

OREGON MIST.

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DAVIS BROS., : : : : Editors.

St. Helens, November 17, 1893

The Official Paper. The Leading Paper. THE OREGON MIST is recognized as essentially the only paper in Columbia county. This is not a mere reputation. It signifies that THE MIST makes a specialty of the local news of every precinct in this county and that it covers the field thoroughly. All the latest official news is promptly published in THE MIST. The only reliable advertising medium.

SHADOW OF A TRIUMPH.

Panic-stricken is the only expression that will correctly describe the condition of the administration and the democratic congressmen at present in Washington. Private John Allen, as one of the Mississippi congressmen is jeerfully called, puts it epigrammatically—"We had umbrellas, but no life-preservers; were prepared for a considerable shower, but not for a cloudburst." The democrats from Mr. Cleveland down know that the feeble explanation of an "off year" is ridiculous when compared with the terrible rebuke which the intelligent voters in what have been regarded as pivotal states have just given to the democratic administration and congress. They feel and they cannot hide it that the grand republican triumph is but the shadow of another triumph in '94, when the people will protect themselves and all they hold most dear by electing a republican majority of the house of representatives, and of the grander triumph of '96, which will restore the government in all its branches to the republican party, the only party that believes in legislating for the prosperity of Americans first, last and all the time, in a sound financial policy and in taking care of the men who took care of the country in its hour of need—the old soldiers, who have been so shamefully treated by the democratic administration.

SITUATION OF SHINGLES.

WITH the usual enterprise characteristic of the people of our sister state, the shinglemen of Washington have called a meeting of representatives to be held in Seattle on November 15, for the purpose of reorganizing the Oregon and Washington Manufacturers' Association, and considering the best methods for lifting the shingle business from the demoralized condition which now exists, and to agree upon a plan for future work which will improve the present market and regulate and establish a better price for shingles for the year of 1894.

Local manufacturers are directed to the vital importance of organizing for their own protection and the necessity of prompt action and the hearty cooperation of all. Each county is asked to send two delegates to the convention and good results will undoubtedly be realized. The shingle manufacturers of Oregon should take an active interest in this organization for in union there is strength and by intelligent co-operation of those interested the shingle-trade can be restored to the healthy conditions it lately enjoyed, and the manufacturer will be able to realize prices which will make it both possible and profitable for him to operate his machinery. The fame of Oregon shingles is world wide and our manufacturers should see to it that they are given and receive their just deserts in the markets of the country. There is no doubt that prices will shortly stiffen and the large Eastern buyers are well aware of the fact. They realize that in these times of slow demand the temptation to dispose of a large portion of their output is one that many manufacturers find hard to resist. These conditions are the direct result of the disorder and demoralization which exists among the manufacturers of this coast. The Eastern buyer fully understands the situation here and does not hesitate to take advantage of the helplessness of the manufacturer and profit thereby. The fact is, shingles should bring nearly as good a price now as at any former time, and by organization of manufacturers and protection of the industry, the old conditions can be restored.

If the Oregonian people do not have a care they will soon establish a reputation for inconsistency which will be not at all enviable. For some weeks past, there has appeared at the head of the local column of the Oregonian, an article which is wonderfully and fearlessly made, for the writer is wonderfully ignorant of the existence of such words as "truth" and "consistency," as well as the lesson he should have learned from the story of Ananias, and is evidently fearless of meeting the latter's fate for his recklessness in handling the truth. We refer to the article advertising "the Oregonian Hand Book," and two sen-

tences in it particularly attract our attention. They are these: "Ridiculous reports of the discovery of precious metals in parts of the country where gold and silver could not possibly be found are sometimes made." And "there is sufficient iron in the rocks of Oregon to make a plate fifty feet thick large enough to cover the entire state." Now that is a pretty good sized slab of iron, and while the writer was drawing upon his imagination he could just as easily have made it 100 feet thick as fifty feet, and people would be just as liable to believe it. There is undoubtedly a big pile of iron in Oregon if it was all in one lump or "plate," but it is not "in it" when compared with the size of a man's "gall" who has the assurance to make such a statement.

THE TABLES TURNED.

The administration must have had a sort of premonition of the republican landslide, as Secretary Carlisle was sent to New York by Mr. Cleveland before election to try and get the Wall street men to promise to aid in carrying out the financial policy of the administration, what ever that may be. That was certainly a proceeding that was characteristic of the democratic party, which has always tried to be all things to all men. It will be remembered that only a few short weeks ago the democratic press was ringing with praise of Secretary Carlisle and Mr. Cleveland, for having, as they alleged, snubbed the delegation of Wall street men came to Washington to tender the administration some financial advice. What will they say now about Secretary Carlisle having been sent by Mr. Cleveland to humbly beg for the advice which they praised him for having once indignantly refused.

But it doesn't matter much what they say; intelligent voters will not get their information from democratic papers.

SILVER OF THE WORLD.

An accurate estimate of the aggregate stock of silver carried by the principal commercial countries of the world is \$4,942,700,000 against \$3,582,605,000, in gold. The silver is divided up as follows: United States, \$615,000,000; Great Britain, \$100,000,000; France, \$700,000,000; Germany, \$211,000,000; Russia, \$60,000,000. This silver is divided into full and limited tender as follows: The United States has \$538,000,000 full tender and \$77,000,000 limited tender; Great Britain, no silver full tender, \$100,000,000 limited tender; France, \$50,000,000 limited tender, \$650,000,000 full tender, Germany, \$103,000,000 full tender, \$108,000,000 limited tender; Russia, \$23,000,000 full tender, \$37,000,000 limited tender.

The ratio prevailing in nearly all the principal countries between gold and silver is 15 to 1. This is the ratio in France, Russia, Belgium, Italy, Spain, Netherlands, Cuba, Central and South America. The ratio between gold and silver is 1 to 14.38. The respective ratios in the United States are 1 to 15.95 and 1 to 14.95.

SOUTH Africa is again the scene of formal warfare, in which the cannibal Zulu-Watabeles, a powerful and brutal tribe, are engaged in a vain effort to drive the English out of the district known as Matabeleland. About 500 English are conducting the campaign against some 30,000 Matabeles. The British are armed with Martini rifles and the latest improved light artillery for field use, while the Matabele is using the primitive bow and arrow and spear with an occasional flint-lock rifle. Of course numbers count for nothing under these conditions, and when the two armies meet the fatality is said to be terrible. The Matabeles are a nomadic race, and a disturbing element in the country. They prey upon their weaker and more peaceful neighbors, devastating their lands, carrying away captives, large numbers of the people whom they either eat or sell into slavery. The subjugation of the Matabeles and the acquisition of their territory by the English will be hailed with pleasure by the neighboring nations who have so long been the victims of their inhumanity and cupidity.

SPECULATION is rife as to what effect the great republican victories will have upon the democratic tariff bill, but it is evident there is great consternation among the democratic members of the House ways and means committee; that Chairman Wilson has been in almost constant consultation with the president since the elections, and that prominent democrats who favor protection are confident that the result of the elections will do what all of their pleadings have hitherto failed to do—

curb the free trade propensities of Mr. Cleveland and prevent the new tariff bill from being hurtful to American wage-earners as it was originally intended to be. Indeed, some of them say that the bill would have been reported before the adjournment of congress had not Mr. Cleveland been persuaded to hold it back till after the election, to meet the very contingency which now exists.

Gov. MCKINLEY's name is on the tongue of every jubilant republican you meet, and they are all jubilant. Gov. McKinley has always been popular with republicans in congress and in Washington, and predictions are heard on all sides—some even from democrats—that the unprecedented majority the Ohio republicans have given him will make him the next president of the United States, if he lives and keeps his health. McKinley and Reed is already a favorite ticket, and that they would make a strong, typical and winning ticket is certain.

THE town of Milton, in Umatilla county, was, Monday afternoon the scene of a full-fledged regulation bank robbery. A dense fog prevailed at the time, and the desperadoes took advantage of it to ride up to the bank, shoot one of the officials a couple of times and force another one to hand over \$994. Next.

THEY say that bank notes are liable to become impregnated with cholera germs. Another reason for hurrying up your subscription to THE MIST. Don't risk cholera to your family by keeping an infected dollar bill in your house. Send it to us. It may kill us but we will at least die happy.

NOVEMBER 30th will be observed as Thanksgiving by the people of this state who have the proper respect for President Cleveland, but congenial spirits of Governor Pennoyer, who are thankful that they have something to kick about, can join the Governor in observing the 23rd.

THERE is more truth than poetry in the saying, "give a calf plenty of rope and it will hang itself." Oregon has a vivid illustration of this fact in the person of its governor, with the difference that Mr. Pennoyer is not a calf, he is simply an ass.

The intelligent people of this state have sensibly decided to observe November 30th as Thanksgiving and by so doing resent Governor Pennoyer's disrespectful assumption of authority.

THE REAL CAUSE.

TO THE EDITOR: Since there is so much being said at the present time concerning the great financial crisis, I beg, by your kind permission, to occupy a little space in your paper, for the purpose of giving expression to a few of my ideas, which I think will voice the sentiment of many citizens of our county and state. Now, if I should abuse the liberty I take I will expect criticism from those more gifted in the art of using that instrument which is said to be "nightrier than the sword."

In the first place I will assert that this great money panic was not brought about by any one cause, but by a combination of circumstances. We need not go back thirty years to dig up all the mistakes of a generation, which was at that time, struggling for the preservation of the union of these states, and the vindication of human rights, to find the direct cause of our present financial trouble, for at that critical time some of the best financiers that the world has ever known were put to their wit's end to know how to make ends meet.

Within the last decade there has grown up among us a monster which is menacing the very vitals of our glorious and free republic; a throng whose seeds were matured under the ban of despotism, and whose germination was perfected in the soil of snarichism and nihilism and finally transplanted into the breasts of the unsuspecting, hard-working, honest-minded, freedom-loving, patriotic, American citizens.

While in its infancy it was unnoticed; in its youth it was regarded as harmless; in its early manhood it was looked upon as an experiment, but since it has come to the years of full maturity it is now like the much-dreaded cancer whose numerous roots penetrate the flesh of its pitiable victim, and is sapping the life-blood of our nation's body politic.

The thing alluded to exists under the guise of the misnomer, "organized labor." We must confess that we never hear this subject mentioned without a feeling of contempt and disgust at the impudent demagogism practiced by the leaders of this foreign-born institution. In a country whose whole public system is founded upon the principle that there should be no class legislation, it is certainly curious to find of late years, statutes after statute enacted at the demand of the crafty and ambitious foreigner, who controls the forces of organized labor. Circumstances which neither legislatures nor walking delegates can control, furnish food for the minds of

our citizens which is not too easily digested. Enforced idleness at the present time affords more leisure than usual for candid thinking, and there are indications that there are a great many reflecting whether, after all, they might not be as well off in the simple capacity of free and equal citizens in the republic as they are now in that of abject slaves of a foreign-born tyranny which dictates to them when, how, with whom and at what price they shall work, and which forces them to sit idly by and see their families suffer. Is this not one of the main causes of the present political unrest? Is it not also the school house from which so many lunny assassins graduate? Does it not bring into requisition more deers and dice than any other subject? The first is quite prominent—which is delusion, and ends in disappointment. The second follows discontent, discredit, disrespect and will bring its followers into disrepute, and if they are permitted to dictate for the county and state it will end in disaster and a total decimation of our civil institutions.

In this bountiful land where even milk and honey flows, why should we allow an imaginary catastrophe to overtake us, and under such a delusion, cover ourselves, as it were, with sackcloth and ashes, and chew the bitter end of adversity, when the virgin soil beneath our feet is only weeping for some now idle hand to till its bosom that it might yield up its stores of hidden vegetable luxuries, which at the same time the advocates of these demerited principles will lament the deplorable condition of the starving multitudes.

Are we, as enlightened citizens, both native born and naturalized, to stand back and allow such inconsistencies to be palmed off on the public mind without protest? Are we to allow such people to step in and take hold of the reins of the government and legislate such laws as will compel us to recognize a slip of paper as a legal tender for all dues, etc.—paper with a fictitious value which shall fluctuate according to the whims of each succeeding administration? Now, let us by all prejudices aside and bury the political tomahawk and unite in one overwhelming mass, and crush the common enemy which is threatening our free institutions with dissolution and destruction. Let there be a general mass meeting called and from among the representative citizens select men for the various offices who are qualified for their respective places and who will not attempt to plead ignorance of the law to screen their actions.

In conclusion, I will say that I believe the chief cause of the great dissatisfaction is the persistent agitation of an imaginary abuse and an exaggeration of a fictitious fear, begotten and born of a prolific imagination common to such men as have made a sad failure of their entire lives, and who would now pull down the monuments of prosperity and upon their ruins plant the seeds of anarchy and despotism. ANON.

GILLTON.

E. W. Stevens is building a large new barn and otherwise improving his farm.

J. B. Godfrey is engaged in extensive improvements on his farm, principally taking out stumps.

W. F. Mason is busily engaged in building an apple house and cellar on the farm of Mr. Watkins.

"Jupiter Pluvius" has certainly outdone himself on this occasion, and consequently the farmers are away behind with their fall work.

Patrick Kelly was visited by a gang of hobos a few nights since, who pillaged a few of his choicest hens, leaving some feathers and the chickens heads as a memento of their visit.

C. W. Garrison is profitably engaged in salmon fishing on a small scale, but some people interested in the fisheries question, in the absence of Mr. Garrison, occasionally purloin the contents of his net.

As our neighborhood is not represented in your valuable paper, we consented to follow the example of the man in "Bachelor Flats" and write up the doings (good and bad) of our friends and neighbors. We do not pretend to raise such large vegetables as those spoken of in "The Mite," as grown on Mr. Quirk's farm, as our experience in agriculture is limited and we take more to the cultivation of certain delicious fruits, principally bog oranges and Irish lemons.

MAYGER.

Mr. Boles has just finished burning a large coal pit for the cannery trade.

A. Crocker is still making improvements to his property, having just finished a fine hen house for his fowls.

Walter Severson is very busy now getting up his winter feed for his stock. Thos. Boles is doing the handling.

Wm. Blackford has just placed a new brick fire in his dwelling, and has also added three fine full-blood fowls to his henry.

The wood frame of Mayer & Co., was washed out for a mile along Green creek by the heavy rains of last week, but it will soon be repaired again.

Corney Davidson was here last week from Oak Point looking after his interests at the mill. He says Mr. Young is selling large quantities of cordwood.

Chas. Moore is quite a genius in his own way. He has cut the wood and manufactured a violin out of dog wood, and it will be a fine one when it is finished and Charles is a fine musician.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fruit Trees Can be had cheap for cash by applying to A. Holaday, Scap. P.O. Box, Oregon. Apple trees, 1 year old, \$1.00; 2 year old, \$1.50; 3 year old, \$2.00. Prunes and other varieties.

The County Treasurer Can be seen at St. Helens on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week.

Job Printing Executed at this office in a stylish manner, and at prices low to suit the times. Envelopes, bill heads, letter heads, business and visiting cards, blanks, and in fact, the office is better equipped than ever before to turn out all classes of commercial job printing.

Persons Knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of Foster & Foster, of Healdsburg, Oregon, either by note or book account, contracted prior to June 1, 1893, will save costs and trouble by stating the amount due to me at once, at my office in St. Helens, T. C. WATTS, administrator of the estate of E. G. Foster, deceased. nov24

Cemetery Lots Notice is hereby given that the officers and members of St. Helens Lodge No. 117, I. O. F., of St. Helens, Oregon, are pleased to inform the public that they are now offering lots for sale at a reasonable price, in their burial ground. The price on lots \$125.00 but being \$100.00, and the price of any of the larger lots can be obtained from the board of trustees, who are C. R. Hart, M. F. Hazen and G. A. Massey. No being the time to procure choice lots, first come first served. The south one-half of the cemetery has been set aside for the public while the north one-half has been reserved for the members of the order. Any one desiring information or wishing to procure a lot can do so by consulting with the board of trustees. By order of the Lodge,

NOTICE!

The well-known firm of J. M. MOYER & CO., No. 140, First street, Portland, advertise to close out their stock at cost on account of

Dissolution of Co-Partnership!

The goods carried by this firm are well-known and have given satisfaction to every purchaser. Their stock is complete in every respect and they offer their lines of imported goods at

NEW YORK COST,

And their sterling line of Oregon-made goods at actual cost of manufacture. They offer 325 lines of men's suits in Crepe, Clays, Diagonals, Chevions, Meltons, Kerseys and Tweeds; 100 lines of overcoats in Kerseys, Meltons, Beavers, Pilot Cloth, Cheviots, Serges, Mohairs and Tweeds; 75 lines of trousers in every conceivable pattern; 50 lines of boys suits in Cheviots, Serges, Cassimeres and Tweeds; 60 lines of knee pants suits of all grades; large lines of

FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, UMBRELLAS AND MACKINTOSHES!

In all, the stock consists of over \$80,000 worth of first-class, seasonable goods which will be sold at actual cost. This is an opportunity which should not be neglected. The entire stock of goods is placed in stacks with prices underneath in plain figures, each stack containing goods of one price. Merchants in the interior will find this a splendid chance to purchase goods at New York cost, and save freight.

J. M. MOYER & CO.,

140 FIRST STREET, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Assignee's Notice.

In the matter of the assignment of Michael Rosser, insolvent debtor. The undersigned having been duly appointed assignee of the estate of the above-named insolvent debtor, under and by virtue of an act of the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon, entitled "an act to secure to creditors a just division of the estate of debtors, who convey to assignees for the benefit of creditors," approved October 18, 1878, and the amendments thereto approved February 21, 1885, all persons having claims against said insolvent are hereby notified to present the same to me at my place of business, at Healdsburg, Columbia county, Oregon, duly verified as by law required, within three months from the date hereof. D. C. TEDFORD, Assignee. St. Helens, Oregon, November 2, 1893.

CITY BATHS

Hot and Cold Water. BARBER SHOP In Connection. CLEAN TOWELS A SPECIALTY. ST. HELENS Livery and Feed Stable, THOS. COOPER, Prop. HORSES BOARDED. Stylish Turnouts. The best hay and feed used. When con to St. Helens bring your team and have it cared for at our

LIVERY STABLE.

MILLINERY PARLOR MRS. C. L. COLBURN, Prop'rs. Fall MILLINERY Now In, TRIMMED TO ORDER. St. Helens Hotel J. George, Proprietor, Tables always supplied with the best edibles and delicacies the market affords. TERMS REASONABLE FOR REGULAR BOARDERS. Having been newly refurnished, we are prepared to give satisfaction to all our patrons, and solicit a share of your patronage. ST. HELENS OREGON.

Meat Market,

—ALL KINDS OF— Fresh and Salted Meats, SAUSAGE AND FISH. Meats by Wholesale at Special Rates. Express wagon run to all parts of town, and charges reasonable. Hart & Sweetland, PROPRIETORS, ST. HELENS, OREGON.

Some "Good Bays"

FOR SALE BY— D. J. Switzer, ST. HELENS, OREGON. The southwest 1/4 of section 32, and the southeast 1/4 of the southeast 1/4 of section 31, and west 1/2 of the southwest 1/4 of section 31, township 7 north, range 2 west, 280 acres, \$7.00 per acre. The southeast 1/4 of the southeast 1/4 of section 36, township 7 north, range 2 west, 40 acres at \$5 per acre. The northwest 1/4 of section 6, township 8 north, range 2 west, containing 100 acres, \$10 per acre. 185 acres in section 3, township 7 north, range 2 west. A one and one-half story house, 10x32; barn, 18x30, with sheds; 10 acres cleared, 100 in pasture, 1 acre of prunes, bearing, other fruits, cuts 30 tons of hay. Price \$2,500. Terms easy. 100 acres of land, house and barn, 16 acres cleared and fenced, some good trees bearing. Price \$10 per acre. Terms easy. Terms—One-third cash, balance secured by mortgage at 8 per cent interest.

THE IOWA JEWELER,

A. N. WRIGHT. Souvenir Spoons a Specialty. Special Attention to Watch Repairing. MORRISON ST., Op. P. O., PORTLAND.

McNutt Bro's.,

The Leading Merchants —OF— Vernonia and Cornelius Write to Cornelius for Stage Dates. Supplies for Campers and Fishermen. Vernonia and Cornelius, Or. LEARN TELEGRAPHY!—(A TRADE IT PAYS) Success Sure. Address J. C. SEYMOURER, Oregonian Bldg. PORTLAND, OREGON.

Oriental Hotel.

A. H. BLAKESLEY, Prop. The Tables will be Supplied with the Best Market Affords. RATES ARE REASONABLE. Board by the Day, Week or Month A Share of Your Patronage is Solicited. ST. HELENS, OREGON.

J. H. DECKER,

Tonsorial Artist. The old and reliable barber has his razors just as sharp as can be found, and will shave you comfortably and quickly for only fifteen cents. Give Him a Call at the Old Stand. ST. HELENS, OREGON.

Do You Drink?

OF COURSE YOU DO. SUCH BEING THE CASE, IT behooves you to find the most desirable place to purchase your "invigorator." "THE BANQUET." Keeps constantly on hand the famous Cuban Blossom Cigars. The finest line of Wines, Liquors and Cigars to be found this side of Portland. And if you wish to suggest in a game of POOL OR BILLIARDS, They can assure you that they have the best table in town. Everything new and neat, and your patronage is respectfully solicited. "THE BANQUET" St. Helens, Oregon.

Astoria Marble Works,

J. H. IMHOFF, Prop'rs. MANUFACTURER OF— Marble and Granite WORK. All Kinds of Cemetery Work. FOOT OF OLNEY STREET, ASTORIA, : : : OREGON.

Model Saloon.

I. STANWOOD, Prop'rs. ST. HELENS, . . . OREGON. Choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Beer 5 Cts. Billard and Pool Table for the Accommodation of Patrons CALL AROUND.

MUCKLE BROS.

—MANUFACTURERS OF— Rough and Dressed Lumber. —DEALERS IN— Dry Goods, Groceries, Hay, Flour and Feed. St. Helens, - Oregon. TOURIST AND FAMILY HEADQUARTERS. New York Restaurant. ANDERSON & BRAKEY, Proprietors. No. 129 First Street, PORTLAND, - - OREGON.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder. The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.