EDUCATION PROGRAM ENTERS SECOND YEAR; TRIBAL MEMBERS INVITED TO APPLY

The vocational training program for members of the Klamath tribe is now in its second year of operation. It was begun in March, 1953, having been provided for in section 26 of Public Law 587, the law dealing with termination.

H. Zakoji, better known as Zak, is the coordinator of the Klamath program at Chiloquin, and has the responsibility of overseeing the vocational program. In immediate charge of the vocational program at Chiloquin is Bill Norval. His responsibilities include counseling with students, enrolling them in school under the program, and administering the program for students in school in this area.

To enroll in the program, the student must be on the tribal rolls and must attend school in the State of Oregon. He must also meet the entrance requirements of the school he is interested in.

Klamath students receive financial aid under the program covering their room and board expenses and expenses of required books and equipment. Students are expected to maintain passing grades, attend classes regularly, and meet the general standards of the school.

A large number of Klamath students have been enrolled under the program. OTI has received the most enrollments for any one school. Students have also enrolled in a number of schools outside the Klamath area.

While some of these students have dropped out of school, many finished the 1955-56 school year or are currently attending school. Their names, schools, and courses are given in articles elsewhere in this paper.

There are many students returning for a second year of (Continued on Page 4)

INFORMATION PROGRAM UNDERWAY

It is the purpose of this article to explain to the Klamath people the methods we intend to use and the objectives of the informational program as authorized under section 26 of Public Law 587.

Public Law 587 provides for the ending of federal supervision over the property and income of the Klamath Indians, both as a tribe and as individuals. This means that under the law as passed, individual members of the tribe will no longer be subject to Federal control over their property and income as of August 13, 1958.

FEDERAL GOVT. FOOTS MENOMINEE TERMINATION

Menominee Cost Bill Passes

Congress passed HR 6218, providing for payment by the U. S. of costs of preparing for termination of federal supervision over affairs of the Menominee Tribe of Wisconsin.

Edith Green, Representative from Oregon, introduced a bill to do the same thing for the Klamath Tribe, but this bill, HR 1165 did not come to a vote before Congress adjourned. The Bureau of the Budget did not object to the Klamath appropriation bill.

As with every new law, there is always the problem of making the law and its meaning known to those who are most affected by its passage. For this reason Congress felt that a special informational and counseling service was necessary here on the reservation to make available to the Klamath people any and all important factual information.

Every means available will be used to obtain the necessary information that the Klamath people desire and to distribute it as rapidly as possible. Included are the newspapers, the mail, special news bulletins and a monthly news report by our staff. In addition we plan to use radio and TV plus the schools, churches, and any other organization that wishes to cooperate.

Most important, however, will be a program of individual, personal contacts by our staff in the field. This program is already under way and staff members during the past few weeks have contacted various tribal members in their homes or elsewhere on the reservation. Some time has been spent in getting acquainted and various subjects of interest concerning public law 587 have been discussed.

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