

THE OREGON MIST.

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ST. HELENS, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1893.

NO. 3.

THE OREGON MIST.

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THE MIST PUBLISHING COMPANY,
J. R. BEEGLE, Manager.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

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Local notices, 15 cents per line for first insertion, 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
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COLUMBIA COUNTY DIRECTOR.

County Officers.

Judge.....Dean Blanchard, Rainier
Clerk.....E. E. Quick, St. Helens
Sheriff.....C. J. Reardon, St. Helens
Treasurer.....E. M. Wharton, Columbia City
Supt. of Schools.....T. J. Gleason, Vernonia
Assessor.....W. H. Kiser, Rainier
Barkeeper.....A. H. Little, Rainier
Commissioners.....B. G. Schonover, Vernonia
.....H. W. Barnes, Mayor.

Society Notices.

WOMAN'S—St. Helens Lodge, No. 23—Regular communications first and third Saturday in each month at 7:30 P. M. in Masonic hall. Visiting members in good standing invited to attend.
MASSIC—Rainier Lodge, No. 24—Scheduled meetings Saturday on or before each full moon at 7:30 P. M. in Masonic hall, over Blanchard's store. Visiting members in good standing invited to attend.
ODD FELLOWS—St. Helens Lodge No. 117—Meets every Saturday night at 7:30. Transient brethren in good standing cordially invited to attend.

The Mails.

Down river (boat) closes at 8:30 A. M.
Up river (boat) closes at 4 P. M.
The mail for Vernonia and Hillsboro leaves St. Helens Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 A. M.
The mail for Marshfield, Clatskanie and Mist leaves St. Helens Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 A. M.
Mails (railway) north close at 10 A. M.; for Portland at 3 P. M.

Traveler's Guide—River Routes.

STEAMER G. W. SHAVER—Leaves St. Helens for Portland at 11 A. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; leaves St. Helens for Clatskanie Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8:00 A. M.
STEAMER HALDA—Leaves St. Helens for Portland 7:45 A. M. returning at 3:30 P. M.
STEAMER J. K. KELLOGG—Leaves St. Helens for Portland daily except Sunday, at 7 A. M. arriving at Portland at 10:30; returning, leave Portland at 3 P. M., arriving at St. Helens at 6 A. M.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. R. CLIFF,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

St. Helens, Oregon.

DR. J. E. HALL,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Clatskanie, Columbia county, Or.

DR. W. C. BELL,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Rainier, Oregon.

DR. WILLIAM GRISWOLD,

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McBRIDE & DRESSER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Oregon City, Oregon.

Prompt attention given land-office business.

A. B. LITTLE,

SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

St. Helens, Oregon.

County surveyor. Land surveying, town platting, and engineering work promptly done.

W. T. BURNEY, J. W. DRAPER,

BURNEY & DRAPER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Oregon City, Oregon.

Twelve years' experience as Register of the United States Land Office here, recommends us in our specialty of all kinds of business before the Land Office or the Courts and involving the General Land Office.

BROCKENBROUGH & COWING,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Oregon City, Oregon.

(Late special agent of General land office.)
Home-study, Pre-emption, and Timber Land applications, and other Land Office business a specialty. Office, second floor, Land Office Building.

ST. HELENS HOTEL.

J. George, Proprietor.

Tables always supplied with the best edibles and delicacies the market affords.

TERMS REASONABLE.

FOR REGULAR BOARDERS,

Having been newly refurbished, we are prepared to give satisfaction to all our patrons, and solicit a share of your patronage.

ST. HELENS OREGON.

W. H. CONYERS & CO.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents

Real Estate bought, sold and managed on commission, rents collected and abstracts made.
AGENTS FOR THE
Farmers and Merchants, German American, And other Insurance Companies, with combined Assets of \$5,100,000.
NOTARIES PUBLIC.
Clatskanie, Oregon.

CITY BARBER SHOP

BATH HOUSE.

C. L. COLBURN, Proprietor.
Has Been Thoroughly Refitted and Rearranged.
Only Baths in the City.

ST. HELENS, OREGON.

THE STEAMER

IRALDA

Is now making regular round trips from

OAK POINT TO PORTLAND

Daily Except Wednesdays.

LEAVING OAK POINT.....4:40 A. M.
" STELLA.....5:00 "
" RAINIER.....6:15 "
" KALAMA.....7:30 "
" ST. HELENS.....8:50 "
ARRIVING PORTLAND.....11:30

RETURNING

LEAVES PORTLAND.....1:30 P. M.
ARRIVES STELLA.....7:45

W. E. NEWSOM.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted "APHRODITE" or money refunded.



IS SOLD IN A POSITIVE GUARANTEE To cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the reproductive organs of either sex. Whether arising from excessive use of stimulants, AFTER TOBACCO or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Neuritic Emulsion, Leucorrhoea, Distress, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotence, which if neglected often lead to permanent Old age and Invalidity. Price \$1.00 a box, 6 boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail on receipt of price.

THE APHRODITE CO.

For sale by EDWIN ROSS, DRUGGIST
St. Helens, Or.

Model Saloon.

I. STANWOOD, Prop'r.

ST. HELENS, OREGON

Choice Wines,

Liquors and Cigars. Beer 5 Cts.

Billard and Pool Table

for the Accommodation of Patrons

CALL AROUND.

Do You Drink?

OF COURSE YOU DO.

SUCH BEING THE CASE, it behooves you to find the most desirable place to purchase your "Invigorator."

"THE BANQUET."

Keeps constantly on hand the famous

Cuban Blossom Cigars.

The finest line of Wines, Liquors and Cigars to be found this side of Portland. We wish to engage in a game of

POOL OR BILLIARDS,

They can assure you that they have the best table in town. Everything new and neat, and your patronage is respectfully solicited.

"THE BANQUET"

St. Helens, Oregon.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A new and complete treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointments in Capsules, also in Box and Pills a Positive Cure for External, Internal, Blind and Bleeding, Hemorrhoids, Chronic, Acute or Hereditary Piles, and many other diseases and female weakness. It is always a great benefit to the general health. The first discovery of a medical cure rendering an operation with the knife unnecessary hereafter. This Remedy has never been known to fail. \$1 per box, 4 for \$5; sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is given with a box, to refund the money if not cured. Send stamp for free sample. Unparalelled by Woods & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Sole Agents, Portland, Or.

PACIFIC COAST.

Assessment Roll of Oregon

is Badly Mixed.

PROLIFIC IDAHO FIG TREES.

Lions and Coyotes Very Numerous

About Elysian Park, Southern California.

It cost Idaho \$21,400 to suppress the

Cour d'Alene riots.

Important extensions in Santa Rosa's

street-railway system are projected.

It is predicted that the Burlington will be running into Portland, Or., in two years.

The mineral production of Idaho for 1892 was \$13,075,000, a falling off of over \$5,000,000.

Another large bitumen deposit has been found about twenty miles from Santa Barbara, down the coast.

Fig trees on a ranch in Washington county, Idaho, are said to be prolific bearers. This is at an altitude of 2,500 feet.

Oregon's assessment roll is badly mixed, there apparently being no uniform method adopted by the Assessors in the various counties.

There have been grave charges made of bad treatment of patients in the hospital at San Diego by H. Phillips and wife, who were nurses.

J. A. Musick has sold his one-fourth interest in the Los Angeles and Defiance mines in Bohemia to his partners, Cook, Brady & Co., for \$50,000.

The Republican and Democratic Territorial Central Committees of Arizona have passed a joint resolution urging Congress to admit the Territory as a State.

A new steamer is to be built to ply on the Kootenai river in Idaho next summer. It will have a speed of twenty miles an hour, and will be the finest vessel on Kootenai waters.

The Navajo Indians resent the rush of white men to the San Juan gold fields in Southern Utah, and there is some indication of trouble. The Indians claim the gold for themselves.

Baptista Pispayo, an Italian aged 25 years, at Napa made a bet that no injury would result to him by touching a live electric wire. When he placed his hand on the wire he was instantly killed.

The reported fight between miners at the new San Juan placer diggings is probably sensational. Retained prospectors have reached Flagstaff, Ariz., and show some fine gold, but report no trouble yet.

The Lalande prize of the Paris Academy of Sciences was awarded to Prof. Barnard of the Lick Observatory on December 19, 1892, for his work in astronomy, and especially for his discovery of the fifth satellite of Jupiter.

The lions and coyotes are so numerous about Elysian Park, Los Angeles county, Cal., that four months ago Mr. McCrone lost 100 pigs and as many turkeys and hens. Himself and neighbors have recently captured four coyotes and five wildcats.

A petrified man is reported to have been dug up in the western part of Salt Lake City by Blaine Sills. The figure is perfect, and was found four feet below the surface. The weight is about 700 pounds. A showman offered \$5,000 for the find, which was refused.

The nickel mines near Riddle will require 3,000,000 brick in construction, and 15,000 feet of wire cable will be needed to carry ore from the ledge at the top of the hill to the reduction works at the base. Superintendent W. G. Brown has forty men employed, and good roads are to be built from the plant to Riddle station, four miles distant.

Klamath county, Or., expects to enjoy a regular Oklahoma boom when the Klamath Indians will be allotted lands in severity and the residue of their reservation thrown open to actual settlers. While some of the land is comparatively worthless, yet a large portion is as good land as there is in the State, and will make good homes for a large number of families.

The heavy snow has been a great blessing to the producers in Eastern Oregon, and farmers are very much encouraged. Sufficient moisture has already fallen, with the usual rains in May and June, to insure a bountiful harvest next season. Superintendant Brown has already given business in every department, and for the past three years crops have been very meager in Eastern Oregon.

E. Gilliam, stock inspector of Umattila county, Or., reports in that county 206,000 sheep, which are in good condition, being free from scab. The number is fast increasing over previous years. Wool and sheep are worth more than for years. The quality is being fast improved by the introduction of higher breeds, principally Merinos. The average weight of fleeces is from eight and a half to nine pounds, making between 1,700,000 and 1,900,000 pound of wool for the season just closed.

Superintendent Porter has issued a census bulletin covering the western division of the States and Territories. In this bulletin is a condensed table giving the general statistics regarding population according to the sex, color, race, religion, etc. Total population, 31,700,000; males, 15,890,000; females, 15,810,000. Total population, 84,385; males, 42,192; females, 42,193. Total population, 84,385; males, 42,192; females, 42,193. Total population, 84,385; males, 42,192; females, 42,193. Total population, 84,385; males, 42,192; females, 42,193.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A Resolution Calling for Information Regarding the Progress of the Public Buildings in the Union.

The fourth-class office at Kallspeil, Mont., by reason of increased receipts has been raised to the Presidential class.

The Secretary of the Navy has appointed a board to consider and report a plan for the equitable distribution of the Unihan indemnity fund of \$75,000.

Senator Chandler has introduced a bill making it unlawful for any body of men numbering ten or more to assemble, drill or bear arms as a military body unless called for by the proper authorities, civil or military officers. It makes it the duty of the President to disband and disperse any such organization. This bill is aimed at the Pinkertons and semi-military Anarchist organizations.

One of the most valuable publications ever issued by the government is a report on the sheep industry of the United States, prepared under the direction of the Secretary of Agriculture. It treats of the history and conditions of the industry from the early settlement of the country down to the present day, and is handsomely illustrated. It is for distribution by the Secretary and through members of Congress.

The President has decided upon the scope of the proposed extension of the civil-service law. He has signed an order putting all free-delivery postoffices under the operation of the law. Only the largest postoffices are now under civil-service regulations. The extension will protect clerks and carriers in all the small offices which have free delivery. The effect will be to put fifteen or twenty postoffices in Northwestern cities under civil service.

All the work of the eleventh census will be completed and the matter turned over to the Secretary of the Interior by December 31, 1893. This will be required by the appropriation bill now being framed by the House Committee. Up to date the cost of the census has been \$7,250,000. Mr. Porter was before the committee recently, and urged the passage of the bill appropriating \$240,000 to carry him from March 4 to the end of the fiscal year. Porter explained that the expense attached to the taking of the census was greater than anticipated, because the present census assumed a much broader field of operations than any before.

All sorts of silver propositions are being talked over by members of the House. Bland has been approached by a dozen members with suggestions of a compromise. A return to the Bland act is the chief compromise proposition suggested to him, but Mr. Bland at present refuses to listen to anything less than the coinage of \$4,000,000 worth of silver per month, and to this the other side, of course, will not agree. Culbertson, a Democrat from Texas and Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, has prepared a bill in the nature of a compromise, which he will introduce in the House. It requires the coinage and use as assets of the accumulated silver billion now in the Treasury. The present law is repealed and the Bland law re-enacted.

Representative Owen Scott of Illinois has introduced a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information regarding the progress of the public buildings in various parts of the country, for which appropriations were made in 1890. Upon investigation and inquiry of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Mr. Scott finds that seventy-five buildings, improvements and extensions, for which appropriations were made in 1890, contracts for the erection of fifteen were let, and for ten others partial contracts only were let. On fifty others nothing was done. Mr. Scott insists that contracts for public buildings are systematically held up because of the depleted condition of the Treasury, and he would have it appear that it has been the policy of the administration to avoid every step that would require cash from the government.

In view of the necessity for the utmost precautions against the spread of the cholera next summer Mr. Guthrie has introduced in the House a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to make the necessary regulations to secure the speedy and frequent redemption of all United States paper currency and all national bank notes which have become soiled, impure, unclean and otherwise unfit for use, and for the preparation and issue of new United States paper currency in place of such bills as shall be redeemed. Fifty thousand dollars is appropriated, to become immediately available, to enable the Secretary to go into effect the provisions of the bill. Superintendant Brown has already given business in every department, and for the past three years crops have been very meager in Eastern Oregon.

The Pacific railroad department question is again before Congress, this time in a bill introduced by Senator Frye, authorizing the appointment of a commission to settle claims growing out of the issue of bonds of the United States to aid in the construction of certain railroads and to secure to the United States the payment of all indebtedness of the Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific, now forming a part of the Union Pacific, the Central Branch of the Union Pacific, the Central Pacific and the Western Pacific, now forming a part of the Central Pacific, and the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Companies. The bill authorizes the President to appoint a commission of two Republicans, two Democrats and one member of the People's party for a term of one year, with authority to extend to two years at an annual salary of \$10,000 each and the necessary expenses. The commissioners shall be required to devote their whole time to the work for which they are appointed, their salary to be paid jointly by the United States and the railroads interested. The commission is vested with authority to ascertain the amount of all obligations due to or by the United States and to enter into an agreement with the obligations to adjust and extend the obligations as may seem equitable and just. The intention of the act is to confer such power as will enable the commission to settle with the companies, subject only to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior and the President. All existing rights of the government are to be preserved, and the commission is vested with authority to take testimony and invoke the aid of the United States if necessary.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Railroad Construction of Last Year in This Country.

The city of New York cares for 18,000 lunatics at a cost of \$625,000 a year.

Two companies in opposition to Carnegie are to be established at Pittsburg. Mexico is preparing to receive the immigrants which this country will return.

CHICAGO PACKING HOUSES.

The Alleghany, Monongahela and Ohio Rivers Frozen Over

—Other News.

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In trying to corner wheat the Northwest is \$9,000,000 short in the Chicago market.

The United States produced 10,000,000 gallons more of wine last year than Germany did.

The total value of the mineral productions for Colorado for 1892 is \$41,865,114.23.

The Adams Express Company on the Burlington system.

More murders were committed in the State of Michigan last year than in any previous like period.

The boundary line between Nebraska and South Dakota is to be marked with blocks of Jasper stone.

The Treasury Department is gradually recovering the gold it lost by the recent heavy shipments abroad.

The cigarette trust has blacklisted all anti-trust dealers with the purpose to drive them out of the business.

The Order of Railway Conductors do not anticipate any trouble with the roads now or during the World's Fair.

It is expected that 18,000 carloads of exhibits will be received at the grounds of the World's Fair between now and May 1.

Postmaster Harlow of St. Joseph, Mo., has inaugurated a system of electric street-car mail service to suburban points.

Thirteen companies of United States troops, aggregating 700 men, are now in the field against guerrillas on the Mexican border.

The Alleghany, Monongahela and Ohio rivers are frozen over, and river traffic is entirely suspended for the first time in many years.

A company is being organized in New York city, with a capital stock of \$25,000,000, to improve the dockage facilities of Buffalo harbor.

J. H. Wade has presented the city of Cleveland, O., his father's estate, known as Wade Park, containing four acres, valued at \$100,000.

They are talking in Washington of pensioning Jefferson Davis' widow; not for his services to the Confederacy, but for the Mexican war.

The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce has adopted resolutions calling on Congress to provide for the completion of the Nicaragua canal.

Negotiations are reported to be under way in Chicago for the consolidation of all the elevated railroads of that city under one management.

The railroad construction of last year in the United States is footed up as 4,063 miles, which is about 10 per cent. less than the total for 1891.

The packing houses of Chicago have reached a stage of dullness unparalleled in the history of the industry since they were founded. Over 5,000 employes have been discharged recently. The difficulty is that the houses find it impossible to get hogs.

A special from Lexington, Ky., says that the Kendall stable has secured from the California breeder, Theodore Winters, the refusal of a sizzling stud colt, a full brother to the flying fly, to Yonkers, for the reported price of \$45,000, the transfer to take place in the colt's yearling form.

The Interstate Commerce Commission in an opinion by Commissioner McMill has announced its decision in the case of the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce against the Great Northern and others, involving rates on wheat from North Dakota and South Dakota points to Minneapolis and on flour from Minneapolis to Duluth and other Lake Superior ports. The commission declines to go into the question of the legality of the rate, and declares that "rates on wheat from points in North Dakota and South Dakota to Minneapolis, as compared with the charges over considerably greater distances from the same points to Duluth and adjacent Lake Superior ports, subject the Minneapolis millers to undue and unreasonable prejudice and disadvantage. The defendants are ordered to adjust their rates on wheat from said points to Minneapolis on the basis of the distance over the nearest practicable routes."

When the final permits for exhibit space in machinery hall at the World's Fair are issued a storm of protests will be heard from every section of the country. Less than half the number of firms that made demands of Chief Robinson for room will secure it. More than 1,200 applications were received, and only 500 can be granted. The 700 disappointed applicants, some of them the most extensive manufacturers of machinery in the country, will naturally object to Chief Robinson's distribution of floor area, but they will not be able to change his plans. Machinery hall, at first considered big enough to accommodate all the worthy exhibitors, has been found to furnish little more than half the space the machine builders wanted. That is why Chief Robinson was compelled to decline so many requests for space. As originally designed, the hall was 842x484 feet. It was soon found that a larger building would be needed, and an annex 551 feet long was added, making the total length of the hall 1,393 feet and its width 494 feet. This was considered big enough for all demands that would be made for showroom; but as the applications came in Chief Robinson learned that another extension would be needed, so a machine shop 1,103 feet long and 86 feet wide was added. Even with these additions the space afforded is but half enough to meet the demands.

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL.

What it Costs Annually the Well-to-do People in America to Support Charitable Institutions.

Very few boots and shoes are imported into Mexico. There are many tanneries in Mexico and a superabundance of shoemakers making to measure.

A drying house for timber has been erected at Ottawa, in which electricity is the heating power. This is the first establishment of the kind in the world.

The cod-liver oil magnets of the Lofoden Islands, off Norway, is Peter Muller, who employs 700,000 people in fisheries, factories, bottling, packing and so on.

Champagne owes its quality to the soil, a mixture of chalk, silica, light clay and oxide of iron, and to the great care and delicate manipulation in manufacture.

Mrs. Increase Sumner of Starke, Fla., raises her own tea. She gathers three crops a year, and the buds furnish her tea which in China would cost her a large sum.

An unsuccessful attempt has been made in Paris to employ women in the telegraph office in the Avenue de l'Opera, but the work was found much too heavy for them.

The new brewery tax is causing general depression in the beer business in Germany. The Altona Brewery Union has already raised its price three pence the half liter.

In England clerks of a large provincial bank jointly own a cottage by the sea, fifty miles away, where all pass their holidays, occupying it in detachments during the summer.

Bishop Hurst says that ninety-two acres, bought in Washington for a site for the proposed Methodist University, has increased in value until they are worth half a million.

The fact was developed at the hearing of a case at the Tombs, New York, that hoodlums can be found in that city willing to work for 25 cents a day and work on Sunday at that.