After struggle, Eugene claimed 'white elephant'

Unwanted university benefited city identity

By Carrie Dennett **Emerald Associate Editor**

The University opened its doors in Eugene 115 years ago, boasting one building and 96 students. However, had Eugene residents not fought for what was then an unwanted institution, the city might be very different today.

In 1787 the legal tools for the establishment of a state university became available from the U.S. government, but went unclaimed for 64 years until a fast-approaching federal deadline created a desperate search for a city to take the university.

The burden was first assigned to Marysville (now Corvallis), but four years later, in 1855, it was passed on to Jacksonville.

Eugene at that time was a farming community of about 200 families, and the residents saw little need for an institution of higher learning. Those who sought more than a primary education simply went to a church-financed school such as Willamette University (Methodist) or Pacific University (Congregationalist).

By 1872, the deadline was up, and the future university had become a white elephant. Even Portland declined, not wanting to "waste" any land.

The state then began to explore the option of adding to an already-existing university.

If not for Joshua J. Walton, a Eugene circuit court judge, the university would not have come to Eugene. Walton saw a need for a university, and drove Eugene to the point of



This aerial photo of Eugene, taken in 1930, is a view looking west down the Willamette River, with Skinner Butte and the Ferry Street Bridge in the foreground.

bankruptcy to get it.

Walton formed the Union University Association, and proposed to the Oregon Legislature that in exchange for a site and a structure worth \$50,000 within two years, Eugene would receive the university.

The state university became

attractive to Eugene and Lane County residents because it was viewed as an enterprise that would bring money to the community without the community expending much of its own money, said University Archivist Keith Richards.

Richards said that for every

dollar spent at the University, four to five more dollars are created in the community. State-funded salaries were an added incentive.

After Eugene placed its bid, other cities jumped into the ring, assuming that Walton was onto something.

Eugene put a strong lobbying effort into gaining the rights to the university, but it was an agreement with Corvallis that turned the tide.

Corvallis had been lobbying for the university as well, but

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