THE OREGON MIST.

SUBSCRIPTION, $1.50 PER YEAR.

ST. HELENS, FEBRUARY 5, 1892.

DAIRYING AND FRUIT GROWING.

Professor C. H. Schmidt delivered the following able address at the Farmers' Institute at Medford, on January 23 and 24:

"We are meeting here together for the advancement of agriculture and to profit by each other's experience. The field of agriculture probably is broader than any other field, and agriculture is like a mighty building which requires skilled builders and work-men to make the work progress and prosper. Farming as a profession is what we must look toward for multiplying happy and prosperous homes. This is the great question of the day, to make two blades grow where before only one grew, to double the productions of our land, to increase the net income a hundred fold and to keep up the soil's fertility.

"We can no longer be satisfied with the returns the farms give, it must be doubled and trebled. Quantity farming must be changed to quality farming, we must learn that in the same measure that we feed the plant—the plant will feed us. Exclusive grain growing and grain selling spoils not only the farm but the community at large. When we sell $200 worth of wheat, we take away $48 worth of plant food from the soil; when we sell $200 worth of butter, we take away less than one dollar's worth of plant food.

"When we travel through our state we observe numbers of small fruit tracts set out recently, and doubtless there is money in fruit growing if thoroughly understood, the trees planted in the right soil and afterwards well cared for, but it is doubtless true also, that trees need considerable fertilizing material. We are now to a large extent setting out fruit trees on the flat land—without thorough drainage—but will probably soon learn that the rolling land and the hill land is more especially the profitable and lasting fruit land while our other land will be much more profitably utilized for dairy purposes. The hill land will not only be benefited by manure for the plant food it contains, but it will tend also to serve an important office as a factor in retaining moisture during dry seasons. Dairying will therefor greatly aid fruit growing indirectly by supplying manure for the trees, but this is by no means the only way, indeed dairying comes directly to the assistance of fruit growing as an elder sister to a younger. Fruit growing in the summer and dairying in the winter, returns a golden harvest the year round. Dairying gives the fruit grower a much larger income and, what is of great importance, gives a sure income. The codlin moth, trying seasons and sometimes bad markets may conspire against the fruit grower, but leaves the dairyman undisturbed. Then again the man starting in as a fruit grower has hard times the first five or six years, and here the gentle butter cow comes greatly to his assistance, paying off his mortgages and placing him on the high road to fortune and independence.

"I call your attention to this beautiful picture, which you see here, it is of a wonderful Jersey cow, her name is Bisson's Belle. She made 1028 pounds of butter in one year, think of one cow making $250 worth of butter in twelve months. It does not take a section of land to make a comfortable and happy home when you engage in modern dairying. Fifty acres are plenty to make a good home and give all the boys and girls a good education and a good start in life. The speaker has been in many hundreds of such homes where prosperity and happiness was visible on every hand. Mother had plenty in the store room and everything handy indoors; well clad, intelligent children; nicely painted houses and fences; good furniture, a piano and plenty of good reading, there were newspapers, dairy papers and magazines,—those homes were real homes, full of life, full of promise, full of satisfaction; yet the only gold mine they had to draw from was fifty acres.

"Let us look a moment and see what income fifty acres will bring. We can feed twenty cows, two horses and half a dozen young stock and still have 10 or 20 acres for fruit and you will see, even if we have not such cows as Bisson's Belle, we will still make a large income. Mr. Goodrich, of Jefferson county, Wisconsin, had twenty cows which the past year produced an average of 320 pounds of butter per cow and returned a net profit of more than $50 per cow. That is to say Mr. Goodrich had his feed, his labor, investment on capital paid at common rates and a net profit besides of over $1000 on his twenty cows. Mr. R. H. Gage, of Walworth county, Wisconsin, had 350 pounds of butter per cow last year. Mr. A. Deverent, of Deposit, New York, had 336 pounds of butter, from each of 30 grade Jersey cows, his main feed is corn silage. Thousands of similar results could be cited from our Eastern brothers, in fact a majority of intelligent farmers throughout the East are practicing just what we here have been referring to. Why should we not do the same in this state? We have undoubtedly one of the finest dairy countries in the United States, yes, in the world—and we have a most excellent market. The city of Portland alone consumes over two million dollars' worth of dairy products annually, to say nothing about the state at large and the Sound cities which consume enormous quantities of dairy products, representing many millions of dollars, which to a large extent is coming from the Eastern states. It has been thoroughly demonstrated by Colonel Cornelius, of Washington county, Oregon, and many others that under favorable conditions one acre will support a cow, raise feed enough for her the year around. Ten to twenty tons of silage corn to the acre can be grown nearly everywhere in the valleys and frequently on elevated land.

"The Eastern states as well as Europe have taught us that grain farming is starvation to the soil and an absolute hindrance to the prosperity and development of the country. On the other hand when the gentle butter cow becomes associated with the members of the families, the bare floor becomes carpeted, the children get their education, prosperity takes the place of poverty and contentment the place of discontentment. Agriculture becomes, as Washington said, the most useful and most noble pursuit of man. Let it be recognized that education in farming is prosperity in farming. Only a few years ago Wisconsin and other Eastern states were mainly depending upon grain farming, but they saw that they went backwards, and in a marvelous short time has grain farming had to give way to diversified farming. The earnings of Wisconsin cows alone last year were more than twenty million dollars. We can do the same in this state and greatly benefit all classes and all professions. New York, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Indiana and other Eastern states have their dairy schools, their dairy associations, and model dairy farms, and are holding great numbers of Farmers' Institutes. We are anxiously waiting for our state to follow their lead."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29, 1892.

The president and his cabinet emerge from the Chilian affair with the American flag proudly flying and with the good will of all patriotic Americans, irrespective of political affiliation. They have upheld the honor of the United States without at any time attempting the rule of bully towards the weaker power. They practiced forbearance towards Chili until satisfied that advantages were being taken of that forbearance by the Chilian government. Then they brought the Chilians up short by sending an ultimatum, and took congress and the country into their confidence by making public the correspondence and the president's message, which was one of the most manly and patriotic documents ever written by an American president. Congress was practically unanimous in its support of the administration, and it is not surprising that Chili quickly responded with an humble apology.

Whatever the ignorant masses of Chili may think of the power of the United States those in power in that country knows how great it is, and saw instantly that they had dallied as long as it was safe. It is now only a question of a few formal official details before the matter will be happily for all concerned finally disposed of. This country is to be congratulated that it escaped a short but costly war, and the Chilian government is to be congratulated because it had the good sense to decide in favor of Chili retaining its place on the map of South America.

President Baker, of the Chicago board of managers of the World's Fair, is here to look after the $5,000,000 appropriation that is wanted from congress, but it is not expected that the matter will be taken up until the appropriation committee completes the proposed investigation of the World's Fair expenditures already made and makes its report.

Representative Rayner, of Maryland, created some commotion among the democrats of the House when, in answer to some remarks in favor of free silver by Representative Lanham, of Texas, he jumped on the anti-Cleveland and free silver people, with blood in his eye. Attempts were made to stop him by points of order but they all failed and he had his say out. He predicted defeat for the democrats unless they throw free coinage which he characterized as "the most absurd heresy that ever made its appearance in any intelligent representative assembly" overboard and made Cleveland their candidate. This is but another bit of evidence of the harmony existing among the democrats in the House.

Senator Hill made a failure of the first thing he attempted to do in the senate. He made a vicious fight against the nomination of L. G. Rathbin to be postmaster of Elmira, New York, but with how much effect may be judged from the fact that the senate committee on postoffices has favorably reported the nomination, which makes it practically certain that it will be confirmed.

Delegate Harvey had introduced a bill for the admission of Oklahoma as a state, and he is industriously at work convincing members to support it.

The senate finance has by unanimous vote favorably reported a joint resolution authorizing the president to invite the governments of such countries as he may deem advisable to join the United States in a conference for the purpose of securing permanence in the relative value of gold and silver at a common coinage ratio, providing for the enlarged monetary use of silver, and for giving it equal mintage rights with gold.

During the discussion of the new rules in the House, ex-speaker Reed, in defending the rules of the last House, made the democrats wince by telling them in his inimitable drawl that he was glad to see that they had experienced a change of mind about its being tyrannical to give the majority the right to close debate, as they have done so in their new rules. He said that he considered it as much the duty of the speaker to stop fillibustering, as it would be to stop a disturbance on the floor of the House. He criticised other portions of the new rules and smilingly alluded to the absence of a clause authorizing the speaker to count a quorum, saying that he fully expected a decision from the supreme court sustaining his action in so doing during the last congress.

Senator Morgan introduced a resolution which was adopted by the senate requesting the president to furnish copies of all correspondence with China concerning the refusal of that country to receive ex-Senator Blair as our minister, if not incompatible with the public interests.

Democrats opposed to the Hill-Gorman-Brice combine, feeling that Cleveland is out of the question, are talking of Senator Carlisle as their candidate for the presidency.

Mormon money is being spent here in the interest of the bill for the admission of Utah as a state.

EXPLANATION.

CLATSKANIE, Or., Feb 1, 1892.

EDITOR OREGON MIST:—Your correspondent from this place in last week's issue of THE MIST makes some very queer statements in relation to a boy having been sent to the State Reform school from this place. He says: "It seems a little singular, as the boy is well known, that his vicious nature was known to so few persons." The most singular thing about the matter is that your correspondent hasn't heard of these things before. Again he says that "in order to get a commitment at a justice's court the whole proceedings were kept secret, and only enough evidence was brought before the justice to secure the necessary papers."

I wish to ask the said correspondent if, in his judgment, it was necessary to offer any more evidence? Again he says: "The public were kept in ignorance of what was going on, the witnesses kept mum, and the boy being an orphan, got no chance to have anything said in his defense, but was, by commitment to the Reform School, compelled to bear a stigma that will attach to him the remainder of his life." Your correspondent must be a very peculiar person if he doesn't know the object of Reform Schools. They are not for the purpose of imprisoning or punishing criminals. The school was established by the state for the purpose of teaching the incorrigible, disobedient, immoral and vicious youth to be men; to give them an education; teach them a trade, and bring them up in the way they should go.

Now, if your correspondent will take this boy, feed, clothe and educate him, and train him up in the way he should go, we have no doubt but what the people of this place and the state authorities would be glad to have him do so. For the benefit of your correspondent and also that portion of the public who were so much surprised on account of the trial having been held secretly, we quote from the law governing such cases as follows:

See session laws of 1891, section 15, page 106:

"All youth between the ages of 8 and 16 years, who may be accused of any offense punishable by imprisonment, shall, with a view to the question whether they ought to be committed to said institution, be entitled to a private examination and trial before a court having competent jurisdiction, to which only the parties to the case and the parent or guardian of the accused and their attornies shall be admitted."

CUM TUX.

Real Estate Transfers.

F A Moore and wife to Edwin Merrill, undivided ½ lots 1 and 2 sec 8, t 5 n, r 1 w also land in George Merrill's land claim, sec 8, t 5 n, r 1 w ... $237

F A Moore and wife to Edwin Merrill, land in sects 8 and 17, t 5 n, r 1 w ... 1

G S Foster to L T Vanover and wife, lot 4, blk 4, Goble ... 150

State of Oregon to Clara Moore, sw ¼ sec 22, t 4 n r 4 w ... 200

Dewitt C Tichenor to A M and W K Tichenor, nw¼ ne¼, e½ nw¼, sec 25, t 7 n, r 5 w ... 600

State of Oregon to Oscar Austin, sw¼ ne¼, se¼ nw¼, sec 24, t 7 n, r 2 w ... 150

State of Oregon to O B Austin, nw¼ ne¼, sec 24, t 7 n, r 3 w ... 80

Mary Kruse to J M Berkenfeld, e½ sw¼, sw¼ se¼, sec 33, t 6 n, r 5 w, ne¼ nw¼, sec 4, t 5 n, r 5 w ... 300

T L Adams to A F Adams, sw¼ sw¼, sec 3, t 4 n, r 4 w ... 50

State of Oregon to Jacob Timonen, lot 6, sec 27, lot 1, sec 34, t 8 n, r 4 w

S A Miles to J D Birdsall, lot 12, blk 2, Columbia City ... 400

United States to W W Stratton, s½ se¼, s½ sw¼, sec 26, t 7 n, r 4 w

Charles English to Ida Bonser, sw¼ nw¼, sec 17, t 5 n, r 5 w ... 400

Sarah Meserve to School Dist 32, land in the nw corner of nw¼, sec 16, t 7 n, r 3 w; lease

J C King to A C Panton, lots 1 and 2, e½ nw ¼, sec 7, t 5 n, r 5 w; quit claim

United States to Remus Goodrich, sw¼ sec 32, t 5 n, r 5 w ... Pat'nt

United States to J H Smith, e½ sw¼, lots 3 and 4, sec 20, t 7 n, r 5 w ... Pat'nt

Henry Werner to H B Borthwick, e½ ne¼, sec 6, t 5 n, r 3 w ... 200

W H Conyers to I M Harris, se¼ sec 36, t 5 n, r 5 w ... 700

I M Harris to E Ridgway, se¼ sec 36, t 5 n, r 5 w ... 350

Joseph Vanblaricom to H A Ridgway, lot 9, blk 8, Vernonia ... 350

U S to S C Enyart, sw¼ sec 3, t 5 n, r 2 w ... Pat'nt

U S to Norman Merrill e½ ne¼, sw ¼ ne¼, nw ¼ se ¼, sec 21, t 7 n, r 4 w ... Pat'nt

U S to Willis McClure, se¼ se¼, sec 6, t 7 n, r 4 w ... Pat'nt

U S to Norman Merrill, se¼ sec 14, t 7 n, r 5 w ... Pat'nt

U S to S G Wheeler nw¼ sec 18, t 7 n, r 5 w ... Pat'nt

U S to J E Lawrence, sw¼ sec 18, t 7 n, r 5 w ... Pat'nt

U S to J E Lawrence, se qr sec 18, t 7 n, r 5 w ... Pat'nt

S L Lovell to John Maynard, s½ nw qr, nw qr sw qr, tract lots 10 and 11, sec 17, t 6 n, r 5 w ... 2000

Louisa Carter to E B Little, land in se corner of Broyles' donation claim containing 4 acres ... 500

MARRIED.

HAINES—BRAIM.—By Judge Switzer, in St. Helens, Thursday, February 4, Mr. Stephen Haines and Mrs. Mary Braim. The ceremony took place in the office of Moore & Cole.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Thursday Feb. 4.

PRODUCE, FRUIT, ETC.

WHEAT—Valley, $1 00; Walla Walla, $1 55 to $1 57½ per cental.

FLOUR—Standard, $5; Walla Walla, $4 80; graham, $4; superfine, $3 per barrel.

OATS—New, 40@45c per bushel.

HAY—$11@13 per ton.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, $19@20; shorts, $20@21; chop feed, $18@19 per ton, barley, $20 per ton.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 37@40c; fancy dairy, 33c; fair to good, 25@27½c common, 15@22½c; Eastern, 25@31½c per pound.

CHEESE—Oregon, 13@14½c; Eastern, 14c per pound.

EGGS—32@32½c per dozen.

POULTRY—Chickens, $3 00 to $3 50; ducks, $5 50 to $6 50; geese, $12 per dozen; turkeys, 14c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, nominal, $1 @$1 50per cental; onions, 80c@$1 per cental, potatoes, 40@60c per sack; tomatoes, 40 to 50c per box.

FRUITS—Apples, 75 to $1 25 per box.

STAPLE GROCERIES.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 21c; Rio, 20c; Salvador, 21c; Mocha, 30c; Java, 25c; Arbuckle's, 100-pound cases, 21¾c per pound.

SUGAR—Golden C, 4¾c; extra C, 4⅝c; granulated, 5⅝c.

BEANS—Small whites, 3½c; pink, 3c; bayos, 4c; butter, 3¾c; limas, 4c per pound.

HONEY—17½ to 18c per pound.

SALT—Liverpool, $14 50 to $15 50; stock $11 to $12 per ton in carload lots.

SYRUP—Eastern, in barrels, 42 to 45c; 55 to 80c per gallon; $2 25 to $2 50 per keg; California, in barrels, 30c per gallon; $1 75 per keg.

RICE—$5 75 per cental.

THE MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—Live, 2½c; dressed, 5 to 6c.

MUTTON—Live, sheared 3½c; dressed, 7c.

HOGS—Live, 4½ to 5c; dressed, 6c.

VEAL—4 to 9c per pound.

SMOKED MEATS AND LARD—Eastern ham, 12 to 13½c; other varieties, 12½c; lard, compound, 10c; pure, 12½ to 13c; Oregon, 10½ to 12½c; breakfast bacon, 13 to 15c; smoked bacon, 11 to 11¾c.

Teachers' Examination.

Notice is hereby given that the next regular public examination of teachers for Columbia county will take place at the court house, in St. Helens, on Wednesday, February 10, 1892, at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp. All teachers holding temporary certificates must be present.

J. G. WATTS,
County School Superintendent.

A Little Girl's Experience In a Lighthouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich. and are blessed with a daughter, four years old. Last April she was taken down with Measles, followed with a dreadful Cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, untill she was a mere "handful of bones".—Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles, was completely cured. They say Dr. Kings New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a trial bottle free at Edwin Ross' Drugstore.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale By Edwin Ross.

CASH STORE!

W. J. MUCKLE & CO.

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise,

Crockery, Glassware, Queensware.

Boots, Shoes, Ladies' Dress Goods, Furnishing Goods,

LUMBER, SHINGLES, ETC.

Produce Taken in Exchange.
It Will Pay You to Consult Our Prices.

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ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

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UNDER THE GILMAN HOUSE.

J. M. MOYER & CO.

Are now prepared to offer their Renowned All-Wool Goods at a Great Reduction from former prices. In connection with our All-Wool Clothing from the Albany Woolen Mills we have secured from the most prominent Eastern and Foreign Mills all the Latest Designs. We warrant all our goods as Honest and Reliable.

Lot No. 2000.
Dark Gray Tweed Suits
Striped Worsted Suits
Striped Cheviot Suits
Scotch Cheviot Suits
Brown Plaid Suits
Mottled Cheviot Suits
Gray Check Suits
Fancy Cheviot Suits
Brown Tweed Suits
At $ 8 50

Lot No. 2010.
Brown Cheviot Suits
Plaid Cassimere Suits
Fancy Cassimere Suits
Brown Tweed Suits
Fancy Herring Bone Suits
Velour Faced Suits
Gray Tweed Suits
At 10 00

Lot No. 2020.
Brown Check Suits
Check Cassimere heavy Suits
Striped Cassimere heavy suits
Gray Cheviot, heavy, Suits
Brown Cheviot, heavy Suits
Heavy Blue Tweed Suits
Black and White Mixed Cassimere Suits
At 12 00

Lot No. 2030.
Brown Striped Worsted Suits
Black Diagonal Suits
Black Corkscrew Suits
Heavy Blue Melton Suits
Heavy Check Cassimere Suits
Fancy Wide Wale Worsted Suits
Brown Plaid Worsted Suits
Dark Brown Cheviot Suits
At 13 50

Lot No. 2040.
Fancy Check Cassimere suits
Striped Cassimere heavy suits
Dark Gray Cheviot suits
Drab Tweed velour finish suits
Fancy Cassimere suits
Fancy Worsted suits
Silk Mixed Cassimere suits
Basket Check Cassimere suits
Brown Tweed suits
At 14 50

Lot No. 2050.
Natural Gray Cassimere, no dye suits
Brown Cheviot Scotch suits
Dark Brown Tweed suits
Dark Gray Tweed, 22-ounce goods, suits
Dark Blue square cut, suits
Black Worsted suits
Tan Tweed, 24-ounce goods, suits
XXX Mole Tweed suits
At 15 00

Lot No. 2060.
Black Wide Wale Suits
Blue Wide Wale Suits
Brown Melton Suits
Fancy Check Cheviot suits
Dark Gray Worsted suits
Black Corkscrew suits
Black Diagonal suits
At $16 00

Lot No. 2070.
Dark Brown Tweed suits
Heavy Blue Piccadilly suits
Stripe Fancy Worsted suits
Extra Heavy Dark Gray Cassimere suits
Plaid Worsted, neat patern suits
Broken Plaid Worsted suits
Silk Mixed Worsted suits
At 17 50

Lot No. 2080.
Black Wide Wale suits
Fancy Whipcord suits
Fine Drab Kersey suits
Fine Worsted Serge
Dark Gray Worsted suits
Heavy Blue Beaver suits
Silk Mixed Cassimere suits
Fancy Plaid Worsted suits
Small Check Worsted suits
Plain Brown Melton suits
Extra Heavy XX Cassimere suits
At 18 00

Lot No. 2090.
Dark Gray velour Eng. Cassimere suits
Fine Black Worsted (Rocks) suits
Black Cheviot OOO suits
Dark Brown Melton suits
Dark Fancy Worsted suits
Fancy Rattle Snake suits
English Herring Bone suits
Neat Dark Checked Worsted suits
Fancy Plaid Worsted suits
Straight Stripe Worsted suits
Extra Quality Corkscrew suits
At 20 00

Lot No. 2100.
XXXX velour Black Cheviot suits
Extra Heavy Wide Wale suits
Fancy Striped Worsted suits
Bound Wide Wale, extra
Heavy Whip Cord suits
Black Plaid Worsted, Square cut, suits
Herring Bone Stripe Worsted suits
Drab Kersey suits
Slate Kersey suits
Seal Brown suits
Blue Thibet, Wale patern suits
Basket Worsted suits
Heavy Diagonal suits
Dark Gray Worsted suits
At 22 50

J. M. MOYER & CO.,

Successors to Brownsville Woolen Mills,

140 FIRST STREET, CORNER ALDER, PORTLAND.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE. NO DEVIATION.

THE RETAIL MERCHANT is the necessary Medium of Trade between the Manufacturer and the Consumer. He must protect the interest of his customers by purchasing in the lowest and and best markets, and by selling to his patrons at the Lowest Possible Prices.

W. H. DOLMAN

PROPRIETOR OF THE OLD ST. HELENS STORE,

In keeping these true principles of trade always in view; often leaves the old track and strikes "across lots" for Bargains for his customers. His stock of

General Merchandise

Is being enlarged by New Goods Every Day.

It is not convenient to name the many different articles kept on sale, aside from Dry Goods, Clothing, Ladies' Wear Gentlemen's Wear, Head Wear, Foot Wear, Flour and Feed, Groceries and Canned Goods, Nails and Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, Granite and Tinware, Powder and Shot, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, etc.

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MUCKLE BROS.,

—Manufacturers of—

LUMBER

—AND DEALERS IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ST. HELENS, OR.

SAWMILL FOR SALE.

Said Sawmill is situated on the St. Helens road, about 2½ miles southeast of Glencoe, Washington county, Oregon. Machinery in perfect running order; Engine is 45-horse power, ten by twenty; Boiler 50 inches in diameter and 14 feet long; New head blocks (Ratchet); Also sawdust carrier; Large lot of cedar now on hand for sale. Terms made known on application to the undersigned. Would exchange for city or improved farm property.

A. C. ARCHBOLD,
Hillsboro, Oregon.

C. R. HART,

—Proprietor—

St. Helens Meat Market

Fresh and Salted Meats, Sausage, Fish and vegetables.

Meats by wholesale at special rates.

Express wagon run to all parts of town, and charges reasonable.

Portland Seed Co.,

(F. W. MILLER, Mgr.)

—DEALERS IN—

SEEDS, TREES,

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Daily Except Wednesdays,

LEAVING OAK POINT ... 4:40 A. M.
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" RAINIER ... 6:15 "
" KALAMA ... 7:00 "
" ST. HELENS ... 8:00 "
ARRIVING PORTLAND ... 11:00 "

RETURNING

LEAVES PORTLAND ... 1:00 P. M.
ARRIVE STELLA ... 7:45 "

W. E. NEWSOM.

A. H. BLAKESLY,

—Proprietor of—

Oriental Hotel.

ST. HELENS, OREGON.

The house has been fully refurnished throughout and the best of accommodations will be given.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

STAGE run in connection with the hotel connecting with the Northern Pacific Railroad at Milton. Stage for Tacoma trains 10 p. m. For Portland train at 3 p. m.

THE MODEL SALOON.

J. S. CLONINGER, Prop'r.

ST. HELENS, - - - OREGON.

Choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Beer 5 Cts.

Billard and Pool Table for the Accommodation of Patrons

CALL AROUND.

Do You Drink?

OF COURSE YOU DO.

SUCH BEING THE CASE, it behooves you to find the most desirable place to purchase your "invigorator."

"THE BANQUET."

Keeps constantly on hand the famous

Cuban Blossom Cigars.

The finest line of Wines Liquors and Cigars to be found this side of Portland. And if you wish to engage in a game of

POOL OR BILLIARDS,

They can assure you that they have the best table in town. Everything new and neat, and your patronage is respectfully solicited.

"THE BANQUET"

St. Helens, Oregon.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES,
820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

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