## Up From UO

### By PEGGY OVERLAND

Those long months of steady grinding under chemistry, physics, zoology, and other pre-med assignments seem never to lead very far except up to the "school on the hill" where the grind is even worse. But ultimately the few through and someone like Dr. Esther Pohl Lovejoy, M.D. '94, gets written up in a column because of the amazing career she has managed to build out of ordinary routine.

Dr. Lovejoy is one of the earliest women graduates of the medical school and also one of its most distinguished alumni. Calm, whitehaired, clear-eyed, she has perhaps one of the greatest collections of international medals any single person has ever possessed, except perhaps for royalty and they never receive them for meritorious work. And Dr. Lovejoy's work has been of the most brilliant.

After graduating from the medical school she began the practice of medicine in Portland and continued therein until the beginning of World War I, except for absences for post graduate work in Chicago and Vienna. During her practice in Portland she served as a member of the Portland board of health from 1905 to 1909, and as head of the health department from 1909 to 1912.

Perhaps at the present time, such a career doesn't appear very startling, but Dr. Lovejoy had electrified the world of the gay '90's when she decided even to major in medicine, and then her entry into regular executive positions must have shocked conservative Portland down to its finger-

## Red Cross Served

When World War I broke out, Dr. Lovejoy, like any modern young girl, decided to help as much as she could. In 1917 she served with the American Red Cross in France, and in 1918 was returned to the United States to make a tour of the country and tell the people of the great need of the Red Cross in Europe. During that time she was asked to take active charge of the American Women's Hospitals service, in which position she has continued to the present time. Since then she has held the position of general director of the organization with headquarters in the Rockefeller Center in New York.

Some of her other official capacities include: fellow of the American Medical association: a member of the Medical Women's National association, (president 1932-33); the Medical Women's International association (president 1919-1924); and an honorary member of the Oregon State Medical society and the Multnomah County Medical society.

### Owns Medals

The colorful part of her, however, is her medal collection. A strict listing of them would read something as follows: Cross of the Legion of Honor (France); Cross of the Redeemer; Grand Cross of the Order of King George I and War Cross (Greece); Cross of the Holy Sepulcher (Jerusalem): Gold Cross of Saint Save (Yugoslavia).

She is also author of "The House of the Good Neighbor," 1919, and "Certain Samaritans," 1927-33. In June of 1942, this amazing woman received an honorary doctor of laws degree from the University of Oregon.

Hardly much more is needed to be said concerning such an astonishing record of doing the unusual. To the few girls who daringly now attempt majoring in pre-medicine, Dr. Lovejoy should certainly set a superb example.

MARJORIE M. GOODWIN EDITOR

ELIZABETH EDMUNDS BUSINESS MANAGER

MARJORIE YOUNG Managing Editor

GLORIA MALLOY Advertising Manager

ANNE CRAVEN News Editor

Norris Yates, Joanne Nichols Associate Editors

Betty Lou Vogelpohl, Executive Secretary Warren Miller, Army Editor Bob Stiles, Sports Editor Mary Jo Geiser, Staff Photographer

Carol Greening, Betty Ann Stevens Co-Women's Editors Betty French Robertson, Chief Night Editor Elizabeth Haugen, Assistant Managing Editor

Published daily during the college year except Sundays, Mondays, and holidays and final examination periods by the Associated Students, University of Oregon.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice, Eugene, Oregon.

## The Assembly Today.

This afternoon's all-campus assembly will be one of the richest experiences students here have ever had. For today they will hear Mrs. Lisa Lindback, Norwegian correspondent, who has seen this war since its beginning and who has looked upon its horror and drama and human tears and pain.

Mrs. Lindback has already spoken in public twice on this campus. Once, to a meeting in the library browsing room, once to the journalism editing class. On both occasions, her audiences came away thoughtful and inspired.

Thoughtful, because when a person as vital and as exciting as Mrs. Lindback recounts such experiences as front line reporting in the Spanish civil war, and the burning of the German Reichstag, which sealed the mold of a future war-the distant sounds of bombs and children crying come very close.

Inspired, because they are witness to what she has accomplished. Her career began quietly in Naples where she studied archeology. But while things were happening she felt that archeology was not for her, not until peace. From that time on, until the fall of France, by accident and by calculation, she followed the war. Her trek with the refugees on the roads of France ended that phase of her work.

Now Mrs. Lindback, who was teaching her native language to the foreign area and language students, is working in the library and writing a new book. Her first book was the result of her investigations of the Norwegian merchant marine which probably saved the allied cause in the early part of the war. Talking with the men who manned the ships, discovering 'where they were born, why they were fighting, what happened when the torpedo hit," she gathered the story of "One Thousand Norwegian Ships.'

Although her talk to students today will be particularly about Norway, and its present occupation by Germany, there will probably creep into her observations the same revolt against fascism which her friend Ernest Hemingway evidenced in "For Whom the Bell Tolls."

If we are still not aware, or if we sometimes forget how war came and how men died and still die-this little, blue-eyed Norwegian woman is our reproach.-M.M.G.

## Ylass for Headhunters

In the rough and tough days of Captain Cook, as well as in the scarcely less exciting days of the copra-inspired expansion of the white man's commerce with the South Seas, the possession of a few baubles of glass jewelry often meant the difference between "keeping one's head" and quite literally losing it. And in recent times, in fact right down to the outbreak of our present war, the pilots of the gold-carrying planes flying back and forth across New Guinea's 13,000 foot Owen Stanley range dreaded the necessity for a forced landing, because it meant risking death by poisoned arrows, the spear, or the kris. Five out of six men who attempted to cross New Guinea or any of the larger Solomon islands by land left their bones somewhere along those sweat-box trails. The sixth as often as not came out alive because he had thought to lay in a supply of trinkets and bright, glittering ornaments before he set out.

On islands like Bougainville and Guadalcanal lived headhunters so intractable amid such gloomly, impenetrable jungles and unclimable mountains that when they lopped the skulls of occasional wandering traders and shipwrecked sailors, even the police of the Fiji high court, dreaded throughout the length and breadth of British Oceania by the natives, dared not follow to apprehend them. In those regions a shilling's worth of cut glass beads was often worth more to a man than his weight in solid gold.

of these wildernesses, sailors no longer need wear pistols in more.—N.Y.

# Letters to the Editor

(Editor's note' The writer of this extract from a personal let- on with redoubled effort. Instead ter was formerly an ASTP student of breaking loose, the wire catches at the University of Oregon who is now in training at Camp Cooke, California.)

This has been a busy day. This morning we went through the infiltration course; this is a game tht is played for keeps, and the object is to crawl over 100 yards of simulated battlefield. You crouch you stop struggling and try some silently in the starting trenchthen the machine guns let go a gence. You remove the troubleround of live ammunition. You watch the bullets spatter in the dirt of the bank behind you. Pretty darn low-so you keep your head down. Of course they told head in the dirt with the first exyou it was perfectly safe if you stayed down, but suppose . . . you chew your last fingernails.

Then somewhere a whistle blows and the order comes down the line to go over the top. Well, this is it. So you crawl out of the trench like a four-legged snake, seeking are both blind. You saw them yesevery little depression in the ground. Somewhere upwind a smoke shell explodes and the black, billowy cloud rolls down on you. There's nothing to be afraid of, they told you it was coming, but it chokes you and blinds you. Smoke sneaks into every nook and cranny-some even crawls up your helmet-until you can't see two feet in front of you. You continue to crawl using the Braille system.

Mud Pitfall

Now, in the mist, you blunder into a mud hole. You plunge through, nose two inches above the dirty water. You decide you don't like amphibious training. By now the smoke has rolled over you and you open the throttle. The increased effort makes you sweat all the more and each damp spot picks up dirt and adds more mud to your already filthy body. The machine gun bullets are chattering merrily overhead but you don't pay any attention to them any more.

You have enough troubles on the ground for you have just struck the first barbed wire entanglements. Turning over so you can hold the wire up you try a sort of backstroke that wears you out but doesn't propel you very fast. mouth and eyes. You try to spit but sand is all that comes out. You

Then you feel a snag, but plunge in half a dozen new places and you thrash desperately trying to untangle yourself.

### Voice of Intelligence

Then out of somewhere comes the voice of Major Averill, "You AST men are all potentional officer candidates. Your are the most intelligent men in the army." So of this officer candidate intellisome barbs and roll clear. Just as you are complimenting yourself a charge of dynamite goes off in your ear. You had buried your plosion and just lie there while stones and debris shower down on you sounding like a hailstorm on your steel helmet. You remember the two engineers from the next battalion who didn't duck in time when the dynamite went off. They terday with their barracks bags all packed, an officer leading each one by the hand.

Another barbed wire entanglement is negotiated easily. Your elbows and knees are taking an awful beating and your breath sounds like someone dying of bronchial pneumonia. But you are on the home stretch so you don't mind. After what seems like hours of crawling you tumble into the final trench.

Taking one look at the grimy figure that arrives two seconds later you wonder-do I look like that - my own mother wouldn't recognize me. The new arrival looks at you, half smiles, digs a wad of mud out of his, spits, and says, "Quite (censored) a course, wasn't it?"

Soon the guns stop and the order comes to climb out of the trench and load yourself into the waiting GI trucks. You're tired and sweaty and filthy and aching but you're happy; the Battle of Camp Cooke is over. This has been a busy day.

PFC. RALPH HOLZWARTH, Armed Field Artillery, Formerly, Co. C., U. O.

A branch of the women's wing Now the sun is in your eyes and has been organized on the Univerthe sweat runs down into your sity of New Mexico campus with classes in ground training for women interested in joining the have eaten your peck of dirt and WAFS or some other flight course. so you feel prepared to die. The The course will include classes in first half of your body goes under areodynamics, radio code, aircraft the wire easily. This isn't bad at identification, physics, military organization, calisthentics, and drill.

their belts when beating through Torres strait or Bikini pascage. But the natives are still there, and they still are intrigued by glass jewelry and trinkets. Instead of refraining them from taking heads, the donations of University students' excess costume jewelry will induce them to build runways, dig drainage ditches, unload ships-these and a hundred other jobs, all of which will aid directly in winning the war. The American soldiers and sailors in the South Seas have plenty to do in the way of drill, fighting, and camp detail without being forced in addition to take on these incidental, but vitally necessary tasks. Furthermore the sun is intensely hot, the humidity very high, and the malarial mosquitoes ever-present. Hardy as the Americans are, they would wilt in droves were they forced to perform many of the duties which the acclimatized natives carry on with the greatest of ease.

Nor are we cheating these erstwhile headhunters by inducing them to work for baubles measured out by the dime's worth. Were our men not sweating and suffering and dying in those islands, the Jap would now be there. Ask of the Filipino if he prefers life under the Rising Sun to that under the Stars and Stripes. Ask-the harassed Malay whether he prefers the white man's rule to that of the yellow man. Ask the overworked Annamese or the freedom-loving Dyak. And when you have received your answers ask of yourself how you enjoyed laboring last summer in your victory garden when the sun shirt mered like a ball of molten copper in a glassy sky. Then think of the tasks our boys are NOT doing because of the jewelry Since the war has brought about large-scale penetration you donated, and make up your mind forthwith to give even