Hon. Geo. C. Brownell Republican Candidate for Govern-prior to the enforcement of the law. Industrial Review or, issues statement to the people of Oregon and says lives, that the children that formerly he will veto any bill compensating saloons and brew-came barefooted had shoes for the first eries, which might be passed by the legislature

Oregon City, Oregon, To the People of Orogon:

I have waited with the hope that question of an amendment to the Con- a lawful way. stitution of the state of Oregon abolthat now exists.

man race. I have no personal fight dren in this land. against the man who is running a sa-Abraham Lincoln favorede buying the ey in the saloon business, neither am I patrons. advocating it as a part of my platform nor program in this fight, I am simply suggesting it to the conscience and fair minds of the people of this state, for them to give such consideration as they see fit, recognizing as I do, that whenever society feels that it is in danger, it has a right to abolish and to destroy anything that endangers itself. My the public opinion and the conscience of the people of this stae, where they will be willing to stand shoulder to existence and destroy its influence in our economic, social and political life. I therefore am in favor of destroying the saloons with compensation if the people should upon a direct vote so declare, but I would veto any bill which the legislaure might pass, compensating saloons for their investment unless the people by popular vote directed me to do otherwise. I stand openly and above board, unconditionally, in favor of the adoption of a National and State Amendment to the Constitutions of the United States and the State of Oregon, to probibit the sale and manufacture of all intoxicating liquor within the United States and within the State of Ore-

I also favor National Suffrage to the women of the United States.

such as Hindus being permitted to and sending the proprietors of the come into thims country and into this joints to the jail for large sentences, state and competing in the logging not on convictions for the sale of licamps and other avenues of work and quor, understand, but for violating the

state in favor of upholding and mainever plans are adopted in the construction of roads in this state and whatever return to the old plan. I remember inmethods are used in the spending of stances where grocerymen and other to exercise the recall on, in case it is the people's money for such construc- merchants said that since the enforce- desired at any time. tion, that the interest of the farming ment of the law, this was said withclass of the people of this state, should in a year thereafter, children came to be very carefully safeguarded and their their stores, with five and ten dollar wishes as indicated through the society bills to purchase provisions who had,

of equity and the Development League February 14, 1914. and the Farmers' Grange, should be ment. Of course, our city adjoins Kanconsulted and followed.

I desire also to say that I stand irre some of the numerous gentlemen ho vocably in favor of free press and free and it is said to contain something like are candidates for governor in the Re- speech, and that if I should be successpublican primaries and otherwise, in ful in being nominated and elected govannouncing their candidacy, would ernor of this state, I will see, so far as make some declaration as to how they my power will permit, that no man or stood upon the National Problem of woman, rich or poor, black or white, the sale and manufacture of intoxicat- shall be deprived of the opportunity of ing liquor in the United States. I fairly and decently expressing themhave also hoped that there would have selves anywhere, in puble halls, or upbeen some expression as to how these on the streets of cities in this state, gentlemen stood, or would stand on the as long as they conduct themselves in

The liquor question Las got to be ishing the sale and manufacture of all fought out. Men will be compelled to intoxicating liquor within this state. take a stand, for it or against it. The None of these gentlemen have seen fit saloon is either right or wrong. If it to make any declaration or commit is right it should be maintained and themselves in any way upon this great perpetuated; if it is wrong, it should issue, which I think and believe to be be destroyed. I feel that it is wrong; the most important for the welfare of I feel that it is foolish for the moral the people generally and to the main- societies of the state of Oregon, to talk tenance of our Christian civilization about fighting vice, preach sermons againts vice, pass resolutions against Reluctantly, after due consideration, vice and hold banquets and make I have concluded to become a candidate speeches and congratulate each other for governor upon this issue as the how they are going to fight vice, and principal one of my candidacy. I take permit the saloon to exist in this state this position, that the intelligent opin- because it is inthe saloon to a great exion of all fair minded men and women tent, that the seed is sown and eventis unquestionably that the liquor traffic, ually ripens into crime, and vice of as now in use and force, is a menace to every character, leading in the end to civilization, and is the result largely, the jail and penitentiary, to the insane of crime, poverty, degeneracy and asylum and to degeneracy, say nothing moral decay, to such an extent as to about want and poverty to the thousbecome a startling danger to the hu- ands and millions of women and chil-

I know what kind of a battle this loon. I really feel more like condemn- will be. I fully realize the power of ing and censuring society for permit- the liquor element and the Retail Liting this great evil and power to exist quor association of this state, who are and to obtain the firm hold that it has always on guard and ready to battle Oregon and in fact society generaly, in this state and in this country. If for their position. I know how hard it I had my own way, I should feel as if is to make merchants, bankers and bussociety itself, ought to be punished to iness men take an active interest in ets and instructors, from colleges down the extent of compensating men who the movement, because they frequenthave engaged in this business, sanc- ly fear that it will injure the market, tioned by the law, in a reasonable way the store, and bank, and in other to recover their investment that they words, all trade. The facts are that if and election, it would be a source of have made, on the same theory that every saloon was driven out of business great pleasure to me, in every legitiin Portland, inside of six months or a slaves and colonizing them, in order to year, the merchants and business men settle the slave problem. Of course, would be the ones who would be con-I think and know that the people of gratulating each other upon the adthis state would not favor compensat- vance in every line of business, and

ing men who have invested their mon- better payments of the bills of their all assistance that is possible, towars November 17, 1913, by Hon. Silas Por- lands. ter, who is one of the judges of the Supreme Court of Kansas, and a man who has lived in Kansas during the life of the amendment to its constitution and this I advocated for years when a and a man of great ability and high member of the State Senate. It is character. Mr. Porter writes: Our now being taken up as a new matter object and purpose is to try to arouse town, Kansas City, Kansas, has over 100,000 population. It is a city of manufacturers. Six or eight years the state senate, for many years enago, when they started to enforce the shoulder, irrespective of political party law rigidly, there were something like or affiliations and unite for the purpose 250 "joints" running practically wide Convention, so that the constitution Bay, and lumber mills are all preparopen. Many of the bars were fixed up in a luxurious manner and encrmous sums were paid over the bars every changes which were then vital to the day. Many conservative business men, bankers and members of the Commercial Club were at first opposed to a rigid enforcement of the law because it would vacate hundreds of buildings and apparently would demoralize the business interests of the city. However, the law was rigidly enforced; not by a trial of cases before juries, but by injunction suits against the property which is a direct slap at the great owners and upon affidavits before a sheep industry of the state of Oregon, judge who granted the injunction show- and the country at la ge. ing a violation. After the court had adopted the plan of enforcing its orders by putting padlocks on the doors of the buildings, and prohibiting the opening of the building until the owner should give a bond that it should never I am opposed to any and all Asiatics, again be used for the illegal purpose, labor with the laboring men now here, order of the court, there could be no It is unnecessary for me to add, that jury trials and convictions were easily I stand with all good citizens in this obtained. After these things had been done, the owners of the buildings gradtaining our school system in a fair and ually found other tenants and in the liberal way, and in the construction of course of a few months or perhaps a of the people's money should be fixed roads and highways to meet the de- year, the same business men who had in such a way that the public will know mand and requirements of our farming, protested against the rigid enforcement just where, when and whom to hold reproducing, commerical and business of the law, came to the Assistant At sponsible for the neavy taxes and exclasses of the people of this state, with torney General and apologized. No dis- penditures. I therefore believe that

would now be willing to have the city

never seen that much money in their time in their lives; that the poorer Cannery and Growers Association has class of people were able to pay and paid their bills at the stores where formerly it was difficult to obtain paysas City, Missouri, and the first block over the line is known as "wet block," a dozen or two saloons ready to greet the Kansas man when he comes over. But only those who were so addicted to the use of liquors that it was almost impossible for them to do without it, would in the evening take the trouble to gc to Missouri for liquor. The large majority of them, and the average man, turned and went to his home without having spent his money for liquor. Prior to the enforcement of the law, the joints always procured from the banks large sums of money on every pay day, because a very large percentage of the pay checks were cashed over the bar, and of course you know, and I know, that the laborer would naturally feel called upon to spend some part of frequently happened that his wife and departments. children saw but a very small part of the proceeds. All that was done away with when the joints were closed. Kansas City, Kansas, increased in population the first three or four years after the laws were enforced at a wonderful rate. There was marked improvement in the prosperity of the merchants and the business of the city increased, and instead of decline, there was a great increase in business and in population. Most of the buildings that were formerly occupied by joints are

occupied by 'legitimate' business'. In closing I desire to my that I favor the \$1500 exemption from taxation, now before the people of this state. In addition thereo I wish to say that I feel that the people of the State of rarely appreciate the debt and obligation that they owe to the school teachto our district schools, for the efficiency and the work that they do and if I should be honored with this nomination mate way, to aid and advance the different school interests and institutions plant there. of this state and the material welfare of the instructors and teachers thereo.

I also strongly favor giving aid and helping the people of eastern Oregon To illustrate this, I herewith quote and other parts of the state needing an extract from a letter written to me irrigation, to get water upon their O'Hara filled lecture dates at Albany

> I also favor giving the Governor power to veto separate items in approby some of the candidates, although I used it as an argument on the floor of deavoring to induce the legislature to could be amended giving the Governor this power, as well as many other interests of the people of the state.

> I am onposed to useless and expensive kid gloved commissions that are sapping the taxes and resources out of the people of the state.

> I am also radically opposed to the attitude of the National administration in its wool schedule and wool tariff

If nominated and elected Governor, I will veto any bill which may pass the Legislature, compensating saloon keepers and breweries for money invested in their business, in case prohibition carries or is adopted or otherwise, or under any circumstances whatever.

I also favor the abolishment of the fixing it at \$10,000. Fish and Game Commission as now constituted, but favor reasonable laws protecting game without so much red

I will stand for the abolishment of all useless commissions, believing that the responsibility for the expenditure this qualification, that I feel that what- interested business men in the city the responsibility should rest with the Governor, Secretary of State and State by the Beaver Paint factory at Salem Treasurer, so the people will know who

I favor separation of enurch and state in this state and nation.

Sincerely yours,

Salem, Ore., April 3, -The Drain completed arrangements for the erection of a plant.

The Bay City plant of the Smith Lumber Co. on Coos Bay has been started and with connected industries will cut 700,000 feet in 24 hours.

The Lane County Manufacturers As sociation will hold a home industries exposition at Eugene from May 5th to 9th with factory congress.

The Canadian Flax Mill Co. has decided to establish a plant at Portland, and will handle about 100 tons of flax the first year.

The industries committee of the Medford Commer ial club is in correspondence with the Borden Milk Co. which wants to put in a plant.

Two candidates for the State Senate she are opposed to any further industrial laws have been requested to enter he field in Marion county.

The Portland Woolen Mills will erect a two story factory building at St. it under those circumstances, and it Johns for the scouring and carbonizing

> The Lamb Fruit Company has pur chased lots and is creeting a large ware house at Milton.

> The Polk County fair will be perma nently located on a sixteen acre tract at Dallas, and improvements are to be

> Oregon newspaper men in session at Salem adopted resolutions against any further legislation interfering with business or industries ..

> J H Williams of Grants Pass and A I. Moon of Central Point have plans completed to erect a \$60,000 sawmill, to be in operation May 1st.

> Albany is considering the purchase of a municipal paving plant to cost from \$7000 to \$9000.

The State Highway Board has contracted for 50,000 barrels of cement from the Beaver Cement Co. now completing its plant at Gold Hill,

The Eugene Fruit Grawers Association is establishing a branch at Junction to cost about \$15,000

J O Richmond is looking over Springfield for the W C Roach canning interests of Hart, Mich., and may put in a

Attorney General Crawford has decided that municipalities will not come under the operation of the workingmen's compensation act unless they elect so to do.

Rev Geo F Thompson and Rev E V on the minimum wage and right hour

All industries will feel relieved at the Jecision of Judge Cleeton that taxes will not become delinquent until September first

A four foot vein of gold quartz has een struck in Speker Creek Josephin

Big orders are being taken in advance of the railroad going into Coos ing to get into operation.

The Guthrie McDougall Co., Lewis Bldg, Portland, were awarded the construction of municipal dock No. 2, at Portland for \$229,447.

The Oregon Blue Sky law is being attacked by a second suit, and is meeting with general opposition from those seeking investments.

Mrs Eleanor LaFrance will erect a fine brick building on her property at

The taxpayers of McMinnville have authorized the erection of a \$30,000 high school building.

Astoria is about to begin work on the construcion of a retaining wall or bulkhead in front of the city and re-

claiming of tidelands. The Washington Supreme court has reduced the jury verdict of \$17,500 as too high for the loss of a man's life,

Union carpenters walked out on the State hoose repairs contract because the contractors employed two non union men. The contractors are doing the work on the open shop basis, and fin1 plenty of workers.

John Fitzhugh who will raise broom corn on his large farm near Coburg will establish a broom factory at Eu gene. Carload of machinery has ar-

A mine of paint clay such as is used has been found near Waterloo.

Plains for a Catholic church, 50 by 120, with hall 50 by 80, to cost \$75, 000, will be erected at Marshheld.

The Telephone Company will spend \$300,000 putting its main lines under GEORGE C. BROWNELL. ground at Eugene.

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