### **Disabilities**

continued from page 1

"I think her feeling was that she had done so much accommodating, she [felt] she was being taken advantage of," she said.

But Minchella, who has now earned all his credits for gradua-tion, remains convinced the University ignored his disability.

"We claim we're so advanced in mental illness and the treatment," he said. "But the actions of the people in this institution don't reflect that. They're in the Stone Age.'

### **Finding further** accommodation

Molly Sirois, an assistant counselor with Disability Services, said there are several methods to accommodate students with disabilities, especially during testing.

She said the most common recourse for students with learning disabilities is to place them in a separate classroom where they can have more time and fewer distractions to complete their tests.

Sirois said there are a variety of measures for students with physical disabilities. Blind students can have class work translated into Braille or tests can be scanned into a computer and administered through a synthetic speech pro-

For those with who have problems with their motor functions, Sirois said they can answer test questions verbally and have someone write or type out their answers.

Bonnie Bennett, a student with a slight disability that affects her ability to write, said she does not feel she's at a disadvantage in her class-

"The test I take at the Disability Office is the same test my classmates have," she said. "I use a typewriter to answer essay questions rather than having to write them

While she said it would be nice just to answer questions verbally, Bennett also said she had no problems expressing herself through the arrangements with the Disability

Yet, Sirois said, for students with severe learning disabilities, classes become far more difficult.

"It's more about maybe accessing and retrieving the information learned and actually expressing that," she said.

For these students and others with severe physical impairments, Sirois said there need to be testing methods that are "not there yet in education philosophy."

"I'd like to see the way that we really ask students to express their knowledge change," she said. "I think we need to look to new ways to ask students what they've learned; it's time we looked at that in higher education as a whole.

### **Education for the educators**

Most professors said they simply follow the recommendations of Disability Services to accommodate students with disabilities

Religious studies professor and department head Andrew Goble said he is informed by Disability Services when a student with special needs will be attending his class and what that student will re-

He said he appreciates the help from Disability Services, because with 200 to 300 students in some classes, it would be hard to find students who need some extra

help.
"We're informed of it, because it's not up to us to look over the class and see who's deserving," he

But Gould said that teachers and department heads need to be more aware about how to deal with students with disabilities one-on-one. She said when the situation with Minchella arose, it was only through extensive help from Disability Services that she began to realize the process for working with a dissatisfied student with disabili-

"I had to find that out all the hard way," she said.

Gould said it wasn't because she and her staff couldn't accommodate people; she said she just thought educators should be better prepared to deal with any situation. She said this likely could be facilitated through an orientation period, where staff members from Disability Services could explain the various types of disabilities and how best to accommodate them.

"Traditional educators need to be informed," she said.

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# Senate passes annual sessions bill

By Brad Cain

SALEM — A proposed ballot measure asking voters if they want the Oregon Legislature to meet in annual sessions, rather than every other year, won easy approval Monday in the Senate.

The measure cleared the Senate on a 24-4 vote after supporters said annual sessions would allow legislators to keep closer tabs on state agencies and make it easier to draw up a state budget.

Opponents of SJR12 said, however, that annual sessions eventually would lead to a full-time Legislature of professional politicians.

If the measure clears the House, it will be placed before voters in May 2002. The measure would authorize the Legislature to meet each January and limit to 150 the total number of days lawmakers could meet in a two-year period.

Oregon is one of only seven states where lawmakers don't meet each year, and supporters of the move to annual sessions said the current every-other-year arrangement isn't efficient in an age where state government has grown to a \$12 billion operation.

Republican Sen. Randy Miller, sponsor of the measure, said lawmakers meeting annually would be able to make sure state agencies were carrying out the mandates imposed on them by the Legislature.

Miller and other backers of annual sessions also argue that the current every-other-year approach doesn't work well with term limits, where lawmakers are prohibited from serving more than six years in the House or eight in the Senate.

The measure was opposed by Sen. Lenn Hannon, one of the Senate's longest-serving members, who called it a "fraud" and said lawmakers were trying to get around the term limits law by having the Legislature meet each year.

"If term limits is the issue, then let's vote on it," the Ashland Republican said.

Further, Hannon said he doubts Oregonians want "full-time politi-

"We need a citizen legislature, not a full-time, year-round legislature," Hannon said.

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