



**Surf Trunks,
Sunglasses,
& Sandals**

13th & High • 484-2588

Come join us for a special workshop/discussion on

KARMA AND REINCARNATION

Explore the following:

- Simple techniques that can help you to explore your past lives.
- Can knowledge of karma and reincarnation provide the key to understanding the problems and events facing you today?
- Are my present relationships the product of my actions in a past life?
- Is the scientific study of reincarnation now possible?

Wednesday, May 3 7:30pm
Esslinger 112

Sponsored by ECKANKAR
Religion of the Light and Sound of God
315-D West 13th Ave. 343-2657

RECYCLE
THIS
PAPER

Study Japanese this Summer!

Intensive six-week program at Lewis & Clark College in Portland July 18-Aug 27. Study Japanese language (all levels) & culture courses in economics, literature and history. Earn 12 hours of UO credit while living and studying with Japanese students. Outdoor wilderness trip included. Prior language study not required. Financial aid, scholarships available.

Oregon/Japan Summer Program
222 SW Columbia, Suite 1750
Portland, OR 97201
1-800-823-7838 opjennb@aol.com

JOIN NOW!

DOC'S



COCKTAIL RESEARCH TEAM

165 W. 11th • 683-8101



**BLUES JAM \$1.00
EVERY MONDAY!**

**THU 4 MAY
SPIRIT**

**FRI 5 MAY
SAVOY
BROWN**

**THU 11 MAY
BIG BROTHER &
The HOLDING CO.**



**THE
ECCENTRICITIES
OF A NIGHTINGALE**
BY HENNESSEY WILLIAMS
Theater Box Office 346-4191

Fat linked to prostate cancer

WASHINGTON (AP) — A diet high in saturated fat has a direct role in the cause of prostate cancer, but it does not explain why some ethnic groups have more of the cancer than others, according to a new study.

The research, to be published Wednesday in the Journal of the National Cancer Institute, compared the diet and physical activity of 1,655 prostate cancer patients with that of 1,645 men who did not have the disease.

Included in the study groups were black, white, Chinese-American and Japanese-American men. The different ethnic groups were included because black American men are known to have a very high risk of prostate cancer, and white American men have a high risk, while Asian-Americans have a low risk of the disease.

The study found that food intake was highest among blacks and lowest among Asian-Americans,

and across all ethnic groups food consumption was highest among those with prostate cancer.

Fat consumption was highest among blacks, followed by white men, then Japanese-Americans and the Chinese-Americans.

"Within each of the four ethnic groups, case patients [those with cancer] reported greater consumption of energy, fats and red meats than did control subjects [those without cancer]," the study said.

As a result, the study found that there was a direct causal link between dietary fat consumption and prostate cancer risk.

One point of the study was to determine if diet or other environmental factors explained the differences in prostate cancer rates between the ethnic groups.

The researchers concluded that fat consumption would account for only about 10 percent of the difference in prostate cancer rates

between black and white American men, and only about 15 percent of the difference between white and Asian-American men.

About 178,000 new cases of prostate cancer are diagnosed annually in the United States and Canada and about 39,000 men die of the disease each year. Prostate cancer rates in China and Japan are only a fraction of the rates for American blacks. Chinese-Americans and Japanese-Americans have prostate cancer rates higher than their counterparts in Asia but lower than the rates of white and black American men.

The study was conducted by researchers at the University of Hawaii, the University of Southern California, the Northern California Cancer Center in Union City, Calif.; the British Columbia Cancer Agency in Vancouver, Canada; the National Cancer Institute of Canada; the Oakland, Calif., Research Institute, and Stanford University.

Pennsylvania executes inmate

BELLEfonte, Pa. (AP) — A man who begged the courts to let him die because "brain disease" made his life in prison hell was executed Tuesday, becoming the first inmate killed in Pennsylvania in 33 years.

Keith Zettlemoyer was declared dead at Rockview State Prison at 10:25 p.m., about 10 minutes after drugs began dripping into each arm through intravenous tubes. Zettlemoyer took a sedative in the hours leading up to his death and no complications occurred during the execution, said Ben Livingston of the Corrections Department.

Not even a clemency plea from the victim's mother, who said she couldn't support the death penalty under any circumstance, could sway the state and U.S. Supreme Courts, which turned down eleventh-hour appeals.

Zettlemoyer was visited by a Protestant minister Tuesday afternoon at the prison. After spending much of the afternoon reading a Bible, he ordered two cheeseburgers, fries, chocolate pudding and chocolate milk for his last meal.

Zettlemoyer was convicted of the 1980 murder of a friend who planned to testify against him in a robbery trial. After 14 years of appeals, the 39-year-old recently fired his attorneys and dropped his efforts to live.

"I see my execution as an end of suffering to my imprisonment — a blessed, merciful release from all these health symptoms that I'm constantly suffering with," he testified Saturday in U.S. District Court.

Zettlemoyer has been diagnosed with post traumatic stress disorder. He complained in court of an unspecified "brain disease," though doctors said they could find nothing physically wrong. The doctors did not specify a cause or possible origin of the stress disorder.

Attorneys for the Pennsylvania Post-Conviction Defender Organization argued that Zettlemoyer was not mentally competent to decide his own fate.

Three psychiatrists testified that Zettlemoyer was sane.

"I'm not crazy. I'm not loony. I understand perfectly what's going on with the execution and everything," Zettlemoyer said.

Zettlemoyer was convicted of murdering Charles DeVetsco. DeVetsco's 79-year-old mother, Aldona, joined with the defender organization to try to stop the execution. She did not return several telephone messages from The Associated Press.

Elmo Smith was the last inmate to die in Pennsylvania, in 1962. Since the U.S. Supreme Court allowed states to resume the death penalty in 1976, Pennsylvania has scheduled 34 executions.

Zettlemoyer twice previously had been scheduled to die. He received one stay from the Pennsylvania Supreme Court and one from former Gov. Dick Thornburgh.

The 3rd U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals on Monday rejected a motion filed by the advocacy group. Three appeals judges agreed with a lower court ruling that Zettlemoyer "knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily opted to proceed with his execution."

Since the U.S. Supreme Court allowed executions to resume in 1976, 275 people have been put to death.

Shoot on over to the Star

39¢

Cheeseburger
(Limit 10)
All day Saturday

99¢

Famous Big Star®
All day... everyday

99¢

"All you can eat"
Hotcakes
7:00am-10:30am daily

Carl's Jr.

East Broadway & Hilyard
(Offers are limited time only)



FREE SHOWING

NOAM CHOMSKY'S "MANUFACTURING CONSENT"

Learn the TRUTH about corporate controlled media
180 PLC Wed. May 3, 7 p.m.

For more info, contact the
Survival Center
346-4356

"31 years of Quality Service"

Mercedes • BMW • Volkswagen
Audi • Datsun • Toyota



**GERMAN
AUTO
SERVICE,
INC.**

342-2912

2025 Franklin Blvd.

Eugene, Oregon, 97402

Celebrating 21
years of recycling
books...

**Save
10%**

on all non-textbooks
throughout May.
(Some restrictions apply)

**Smith Family
Bookstore**

345-1651
768 E. 13th

or

343-4717
525 Willamette St.