

CERISY FOREST CAPTURED IN ALLIED DRIVE

Back the Attack!
Buy **EXTRA**
BONDS

Roseburg News-Review

THE DOUGLAS COUNTY DAILY

VOL. L NO. 51 OF ROSEBURG REVIEW ROSEBURG, OREGON, MONDAY, JUNE 12, 1944. VOL. XXXIII NO. 62 OF THE EVENING NEWS

Russians Launch Offensive To Knock Finns Out of War

Defenses Of Foe Knifed on Long Front

Isolation of Nazi Army Of 200,000 Major Aim; Rail Junction Captured

MOSCOW, June 12—(AP)—Launching a major offensive designed to knock Finland out of the war and isolate 200,000 Nazi troops in the northern part of that country, the Red Army rolled forward along the Karelian isthmus above Leningrad today after cracking Finnish defenses on a 25-mile front.

A communique last night announcing the new drive said Soviet troops already had advanced 12 to 25 miles, and indicated they were moving forward everywhere in high gear.

This offensive evidently was coordinated closely with allied operations in France, and represented a step in the grand allied strategy worked out at the Tehran conferences.

Troops under Col. Gen. Leonid Govorov, who lifted the Siege of Leningrad, launched the push Friday, just one month after the fall of Sevastopol—a month devoid of major activity along the long front.

Rail Junction Seized

The Soviet communique declared Russian forces had captured 82 towns and villages, including the rail junction of Terijoki, 27 miles northwest of Leningrad and 160 miles east of the Finnish capital of Helsinki.

Also captured, the bulletin said, was Yappilya, described as "an important strongpoint" seven miles northeast of Terijoki.

Terijoki, situated on the Leningrad-Helsinki railway, is about six miles west of the 1938 Russian-Finnish border, and 70 miles east of the frontier established by the 1940 armistice.

(Continued on page 6)

Nippon Steel Ring Closing On Changsha

Last Man Defense Being Made by Chinese; Allied Air Fleet Raids Palau

(By the Associated Press)

Hard-pressed Changsha, key link in the Hankow-Canton railway, was being assaulted by the Japanese "from all directions" the Chinese high command announced tonight.

On the east, the invaders were within six miles of the city. Attempts to cross the Luyang river, however, so far had been checked, the Chinese communique said.

Indications were that the city had been surrounded in the furious battle rapidly reaching a climax. Chinese troops had been ordered to fight to the last man.

The gravity of the battle prompted Maj. Gen. Chenmault to declare the Pacific war could be prolonged for years if Japan were allowed to build a defensive wall along the railroad. The two-sided threat to Changsha, he added, had brought the China war to its most furious peak in six years.

Palau Island Raided

The other four Pacific battle fronts were going well for the allies. From New Dutch and New Guinea, the Allies had raided Palau Island.

Other four Pacific battle fronts were going well for the allies. From New Dutch and New Guinea, the Allies had raided Palau Island.

(Continued on page 6)

4th Termers Worried Over Texas Revolt

Factional War Likely to Reach Courts; Willkie Gives Advice to GOP

DALLAS, Tex., June 12—(AP)—The Texas state democratic executive committee by vote of 37 to 6 today refused to certify the names of Texas democratic presidential electors named at a pro-Roosevelt convention for printing on the July primary ballot.

(By the Associated Press)

With the southern dissatisfaction assuming the proportions of an organized revolt, administration forces maneuvered today to get a set of fourth-term supporting electors on to the Texas democratic primary ballot.

The democratic state executive committee met in Dallas to canvass filings of office aspirants, with a demand expected from supporters of President Roosevelt that the 23 electors named by their separate convention be listed on the July 22 ballot, along with those chosen by the regular party meeting, for the people to choose between them.

Anti-administration regulars, who picked a group and instructed them not to support the party presidential nominee unless the two thirds nominating rule is restored and other conditions are met, contended that their action constituted the final choice of electors. Action either way by the executive committee may plunge the issue into the courts.

Party leaders in Washington are more worried about the Texas situation than that in Mississippi and South Carolina, where somewhat similar actions have been taken by democratic conventions, because they suspect the

(Continued on page 6)

Allied Planes Pour Bombs, Lead on Nazis

Air Bases, Rail Centers, Transport Targets in Sweeps Over France

SUPREME HEADQUARTERS, Allied Expeditionary Force, June 12—(AP)—American bombers and streams of lighter craft pumped a steady hail of bombs and lead into German defenses today in the greatest aerial blows to date supporting the French invasion.

Flying in fine weather, the allied air forces by noon had run up more sorties than all day yesterday—when 7,000 planes slammed the Germans, from dawn on—after a night in which RAF bombers pounded four key rail centers in France and went to Berlin—heavies, mediums, lights, fighter-bombers and fighters raced over the battlelines and far into France, bombing and strafing.

A significant new point in the support campaign became apparent. Squadrons of RAF fighters were attacking specific targets in rapid-fire order on calls from ground units—which meant that newly established air bases on French soil were clicking.

Besides the speedy knockout of particular objectives immediately in front of the troops, the campaign was proceeding along two main lines—disruption of transport lines within 100 miles of the battleline over which Marshal Rommel is trying to bring up his tactical reserves and the bombardment of rail centers beyond the 100-mile radius through which the Germans might draw on strategic reserves in southern France.

Opposition increased.

The German air force was responding with heightening strength. About 100 enemy planes were over the battle area last night and American Thunderbolt fighter-bomber pilots returning from an early morning foray reported opposition "the roughest yet."

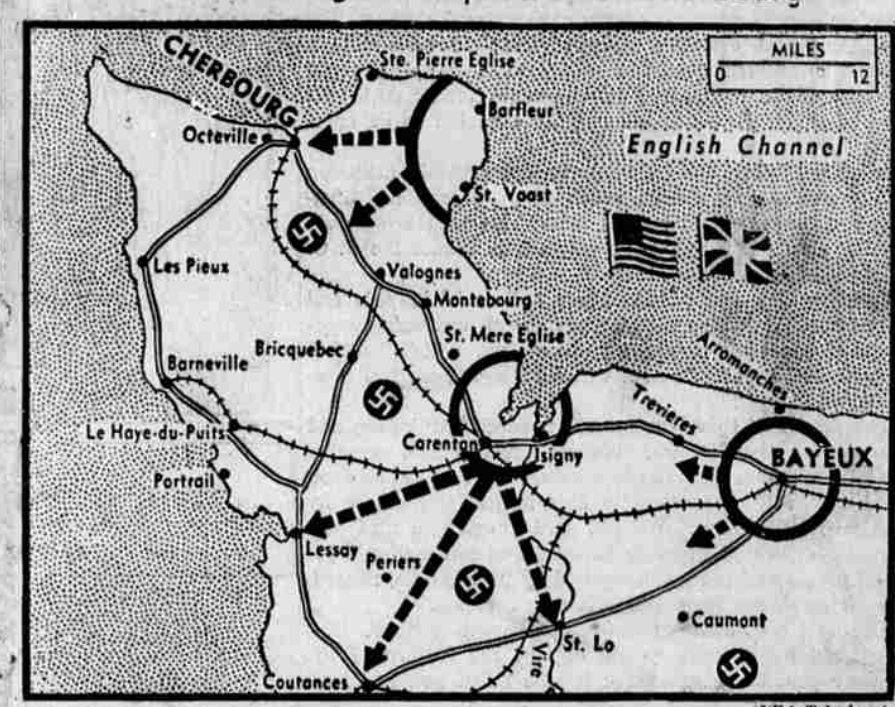
The Thunderbolts were jumped by about 50 German fighters, but the allied pilots said enemy flak still was the biggest hazard.

The Germans also claimed to have sunk one small troop transport in the Seine bay last night.

American Raiders and Hav-

(Continued on page 6)

Allied Pincers Closing on Major Port of Cherbourg



Above map shows the location of the port city of Cherbourg, main bastion guarding the neck of the Cherbourg peninsula, reported today to be in the hands of the allies. Capture of the city gives the allies control of the floodgates of the peninsula's water defense system. Above Cherbourg is St. Vaast LaHogue, where the allies today landed heavy reinforcements to hurl against the major goal of Cherbourg, only 15 miles away. Also designated on the map are other localities which will guide readers of the latest war news in following the course of the invasion of Normandy.

CARENTAN ALSO LOST, NAZIS SAY

Battle for Caen Still Undecided; Pressure on Cherbourg Is Increased

(By the Associated Press)

Powerful American forces drove 18 miles inland into the heart of the Cherbourg peninsula today through cracking German lines which the enemy said had been pushed behind flooded Carentan, key traffic bottleneck for the tottering French port.

Gen. Eisenhower's headquarters said U. S. infantry and tanks pushing across the peninsula toward St. Lo had captured the whole Cerisy forest. It was here that the new second front had pressed its maximum depth inland. Fresh gains were reported officially around Montebourg, 14 miles southeast of Cherbourg, and the enemy asserted that new forces had stormed in from the channel at St. Vaast la Hogue, 15 miles east of Cherbourg.

Cerisy forest was used as one of the greatest ammunition and fuel dumps in western France by the Germans, and had repeatedly been bombed.

Carentan Said Taken

Headquarters did not confirm announcement of the German high command that Carentan had fallen to U. S. forces, but it was not considered improbable. The city guards the narrow neck of Cherbourg peninsula and controls the floodgates of the entire water defense system.

The finest French weather since D-day a week ago tonight permitted thousands upon thousands of allied planes to bomb relentlessly the Nazi at the front, on supply roads behind, on airfields and in rail yards. Never before had so many planes been above a battle.

The Norman beachhead, now a full blown front, was lengthened to 60 miles. The Germans scraped for reserves clear back to Paris. His defense was increasingly piecemeal. Lt. Gen. Bradley's Americans were making the most spectacular gains and appeared to have the whole of the Cherbourg peninsula within grasp in a relatively short time.

Caen Battle Undecided

Gen. Montgomery's Britons and Canadians clutched for Caen, with tank columns on both sides. In the Troarn region nine miles

(Continued on page 6)

Fighting Front Valor Emphasizes Duty of Financial Support

5th Bond Drive Begins Amid War Inferno



By CHARLES V. STANTON

Pictured above is a War Savings Bond. Nearly everyone doubtless is familiar with these bonds, which our government is urging us to buy in this Fifth War Loan campaign, opening officially throughout the nation today.

There are a great many scenes which the eye cannot see in the picture reproduced above. You cannot see, for instance, brave men storming heavily-fortified enemy positions, forcing their way through barbed wire and over land mines, stumbling over the torn bodies of dead and wounded comrades as they press relentlessly forward in the face of enemy steel.

You cannot see planes spinning from the sky, trailing plumes of black, oily smoke; bodies falling through miles of space leaving behind floating embers of burning parachutes.

You cannot see vessels blown asunder by torpedoes striking out of the night, nor the inferno of burning tankers.

Fortunately you cannot see those things pictured in the above photograph, but your purchases of these bonds means that other eyes that ARE seeing those scenes may so much earlier gaze again upon those oft-dreamed vistas of peace.

You cannot see in the photograph above ships sliding down the ways, tanks, planes, guns, bombs, ammunition and medical supplies rolling off production lines.

You cannot see a great nation united in determination to fight through to a victory that will outlast future wars.

No, these things you cannot see in the mere printed reproduction of a war bond, but if you examine closely they are there.

So look intently. See how important it is that you buy these bonds—all you can afford. Then buy, so that we may complete more quickly the task that lies ahead.

Fifth War Loan Drive Launched at 2-State Location

TEXARKANA, Tex., June 12—(AP)—Bedecked with flags of the United Nations, Texarkana and 20,000 visitors were off to a running start today in the 16,000,000 Fifth War loan drive which Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau will launch nationally tonight.

The bond campaign officially opens at 7 p. m. PWT, with a four-network broadcast originating here on which President Roosevelt will speak. Morgenthau will be the master of ceremonies.

Texarkana exceeded its goal of 4,675,000 for the Fifth war loan drive in a gun-jumping campaign two days ago. Actor-producer Orson Welles, who is assisting Morgenthau with the big radio show, led the parade of Hollywood notables present.

For the day, Stateline avenue, which divides the Texas and Arkansas cities, was renamed "Liberty Way" and flags of the southwestern states waved with those of the United Nations from every building.

Even the statue of a civil war veteran at the postoffice held a flag—the stars and bars of the confederacy.

Texarkana was chosen for the focal point of the drive, treasury officials said, because of its two-state location.

Shattered Nazi Forces in Italy In State of Chaos

ROME, June 12—(AP)—Fifth army troops have occupied Montefiascone, an important road junction near the shores of Lake Bolsena, and other columns pushing along the Italian west coast are approaching Orbetello, 71 miles northwest of Rome, allied headquarters announced today.

Eighty army columns advancing up both sides of the Tiber near Bagnoregio west of the river and Rieti east of it.

In the mountainous central sector, Avezzano and its neighboring villages have been occupied while in the Adriatic sector all Germans have been cleared from the area south of the Pescara river and allied troops have pushed ahead to maintain contact with the withdrawing Germans.

A gain of 15 miles was announced for Fifth army units along the west coast. Near Nuziatello the Germans counter-attacked with two companies, but the Americans beat them back and continued the drive.

"It is now quite clear," a headquarters announcement said, "that the original 14th army of von Mackensen has been dispersed to the four winds."

"All that remains is a few scattered remnants who mainly are engaged in stealing one another's transport to get away as fast as possible. Prisoners describe the situation as wholly chaotic."

What is left of the German army, which once included the Fourth parachute, the 65th and 362d Infantry and Third panzer grenadier division, thus appears to have been put on an everyman-for-himself basis in a retreat to Florence.

Woman Thrown by Horse Succumbs

Mrs. William G. (Mildred Grace) Redenius, 44, a resident of Tenuille, died Sunday at Mercy hospital as the result of being thrown from a newly-purchased horse.

The woman had purchased the animal Sunday morning and was riding it home, according to the report obtained by Sergeant Paul Morgan of the state police, when it became frightened at a point about two miles south of town and began to buck. Witnesses said the rider stayed with the bucking horse for a short length of time and was then thrown from the saddle. Her skull was fractured as she struck the pavement.

She was rushed to Mercy hospital where her death occurred within a short time after arrival.

The body has been removed to the Roseburg Undertaking company parlors.

Insane Nazis Slay Jews, Christians, Roosevelt Reports

WASHINGTON, June 12—(AP)—President Roosevelt told congress today that as a final Nazi defeat approaches "the fury of their insane desire to wipe out the Jewish race in Europe continues undiminished."

"This is but one example," Mr. Roosevelt said in transmitting a report on arrangements for caring for war refugees. "Many Christian groups also are being murdered."

"Knowing that they have lost the war, the Nazis are determined to complete their program of mass extermination. This program is but one manifestation of Hitler's aim to salvage from military defeat victory for Nazi principles—the very principles which this war must destroy unless we shall have fought in vain."

The president outlined recently-completed arrangements to bring about 1,000 refugees to this country for temporary housing in a military camp near Oswego, N. Y., after the war, he said, these refugees, mostly women and children, will be returned to their homeland.

Facilities for caring for war refugees in southern Italy have become so overtaxed, he added, that unless arrangements to move them on can be made the escape of other refugees will be "seriously impeded."

New 4-H Club Head For Douglas Named

Kenneth Minnick has arrived in Roseburg from Union, Ore., to serve as 4-H club leader. He has been appointed to the place made vacant by the resignation of E. A. Britton, who is now serving as director of agricultural programs at Radio Station KOAC Oregon State college.

Mr. Minnick is a graduate of the state college, where he majored in farm crops and also took special training in livestock work. He served for four years as assistant in farm crops at the eastern Oregon farm experiment station, and for the past two years has been Smith-Hughes agricultural instructor at the Union and Cove high schools.

Accompanied by Mrs. Minnick and their two children, he has established residence at Roseburg, purchasing the R. C. Lawrence home at Riverside.

Flag Day Program to Be Sponsored by Elks

The Roseburg Elks lodge will sponsor a Flag day program Wednesday night, linking it with a Victory center program at the stand on Oak street between Jackson and Main streets. Marking the annual observance of the day, celebrated annually as a public ceremonial of the lodge, the Elks will present a program of patriotic music, along with the Knights of Pythias girls drum corps and a brief talk by Victor J. Micelli, vice-commander of the Oregon department of the American Legion.

The program is scheduled to begin with a concert at 7:30 o'clock.

Fire Destroys Fuel at Booth-Kelly Sawmill

SPRINGFIELD, Ore., June 12—(AP)—The Booth-Kelly sawmill, tied up by labor walkouts for more than a week recently, faced curtailment of operations today from a fire that destroyed \$50,000 worth of hogged fuel Saturday night.

The Mountain States Power company used the fuel in generating power to run the mill. Eugene firemen aided the Springfield fire department in confining the blaze to the hog fuel bin.

Revised G. I. Bill Passed by Senate

WASHINGTON, June 12—(AP)—The senate passed today and sent to the house a compromise version of the "G. I. Bill of Rights" embodying a comprehensive program of benefits for veterans of the present war.

The cost of the program, including hospitalization, education, unemployment compensation and loans for purchase of homes, farms and businesses, has been estimated at from three billion dollars to six and one-half billion dollars.

Finance committee chairman George (D-Ga.) told his colleagues senate conferees had agreed reluctantly to house insistence that any benefits a veteran gets under the bill be deducted from any bonus he may be voted after the war.

Under the measure, a veteran would be entitled to \$20 a week unemployment compensation for 52 weeks should he or she be out of a job during the first two years after discharge.

If his or her education was interrupted upon entering the service the veteran could get a year's schooling, and some cases a complete college education, with the government paying \$500 for a year's tuition, plus \$50 a month for subsistence and another \$25 for dependents.

The government would guarantee 50 per cent of private loans, at 4 per cent interest, up to a maximum of \$2,000 to enable veterans to enter business or farming or to buy a home.

Levity Fact Rant

By L. F. Reizenstein

Honest Finland was able to pay her war debts—and was doing it—but she may never be able to survive payment for her foolishness in forming an alliance with Adolf Hitler.