TIDE TABLES FOR MAY, 1916

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erday20	2:58	9.2	4:45	7.3	11	3
NDAY		8.6	5:44	7.4		1
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Tide approximately four hours later at St. Helens

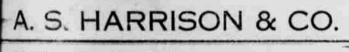


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Don't Carry About a Great Roll of Money!

ST. HELENS MIST, FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1916

MONEY IN RAIS-

(M. B. Ellison in Eugene Register.) and cheaper feed for stock is a sub- grown. ject which confronts would-be succonstul farmers and stockmen in this part of the country, where the cost of feed is almost prohibitive. And it tween profitable farming with plenty of cheap feed or unprofitable farmlabor only are lacking, for this is certainly a good country for root crops, especially for those grown for feeding stock, and these afford an abundance of cheap feed. We should raise more root crops for feed, and toll more high priced hay and grain Save all the best straw and feed with roots, then with pleaty of enslinge

this practice will tip the scales on the profit side. Raising and feeding vegetables is much more work than hay and grain, but the results, the profits crops, and will go far towards putting farmers on Independent street, if not on Easy street

While we appreciate other vegetables we consider the good, dependble white artichoke by far the best to ruise for feeding stock. All kinds of stock are fond of them and horses will leave their grain for them. Many scople have no idea even what artichokes are and know absolutely nothing of their great value as stock food. Probably not one farmer in fifty calles artichokes, or even knows much about them. They will stay in the old rut year after year and feed a few head of stock about everything they raise of small yielding

While the artichoke is best known as a superior food for hogs, it is not generally known that it is also one of the very best foods for poultry. Fowls thrive on them and require which were not laying well and, alfavorable they were soon laying nearly twice as many eggs. Those who care to raise poultry for profit would do well to plant them near the poultry run for shade in summer, and his to afford them protection from hawks, and when the tubers mature they should be lifted from the ground in the fowls require them, and they will feed on them until June. Somethrees, if the soil is mellow, the poulry will not walt until the artichokes mature before beginning to help themselves.

They are the most reliable crop we can raise, and about the only one which does not disappoint in yield. Last year we planted half an acre the first of May on hard clay land which has never been enriched and was so dry we could only plow a few inches deep. We have had about one-third of the patch dug and find over 100 bushels tallied. What other crop could give larger returns on such soil? We have planted them as late as the 20th of May, but it is better to plant them any time in April. The ground should be well prepared the same as for potatoes, but any good corn or vegetable land will yield big crops of artichokes if properly cared for. They should not be planted on low land where the water remains in the soil much of the time in Winter, as it will cause them to decay. But if anyone wishes to raise them, and the fear that they might be somewhat difficult to get rid of keeps them from raising them, they may be planted in a slough where the Winter rains will dispose of those left in the ground. Freezing does not harm them, but sunshine soon dries them up, which goes far to make it easy to get rid of them. They are easy to dig in the fall, as soon as the tops are entirely dead. and may then be stored in bins for Winter use. The tops make good feed feed for cattle and horses, so the whole plant is edible, and they easily yield 1000 bushels of tubers per acre. There is a satisfaction in having an abundance of nourishing feed at hand which is not so valuable that it is like feeding money. There is money in artichokes, and lack of help with our farm work is all that has prevented us from planting them on a much larger scale, and we wonder there are not more farmers raising them, but it seems that ignorance on the one hand, and prejudice on the other, has prevented their being more generally planted. And we predict that when these two barriers are removed a large percent of farmers and poultry men will give them first place among important crops. The prejudice we refer to is the Idea that they are hard to get rid of. The red artichokes are, but the white ones are very different. We have grown the mammoth white variety seven years on our farm, six miles northwest of Eugene, and so far have had no trouble with them, although

they have been planted in several Lubin ING ARTICHOKES different places, and we have made "The Silver Horde" and "The Iron a movie motorcycle cop. Yet, Abrano effort to get rid of them. We Trail" are underlined for produc- ham Lincoln died only fifty years doubt if one-fourth of a bushel could tion. The Lubin company is deter- ago! The question of producing more be found where they were formerly mined to make each play mark an

> THE MOVIE SCREEN

"elig .- News Item.

"Bill" Shakespeare were he living now, would write for moving pictures;

tures

screen

friends of Francia Bacon!

now, could write strong movie

band

peared on movie screens and posters!

old then.

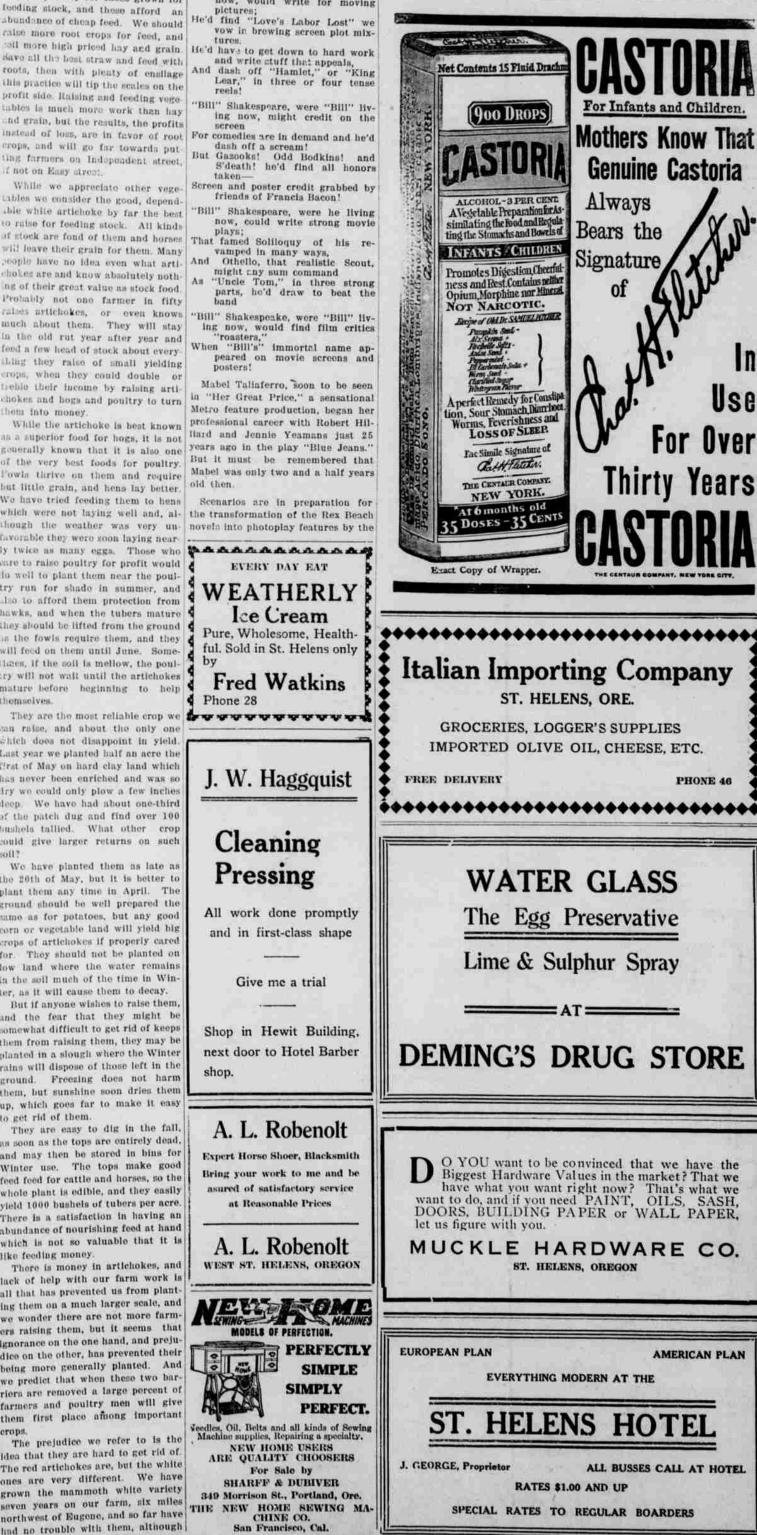
Scenarios are in preparation for the transformation of the Rex Beach

epoch in screen achievement. The companies will be established in the localities described by Mr. Beach in the novels.

Somebody says that if Shakespeare next to the fleshy woman in a movie some of his friends at the Lambs' were living now he would be writing theatre; never saw the movie heroine Club to remark that it is easy for ing for want of it. The will and the motion picture scenarios for Colonel converse over the phone; never wit- Mr. Carrigan to "bring down the nessed an auto chase scene; never house."

company. "The Barrier," heard a movie pipe organ; never say

Thomas J. Carrigan, leading man for little Mary Miles Minter in "Dimples," "Lovely Mary," and other Metro productions, owns a third interest in a factory in Michigan that builds Abraham Lincoln never had a seat portable houses. This fact has led



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