be in Paris two years ago while she was studying there. Their engagement, however, was not formally agreed upon until Count de Brabant came to this country about three months ago. Miss Millard said she would not be married until the conclusion of her theatrical engagement two years hence.