

World news

U.S. may break away from SALT II arms agreement

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Reagan ordered the destruction of two nuclear submarines Tuesday, keeping the United States within the limits

of the SALT II arms agreement, but served notice he will not be bound by the treaty in future military decisions. Reagan, in his announce-

ment, called the treaty "fundamentally flawed" because "it codified arms buildups rather than reductions."

It was the first time the United States asserted a readiness to break out from the ceilings imposed by the 1979 Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty, signed by former President Carter and the late Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev but never ratified by the Senate.

However, Reagan suggested he might stay within the SALT limits if the Soviets take "constructive steps" to correct alleged arms violations and negotiate seriously on a new arms treaty.

"Should they do so, we will

certainly take this into account," the president said.

Reagan's announcement was immediately criticized by Senate Majority Leader Bob Dole of Kansas, a potential contender for the GOP presidential nomination. "I am concerned that the decision sends the wrong signal to the Kremlin," Dole said.

"We cannot continue to abide by an agreement — an unratified agreement, at that — which the Soviets are so blatantly violating," Dole said in a statement.

Sen. Albert Gore, D-Tenn., said, "I congratulate the president," but said the decision is "both good news and bad

news."

It is good news, Gore told a news conference, because "the treaty is in our best interests," but it is bad news "because it leaves arms control hanging by a thread."

Paul Warnke, the chief U.S. negotiator for the SALT II treaty, said Reagan's decision represented "rock-headed thinking."

Reagan's decision means that two Poseidon submarines, each armed with 16 multiple-warhead missiles, will be retired this summer as a new Trident submarine, the USS Nevada, joins the U.S. nuclear fleet.

University Neighborhood Dentist

Gentle care for students for 14 years

Student Discount Available

J. Scott Baxter, D.M.D., P.C.

680 E. 18th Ave., Eugene
(corner of 18th & Hilyard)

344-6371

MEET THE CHALLENGE!

3500 college students nation-wide will be working in the Southwestern Company's Summer Work Program.

Earn **\$1,480** / month average this summer

Gain valuable resume credentials
Experience recognized by top companies.

INTERVIEWS TODAY!

Time: 3:00 or 6:00 p.m.

Place: 44 Geology

Need 2 hours • Dress casual • Come 5 min. early

Soviets ease restrictions on emigration of its citizens

WASHINGTON (AP) — In the biggest exodus of its kind in three decades, the Soviet Union pledged to open the gates to 117 of its citizens yearning to join their families in the United States, the State Department announced Tuesday.

The Reagan administration praised the decision as a "significant step" and said the move would settle 36 of 126 divided-family cases the United States has been pressing Kremlin leaders to resolve.

State Department spokesman Charles Redman said that word of the decision was given to the United States Monday in the closing hours of an otherwise unproductive human rights conference in Bern, Switzerland.

He said the Soviets provided a list of names of people to be allowed to emigrate and who are expected to leave the country after completing paperwork that often takes several weeks.

Redman did not disclose the names on the list, but he said the State Department was in the process of trying to notify their families in the United States.

In addition to those on the list, the Soviets have promised to settle two other cases, one involving the spouse of a U.S. citizen and one involving a person with dual nationality. These names have not been given to U.S. authorities, he said.

"The U.S. government and the American people welcome this development," Redman said of the Soviet decision.

If the Soviet Union carries through with its plan, "it will make the largest single resolu-

tion of representation list cases since the United States government began submitting such lists to the USSR almost 30 years ago," he said.

"It is a positive step that will contribute to an improved atmosphere in our relations, and will facilitate efforts to build on the progress begun at the Geneva summit last year," the spokesman said. "It is our hope this significant step signals that the Soviet Union shares our desire to move ahead" in improving relations on several fronts.

At their summit in Geneva last November, President Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev agreed to cooperate to resolve humanitarian cases. Redman said the latest decision "gives real meaning to the joint statement."

After the summit, Gorbachev pledged to resolve 33 divided family cases, and people involved in 24 of those cases have already left the Soviet Union. In addition to the 90 family separation cases still remaining, the United States is officially pressing 21 cases involving divided spouses and 20 involving people with dual nationality.

Free emigration is one of the broad human rights principles that the Soviet Union and 34 other nations endorsed in the 1975 Helsinki pact on security and cooperation in Europe, but U.S. administrations have accused Moscow of failing to abide by the provisions.

Despite its warm reaction to the latest lowering of emigration barriers, the Reagan administration repeated its view that general non-compliance continues to blot the record.

HAIR TODAY

The Perfect Perms
for Graduation and Summer!

\$30 without haircut

561 E. 13th (Across from Max's)

485-4422

Open Saturdays
Free Parking available



Find out what's happening
Read the Emerald

Caller says hostages killed

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — An anonymous telephone caller said Tuesday that American, French and British hostages were being killed by their captors, but no bodies were found.

It appeared to be the second hoax call in as many days.

The caller to the Christian radio station Voice of Lebanon said the extremist Shiite Moslem group Islamic Holy War was killing five Americans, four Frenchmen and a Briton and their bodies would be left in Moslem west Beirut at 2 p.m.

Police said 12 patrols combed the streets for hours, but found nothing.

A man who telephoned the station Monday, also claiming to represent Islamic Holy War, said two French hostages would be released by the end of the day. No one was freed.

In Paris, Foreign Minister Jean-Bernard Raimond told the Senate that government efforts to free the French hostages in Lebanon "appear to be progressing, in particular since the contacts made last week" with Iranian officials who visited France.

Wednesday, May 28, 1986

poppi's GRILL HOUSE IS OPEN

Breakfast. Lunch. Dinner.

6 a.m. — 3 a.m.

1225 Alder St. • 343-9661

DON'T FORGET WEDNESDAYS
Dining Room
Special!

Pizza & a Pitcher **\$5.50**

EAST BROADWAY PIZZERIA

"Chicago Style" Pizza
Calzone and Pasta

652 E. Broadway • 345-4114
Carry-out or Delivery