

# Judge Jackson Sets Retirement At End Of Current Term

By BILL SPARKS  
News-Review Staff Writer  
Douglas County Judge V. T. Jackson, a man who has seen an overwhelming amount of growth in this county in his lifetime — and who himself has been one of the key figures in a good portion of that progress — announced today he is retiring from public office.

The 75-year-old judge, who has served in the county's number one courthouse position for the past seven years, told The News-Review he will not seek re-election when his present term expires at the end of this year.

Judge Jackson is remembered for many things, but perhaps most prominently for being one of the men who started the financial ball rolling to push completion of the North Umpqua Highway. When the final stretch of pavement is completed this summer, it will serve as a dream-come-true for the present county judge and other public-spirited citizens who at various times during the past 40 years have lent their efforts to this project.

Judge Jackson was born in Marshfield (now Coos Bay) on July 12, 1888, the son of gunsmith Davis Jackson. The family moved to Roseburg in 1891.

**Worked In Mills**  
The man who in later years was to represent his county first in the law enforcement field, then in the state legislature and finally as its highest-elected courthouse official began his adult life working alternately in sawmills and on a farm, depending on the work available at a given time of the year.

He entered a field in 1908 which he followed for a good deal of his adult life when he started in the prune packing business. This, too, was seasonal and during the summer he worked as a carpenter. Among his memories as a carpenter are those of constructing the first buildings in Sutherlin in 1908-09, a warehouse, which still stands, and 11 houses.

He married Susie Findlay of Roseburg in 1909. They have two children, a son, Elton, and daughter, Mrs. Fredrick (Dorothy) Hilgenberg; four grandchildren, and four great-grandchildren.

Following his marriage he entered the prune business full time, becoming superintendent of a plant in Roseburg in 1914. He remained at this post until 1928, when he became a successful candidate for Douglas County sheriff.

**Organized Welfare Office**  
After serving a four-year term as sheriff, he organized the first welfare department in Douglas County. In the fall of 1933, he returned to the prune business, as local manager for Paulus Bros. of Salem, remaining with that firm until he was elected county judge in 1956.

A life-long Democrat, he was elected to the state House of Representatives in 1951 and re-elected in 1953 and 1955. His public service also included six years on the Roseburg School Board. He was elected grand master of the Odd Fellows Lodge in Oregon in 1926 and represented the state at the Sovereign Grand Lodge twice.

His civic work has included helping to organize both the Boy Scouts of America and the Campfire Girls organizations in Roseburg. And, oldtime sports fans will remember him as a member of the Roseburg Elks football team, which was well-known throughout Southwestern Oregon in the 1920's.

Many changes have come to the face of Douglas County during the past seven years, but the most prominent is the completion of the North Umpqua Highway and other road projects. When Judge Jackson took office in 1957, the county had 336 miles of paved roads. The total of paving now stands at 530 miles, more than half of the 1,066-mile network of county roads.

**Major Events Noted**  
Other major events which have occurred involving the County Court during the past seven years include establishment of the Park School for retarded children (with the county paying 50 per cent of the cost); extensive improvements and enlargements at the county fairgrounds; establishment of a juvenile court and boys ranch, as well as the foster home program; the Elkton tree farm; the abundant foods program; construction of Washington Avenue Bridge in Roseburg with county funds; establishment of a dog control program in cooperation with the Humane Society; acquisition of several county parks; expansion of the welfare department; establishment of the sanitary landfill program; expansion of Salmon Harbor; the child guidance program and aid to the city of Roseburg in airport development.

These are several of the items the judge recalls as he looks back over the major programs carried on by himself and other members of the County Court during the past seven years.

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

public service also included six years on the Roseburg School Board. He was elected grand master of the Odd Fellows Lodge in Oregon in 1926 and represented the state at the Sovereign Grand Lodge twice.

His civic work has included helping to organize both the Boy Scouts of America and the Campfire Girls organizations in Roseburg. And, oldtime sports fans will remember him as a member of the Roseburg Elks football team, which was well-known throughout Southwestern Oregon in the 1920's.

Many changes have come to the face of Douglas County during the past seven years, but the most prominent is the completion of the North Umpqua Highway and other road projects. When Judge Jackson took office in 1957, the county had 336 miles of paved roads. The total of paving now stands at 530 miles, more than half of the 1,066-mile network of county roads.

Other major events which have occurred involving the County Court during the past seven years include establishment of the Park School for retarded children (with the county paying 50 per cent of the cost); extensive improvements and enlargements at the county fairgrounds; establishment of a juvenile court and boys ranch, as well as the foster home program; the Elkton tree farm; the abundant foods program; construction of Washington Avenue Bridge in Roseburg with county funds; establishment of a dog control program in cooperation with the Humane Society; acquisition of several county parks; expansion of the welfare department; establishment of the sanitary landfill program; expansion of Salmon Harbor; the child guidance program and aid to the city of Roseburg in airport development.

These are several of the items the judge recalls as he looks back over the major programs carried on by himself and other members of the County Court during the past seven years.

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

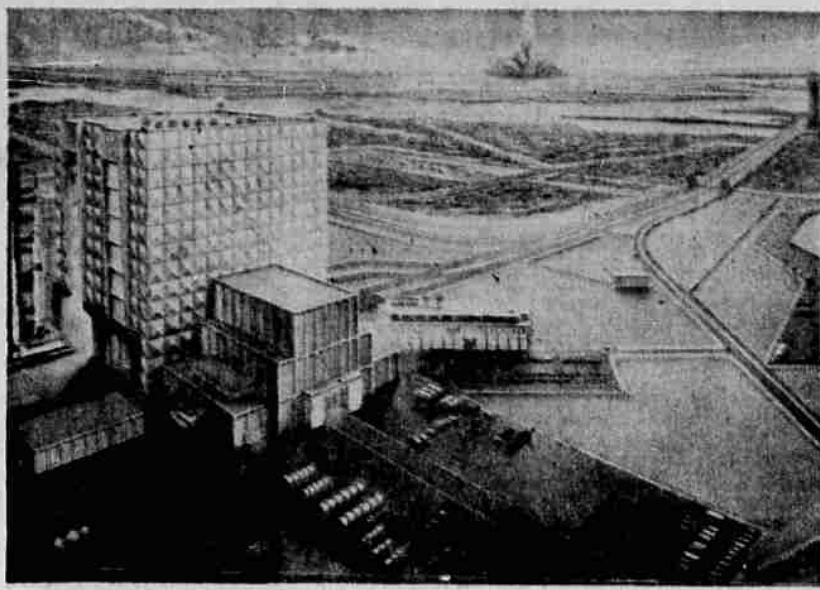
As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."

As for the future? "I've always loved to hunt," he says. "The family just bought me a new rifle, so I'll be trying to get my deer every year. And there'll be more time for fishing and for gardening."



ARTIST'S CONCEPT of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's planned Vertical Assembly Building for the assembly of the nation's moon rockets at Cape Kennedy is shown here. An apparent low bid of \$63.3 million was received Tuesday for construction of the 52-story high building to be the world's largest by volume. (UPI-NASA Telephoto)

# Gemini Space Capsule Attempt Set At Cape Kennedy Friday

CAPE KENNEDY (UPI) — America's second generation man-in-space program moves to the launching pad Friday for the test firing of a rocket that will hurl an unmanned Gemini space capsule into an earth orbit within two months.

The Titan-2 booster, a modified version of the nation's most powerful war missile, is the key to the link between the successful Mercury manned space flight program and the Apollo manned lunar expedition planned before 1970.

Both stages of the mighty space rocket will be fired in sequence while anchored side by side on the steel launch stand from which two astronauts will be sent aloft in a Gemini spacecraft early next year atop a similar booster.

While scientists readied the severed 90-foot Titan-2 for a test of its ability to fulfill its Gemini role, the Navy Tuesday night successfully tested an advanced version of its most powerful missile—the Polaris "A-3".

The "A-3", designed to be fired from submerged submarines, lighted up the misty spaceport as it streaked to the fringes of space ahead of a bright column of smoke and flame. It can carry nuclear destruction equal to 1 million tons of TNT to targets as far away as 2,800 miles, but Tuesday night's shot was cut short for test purposes.

The federal space agency said Tuesday the Titan-2's first stage, which produces 430,000 pounds of thrust will be fired for 30 seconds in Friday's test—one fifth its normal burning time. Then the 100,000 pound thrust second stage engine will ignite as if it were streaking toward space.

**Caley Outlines 1964 Objectives At Kiwanis Meet**  
Incoming president Eldon Caley outlined objectives for 1964 and the secretary and treasurer detailed the organization and financial status of Roseburg Kiwanis Club at the regular meeting Tuesday.

President Caley pointed out the Roseburg club is one of the oldest in its district and has one of the most outstanding records. He indicated a desire that this record be maintained or improved in the coming year.

Treasurer Ed Young and secretary Matt Campbell explained the excellent financial condition of the club and told how the Roseburg organization fits into the pattern of the 5,200 Kiwanis clubs throughout the world.

Outgoing president Jack Snodgrass presented perfect attendance awards to 15 members as follows: One-year, Bill Pritchett, Bob Feldkamp and Phil Quisenberry; two-year, Lauren Loveland; three-year, Eldon Caley; four-year, Jerry Coen, Howard Peterson and Jack Snodgrass.

A seven-year award went to Gil Commons; eight-year, Ed Young; nine-year, Gordon Stewart; 13-year, Harry Hill and Matt Campbell; 16-year, Horace Berg and 17-year, I. J. Seitz.

A combined installation of officers and directors of the Roseburg, Glendale and Winston-Dillard clubs is to be held at the Roseburg Country Club tonight, it was announced.

Representing Key Club at Tuesday's meeting were Bruce O'Neill and Dave Reilly.

**Local Church Slates Series**  
The Rev. George K. Millen, conference superintendent of the Evangelical United Brethren Church, south district, will conduct evangelistic services at the Roseburg church beginning Thursday of this week. The series will run daily through Sunday, Jan. 19, with the exception of Saturdays.

The weekday services will be at 7:30 p.m. and Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Special music will be presented during the series. According to the Rev. Walter Rowley, host pastor, the public is invited to attend. The church is located at 1533 NE Vine St.

**STUCK IN TUB**  
BROMLEY, England (UPI)—The city council refused Tuesday night to put a bigger bathtub in George Bayden's public housing apartment, despite his plea that he gets stuck in his present tiny tub every time he takes a bath.

"I suppose I shall have to make do," the 224-pound Bayden said when he learned of the decision.

# LBJ Seeks End To Arms Race; War On Poverty Is Declared

Continued From Page 1  
an estimated \$200 million a month in added buying power.

"That tax bill has been thoroughly discussed for a year," the President said. "Now we need action. The new budget clearly allows it. Our taxpayers surely deserve it. Our economy strongly demands it."

He said that while more than 70 million Americans had jobs in 1963, "we will soon need more than 75 million." Likewise, he said, the nation's output of goods and services hit a rate of \$600 billion last year but "it easily could and should be still \$30 billion higher."

The President outlined details of his attack on poverty only in general terms. But he said it would involve state and local efforts as well as federal action and would be aimed at "that one fifth of all American families with incomes too small to meet their basic needs."

**Many Suffer Despair**  
"Unfortunately many Americans live on the outskirts of hope, some because of their poverty, some because of their color, and all too many because of both," he said.

"Our task is to help replace their despair with opportunity," Johnson said he opposed a reduction of the 40-hour work week to 35 hours because it would increase costs and invite inflation. But he suggested that the question of paying higher overtime rates be explored to encourage employers to hire more workers at regular pay, thus creating jobs without raising costs.

In the foreign policy field the President said the United States "must be constantly prepared for the worst and constantly acting for the best—strong enough to win a war and wise enough to prevent one."

**Assures No Aggression**  
"We shall neither act as aggressors nor tolerate acts of aggression," he said. "We intend to bury no one—and we do not intend to be buried."

Toward this end, Johnson outlined a 10-point program featuring military strength and alliances coupled with a bold search for East-West agreements "which can enlarge the hopes of all while violating the interests of none."

The program also envisioned "increased use of our food as an instrument of peace," ex-

pedited world trade and "an expedition to the moon in this decade—in cooperation with other powers if possible, alone if necessary."

The size of the budget cut announced by Johnson for the 12 months starting July 1 was easily the biggest surprise in his message. He had said previously he would try to keep the budget at \$100 billion or less but he had not been expected to go below the Kennedy total.

**Reductions Not Cited**  
The President did not say where the reductions would be made, leaving that for the budget message he will send to Congress Jan. 20. But he said they could be achieved without sacrificing essential human welfare programs unless "we fritter and fumble away our opportunity in needless, senseless quarrels."

In a possible reference to past legislative delays, he added: "Here in Congress, you can demonstrate effective legislative leadership by discharging the public business with clarity and dispatch, voting each proposal up or voting it down, but at least bringing it to a fair and final vote."

"Let us carry forward the plans and programs of John Fitzgerald Kennedy—not because of our sorrow or sympathy—but because they are right."

**"Honest And Frugal"**  
For his part, Johnson pledged a "progressive administration which is efficient, honest and frugal." He said his new budget, for example, will be the smallest in proportion to national output since 1951, when federal spending was a fraction over \$44 billion.

He said it calls for "substantial reduction in federal employment, a feat accomplished only once before in the past 10 years." It also calls for the smallest number of civilian defense employees since 1950 without sacrificing military strength in any way, he added.

"But it is not a stand-still budget," Johnson said, "for America cannot afford to stand still. Our economy is more complex. Our people's needs are expanding."

He said it was possible to meet these needs by closing down obsolete installations, curtailing less urgent federal programs, cutting back where wise and "by insisting on a dollar's

worth for a dollar spent." With these savings, he said, "I am able to recommend in this reduced budget the most federal support in history for education, for health, for retraining the unemployed, and for helping the economically and physically handicapped."

**No Easy Victory**  
Johnson conceded that his war against poverty would not be easily won.

"It will not be a short or easy struggle — no single weapon or strategy will suffice," he said. "But we shall not rest until that war is won."

"The richest nation on earth can afford to win it. "We cannot afford to lose it." Asserting that \$1,000 spent to salvage an unemployable youth can yield \$40,000 or more in his lifetime, Johnson vowed to pursue poverty wherever it exists — from city slum and small town to migrant worker camp and Indian reservation.

"Our chief weapon in a more pin-pointed attack will be better schools, better health, better homes, better training and job opportunities to help more Americans — especially young Americans — escape from squalor and misery."

**Notes Special Efforts**  
Johnson specifically mentioned a special effort in the chronically distressed Appalachian area, expansion of the area redevelopment program, work projects for "jobless, aimless, hopeless youngsters," an expanded food stamp program and a national service corps.

"We must modernize our unemployment insurance and establish a high level commission on automation," he said. "If we have the brainpower to invent these machines, we have the brainpower to make certain they are a boon and not a bane to humanity."

Johnson concluded his address by saying that Americans in the seven weeks since the assassination of President Kennedy "have learned anew that nothing is so enduring as faith and nothing is so degrading as hate . . ."

"I ask you now, in the Congress and in the country, to join with me in expressing and fulfilling that faith in working for a nation that is free from want and a world that is free from hate, a world of peace and justice, freedom and abundance, for our time and all time to come."

## UMPQUA VALLEY'S GRAND OPENING

**Rose Street Used Appliance Store** 638 So. East Rose Street

We Still Have a Few Used Appliances Left To Move—If You Haul No Delivery Charges

FRIGIDAIRE Washer . . . . .	50 <sup>00</sup>	BENDIX Dryer . . . . .	30 <sup>00</sup>
Montgomery Ward Dryer . . . . .	49 <sup>00</sup>	HOTPOINT Washer . . . . .	89 <sup>95</sup>
WHIRLPOOL Washer . . . . .	65 <sup>00</sup>	FRIGIDAIRE 30" Range . . . . .	75 <sup>00</sup>
KENMORE Dryer . . . . .	30 <sup>00</sup>	KENMORE 40" Range . . . . .	75 <sup>00</sup>
General-Electric Ironer . . . . .	49 <sup>95</sup>	KELVINATOR 40" Range . . . . .	40 <sup>00</sup>

**SAVE UP TO 50%**

**USED TV SETS**  
Consoles & Portables  
**Slashed Up To 50%**

International Harvester 15 ft. Chest-Type FREEZER Reg. 189.95	COLDSPOT REFRIGERATOR REG. 50.00 Slashed To 25 <sup>00</sup>	WESTINGHOUSE REFRIGERATOR REG. 29.00 Slashed To 19 <sup>95</sup>	FRIGIDAIRE REFRIGERATOR REG. 69.95 Slashed To 39 <sup>95</sup>
---	--	--	--

**CHEST TYPE FREEZER**  
Montgomery Ward-18 ft. Double Door Reg. 179.95 Slashed To 149<sup>95</sup>

**U-SAVE STAMPS**  
On Used Appliances  
During Month of January  
OPEN FRIDAY NITES TIL 9

**Umpqua Valley**  
HARDWARE AND APPLIANCES  
635 S. E. Stephens Ph. 672-1616

# Plaintiff Wins Judgment In Rose Hotel Litigation

The foreclosure suit brought in Douglas County Circuit Court by Cliff Thornton, executor of the Last Will and Testament of Mazie E. Smith, to reclaim the Rose Hotel properties, has been concluded with a judgment in favor of Thornton.

However, the properties have been taken over by a new business group organized here as the Sun Hi Corp., headed by Emil Ramberg, one of the owners of the Umpqua Hotel.

Thornton had brought suit against Senior Citizens Land and Development Co. and other parties. The suit to foreclose on the properties had been brought to trial in mid-December, primarily upon the claim of Jack and Agness Withers, who were named among the defendants as having some claim to the properties.

Thornton was granted judgment against Senior Citizens for \$99,859, plus interest of \$9,935.99, for \$3,500 attorney fees and court costs with foreclosure on the Rose Hotel properties, listed in the complaint as four lots in Railroad Addition.

The plaintiff's lien was declared superior and prior to the claim of the Withers, and to that of Douglas County Title Co., which held the title in trust; Associated Thrift and Securities, Inc., and AMC Corporation. All the defendants had defaulted as to their claims, except the Withers.

The Withers brought a stipulation in open court to the entry of the decree. It is understood the Sun Hi Corporation has assumed both the first mortgage of the Smith estate and the second mortgage of the Withers.

Settlement of the suit gives the new investment owners an opportunity to make permanent the new management, which had been temporary.

# Bishop Sewing Class Set At Douglas High

An organizational meeting for a class in tailoring and dress-making, including the Bishop Method, will be conducted next Monday at 7 p.m. at Douglas High School.

The organizational session will take place in the home economics room. The course will be taught by Mrs. Richard Bonebrake of Roseburg and will be held once a week for 10 weeks for a total of 30 hours.

The fee, depending on the number of registrations, will be \$7.50 to \$10, according to spokesman Norman M. Bergstrom.

# FALSE TEETH That Loosen Need Not Embarrass

Many wearers of false teeth have suffered real embarrassment because their plate dropped, slipped or wobbled as just the wrong time. Do not live in fear of this happening to you. Get a little FASTERE, the alkaline (non-acid) powder, on your teeth. Hold false teeth more firmly so they feel more comfortable. Does not sour Cheeks "plate odor" (denture breath). Get FASTERE at any drug counter.

# Meeting, Potluck Set By World War I Vets

Roseburg Barracks of Veterans of World War I will meet Friday to nominate and elect officers for 1964.

The meeting will be held in conjunction with a 12:30 p.m. potluck dinner at the girl's 4-H dormitory at the Douglas County Fairgrounds, instead of at the Veterans Memorial Building as reported earlier in the week.

According to H. L. Goodman, commander, all veterans of World War I are invited to attend.