

World News Capsules

U.N., Red Truce Conferees Agree On Most Non-controversial Details

Compiled by Mary Ann Mowery

(From the wires of the United Press and Associated Press)

Allied and Red staff officers have cleared up most of the non-controversial details of a Korean truce even though there still remains the problem of Russia as a so-called neutral truce observer and three other big issues. Communist insistence that Russia help police a Korean truce deadlocked the latest session of the truce talks. The Reds further complicated the negotiations by rejecting an Allied proposal that the numbers of neutral nations to supervise a truce be reduced from three to two for each side.

The other unsolved issue is the number of ports of entry for truce supervision. The U.N. command is asking six ports for each side while the Reds insist five are enough. On the question of prisoner exchange, the Reds will not give ground on their demand for compulsory repatriation.

French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman . . .

... said Tuesday he has the "firm hope" that the United States and Great Britain will guarantee France against any future German sellout of the European army. Schuman said the guarantees he mentioned would be both political and legal.

The French foreign minister made the statement at a press conference after conferring with Secretary of State Dean Acheson and British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, fellow delegates to the North Atlantic Treaty organization meeting which ended yesterday.

Official American quarters at once threw cold water on Schuman's statement saying that only congress could give such guarantees.

Acheson, at the hour-long conference today with Schuman and Eden, simply reaffirmed what congress had already authorized—the maintenance of six American divisions in Europe and the American hope for European unity, informants said.

The House of Commons . . .

... Tuesday defeated by a vote of 318 to 285 a Laborite motion to personally censure Prime Minister Winston Churchill for assuring the United States that Britain would join in "prompt resolute and effective action" if the Communists break a Korean truce.

The vote came after Churchill had revealed officially that Britain has the atom bomb.

Opening a full dress foreign policy debate, Herbert Morrison, who was foreign secretary in the Labor government before the conservatives got back in power last fall, said of Churchill's January visit to Washington:

"I am inclined to think it was a doubtful mission by the wrong man at the wrong time. He came back with very small results for the country."

Korean war came to an almost complete halt . . .

... both in the air and on the ground Tuesday.

Only 14 sorties were flown by 5th air force planes because of the almost solid overcast over North Korea. It was the lowest number of operational flights since Sept. 26, 1951, when the weather limited the 5th air force to seven sorties.

An 8th army communique said there was no significant contact with the enemy on the ground except, on the central front, where U.N. patrols fought light engagements with Red units up to two squads in strength.

Reuther Says World Needs Proof

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maintain full employment to thwart the contrary claims of the Communists.

Peacetime Unity

3. We must achieve national unity in peacetime we have been able to get in wartime. We must have a philosophy, he said, which transcends selfish interests.

4. Some of the private iron curtains imposed in this country have got to be lifted to provide industrial peace based on social justice.

5. We must emphasize positive leadership in politics—fighting for one's belief even in disagreeing with the other, rather than the current practice of destroying the other's beliefs and character.

6. It is important that the level of political consciousness on the part of the people be raised. "Freedom is not a luxury. Every democratic privilege has a corresponding democratic obligation."

7. Civil rights must be emphasized. There exists a vast "discrepancy between democracy's noble promise and practice." The double standard in America provides Communism with a great psychol-

ogical weapon. "It is not just a matter of human decency," he said, "but a matter of survival."

8. "We've got to realize that to help ourselves in the world we've got to help others to help themselves." Reuther said congress has always provided billions for war but, when floods, poverty, famine occur, "they go to the congressional medicine cabinet, get an eyedropper, and give us a couple of drops."

9. "We've got to realize and act in the knowledge that peace is more than the absence of war." Everyone recognizes, he said, that to win war we must wage a program of peace.

It is our task, Reuther stated, to find leadership to provide positive action along these lines.

"If we do, we can mobilize the tremendous spiritual force of free people in building a better tomorrow with economic and social justice for all," he asserted.

We will then fashion the future along the lines of "freedom, justice, and brotherhood."

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THE UO HONOR CODE COMMITTEE REPORTS

Honor Pledges

Sign on Tests, At Registration

It is our recommendation that new students during registration sign an honor pledge to the effect that they will abide by the spirit and letter of the Oregon honor code.

We also recommend that an honor pledge be incorporated on and signed on all written work done for grade. It is hoped that faculty members will cooperate by refusing to grade papers without said honor pledge and signature.

The registration and paper honor pledges shall not be regarded as having any legal or binding force upon the individual but shall serve mainly to remind students of the code of honor at Oregon.

Reporting Methods

Tap Pencil, Tell Court Member

Upon first detection of a violation, it shall be the responsibility of the detector to warn said violator by the brief but audible tapping of a pencil. This constitutes a warning to the violator.

The detector has available to him at least one of the following courses of action.

1. The detector may report to any member of the Student court his suspicion of a violation.

If this course of action is followed, it is recommended that a written report of the detector be filed with the Student court. The written report shall include at least the following: circumstances of the offense and names of detector and violator.

2. The detector may confront the violator personally with the fact that a suspected violation has occurred.

If this course of action is followed, the detector should remind the violator that he, himself, is to report his offense to any member of the Student court as soon as possible.

Two Days Leeway

At the end of two days the detector should check with the Student court to ascertain whether or not the violation has been reported. If not, the detector may report to any member of the Student court his suspicion of a violation.

If this course of action is followed, it is recommended that the written report of the detector be filed with the Student court. The written report shall include at least the following: circumstances of the offense and names of the detector and violator.

3. All suspected cases of cheating detected by or reported to faculty members shall be reported in full and in writing to the Student court.

This report may include the faculty member's recommendations

'We Do It This Way . . .

Stanford Honor System Quizzes Include 'Take-home' Examinations

By Phil Bettens

How are tests given under the honor system at Stanford university?

Some "take-home" exams—tests which may be done outside of class—are given; however, these seem to be in the minority, according to the report of UO honor committee members who investigated the Stanford setup.

And although students might not cheat during classroom tests, some professors feel that those same students might cheat in doing outside papers.

"Sometimes it's hard to detect cheating, or to be sure someone

(Ed. note: This is the second installment of the report by the ASUO honor code committee which will be presented to the ASUO senate Thursday. The third and last article will appear Thursday.)

Members of the committee who collaborated on the report are Arlo Giles, Francis Gillmore, Merv Hampton, John Beal, Al Karr, Marilyn Thompson, E. G. Bingham and E. G. Ebbighausen.)

concerning the disposition of the case. For example, he may recommend that the case be referred to him for counseling.

Not Mandatory

Recommendations submitted by the faculty member in question shall in no way be mandatory upon the Student court.

The names of the detector and violator shall at no time be disclosed to anyone outside the Student court. It shall be the personal obligation of the individual court members never to reveal to any outside source whatever the name or identity of the detector and/or violator.

It is recommended that the Student court report to each instructor at the end of each term the number of violations which occurred in his classes which have been adjudged guilty by the Student court.

Code, Court Committee

Will Orientate, Educate Students

The honor code and court committee shall be appointed by the ASUO president with the approval of a two-thirds majority of the ASUO senate.

The committee shall represent both senate and non-senate opinion; faculty and student. It is recommended that the principle of continuity be observed in the appointment of said committee.

The honor code and court committee shall be responsible for the honor code orientation program and for the honor code educational program carried on throughout the year. Also, this committee shall recommend the student members of the student court to the ASUO senate.

Appoint Spring Term

New members of the honor code and court committee shall be appointed spring term immediately after ASUO elections and by the outgoing president, and after the recommendation of the next Student court has been made.

The new members of the committee will work with the outgoing committee in the formation of the plans for fall term orientation.

The new committee will officially assume office on the last day of spring term finals.

The chairman of the Student court shall serve as advisory (non-voting) member of the honor code and court committee.

Student Court

Hears All Cases; Deans OK Names

The Student court shall hear all honor code cases and recommend disposition of cases to the student discipline committee through the office of student affairs. The Student court shall also carry on the functions delegated to it under Article V of the ASUO constitution.

The honor code and court committee shall recommend the new members of the student court to the ASUO senate within the first two weeks of each spring term. A two-thirds vote of the senate shall be required to approve the recommendation.

The honor code and court committee shall call for petitions to fill vacancies in the Student court. These petitions shall then be submitted to the deans of the various schools and the director of student affairs.

Deans to Recommend

The deans of the various schools and the director of student affairs (men's and women's affairs) will recommend to the honor code and court committee those among the petitioners that they deem eligible to hold office.

The deans of the various schools may submit to the honor code and court committee the names of any other students in their departments whom they feel capable, in addition to the petitioners that they choose to recommend.

The honor code and court committee shall recommend the members of the Student court, from among the petitions and recommendations received by the ASUO senate.

Seven-student Court

Seven students shall serve on the Student court. Their tenure will be for the duration of their undergraduate work.

By class, it shall be composed of one graduate student, three seniors, two juniors and one sophomore. The college of liberal arts and at least two professional schools shall be represented. Both sexes shall be represented.

It is recommended that when members of the Student court are chosen in 1952 that present members of that court as now constituted shall receive due consideration by the honor code and court committee.

The office of student affairs shall be represented on the student court in an ex-officio, non-voting capacity.

The chairman of the Student court shall be appointed by the ASUO president, taking into consideration the recommendation of the Student court.

The chairman shall be appointed for a one-year term at the close of each spring term. The chairman is not eligible to succeed himself as chairman. He shall have at least two terms of experience on the Student court.

No Duplication

A member of the Student court may not hold any elective office in the ASUO nor may he be an official or any campus political party. If a member of the Student court should become a candidate for such office, his resignation shall be automatic.

Vacancies occurring in the Student court will be filled in the regularly prescribed manner.

Each year the sophomore member will be advanced to one of the junior positions; the two junior members will be advanced to two of the senior positions. The graduate position may or may not be filled by one of the former senior members. The tenure of the graduate member is to be one year and this position must be filled by appointment or re-appointment each year.

New members shall observe at the meetings of the outgoing Student court for the remainder of the spring term. The new court will officially assume office on the last day of spring term finals.

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