

ALLIES OCCUPY ROME, PURSUE BATTERED GERMANS

Roseburg News-Review

VOL. L NO. 45 OF ROSEBURG REVIEW

ROSEBURG, OR., MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1944.

VOL. XXXIII NO. 56 OF THE EVENING NEWS

INVASION COAST KEPT UNDER NON-STOP AIR BOMBING

French Ports, Far Interior Bases Lashed

Devastation Also Dealt Nazi Panzers in Aiding Allied Drive in Italy

LONDON, June 5—(AP)—Approximately 1,250 American bombers and fighters—leading an allied aerial assault of powerful proportions against the fortified French coast—smashed military installations in the Boulogne and Calais areas today with an estimated 2,200 short tons of bombs.

(The German radio at Paris asserted American bomber formations were over Paris at noon. Berlin reported Russian planes were over Hungary last night.) This was the fourth attack in a row against the Pas de Calais, the area of France closest to England, and it came after RAF bombers attacked French coast objectives and targets in Cologne, Germany, last night.

For more than three hours fleets of American and British bombers thundered across the English channel.

Since June began, the more than 200 miles of French coast line—bristling with German guns—has been shaken from end to end by allied bombs.

It is estimated that well over 13,000 tons of bombs have been dumped on France by American and British bombers alone in the last 72 hours.

The greater part of this devastating weight of explosives has fallen in the Pas-de-Calais area and on Nazi strong points surrounding the channel ports of Boulogne, Calais, Dieppe and Dunkerque. The rest has been aimed mostly at road and rail communications as deep into northern France as Paris.

The German radio soon after noon warned that single enemy planes were over the lower Danube, suggesting that Italy-based bombers were on the prowl.

Britain enjoyed another raid free night last night, the German air force evidently hushing

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In the Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS

DON'T draw wrong conclusions from the stubbornness of the Germans' fighting, now that they have lost Rome.

Kesselring's armies are BEATEN. He is merely GETTING THEM OUT with as little loss as possible. At best, it will be a badly-shaken force of Germans that gets beyond Rome.

All that is saving them from rout and demoralization is the grim skill with which they are working at their hereditary trade of war.

THE announcement of "shuttle" bombing to Russia and back is the most dramatic recent development of the war.

Its advantages are simple and easily understood. When we bomb from a single base, we go out loaded and come back empty—thus wasting the return trip. In "shuttle" bombing, we bomb BOTH WAYS.

It is so obvious that it must have been thought of long ago. Its actual accomplishment must have been waiting more on Russian consent. The Russians have been generally suspicious of ALL help from us and the British ANYWHERE on the eastern front and the Balkans. They want it distinctly understood that eastern Europe is their ballgame.

The most significant point in connection with this first shuttle bombing job is the statement that its targets were PICKED BY THE RUSSIANS. By picking the targets, they ACCEPT our help.

That must mean that we have come to an agreement with them

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Economic Ideology "Gulf" Exists Between Russia and U. S., Former Frankly Reminded by Eric Johnston

MOSCOW, June 5—(AP)—Eric Johnston, president of the United States chamber of commerce, has told soviet trade leaders there admittedly is a "gulf" between the economic ideologies of the U. S. S. R. and the United States, but "bridges of practical cooperation can be thrown across it."

Johnston's speech, probably the most frank and provocative ever delivered here by a private individual, was made at a luncheon given Saturday by the soviet trade commissar and issued yesterday by Johnston at a press conference.

Declaring his intention to discuss "direct, harsh, business facts," Johnston said: "In economic ideology, the practice of my country is different from yours. You are state-minded. We are private-minded, most individual-minded, and gentlemen, make no mistake, we are determined to remain so or become more so."

"You must realize how completely American communists have been wasting their time," Johnston added. "In a recent poll most organized workers answering a question as to their social class replied middle class. So perhaps in a way you cannot blame our American communists for their failure. If I may put it frankly, how can they make a proletarian revolution among workers who do not even know they are proletarians?"

He suggested Russian raw material and American machines

"have no ideologies... they could be mediators and interpreters between us humans."

Johnston said he hoped that "whatever political questions may arise between our two govern-

ments regarding affairs of Europe and any other continent can be adjusted in the spirit of friendship and on the basis of agreed moral principles. And I am hoping thereupon our two governments will negotiate and conclude a trade treaty that not only will permit trade between us but facilitate it further throughout the world."



Eric Johnston

Mississippi Demos In Strife; Dewey Short 139 Votes

(By the Associated Press)

Even though President Roosevelt has enough support to be nominated on the first ballot at the July 19 convention if he wants to run for a fourth term, the democrats still have something to fight about this week.

The crux of the inter-party battle appears to lie in Mississippi, where democrats will meet Wednesday to pick a delegation to cast 20 votes on the presidential and vice presidential nominations.

"White supremacy" was advanced as a theme of a meeting expected to develop an effort to keep the delegation unfractured and to leave the state's nine electoral college votes unplunged for future developments.

Dewey Still Short

In the republican race, a tabulation today showed that Gov. Thomas E. Dewey of New York is assured of publicly undisputed support for the presidential nomination from 24 states and three territories for a total of 391 convention votes—139 short of the 530 needed for a first-ballot victory. Of the total pledged or undisputedly claimed for Dewey, 169 are in the east and northeast and 107 in the midwest.

Meanwhile, the socialist party, meeting at Reading, Pa., nominated Norman Thomas of New York for the presidency for the fifth time. Parlington Hoopes, Reading lawyer, was nominated for vice president.

New AAA Governor Named by Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, June 5—(AP)—Ivy William Duggan of Georgia, director of the southern Division of the Agriculture Adjustment agency, was nominated by President Roosevelt today to be governor of the Farm Credit administration.

If confirmed by the senate he will succeed A. G. Black, whose resignation was announced March 3.

Mr. Roosevelt also sent to senate the nomination of Charles Franklin Brannan of Colorado to become assistant secretary of agriculture, a post left vacant when Grover B. Hill became under-secretary of agriculture.

16 More Jap Ships Bagged By U. S. Subs

Announcement by Navy Swells Total to 589; Biak Battle Undecided

WASHINGTON, June 5—(AP)—United States submarines have destroyed 16 more of Japan's dwindling fleet of merchant ships, the navy reported today, bringing the total of enemy ships sunk by American submarines to 589.

The total of enemy ships sunk to date includes 148 combatant vessels.

ADVANCED ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, New Guinea, June 5—(AP)—Japan flung more of her husbanded air force into swirling sky battles in the Southwest Pacific—risking 70 planes, losing 30—and mounted fierce mortar fire resistance against a new American ground offensive on bloody Biak, reports disclosed today.

Loss of only one allied plane was listed in the accounts of air action during which seven other Japanese aircraft probably were shot down in addition to the 30 and several were destroyed on the ground.

The biggest air battle occurred over Truk in the Carolines where 30 enemy fighters tried vainly to break up a strong daylight raid by Liberators. Gunners of the bombers shot down at least 10, perhaps three others, during a long running fight in which 10 Liberators were not damaged, three crewmen killed and four wounded. But the bombers dropped their 36 tons of explosives squarely in the center of Dublon township and all got back to their admiralty bases.

Further deterioration of the Japanese position on Bougainville in the northern Solomons was indicated by the seizure of abandoned fortifications in a new cut-back landing southeast of the

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Insurance Ruling 75 Years Old Gets High Court Kayo

WASHINGTON, June 5—(AP)—Overruling a decision that has stood for 75 years, the supreme court held today that insurance is business in interstate commerce, and is subject to the Sherman anti-trust act.

Justice Black wrote the court's 4-3 decision. Chief Justice Stone wrote a dissenting opinion in which Justice Frankfurter concurred. Justice Jackson also wrote an opinion in which he dissented in part. Justices Roberts and Reed took no part in the case.

The case specifically involved 196 stock fire insurance companies, and 27 individuals connected with the Southeastern Underwriters association in Florida, Alabama, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.

Anti-trust charges brought by the justice department were dismissed by the federal district court at Atlanta on the ground that the supreme court has held for 75 years that the business of insurance was not commerce and, hence, the companies were not subject to the Sherman act, which prohibits combinations or conspiracies which restrain interstate commerce.

Added interest was given to the case by the fact that legislation is pending before congress to exempt insurance companies from the federal anti-trust legislation and to leave their regulation to the states.

The Southeastern companies were charged with a conspiracy to fix and maintain arbitrary and non-competitive rates and with a conspiracy to monopolize trade and commerce in fire insurance in the states affected.

Ex-Roseburg Boy in Volcanic Area



Rampant Mt. Vesuvius, Italy's historic volcano, is the background of the above photo, showing a former Roseburg boy at the right end of the group of U. S. engineers. He is Jack B. James, nephew of Mrs. R. L. Hudson of this city and a brother of Mrs. Mary Cunningham of Oakland, Ore. Picture was taken while the engineers paused briefly in their work of assisting in the evacuation of the nearby population during eruption of the volcano. Young James, brother of the late Ray James, former News-Review employee, attended grade school in Roseburg, later was graduated from high school at Scappoose and then entered military service.

Germany Attempts to Belittle Allied Conquest of Rome, but Asserts Battle In Italy Will Continue "to Victory"

LONDON, June 5—(AP)—Violent fighting raged northeast of Rome today, the German high command said in a broadcast communique, after Adolf Hitler in two headquarters announcements had acknowledged the fall of the capital despite a last-minute effort to declare it an open city.

United States tank formations pushed into the center of Rome yesterday despite the offer to make it an open city, the bulletin said, and "bitter street fighting developed which was still continuing in the hours of the evening."

Berlin declared all public amusement places in Italian towns of northern Italy, still under German control, will be closed for three days so "republican Italians will in these hours and days harden their hearts and sharpen their arms for their liberation."

The commanders of a division of Italians in Germany for training were said to have sent Mussolini a message deploring the "tragic consequences of treason," and declaring the "moment of retaliation and victory is not far."

Try To Belittle Victory

German propagandists, noting the allies hailed the capture of Rome as a great victory, sought to minimize the event by declaring the city had no economic, strategic or political value except as a "tourist center."

"They immediately launched a campaign to impress people of the axis that loss of Rome was

Death by Fire Blamed On Careless Smoker

PORTLAND, June 5—(AP)—Fire department investigators blamed careless smoking today for a Sunday morning fire that burned Ralph G. Huse, 39, to death in his bed. His wife was rescued from their blazing house by a neighbor. The fire broke out in the living room of a two-story house on 12th and Commercial streets.

Air Force Lashes Remainder Of Two Nazi Armies Fleeing From Threat of Annihilation

(By the Associated Press)

The American Fifth army drove swiftly through captured and intact Rome today, crossed the Tiber and made a supreme effort to overtake and destroy the fleeing and mauled German 10th and 14th armies.

Considerable numbers of the enemy appeared trapped southwest of Rome below the Tiber, the seaward bridges of which were destroyed. Prisoners exceeded 20,000. Swarms of allied planes turned the Nazi retreat into a nightmare. Roads of retreat were blocked with wreckage of 1,200 more vehicles; lines of supply were kept cut. The Germans had suffered immense losses in men and material and wherever they fled, allied bombers whipped them mercilessly.

Joyous Romans Bestow Kisses, Roses on Allies

Some Die Aiding in Erasing German Resistance, Stubborn Despite "Open City" Pretense

By DANIEL DE LUCE.

ROME, June 5—(AP)—Mussolini's balcony hung empty in the mist of moonlight as Fifth army soldiers encircled the former dictator's office at the Palazzo Venezia last night and thousands of Roman partisans fanned the fires of liberation.

Behind a screen of partisan volunteers who wore hammer and sickle armbands, waved red flags and brandished old firearms, American forces drove to the Tiber river through futile German resistance in the streets—resistance that was real despite the German pretense that Rome was an open city.

Some Romans died in the fight for freedom, cigarettes between their lips and cheers in their throats. Some were lying across the German machine guns they had tried to seize barehanded.

"Why were you so long coming? We expected you four months ago," said some of the partisans.

Others in unwhispering silence, asking no questions, waited for their wounds to be bandaged. Thousands joined with the occupying forces. They waved flags and red banners, spashed through water from broken water mains to grasp the hands of the troops, almost smothered the liberators with roses and kisses.

German Prisoners Cursed

They shrieked curses at blinking German prisoners, cradled at the sight of a dying American soldier. With shrill cries they warned of hidden anti-tank guns and machinegun nests.

Mothers held up their children to be kissed by the grimy, bearded doughboys. In sight of a dying German scout car crewman from whose chest gushed a stream of blood.

But the doughboys just swung along in a tired shuffle in the face of all this demonstration, awestruck by the famous avenues that had been their goal for nine long, dangerous and wearying months.

As the final push sent General Sherman tanks clattering thru Centocelles alleyways and green fields, their machineguns drove scores of German snipers from cover. Italian partisans rode the American tanks or preceded them like game beaters.

"I'll bet there are enough fascist party badges in the Tiber today to make the fish sick," said one officer.

New Planing Mill at Riddle Begins Operation

The planing mill which has been under construction near Riddle, owned by Fred Cooper and associates, who operate the Cooper sawmill at Canyonville, has started operation. The mill has capacity to handle approximately 100,000 board feet of lumber daily and will be used principally for custom work. The company includes, besides Mr. Cooper, J. C. Namming, owner of the Atlantic Lumber company, Portland, and H. N. Coon, Portland.

Drowned Angler Leaves Bride of Three Months

LONGVIEW, Wash., June 5—(AP)—The drowning of Harry Dillon, 48, internal revenue bureau employee here and former Portland, Ore., semi-pro baseball figure, in Lake Merrill in the upper Lewis river country was disclosed here today.

Merrill was fishing with a companion when their boat capsized. The companion escaped. Dillon's widow, a bride of three months, survives.

Highway 5 Leading Across Italy to Pescara Came Under Allied Domination in the Rome Area. Bit by Bit, the 20 German Divisions in Central Italy Were Being Caught in the Allied Meat Grinder and Chopped to Bits. The Eighth Army Cleared the Sacco Valley Southeast of the Capital. Nowhere Was There Evidence of a German Stand. It Appeared Probable That the foe would have to retreat up the west coast at least 39 miles to Civitavecchia and probably pull back the whole transpeninsular front to a line leading from Livorno, 160 miles northwest of Rome, to Ancona on the Adriatic.

Pope Pius XII presumably has behind allied lines in the Vatican. It took the allies nine months, and great quantities of blood and treasure to capture Rome. The city is of vast military and physiological importance. It is the hub of communications in Italy and has a nexus of airfields which are 440 miles from such south German cities as Munich.

President Roosevelt will address the nation at 5:30 p. m., PWT, tonight, to discuss the fall of Rome in a 15-minute broadcast to be carried by the four major networks.

Vatican Not Molested. Last ditch German rearguards died within the shadow of the Roman forum and in the streets of the government quarter in bitter clashes as Italian partisans, bareheaded and wearing hammer and sickle insignia, fought hand to hand with fascist and nazis in a brief battle for liberations.

But despite the sporadic clashes, which took place even though the German high command had pretended until the last that Rome was an open city, the Italian capital with its store of cultural and religious treasures, apparently came through unscathed for the most part.

There was no sign of life at the Vatican. It was wholly intact and the only remarks of a Swiss guard were that the Germans always had respected its neutrality and that he hoped the Americans would.

There was no special guard around the Vatican and at the portals of Vatican city, at the

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Parts of 2 Nazi Armies Destroyed, Gen. Clark Says

LONDON, June 5—(AP)—The Naples radio said Lt. Gen. Mark W. Clark of the Fifth army, in a speech to his corps commanders, had declared "I doubt if the 14th German army" is any longer capable of fighting.

"It is a great day for the Fifth army," Gen. Clark was quoted as saying on the capture of Rome. "French, British and American troops have made it possible, and I want to thank Gen. Eaker (Lt. Gen. Ira C. Eaker, army commander) for his air support."

"I would like to say a word in memory of the men and women of the Fifth army who have made the supreme sacrifice."

"We have destroyed parts of two German armies, the 10th and the 14th, and I doubt if the 14th is any longer capable of fighting. We have taken 20,000 prisoners, wrecked the German armies and have captured and destroyed untold quantities of enemy battle equipment."

Earlier, the Aglairs radio said Clark had issued a special order of the day to his troops declaring "It is the immediate task of the Fifth army to pursue the retreating enemy and destroy him."

Levity Fact Rant

By L. F. Rasmussen

By his evasiveness on the presidential issue, Tom Dewey is risking the support of New York City baseball fans, who may ultimately be classing him as a "Dodger."