

# Western Style Bandits Get \$3 Million In Train Robbery



THE PREMATURE SON of President and Mrs. Kennedy arrives at Boston's Children's Hospital Wednesday to undergo treatment for a respiratory ailment. The infant was driven 65 miles in an ambulance from Otis Air Force Base Hospital where he was born. Here he is being taken out of the ambulance by hospital attendants upon arrival. (UPI Telephoto)

## President Keeps Close Vigil Over Son In Boston Hospital

By ALVIN SPIVAK  
BOSTON (UPI) — President Kennedy's ailing day-old son encountered "increasing difficulties" from a breathing problem today and blood tests were ordered to determine the extent of danger to the infant.

President Kennedy hurried back to Boston from Cape Cod six hours before he had planned to see the child and consult further with physicians after young Patrick Bouvier Kennedy's condition was reported to him.

Fifteen minutes after the grim-faced President had gone to the fifth floor of the Children's Medical Center here to see the child and the doctors, White House press secretary Pierre Salinger issued this statement:

"The President's new son is encountering increasing new difficulties. There are going to be some tests taken in the next hour which will give us additional information. Meanwhile, the President is going to his hotel to wait for results of the tests."

Salinger said these were blood tests "associated with the oxygen problem" of the infant, whose difficulty in breathing became apparent within an hour after he was born five and one-half weeks prematurely to Mrs. Kennedy at the Otis Air Force Base hospital at Falmouth, Mass.

Asked whether the baby was in serious danger, Salinger said, "The condition of the child is worse than this morning."

Salinger said no operation had been contemplated and none had been performed.

The President planned to divide his time today between the Children's Medical Center here, where his son is in a plastic-covered device which simulates the environment of a mother's womb, and Cape Cod, with Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy and their other two children.

Kennedy's schedule called for leaving the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, where he spent the night after a 20-minute visit with his ailing son, at 9:45 a.m. EDT for a return trip to the hospital. After seeing the child, he planned to

fly by helicopter to Otis AFB to visit his wife, who was in "excellent" condition.

**Spend Time With Children**

Then, he was to spend much of the day in Hyannis Port, Mass., with daughter Caroline, 5½, and son John Jr., 2½, before going back to his wife's bedside in late afternoon and flying back to Boston for another visit with his son and another overnight stay.

The newest Kennedy was born by Caesarean section at 12:52 p.m. EDT Wednesday, 38 minutes before a Jetstar transport plane with the President aboard landed at Otis AFB. Mrs. Kennedy had been whisked there by helicopter from her Squaw Island summer home in Hyannis Port shortly after 11:30 a.m. EDT.

Because it was born prematurely and appeared to be having breathing problems, the child was baptized a short time after birth by the Rev. John Scallion, of Portland, Maine, Catholic chaplain at Otis. He was named for Kennedy's grandfather, Patrick J., and father, Joseph Patrick, as well as for Mrs. Kennedy's father whose surname was Bouvier.

## W. German Doctor Drags Criminal From Death Zone

HELMSTEDT, Germany (UPI) — A middle-aged West German doctor crawled into a Communist border "death zone" minefield and dragged back to safety a fleeing criminal shattered by a mine blast, police said today.

West German police said Dr. Ernst Stoeter, 56, moved 90 yards through barbed wire and land mine strips Wednesday to reach the wounded fugitive from West Germany.

The 26-year-old fugitive had fled on foot from West Germany into East Germany with his 21-year-old wife and 4-year-old daughter to escape a year's prison term on a morals charge. But 30 yards into Communist territory—on the edge of the East German border anti-refugee strip—he stepped on a mine.

The blast shattered his right leg and splinters bloodied his wife. His wife dragged him under a bush, fearing the blast would bring East German guards, and dashed back to the West with her daughter for help.

Summoned from a nearby home for aged persons, Dr. Stoeter stood at the border's edge while the weeping young wife pointed across the barbed wire to the bush under which her husband lay.

The doctor removed his coat and crawled out.

"I could not let a man bleed to death out there. A human life was at stake. I am a doctor," Stoeter told newsmen later.

## Game Commission Closes Rock Creek

PORTLAND (UPI) — The State Game Commission today closed Rock Creek on the North Umpqua to all fishing until further notice because of "a brutal disregard for spring Chinook salmon by anglers."

Phil Schneider, state game director, said the closure was effective at 6 a.m. today. He said more than 1,000 spring Chinook were presently in Rock Creek waiting to spawn.

Fishermen in the past several weeks have mistreated these fish by molesting, wholesale snagging and dynamiting, Schneider said. He said biologists using Seaba gear inspected the salmon run recently and found at least five percent of the fish had from one to three hooks embedded in their bodies, and twice that number had bodies ripped by snagging.

One resting pool was dynamited, he said.

Schneider said the practice was widespread this summer and much illegal snagging took place on the Rogue and Santiam Rivers as well.

## Looked Like Churchill

Father Scallion said the newborn child looked "like Winston Churchill," adding that all newborns have that look.

He told an interviewer that the newest member of the Kennedy clan looked like a healthy infant despite the respiratory ailment.

White House Press Secretary Pierre Salinger told reporters in Boston Wednesday night that the infant in a private room on the fifth floor of the children's Medical Center, was suffering from an "idiosyncratic respiratory distress syndrome."

"In laymen's language, this is a respiratory problem which causes a problem in breathing," Salinger said. "It is not uncommon in premature children."

Later Salinger told United Press International that while it is not uncommon "it is still a cause for concern."

He said the baby was "in an isolate, a device which attempts to create an environment like a mother's womb." The electrically powered machine helps breathing by regulating humidity, oxygen, and heat in what amounts to a super-designed incubator.

"The baby was taken out of the isolate for a brief period and X-rayed," Salinger reported. "He is also receiving medication, a type of which I do not have a description, to make him breathe easier."

## Valachi Relates Circumstances Of Slaying Of Arnold Schuster

NEW YORK (UPI) — "That's him, that's Arnold," screamed Wally Schuster outside his Brooklyn home on the night of March 8, 1952. "My God! They got him!"

Wally Schuster, operator of a small clothing store, bent over the body of his dead son who had been shot in both eyes and the groin in front of a neighbor's house. Schuster didn't exactly know who "they" were, but

he knew there were plenty of people who resented his son's sudden fame for having recognized America's most wanted bank robber, Willie Sutton, on a subway on Feb. 18, 1952.

**Gets Much Praise**

Sutton was arrested and imprisoned because of Arnold Schuster's sharp eye. The 24-year-old pants salesman got plenty of praise and plenty of crackpot money, too, including a few notes warning that he didn't have long to live. The police declined to give Arnold protection and several weeks went by without incident. Then Schuster appeared on a television interview.

Only this week—more than 11 years after Schuster's murder—has the real reason for the crime come out. Albert Anastasia, burly Mafia crime czar known as the "mad hatter killer" was watching television when the cocky, good-looking Schuster flashed on the screen. Anastasia exploded with all the ire of a man who has often been flouted

to one of his gunmen. "Hit this guy!"

That's the story of why Arnold Schuster was rubbed out in an alley as he rushed home to change his clothes for a dance, according to a man who should know—Joseph Valachi.

**First Informant**

Valachi, who is serving a prison term on a narcotics charge, is the first member of the Mafia, or "Cosa Nostra" as it is known to its members, to turn informant on his former fellows in syndicated crime. Valachi was a lieutenant of Vito Genovese who later ordered Anastasia's slaying in a Manhattan barbershop. Thus Genovese won the struggle for power which he still is reputed to hold although he is in a federal prison.

According to federal authorities Valachi has identified Schuster's slayer as Frederick Tenuto, one of two original suspects long sought in the still-open case. But Valachi said officials will never find Tenuto. Anastasia had him murdered in turn to cover the trail.

## The Weather

**AIRPORT RECORDS**

Variable cloudiness today and tonight with chance of a few showers over the mountains this afternoon, continued warm.

Highest temp. last 24 hours 93  
Lowest temp. last 24 hours 53  
Highest temp. any Aug. (6) 103  
Lowest temp. any Aug. (56) 41  
Precip. from Aug. 1 0  
Normal Aug. Precip. .031  
Normal Precip. 9-1 to 8-1 32.72  
Precip. from Sept. 1 35.05  
Sunset tonight, 8:27 p.m. PDT  
Sunrise tomorrow, 6:12 a.m. PDT

# The News-Review

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## Rusk, Khru Set Cold War Talks Today

MOSCOW (UPI)—Secretary of State Dean Rusk flew here from Leningrad today and almost immediately left for Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev's Black Sea villa for further talks on ways to ease the cold war.

Rusk spent a day in Leningrad, the former czarist capital, and will stay overnight in Gagra on the Black Sea coast as the guest of the vacationing premier.

Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko was joining Rusk and Khrushchev for the talks, which were begun Tuesday by Rusk, Gromyko, and British Foreign Secretary Lord Home.

Home flew to Helsinki today to report to Prime Minister Harold Macmillan, who is visiting Finland, on the talks and on the signing of the partial nuclear test ban treaty.

All three foreign ministers pledged the treaty would be "only a beginning" to a settlement of East-West tensions.

The Soviet Union today arranged ceremonies for the signing of the treaty by other nations, expected to include the entire membership of the Soviet bloc. Other signings were taking place in London and Washington. Diplomats said Rusk's trip to Leningrad provided a convenient break in the talks so that the secretary could brief Washington fully on their first phase and receive instructions from President Kennedy for the second.

Khrushchev's five-point "peace package" was expected to be the central theme of the Black Sea talks, particularly the two points calling for an East-West non-aggression treaty and measures to prevent surprise attack.

U.S. sources said there are greater hopes for progress on the non-aggression pact. Khrushchev wants the pact to bind NATO and the Communist Warsaw treaty alliance.

But the West Germans fear the pact would mean recognition of Communist East Germany, and France opposes it on these and other grounds. Full NATO approval would be required before the pact could go into effect.

## Nuclear Test Ban Hearings To Start Monday In Senate

WASHINGTON (UPI)—The treaty ending all but underground nuclear testing in a "first step" toward world peace goes to the U.S. Senate today. Spokesmen for both parties said senators had "no other choice" but to ratify it.

President Kennedy said he would send the treaty and a special message to the Senate as planned despite the fact that complications surrounding the birth of a child to Mrs. Kennedy Wednesday necessitated his remaining in Massachusetts.

About 30 nations were set to sign the U.S.-British-Russian treaty in day-long ceremonies in Washington. Other nations were expected to sign in London or Moscow. About 60 nations have advised that they plan to sign the agreement as charter members.

But the focus of the world's attention was on the Senate which begins hearings next Monday and will debate the treaty on the floor in about three weeks. The Senate must ratify the treaty by two-thirds vote or it falls through.

Assistant Senate Democratic Leader Hubert Humphrey, who was one of six senators attending the treaty signing in Moscow, told a reporter he is more convinced than ever that "80 or more" senators will vote for the pact.

More significant was the estimate of Senate GOP campaign chairman Thruston B. Morton, Ky., who forecast a vote of 79 to 15—with no more than six Republican votes in opposition. He said he would anticipate about six absentees.

Morton, asserting that there was "no other choice" but ratification, thus wiped out any belief that Republicans concerned about possible Soviet cheating on the pact might raise serious threat to its approval.

The Republican campaign chief made it clear there would be no political mileage for any party in trying to block the treaty, even though probing questions will be asked to safeguard the future.

Humphrey, who is the Senate's disarmament chairman, said he is convinced "doubts that people have will be slowly dissipated" by testimony in behalf of the treaty.

Secretary of State Dean Rusk

will open testimony Monday before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. But on Monday afternoon, the chief scientific foe of test ban action, Dr. Edward Teller, will outline his views in another hearing before the Senate Preparedness Committee. Hence the Senate may get the main arguments for and against the historic document on the first day of its consideration.

## Three Sisters Killed As Car Misses Corner

LONG BEACH, Calif. (UPI)—Three young sisters who were playing on a sidewalk were killed Wednesday when a car leaped the curb and crashed into them. Five other persons were injured.

"It was terrible," said a witness, Mrs. Margaret Parmelee, who said she watched the car smash into the two of the young victims into the side wall of a shop where she worked. The auto crashed through a plate glass window of the building.

"All I heard were screams," she said. "One little girl was sitting on the sidewalk, crying, and there were two children lying under all the broken glass and bricks."

Killed were Darlene Vaughn, 11, and sisters Doty, 8, and Debbie, 7, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Vaughn. The driver of the car, Donald Eugene Walter, 25, who along with his two sons, Miles, 3, and Scott, 4, were among those injured, was booked for investigation of manslaughter.

Witnesses said the car was traveling about 60 miles an hour in the heavily populated area and failed to negotiate a turn from one street to another.

Also injured were Denise Vaughn, 6, and Harold Ginn, 26, a passenger in the Walter car.

## County To Get \$3.7 Million In O & C Funds

Again this year, Douglas County led the list of 18 Western Oregon counties in collection of O & C timber sales rebates.

The Bureau of Land Management reports Douglas County received \$3,744,352.02. It was a slight decrease from 1962 when payments totaled \$3,866,974.07. This has been reported as primarily due to a decline in the market value of lumber.

The 18 counties shared in \$15 million in O & C sales receipts during the fiscal year just ended. The total \$15,031,270.47 was 50 percent of the gross revenues of \$30,062,540.93 received from the sales on O & C lands during the year. BLM receipts total \$15,535.31 while Forest Service receipts were \$4,515,005.42.

The revenues from timber sales from all of the O & C lands are deposited in one fund. Under the law, 75 percent of all receipts are allocated to the 18 counties. Of this amount, one third is returned to the U.S. Treasury and is then appropriated by Congress for construction of access roads, reforestation, etc., in the O & C lands. During the past fiscal year, this amount was \$7.5 million.

The O & C lands were originally part of the grant of public lands made to the Oregon Central Railroad Companies (later the Oregon and California Railroad Co.) to aid in the construction of railroads, and were returned to the federal government by revestment of title.

## Haiti Exile Invasion In Doubt

SANTO DOMINGO, Dominican Republic (UPI) — The outcome of an invasion of Haiti by about 300 Haitian exiles remained in doubt today. The Haitian government said it had crushed the invasion and driven the remnants into the sea and back across the Dominican border.

The government of Haitian President Francois Duvalier issued a statement in Port au Prince Wednesday claiming it had smashed the invading force and driven the remnants into the sea and back across the Dominican border.

Exile spokesmen in Santo Domingo termed the government "completely false" and "pure propaganda."

Paul Verna, coordinator of the Haitian National Democratic Union (UDN) backing the invasion, issued a counter-statement claiming that the invasion "is continuing and the original invasion force of 300 men has now been increased to some 600 by defections from the peasants."

He said the invaders were moving "in two columns with the same object of isolating the northern zone" of Haiti.

There were no direct reports from the northeast area of Haiti, which is the island of Hispaniola with the Dominican Republic, to substantiate the conflicting claims of the Haitian government or the anti-Duvalier exiles.

Verna said he had received a report that 10 government troops were killed and three invaders wounded Wednesday morning in a clash on the northern plains, the scene of battles led by Haitian Emperor Henri Christophe more than 150 years ago.

The Duvalier communique claimed the invasion force was routed on Monday, within hours after launching its first attack. It said the force consisted of about 100 men, commanded by ex-Col. Leon Cantave, aided by ex-Col. Pierre Fauriol, ex-Lt. Col. Rene Leon and other officers.

Despite the government claim that the invasion was crushed, about 150 heavily-armed government troops were reported flown from Port au Prince to Cap-Haitien, the chief northern city, on Wednesday. The government declared the entire region a war zone on Tuesday.

## New Gold Rush Hits California

OROVILLE, Calif. (UPI)—Construction crews on northern California's Oroville Dam project can't wait to get their eight hours of dam building in these days so they can really go to work.

The workers are spending lunch hours, evenings and weekends digging through the area with everything from picks and knives to tweezers, spoons and stoves.

Gold fever has returned to the Sierra, which in the mid-1800's had one of the greatest epidemics of all time.

The latest strike occurred when the Oroville River was turned from its old channel into a man-made one several weeks ago, and crews started clearing gravel from the natural river bed in order to pour concrete onto the bedrock beneath.

Bits of gold were discovered in the river bed, and off-duty workers now are coming away with as much as a few ounces a man (at \$35 an ounce) in gold dust, to chips and tiny nuggets.

The construction company, Oro Dam Constructors, and the state of California, which owns the mineral rights, frown on the mining activity.

But, a spokesman for the company said, "You can't stop 'em."

## Probe Continues In Mystery Death Of Cattle Heiress

PORTLAND (UPI) — Investigation continued today into the mysterious death of wealthy Payette, Idaho, cattle heiress Irene E. Davis, 41, whose body was found in her Hilton Hotel suite Tuesday with a nylon stocking around her neck.

Police planned to question persons who were reported to have last seen her alive.

The body was found by a maid in a half-filled bathtub.

Authorities said there were no signs of a struggle in the hotel room. The coroner's office listed cause of death as "asphyxiation by strangulation."

Detectives said nothing was missing from the room. There were some \$300 in traveler's checks in her purse.

She was last reported seen alive about 2:30 a.m. Tuesday leaving a rooftop bar and restaurant. Police said they had made arrangements to talk to two men who had been customers at the bar. They did not identify the men.

She was the daughter of the late Gus Davis, a wealthy Idaho and Eastern Oregon cattle rancher.

## Fire Conditions Worsening Today

By United Press International  
Forestry officials warned today that fire danger conditions in Oregon are worsening and that the northwest part of the state would be getting its warmest and driest weather of the summer in the next few days.

Possibilities of lightning in Southern and Eastern Oregon added to the threat.

The Todd Canyon fire, which covered about 1,000 acres near La Grande, was reported in "pretty good shape" by State Forestry officials today. They said the blaze had been trailed after high winds Wednesday caused new troubles.

Four small new blazes were quickly controlled on state land Wednesday. The largest of these blazes in the northeast district was held for four acres. One small fire was brought under control in the Lobster Valley district of Western Oregon.

The U.S. Forest Service reported a 160-acre fire in the Umatilla National Forest, some 15 miles northwest of La Grande, was fought by 50 men Wednesday night. It was expected to be controlled today.

## Rainier Man Killed

PORTLAND (UPI) — Ernest Dean Elliott, 34, Rainier, Ore., was killed late Wednesday at a warehouse here when a steel rack fell on him.

## India Signs Test Treaty

MOSCOW (UPI) — India today became the first non-nuclear nation to sign the partial nuclear test ban treaty concluded by the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union.

Indian Ambassador T.N. Sauti affixed his signature to the historic pact as representatives of 22 other nations—including Communist East Germany—gathered here for the same purpose.

"We hope and pray that all governments will subscribe to what may be described as a human charter," Sauti said.

The signing took place in the yellow-walled Spiridonovka Palace where the treaty was negotiated.

So far, only six countries have made known their opposition to the pact, which is open to all nations.

In ceremonies in Moscow, London, and Washington, the three powers were opening the treaty to the signatures of other nations. Many nations were expected to sign all three copies.

## Hopeful Signs Appear In NW Lumber Strike

PORTLAND (UPI)—There were hopeful signs in the Northwest lumber strike picture today.

Progress was reported in negotiations between the struck Georgia-Pacific Corp. and union officials; the Big Six and two striking unions scheduled a resumption of talks, and workers continued to report back at previously locked Big Six plants.

In Salem, Gov. Mark Hatfield said he was continuing informal talks with both sides and was "optimistic further agreements will be made before the week is out."

Harvey Nelson, president of the Western States Regional Council of the International Woodworkers of America (IWA), reported some progress was made in a Wednesday session with Georgia-Pacific.

Nelson said he and Earl Hartley, executive secretary of the Western Council of the Lumber and Sawmill Workers Union (LSW), would meet with Georgia-Pacific officials again this afternoon. The two unions began striking Georgia-Pacific July 17.

**Monday Talk Set**

At the same time, the Federal Mediation Service said the Big Six employer group, against whom the strike was touched off June 5, would meet with the two unions next Monday at 1 p.m.

The unions struck two members of the Big Six. St. Regis and U.S. Plywood, and the other four members—Weyerhaeuser, International Paper, Crown-Zellerbach and

## Well-Planned Holdup Nets Record Loot

CHEDDINGTON, England — (UPI)—An armed gang of 20 to 30 masked bandits staged a robbery that may have been the biggest in history today when they looted an unguarded train of cash and gems estimated at almost \$3 million.

The robbers staged their Wild West-type raid with split-second precision in the middle of the night and made their getaway with 120 mail sacks containing currency and diamonds from the Glasgow-to-London train.

Police searched this region north of London, but found no trace of the holdup gang that operated in Jesse James style and fled in three trucks and a passenger car.

The post office offered a \$28,000 reward for them and estimated that the loot may well run into seven figures—which would make it at least one million pounds, or \$2.8 million.

**No Guards Aboard**

No guards aboard the train which was a "traveling post office" with about 75 postal employees aboard. The spokesman said there never were guards on these trains, since it was felt the large force of mail sorters normally was sufficient to keep watch.

Following the robbery extra security precautions were expected to be taken at once to guard the night post office train from London to Glasgow. A spokesman said it was unlikely any guards on tonight's train would carry firearms, since it is a British policy not to arm policemen or other security men on public duty. Because of the severe penalties for harming a policeman the underworld usually commits its crimes without carrying firearms. But that principle has been slipping recently, and today's bandits apparently used a gun.

The gang halted the train, overcame the engineer and fireman, uncoupled the engine and first two cars, and moved them a mile down the tracks. Then they quickly swept up 120 mail sacks and made their getaway in three army-style trucks and a passenger car.

So swiftly and smoothly did the gang work that about 75 post office employees, all but four in the rear cars, were unaware of the robbery until it was over.

The incident took place near this Buckinghamshire town 40 miles north of London about 3:10 a.m. in a fashion as spectacular as any of the great train robberies pulled off in the days of the desperadoes of the American West.

In commenting on the amount of loot, the post office said an accurate figure depended on a complete check, but that the loss "may well run into seven figures"—which would make it at least a million pounds sterling, or \$2,800,000.

The biggest mail robbery in history occurred on Cape Cod, Mass., on Aug. 14, 1962, when a bandit gang seized \$1,551,277 from a U.S. mail truck.

The biggest cash haul before that was the Brinks robbery in Boston, Mass., on Jan. 17, 1950, when a holdup gang made off with a total of \$2,775,395—\$1,218,211 in cash.

Most of the Brinks robbers have been killed or captured and jailed. The Cape Cod robbers still have not been caught.

Obviously well-planned, the robbery went off with split-second precision. It was the first attack on an all-mail train, or traveling post office, in the 125 years of their history in Britain.

First, the robbers jumped the signals, blew the engine and first two mail cars and forced Mills at gunpoint to drive them a mile down the track to where their compatriots were waiting.

There, Whibly and Mills were handcuffed together. The bandits, their faces covered with silk

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