THE OREGON MIST

ISSUED EVERY PRIDAY MORNING

BEEGLE & DAVIS, Publishers.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER

Subscription Hates.

onal eards one year.

Legal advectisements. \$1,50 per Inch. for t Insertion, and 75 cents per inch for each sof quentinsertion.

COLUMBIA COUNTY DIRECTORY.

County Officers.

Clers Sheriff Treasur r. Supt. of schools

Society Notices.

Masonic. St Helens Lodge, No. 32 Regula communications first and third Saturday is sch month at 730 r. w. at Masonic hall. Visit in members in good standing levited to at Leint.

Masoric Rainier Lodge, No. 21—Stated
meetings saturday on or bufore each full moon
at 7.20 r. M. at Masonic hall, over Blanchard's
store. Visiting members in good standing in
vited to attent.

Opp Fightors-St. Helens Lodge No. 117-Meets every Saintday night at 7:20. Transien rectiven to good standing cordially invited to ttend.

Down river (heat) closes at 8:30 A, M. Up river (heat) closes at 4 F. M. The mail for Vermonia and Pittsburg leaves Helens Manday, Wednesday and Friday a 8 A. M.
The muli for Marshland, Claiskante and Mis-leaves Quinn Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 M.
Mails (railway) north close at 10 A. M.; for Portland at 3 r. M.

Travelers' finide-River Routes. BTRAMERT: W. SHAVER Leaves St. Helemfor Portland at 11 a M. Dreshay, Thursday and Saturday, Leaves at Helens for Clatskanic Monday, Westleaday and Friday at 8:00 A, M. SERAMEN in vital - Leaves St. Helens for Portland 7:45 a M. returning at 3:30 F. M. STRAMER JOSEPH KELLOUG-Leaves St. Helen for Parliand daily except Sunday, at 7 A. H., at riving at Fortland at 10.39; returning, leave Portlant at 1 v. M., arriving at St. Helens at 4.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. R. CLIFF,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

St. Helens, Oregon

DR. J. E. HALL

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

A. B. LITTLE,

SURVEYOR AND

CIVIL ENGINEER. St. Helens, Oregon,

County surveyor. Land surveying town platting, and engineering work promptly done.



Scientific American



Two trains daily, leaving Fifth and I streets Grand Central Depot

PACIFIC

Orand Central Depot.

No. 2, "The Limited First Mail," leaving at 7:30 P. S., carries Vestibule Pullman Palace Sieeping and Dining Cars and free Reclining Chair and St. Particular Cars and Free Reclining Chair and Spokane, making direct connections for Dayton, Fomeroy, Moscow and Couir d'Aleuse.

No. 8, "Overland Flyer," leaving at 8:45 A. M., carries Pullman Palace and Tourist Sieepers from Portland to Missouri river without change.

Through trains arrive at 7:25 A. M. and 9 P. N. Carries Pullman Palace and Tourist Sieepers from Portland to Missouri river without change.

Through trains arrive at 7:25 A. M. and 9 P. N. Carries Pullman Palace and Tourist Sieepers ("CEAN STEAMELS").

LEAVE FORTLAND.

COLUMBIA. May 1, 17, 29

Origon. May 1, 13, 25

State. May 3, 17, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 28

State. May 3, 17, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 28

State. May 3, 17, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 28

State. May 3, 17, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 28

State. May 3, 17, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 28

State. May 3, 17, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 28

State. May 4, 16, 28

Columbia. May 1, 2, 29

Origon. May 4, 16, 29

State. May 4, 16, 28

May 12, 24

State. May 4, 18, 29

Origon. May 1, 20

Origon. May 1, 20

Origon. May 2, 21

May 1, 20

May 2, 20

May

and on the washing of days and Saturdays.

CASCADE ROUTE—Leave Ash street at 6 A.M.

CASCADE ROUTE—Leave House House

CASCADE ROUTE ASH STREET

CASCADE ROUTE ROUT

at S.P. M.
ALL OTHER Steamers leave from Ash-stree ock. Ticket office - 251 Washington street, Frier Third. W. H. HUKLBURT, Prier Third. Assistant General Passenger Agent, Portland, Or.

Money on Hand for Its Immediate Construction.

LUCID PROSPECTS FOR THE LINE

man Syndicate Wants to Commenc Work at Once-Practical Solution of a Much-Discussed Problem.

PORTLAND.—The prospect of a railroad between Astoria and Portland is at last very bright. M. Lutz, who represents a French and German syndicate, has been in Portland and Astoria for several days with E. I., Dwyer and others, who are interested in the enterprise, and he and his associates have been investigating and considering the various propositions for a railroad connecting Astoria with Portland. The result is that Mr. Lutz has submitted to the people of Astoria a proposition to immediately build a road from Astoria to Goble upon condition that they put in proper form for delivery to the syndicate represented by him the title to the land subsidies at Astoria and title to the land subsidies at Astoria and Flavel heretofore offered for the construction of such a road. Furthermore the people of Astoria are required to obtain' and give the full and free right of way from Astoria to Goble, and a contract for traffic arrangements with the Northern Pacific between Goble and Portland is also to be furnished. It is stated that, if these conditions are complied with, the road will be built at once, as the money can be immediately obtained for this purpose. It is believed that this offers a practical solution of this much-discussed problem and will secure the construction of a railroad that will be of equal advantage to Portland and Astoria. It will be an independent line between the two cities, and it is proposed to handle the business of all roads on equal terms.

GREAT SCHEME.

A Spokane Man's Plan Whereby He Can Give Work to All.

TACOMA.-L. C. Dillman, a prominent business man of Spokane, is in the city maturing a scheme whereby he proposes to make a big stroke toward developing Central Washington and at the same time offer work to all the unemployed laborers in the State. The scheme is to dig three big irrigating ditches and pay the employes their board, clothing and expenses and the balance of their wages in interest-bearing bonds secured by lands along the ditches. Mr. Dillman has two associates—J. M. Buckley of Spokane and H. H. Smith of this city. They have an option on 90,000 acres of Northern Pacific railroad land in Central Washington, and propose that the Chambers of Commerce of Tacoma, Seattle and Spokane shall each appoint one person, the six making a Board of Directors to manage the company's affairs. The company, if organized, is to contract for the purchase of these 90,000 acres and at once sell enough on long installments with a small cash payment to lay in sufficient tools and provisions to set the men at work. Mr. Dillman says the land is to be bought by the company at very reasonable rates. He thinks the enterprise is already assured. One ditch will the employes their board, clothing and reasonable rates. He thinks the enterprise is already assured. One ditch will extend from Priest Rapids toward Prosser Falls on the west side of the Columbia river and water 30,000 acres; the second extends from Wallula to Ainsworth, embracing 15,000 acres, and the third leaves Snake river near Riparia at the crossing of the Union Pacific railroad, and traverses the Eureka Flat through 45,000 acres.

NO NEW THING.

An Indian Rebellion in the States of Squora and Sinatos.

SAN DIEGO,-Information was received from Ensenyada, capital of Lower California, a few days ago that two companies of Mexican troops had been ordered to embark at once for Guaymas. At first it was thought to be only an unimportant transfer of troops, but later developments of a startling nature go to show that there is urgent need for troops in the States of Sonora and Sinaloa, Mexico. States of Sonora and Sinaloa, Mexico, where the native Yaquis are in a state of rebellion. Advices received per steamer Carlos Pacheco say that the expedition recently sent against the rebellious natives has been defeated with great loss, and that several have been captured and put to torture. Governor Torres is military commander of that zone, and is known to be a brave and intrepid officer. This movement of troops from Ensenyada indicates that a determined expedition against the Yaquis has been outlined, and the troops are being mobilized at different points.

PUBLIC LANDS RESTORED.

The Record of the Court of Private Land Claims.

SANTA FE.-The United States Cour of Private Land Claims, which has just closed its session here, disposed of thirteen grant claims four in Arizons and the others in New Mexico-having a to tal area of 1,875,202 acres. The court tal area of 1,875,202 acres. The court confirmed to private ownership 366,627 acres, and held 1,500,000 as being government land. Among the larger grants so held to be void and public domain were the Babocomari grant in Arisona for 128,000 acres, the Gervasio-Nolan grant in New Mexico for 575,000 acres and the Corpus Christi grant in Colorado for 696,000 acres. The court in passing upon the Arizona grants held that those made by the State of Sonora were void; also that the grants made by the Intenmade by the state of School and the Intendentes subsequently to February 24, 1821, the date of the plan of Iguala, were void. This will leave only three claims in Arisona that can possibly be confirmed.

TO SELL NEWSPAPERS.

Call and Bulletin of San Francisco Will be Offered for Sale.

SAN FRANCISCO.—An action has been begun in the Superior Court that will probably result in radical changes in the management of two of San Francisco's leading daily newspapers. George K. Fitch, the surviving partner of the late deposits were received.

Loring Pickering and the late James W. Simonton in the ownership of the Morning Call and Evening Bulletin, filed a petition praying for the appointment of a receiver of the Call and Bulletin properties. He asks that the receiver so appointed be ordered to sell the Call property and ten days subsequently to sell the Bulletin at public auction or private sale to the highest bidder for cash. Mr. Fitch asks for a final accounting between all the parties in interest. It is said that strained relations between Mr. Fitch and R. A. Carothers, who represents the Pickering interests, is the cause of Fitch's application for a receiver.

AN OFFER TO ENGLAND

The Cramps Ask Leave to Bid on New War Ships.

OFFER TO BUILD TWO OR MORE.

LIMIT HAS EXPIRED.

Chinese Who Have Not Complled With

the Law Subject to Deportation. SAN FRANCISCO.-The period within which Chinese residents of the United States are required by law to register in order to avoid deportation has expired, and all Chinese coolies hereafter who are without proper certificates of residence will be liable to arrest. If the great mass of Chinese in San Francisco have compiled with the law, the total number of registrations will be about 47,000, which is within 3,000 of the total Chinese population of the district. A large part of this 3,000 comes under the head of "exempts," being merchants or other than laborers, and will suffer no penalty, so that very few Chinese are left who have not complied with the law. Collector Welborn has not mapped out his plan of campaign against these few, but will wait instructions from Washington. A further appropriation will be necessary to cover the deportation expenses. and all Chinese coolies hereafter who are

Definition of a Chinese Merchant, SAN FRANCISCO.-Judge Morrow of the United States Court in a decision defined what constitutes a Chinese merchant. Quan Gin, a Chinese who claimed to be a merchant, had been detained on the steamer Belgic at this port on her return from China. Commissioner Peacock decided in favor of Quan Gin, and the case was appealed. Judge Morrow held that a Chinese claiming to be a merchant and making application for entrance into the United States on the ground that he was formerly engaged in this country as a merchant, is required by the act of November 3, 1893, to establish by the testimony of two credible witnesses other than Chinese that the applicant was engaged in business at a fixed place, and that it was conducted in his name at least one year before his departure, so that during the year he was engaged in no manual labor. Quan Gin cannot answer these requirements; so he was or-Quan Gin, a Chinese who claimed to be swer these requirements; so he was or-dered deported.

STOCKTON.-H. O. Southworth, one of the best-known business men of this

the murder of Harry Poole, came in with a verdict of murder in the first degree, and fixed her punishment at imprisonand fixed her punishment at imprison-ment for life. It is reported that nine members of the jury stood out for sev-eral hours, insisting that the death pen-alty should be inflicted. Mrs. Shattuck shot and killed Harry Poole, a young man who was heir to an estate of about \$100,000, because of his refusal to marry her daughter, Truly Shattuck, who is recognized to be the prettiest girl in the Tivoli chorus.

School Tax Levy.

OLYMPIA.—The following list indicates the tax levy in the various counties of the State for the current year for the the State for the current year for the support of common schools: Adams 4 mills, Asotin 6, Chehalis 3, Cialiam 4, Clarke 4, Columbia 4, Cowlitz 3½, Douglas 5, Franklin 2¾, Garfield 8, Island 2, Jefferson 3, King 2½, Kitsap 4, Kittitas 3¾, Klickitat 5, Lewis 4, Lincoln 5, Mason 6, Okanogan 4, Pacific 5 1-5, San Juan 6, Skagit 4, Skamania 5, Snohomish 2, Spokane 4, Stevens 3, Thurston 3 1-5, Wahkiakum 4, Walla Walla 4, Whatcom 3, Whitman 4¾, Yakima 4.

Judge Bellinger Bars Out Chinese. PORTLAND. - United States District Judge Bellinger has ruled in the case of Lee Hing, seeking admission into the United States, that all Chinese who had left the United States after the McCreary act was passed should have taken the precaution to observe all the requirements of that law as stated, and that they could not now gain admission by claiming they were not posted as to its provisions. The ruling will bar out a number of Chinese now in port awaiting

WHATCOM. - Immigration Inspector Gourley has taken into custody three more of the Japs who reached Vancou were recently on the steamer Mogul. One job lot of nineteen was sent back across the line about two weeks ago after having walked over here from Vancouver, but they again came over along the line of the Lake Shore and Eastern, and were sent back a second time. All came under the provision of the pauper immigration law.

OLYMPIA .- J. H. Coblentz, Warden of the Walla Walla penitentiary, reports to Auditor Grimes that the jute mill at the Auditor Grimes that the jute mill at the State's prison in the month of April made 179,316 grain bags and 2,350 wool bags. The latter were made to meet the demand of the wool growers. There is stock on hand as follows: 900,000 grain bags, 1,065 wool bags, 500 ore bags, 1,908 oat bags, 6,680 pounds of five-ply fleece twine and 10,753 yards of hop cloth.

PORTLAND. - The Portland Savings Bank, which was closed during the financial crash of last July, has resumed business. As an evidence of confidence business. As an evidence of confidence in the stability of the bank many new

The Cramps Ask Leave to Bid

rulty of Great Britain Submitting the Proposition for Consideration-Telegrams From Beyond the Rockies.

about a report from London that the William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building Company had proposed to the Admiralty to bid for the construc tion of some of the new ships to be built for the British navy under the program for the current year, Charles H. Cramp, President of the company, said: "Such President of the company, said: "Such is the case, and it is not a secret. In the ordinary course of business I addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Admiralty, offering to build two or more ships under their program, and I have official acknowledgment of its receipt, which is simply a statement by the Secretary that he has laid my proposal before the Board of Commissioners." Mr. Cramp's letter to the Secretary of the Admiralty is as follows: "Sir: I have seen in public print that there is under contemplation a ship-building program for the increase of her Majesty's navy. Congress seems disinclined at this time to pursue in any adequate degree the construction of an American navy; hence we are free to accept orders from other governments. These considerations impel me to address you for the purpose of asking opportunity to make tenders for the construction of two or more of the proposed new ships. The success which has attended our work for the American navy and the remarkable performance of propelling machinery we have made speak for themselves. Our development of the most approved appliances and devices in hulls and machinery has been so marked as to attract the attention of the naval architects and engineers on the continent as well as in Great Britain. Offering the New York, the Columbia and the Indiana as object lessons, we do not shrink from comparison with your best builders. It is not necessary is the case, and it is not a secret. In lumbia and the Indians as object lessons, we do not shrink from comparison with your best builders. It is not necessary to discuss in detail the question of price, but I will say that for vessels of the highest type our figures would bear scrutiny with those of the concerns principally employed in contract work for her Majesty. If you will favor me with schemes and plans of say two of the most important battle ships or cruisers in your program, I will promptly offer suitable tender for their construction."

DECADENCE OF MONMOUTH.

Threats to Sell the Old Racing Property for Taxes.

NEW YORK.-Monmouth Park has falen into hard lines. The Sheriff of Monmouth county threatens to sell the racing association property for non-payment of last year's taxes, amounting to \$3,800, and the chance of giving a race meeting over its magnificent stretches before the reform element is sidetracked in New Jersey is not one in a thousand. Beginning to-day, all the salaries paid to officials from manager down will cease, and the only employes retained will be a few private watchmen. The discontinuing private watchmen. The discontinuing of their services would probably invalidate the insurance on the costly improvements at the new track and the buildings at the old. The New York offices at Madison avenue and Twenty-seventh street will also shortly be abandoned. Mortgaged for only \$400,000, the association would have weathered the hard times had racing been permitted in New Jersey. The stakes that closed during 1892-3 may be run off at Morris Park the coming season or declared off at the option of the officials. The first-morgage bonds amount to \$300,000 and the second to \$160,000. It is understood that the Withers estate holds a controlling interest in both issues. For a dozen years Monmouth and old Jerome were the only courses of note in the were the only courses of note in the East. Then Coney Island, Brooklyn and Lorris Park shelved Jerome and politics gave Monmouth its death blow.

SOME NEW LEGISLATION.

Bill Introduced Providing for a Change

WASHINGTON .- Brookshire of Indiana has introduced in the House a bill providing for some comprehensive changes in our present financial system. The bill provides that no greenbacks shall be issued of a smaller denomination than \$10; that not over one-fourth in value of the amount of circulation issued to national banks shall be of a less denomination than \$10; that coin certificates shall be issued instead of silver certificates, gold certificates and the Treasury notes under the act of July, 1890. The bill provides for the issue of coin certificates on all the gold and silver coin and gold bullion in the Treasury in excess of \$100,000,000 of gold, which is held as a reserve for the redemption of greenbacks. The bill also provides for the issue of coin certificates on all of the silver seigniorage bullion not exceeding \$1 for 4714. has introduced in the House a bill procoin certificates on all of the silver seignjorage bullion not exceeding \$1 for 471,5
grains of pure silver, and that it shall
be the duty of the Secretary of the
Treasury to pay out these coin certificates in discharge of all the obligations
of the United States, except such as are
made expressly payable in coin. Moreover, the bill provides that the owner of
coin, gold and silver, may deposit the
same with the Treasurer of any subtreasury of the United States in the sum
of \$10 or any multiple thereof and receive coin certificates in lieu of the same.

The New Comet. GENEVA, N. Y.—The new Australian con et, which has come far enough north to be visible in this latitude, was observed by Prof. Brooks last night in rigl t ascension 7 hours 38 minutes, south declination 18 degrees 40 minutes. The comet is large, round and quite bright, telescopic, without tail, and travels three degrees daily in a northeasterly course.

Carnegie Steel Frauds. Carnegie Steel Frauda.

Washington.—Attorney Wallace of Pittsburg, who represents the informers in the Carnegie steel frauds, has returned to Washington armed, so he says, with a number of affidavits showing additional frauds. These affidavits were asked for by Secretary Herbert and promised by Mr. Wallace in support of his allegations. NATIONAL CAPITAL NEWS.

The Gustemalan Minister has received dispatch confirming the news of the that the Guatemalan government has been and will remain neutral in this emergency, as it did during the last trouble between Honduras and Nicara-

Secretary Carlisle has transmitted to the House a recommendation for an ap-propriation of \$8,500 for better guarding the Seal Islands against poachers and for improvements to the islands. The amount includes \$1,000 for fifty Win-chester rifles and ammunition and \$2,000 for nine telephones to connect the agency with the guards at the various rookeries. Representative Rell (Pop.) of Calcards

with the guards at the various rockeries.

Representative Bell (Pop.) of Colorado has introduced a joint resolution to provide for the appointment of a joint Congressional committee "to devise means for the employment of the idle men of the country, restrict immigration, start np our mines, increase the currency and prohibit the issuing of interest-bearing bonds without the authority of Congress and for other purposes."

United States Ambassador Runyon at

and for other purposes."

United States Ambassador Runyon at Berlin is making an effort to head off an increase in the tariff on cotton-seed oil. The Bundesrath recommended that the tariff be increased from 4 to 10 marks per 100 kilogrammes. As nearly all of the imported oil comes from this country, Mr. Runyon addressed himself to the foreign office, and was informed that it was improbable that measures would be adopted by the Reichstag before the adjournment of the session.

The regular monthly statement of the

adjournment of the session.

The regular monthly statement of the public debt issued by the Secretary of the Treasury shows the aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt to have been at the close of business on April 31 \$1,017,556,979, exclusive of \$619,989,795 in certificates and Treasury notes, which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury. The interest-bearing debts amounted to \$634,041,380, the debt bearing no interest, \$380,648,569, and the debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,862,030. The increase in the debt for the month of April was \$1,160,971.

April was \$1,160,971. April was \$1,160,971.

Postmaster-General Bissell has formulated a policy of barring saloonkeepers and bartenders from appointment as postmasters. In accordance with this plan, where there are several candidates, the fact that many of them have business dealings with saloons will be given weight, and other candidates will be given preference in making appointments. Postmaster-General Bissell said:

"It is not a temperance question nor a ments. Postmaster-General Bissell said:
"It is not a temperance question nor a
moral question; it is a business question
particularly, and the Postoffice Department is a business institution. From
observation and experience I am convinced any man directly or indirectly interested in the liquor business is in a
measure unfitted by his occupation, and
his interest in that business necessarily
interferes with a full discharge of such
official duties in any branch of the postal
service."

honor to show how many days they have been absent. They feel reluctant to sur-render a part of their salaries, and yet are bound in honor to report the days for which deduction should be made.

McPherson, Chairman of the Commit-tee on Naval Affairs, has favorably re-ported to the Senate from that commit-tee the amendment to the naval appro-priation bill authorizing the construction of twelve new torpedo boats. The amend-ment provides that the cost shall not exceed \$200,000, and they shall be not exceed \$200,000, and they shall be capable of making twenty-five knots per hour. A premium of \$8,000 is to be added for speed in excess of twenty-five knots, and a penalty of that amount in case the speed of the boat falls below twenty-five knots. Eight of the boats are to be constructed east of the Rocky Mountains and four on the Pacific Coast. The Secretary of the Navy in a letter to Chairman McPherson says he would be glad if Congress should determine to anthorize the construction of these boats. He recommends the appropriation of \$1,-000,000 in case the construction of the boats is authorized.

Attorney-General Olney has replied to a request from the House calling for information as to whether or not stockholders of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific Raifroad Companies, or the successors of them, or the assignees of such stockholders, are liable in any manner to the government for reimbursement of the United States for bonds issued by the authority of Congress in aid of the building of those roads. The Attorney-General says he is not in possession of any facts bearing on the subject, and continues: "If the resolution is to be construed as calling for an official opinion on the legal liability of stockholders, I find myself without authority to accede to the request. It has uniformly been held by my predecessors from the beginning of the government that the Attorney-General is not permitted to give legal advice at the call of either House of Congress or of Congress itself."

The subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, consisting of Senators Gorman, Camden and Cullom, to which was referred the bill to permit railroad pooling, has reported the bill back to the committee with important amendments. By one of these that portion of the bill authorizing the Interstate Commerce Commission to modify a pooling contract between railroads, which in the opinion of the Commission ers enforces unreasonable rates or unjust discriminations, and giving the commission the power to enforce such an order, is stricken out. A substitute is suggested, which provides that such an order shall be made only after investigation. Instead of giving the commission authority to proceed to enforce the order the amendment authorizes an appeal to the Circuit Court of the United States either by the commission or any person interested. The court is authorized in such cases to grant a temporary injunction and is required to hear and detar. The subcommittee of the Senate Com interested. The court is authorized in such cases to grant a temporary injunc-tion, and is required to hear and deter-mine the matter as specdily as possible, giving it priority over other business of the court. An appeal to the United States Supreme Court is also provided for,

## THE BANCO ROMANO.

Not Only Its Officers, But Politicians, Involved.

ITS DIRECTORS ARE ON TRIAL

is Said to Have Been Given to Politicians to Secure The'r Support-Other

Roug.-The trial of the directors and

ficers of the Banco Romano has begun in the Court of Assizes. It involves not only officers of the bank, but politicians, whose standing prior to the flight of Director Cucilello with 2,500,000 lire belonging to the Rome branch of the Bank of Naples was very high. The investigation last year of the affairs of the Bank of Naples showed a deficit of 3,000,-000 lire in the account with its Rome ooo lire in the account with its Rome branch, the sum having been paid out in the course of several years without any other than political consideration. The investigation, which covered all the bonds, showed the utmost confusion in the other institutions. The cash deficit of the Banco Romano was 28,600,000 lire, and the illegal notes of the bank's issue since 1883 had reached 64,000,000 lire, and the illegal notes of the bank's issue since 1883 had reached 64,000,000 lire. A large part of this money is said to have been given to prominent politicians in order to secure their election and support. Signor Tanlengo, Governor of the Banco Romano; Cesare Lazzarroni, the cashier of the bank; Signor Monsillo Zammarano and three others were arrested in Connection with this disclosure, but Lazzarroni, Tanlengo and others were acquitted. The scandal resulted in the appointment of an official committee to investigate the whole subject. The commission reported last November, involvirg Pietro Laxava, Minister of Commerce, and the following Deputies: Count Machele Amadoir, formerly Under Seventary of State; Pietro del Belchio, a close friend of ex-Premier Giolitti; Fillippe Gavallini, Duke Gennaro di San Danto; Augusto Aliasi; Baron Giovanni Nicoltera, Minister of the Interior under Crispi; Signor Bruno Chimirri, ex-Minister of Agriculture and of Justice and a number of others. The prosecution of the directors and officers of the Banco Romano was then ordered. branch, the sum having been paid out

SCARE IN SAMOA.

Renewal of the Fight With the Na-

AUCKLAND. - Advices received official duties in any branch of the postal service."

Congressional salaries for April became due on the 4th instant; so the members had their first experience with the new procedure of docking for absentecism. Up to that night 213 members had filed their certificates showing the number of days, if any, they had been absent. On that day about fifty certificates were put in, leaving about 100 unaccounted for. The great majority of members certify they have not been absent at all, and most of those who certify to absence limit the period to one or two days. At this rate the total deductions will be small. Representatives are showing an uneasiness in making out certificates, as there is nothing behind their word of honor to show how many days they have from Samoa say that a body of Atna their homes. The British cruiser Caroca

arrived at Samoa April 21. VANCOUVER, B. C .- Oriental advices

per Empress of China say that an imperial ordinance was promulgated on April 12, which sets forth the terms of April 12, which sets forth the terms of the new treaty entered into between Ja-pan and Hawaii. The treaty of 1871 is abrogated, Hawaii thereby surrendering extra-territorial jurisdiction. In future Japanese subjects shall receive the same treatment as Hawaiian citizens with one exception; the privilege of owning real estate is withheld.

Paris.-The court has confirmed the trrangement by which the executors of Baron de Reinach will pay 1,155,000 and and Dr. Cornelius Herz 1,500,000 francs to the liquidators of the Panama Canal Company. The adoption of this arrangement will put a stop to the extradition proceedings against Dr. Herz, who is in England.

the church patronage bill passed its second reading. The bill stops the sale of the next presentations to church livings, places restrictions upon all sales of living and empowers the Bishops to prevent improper persons from being instituted in benefits. Sir William Harcourt regarded the bill as a step in the right direction. LONDON.-In the House of Common

An Unlucky Number. LIEGE.-Thirteen anarchists have been arrested for their connection with the explosion of dynamite at the residence of Dr. Benson in the Rue de la Paix. It is believed the infernal machine was in-tended for Judge Benson, who lived in a different part of the street. Dr. Benson was terribly wounded.

Cholera in Russian Poland. St. Petersburg.-As cholera has reappeared on the frontier of Russian Poland, the government has resumed the publication of bulletins. A bulletin just issued says there were 170 cases of chol-era and ninety-one deaths in the Empire between April 18 and May 1.

The Position of Germany LONDON.-The Standard's Berlin cor espondent says that the German government has not the slightest thought of abandoning Samos to England or New Zealand. Everything points, he says, to the continuance of the present system of triple control.

THE PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT-Valley, 85c; Walla Walla, 75 @771/2c per cental.

@77%c per cental.

FLOUR. FRED. RTC.

FLOUR—Portland, \$2.55; Salem, \$2.55; Cascadia, \$2.55; Dayton, \$2.55; Walla Walla, \$2.90; Snowfiake, \$2.65; Corvallis, \$2.65; Pendleton, \$2.25 per barrel.

OATS — White, 34@35c per bushel; gray, 32@34e; rolled, in bags, \$5.75@6.00; barrels, \$6.00@6.25; in casca, \$3.75.

MILLSTUFFS — Bran, \$16@18; shorts, \$16@18; ground barley, \$20@22; chopfeed, \$15@16 per ton; whole feed barley, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$23@28 per ton; chicken wheat, 65c@\$1.00 per cental.

HAY—Good, \$10@12 per ton.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 20@
22½c; fancy dairy, 15@17½c; fair to
good, 12½@14c; common, 10c per pound;
California, 30@40c per roll.

CHESS — Young America, 12@15c;
California flat, 11½@12c; Swiss, imported, 30@32c; domestic, 16@18c per

pound.
Eggs—Oregon, 10c per dozen.
Pourray—Chickens, old, \$3.00 per dozen; broilers, \$3.00@4.50; ducks, 5.00@6.00; geese, \$8.00; turkeys, live, 14c per pound; dressed, 16c.

pound; dressed, 16c.

VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

Sweet por sack; new potatoes, 2½ @ 3c per pound; onions

(California lettuce, 25c per dozen; Oregon hothouse lettuce, 35@ 50c; cauliflower, \$2.75 per crate, \$1.00 per dozen; paraley, 25c per dozen; string beans, 17½ c per pound; asparagus, \$1.25@1.35 per box; rhubarb, 1½ @ 2c per pound; peas, \$1.50 per box; cucumbers, \$1.25 per dozen;

Oregon hothouse, \$1.25 per dozen;

FRUITE—California fancy lemons, \$3.25

@4.00; common, \$2.00@3.00; Sicily, \$5.00

@5.50 per box; bananas, \$1.76@2.50 per bunch; Honolulu, \$3.00@3.50; California navel oranges, \$3.00@3.50 per box; seedlings, \$1.75@2.00; Rose, \$2.75@3.25;

Malta blood, \$3.00; apples (buying price)

green, \$1.00@1.25; red, \$1.25@1.75 per box; strawberries, \$1.75@2.00 per 15-pound crate.

DAY: SITHMOSITIES, \$1.10@2.00 per 10-pound crate.

CANNED GOODS.

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\$1.75@2.00; peaches, \$1.75@2.00; Bartlett pears, \$1.75@2.00; plums, \$1.87%@1.50; strawberries, \$2.20@2.45; cherries, \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@2.80; apricots, \$1.65. Pie fruits, assorted, \$1.20; peaches, \$1.25@1.40 per dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, \$3.15@3.50; peaches, \$3.50@4.00; apricots, \$3.50@4.00; plums, \$2.75@3.00; blackberries, \$4.25@4.50.

Maars—Corned beef, 1s, \$1.50; 2s, \$2.25; chipped, \$2.40; lunch tongue, 1s, \$3.50; 2s, \$6.76@7.00; deviled ham, \$1.50; 2s, \$2.25; peaches, \$3.50@4.50.

First—Sardines, \$4s, 75c@\$2.25; \$4s, \$2.50.

in half barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 60c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; Californis, in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per

in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per keg.

Sycas—D, 4½c; Golden C, 4½c; extra C, 5½c; confectioners' A, 5½c; chy granulated, 5½c; cube, crushed and powdered, 6½c per pound; ½c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; maple sugar, 15@18c per pound.

RICS—No. 1 Sandwich Island, \$4.50@4.75; Japan, \$5.00@5.25.

Brans—Small white, No. 1, 3¾c; No. 2, 3c; large white, 3¾c; pea beans, 3¾c; pink, 3c; bayou, 3¾c; butter, 3¾c; lima, 4½c per pound.

PICKLES—Barrels, No. 1, 28@30c per gallon; No. 2, 20@28c; kegs, 5s, 85c per keg; half gallons, \$2.75 per dozen; quarter gallons, \$1.75 per dozen; quarter gallon; cassia, 16@18c; cinnamon, 22@40c; cloves, 18@30c; black pepper, 15@2½c; white pepper, 20@25c; nutmeg, 75@80c.

RAHENS—London layers, boxes, \$1.75

75@80c.
RAISINS—London layers, boxes, \$1.75
@2.00; halves, \$2.00@2.25; quarters, \$2.25@2.75; eighths, \$2.50@3.00. Loose Muscatels, boxes, \$1.50; fancy faced, \$1.75; bags, 3 crown, 45@5c per pound; 4 crown, 5@55c. Seedless Sultanas, boxes, \$1.75@2.00; bags, 6@8c per pound;

BREF-Top steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good steers, \$2.00@2.25; cows, \$1.75@2.00; dressed beef, 4@5c per pound.
MUTTON — Best sheep, \$2.25; ewes,

Hoss—Choice heavy, \$4.00; light and feeders, \$3.75; dressed, 6@7c per pound.

VEAL—Small choice, 5c; large, 3@4c per pound.

HAME, MEGIUM, 12@12½c per pound; hams, large, 11½@12½c; hams, pienic, 11@12c; breakfast bacon, 13@15c; short clear sides, 9½@11c; dry salt sides, 9@10c; dried beef hams, 13½@13c; lard, compound, in tins, 8½@10c per pound; pure, in tins, 10½@11½c; pigs' feet, 80s, \$5.50; pigs' feet, 40s, \$3.25; kits, \$1.25.

Hors, wook and mines.

Hors—'93s, choice, 12%@13%c per pound; medium, 10@12c; poor, negected.

lected.

Wool.—Valley, 10@10½c per pound;
Umpqua, 10@10½c; Eastern Oregon, 4
@7c, according to quality and ahrinkage.
Hings.—Dry selected prime, 5c; green, salted, 60 pounds and over, 3½c; under 60 pounds, 2@3c; sheep pelts, shearlings, 10@15c; medium, 20@35c; long wool, 30@60c; tallow, good to choice, 3@33½c per pound.

Manilla rope, 1½ in. cir. and up, 10c manilla rope, 12-thread, ½ diam., 10½c manilla rope, 6 and 9-thread, ½ and 5-td diam., 11c; manilla bail rope, in coil Speaker of the House of Commons, is to service. It is expected that he will be elevated to the peerage with the title of Viscount.

WIR Rule Again for Awhite.

Belghans.—The civil tribunal has approved King Alexander's proposal to make ex-King Milan Regent during the six months of his tour abroad.