

THE WEATHER

Humidity 4:30 p.m. yesterday 74
Highest temperature yesterday 74
Lowest temperature last night 51
Precipitation for 24 hours — T
Precip. since first of month — 0.24
Precip. from Sept. 1, 1933 — 25.25
Deficiency since Sept. 1, 1933 — 57
Partly Cloudy

Roseburg News-Review

THE DOUGLAS COUNTY DAILY

PEACE OR WAR?

The world will wait for the answer to that question as the fate of Poland rests on negotiations at Berlin. The reply may come at any hour. It will be flashed by NEWS-REVIEW wire service.

VOL. XLIV NO. 121 OF R. G. REVIEW ROSEBURG, OREGON, MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1939. VOL. XXVIII NO. 21 OF THE EVENING NEWS

BRITAIN SENDS HITLER REPLY ON POLAND

Boise Family Biennial Reunion Held



Four sons and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Watson E. Boise, 116 S. Chadwick street, attended the biennial reunion of the family held here last week. David W. Boise of Hurley, New Mexico; Charles R. Boise, London, England; Howard S. Boise of Medford, and Eugene Boise of Dixonville, are the sons of Mr. and Mrs. Boise, and

Mrs. R. C. Bell, Palo Alto, Calif., is the only daughter. Pictured above are (front row) Mary Boise, London; Mr. and Mrs. Watson E. Boise, Roseburg; Marion Boise, Dixonville. Second row—Charles Boise, London; David Boise, Hurley, N. M.; Charles P. Boise, London; Anne

Boise, London; Mrs. R. C. Bell, Palo Alto; Eugene Boise, Dixonville. Back row—David Bell, Palo Alto; Mrs. Eugene Boise, Dixonville; Prof. R. C. Bell, Palo Alto; Mrs. David Boise, Hurley, N. M.; Orlis Boise, Hurley, N. M.; Mrs. Charles W. Boise, London; Barbara Bell, Palo Alto; Louise Boise, Dixonville; Charles Boise, Hurley, N. M.

Planes Move Base Camp Of Fire Fighters

Parachutes Drop Food And Equipment To New Site on South Umpqua, Where Rain Also Aids.

A base camp for 200 fire fighters, engaged in combatting a 250-acre fire on Apple Creek in the South Umpqua district of the Umpqua national forest, was moved Sunday entirely by airplane. Two planes dropped more than 10,000 pounds of bedding rolls, kitchen equipment and sufficient food to provide meals for 200 men for four days. Only one parachute, attached to a case of bread, failed to operate.

A shift in the wind Saturday started the Apple Creek fire racing toward the summit of a high ridge. Fire fighters were forced by the change to hike three miles uphill from their camp to the new fire line and it was decided to shift camp to a point on top of the mountain.

Portland Planes Aid
Two planes were called from Portland and in three trips from Roseburg Sunday succeeded in transporting all supplies needed at the new base.

Forest Supervisor V. V. Harbham reported there might have been something in the names of the two camps which caused Foreman Jake Smith to request the change in location. The men previously were stationed on Devil's flat and now are based at Angel camp.

The two planes used on the flights were cabin ships especially equipped for dropping supplies to fire fighters. A Fokker plane, owned by R. J. Davis of Portland, was flown by Archie Roth. A twin-engine Knightrider was flown by L. J. Scholer of Portland. Mr. Scholer's plane was in Roseburg earlier in the year and engaged in passenger flights over the city.

A large white marker had been laid out in a small clearing at Angel camp, located on the top of a high mountain, and supplies, with parachutes attached, were dropped out of the planes as they circled the marked spot. The actual dropping of cargoes was completed in about 20 minutes, the planes taking about an hour and a half for each flight.

Three more trips were scheduled for today to take in additional supplies of food.

The parachutes used are constructed from burlap and light cotton ropes. Packages each weighed up to 60 pounds. Included in the supplies dropped Sunday were

Self-Help For Jobless Plan Given Start

Production-For-Use Move in California, Based on Cooperative Policy, Gets "Go" Order.

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Aug. 28.—(AP)—A program of state-financed production-for-use, conceived to "help the unemployed help themselves," emerged as a reality in California today.

The much-debated theory that developed into a critical election issue in Author Upton Sinclair's unsuccessful 1934 fight for the democratic governorship, was ordered into almost immediate operation by Governor Culbert L. Olson, who took office the first of this year.

The program was drafted by a citizens' committee on relief appointed by the democratic governor in an effort to devise a workable scheme to take relief clients off the dole.

It proposes that the state create cooperative units which would both produce and sell goods to persons on relief. "Direct production" projects would supplement the self-help organizations.

Gov. Olson, authorizing the state relief administration to go ahead with development of the program "as rapidly as possible," said the first unit "should be easier to start than a relief agency."

Plan Outlined
An outline by the committee in a report released yesterday, a single cooperative unit at the outset must be able to produce and distribute everything in the average relief budget that can be "economically produced" on the basis of consumer demand of 5,000 relief cases.

In each unit an estimated 450 persons—removed from relief ranks—and 50 others would comprise "working members," drawing cash or remuneration in kind for their services.

The committee decided that in order to attract special services sometimes not available among relief clients, a number equal to 10 per cent of the relief membership would be eligible to participate actively in the cooperative venture.

The 5,000 associate members of a single unit would pay the prevailing prices for goods. If there are profits from the operation, they would share dividends in the form of accrued goods.

Questions such as how much will the program cost the state, how many clients will benefit, what the plans will produce and how many stores will be installed, remain to be answered by officials.

Emergency Ration Edict Cuts German Food Supply; Gasoline to be Curtailed

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—(AP)—Nazi Germany's capital saw today the greatest run on its food stores in decades.

Housewives hurried to grocers, butchers, dairymen and other provisions to get their names down for the new rationing process.

In addition, they bought whatever the dealers would give them of stocks not yet on the ration list.

These included eggs, potatoes, flour and canned goods of all sorts.

Germany began to eat less of some favorite foods because of the government's new system of rationing—a "pre-war measure of conservation."

While housewives thus were seeking to adopt themselves to

the emergency situation, Berlin's men could be seen standing before bill boards, or rather the bill-boards that are characteristic of Germany, reading ardently.

Gasoline to be Restricted
Their attention was drawn especially to a notice stating that after September 1, next Friday, gasoline, too, would be rationed strictly.

That is—rationed for those who are still allowed to retain their cars.

Under terms of the gasoline decree, the owner of an automobile must prove he needs his car and negotiate on the amount of gasoline he may purchase daily.

There already had been a ban on the sale of gasoline from 6 p.

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Demands Of Nazis Turned Down, Belief

Fuehrer Said Willing for Mussolini to Act as Mediator to Avert War.

Request for Direct Parley With Poland Rejected; Fight Preparations Not Halted.

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—(AP)—Adolf Hitler expects to receive Sir Neville Henderson, the British ambassador, at 10 o'clock tonight (1 p. m. PST) to receive the reply of his majesty's government to Germany's proposals for a solution of the German-Polish war crisis.

Arrangements for the British ambassador's visit here made while Hitler was representing in well-informed circles as willing to have some friend like Premier Mussolini of Italy mediate Germany's dispute with Poland.

Sir Neville was flying from London after a series of three British cabinet meetings had completed the reply to Hitler's proposals. In rejecting direct negotiations with Warsaw, the German chancellor disclosed that his demands on Poland not only included return of the Free City of Danzig and Pomorze (Polish territory) but also vaguely implied he would insist on other "adjustments" at the expense of Poland.

In connection with suggestions that Premier Mussolini would be acceptable as a mediator, reliable sources said that Bernardo Alamedo, Italian ambassador to Germany, had frequent contact with Hitler and German Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop.

Won't Deal With Poland
Sir Neville indicated in a reply to Premier Daladier of France made public today, that he considered direct talks with Poland would be futile.

"I see no possibility for us on our part to exert influence in the direction of reasonable circles upon Poland," the fuhrer declared.

He did not comment directly on Daladier's suggestion that the French premier was "ready to make every effort which an upright man can undertake" toward a peaceful solution.

Had Hitler intended to ask mediation by Daladier, he would, it was argued in political circles here, have asked Daladier in this reply.

Official quarters said nothing was known in Berlin about a second letter to Hitler which Paris dispatches said Daladier was drafting.

Hitler cited what he called "Macedonian conditions" prevailing along other parts of the frontier, presumably upper Silesia. The plain inference was that Ger-

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EDITORIALS on the DAY'S NEWS

By FRANK JENKINS

HERE are Friday's important developments in the war situation:

1. Germany is trying to talk Russia and Japan into a non-aggression treaty.
2. Hungary and Rumania are reported to be "about ready" to sign a non-aggression treaty.
3. Germany is trying feverishly to frighten Turkey into repudiating her alliance with Britain and France.

WATCH these developments, rather than Danzig. Danzig has become relatively unimportant. It is merely the match that may set off the powder keg.

If Russia and Japan can be talked into settling their differences, at least for the present, Japan will be left free to harry British and French interests in the Orient.

If Turkey can be persuaded to betray Britain and France, the back door to Poland by way of the Danubian will be closed and British and French aid to Poland will be made immensely more difficult.

A non-aggression agreement between Hungary and Rumania would help to close the Polish back door and would also be a sign of a rush to the German hand-wagon by small nations.

If all of these efforts could be brought to successful conclusion, it would be a German diplomatic victory of such staggering proportions as to make it highly improbable that Britain, France and Poland can now afford to go to war.

That is why these developments are the ones to be watched.

HITLER calls the British ambassador into sudden conference. That SOUNDS important, but is only a step in the process of breaking British, French and Polish nerves.

The currents have been running in favor of Germany. Now is therefore the time to call in the British

NEUTRALITY LAW POISED FOR ACTION

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—(AP)—White house aides said President Roosevelt considered the international situation too uncertain to leave Washington and he had given up hope of leaving tonight for his home at Hyde Park, N. Y.

If a European war breaks out, a government official said today, President Roosevelt will invoke the neutrality law at the same time that he calls congress to consider its revision.

The law places an embargo on all shipments of arms and ammunition to belligerents. The administration wants to repeal this provision and permit sales on a sort of "cash and carry" basis.

The president is directed to invoke the neutrality act whenever he finds that a "state of war" exists. It has not been applied to the Sino-Japanese conflict, where no declaration of war ever has been forthcoming.

Authoritative sources said the law might not be called into operation if there was only a "lightning" war between Germany and Poland, but they expressed certainty that it would be invoked if the conflict spread throughout the continent.

Mr. Roosevelt and state department officials have been drawing up the proclamations by which the act would be put into effect, and have supervised a long series of preparations designed to ease the shock of a European war on American economic conditions.

TOO MANY TROUT COSTS ANGLER \$25

Fishing in Diamond lake Sunday was altogether too good, Frank L. Johnson of San Jose, California, found out. Johnson had no trouble getting fish. In fact, the game warden found him in possession of eleven nice trout, while the law provides a limit of only five. Justice of the Peace R. W. Masters reported Johnson and Sergeant Ed Walker of the state police, in charge of game law enforcement, telephoned Judge Masters this morning. The fisherman entered a plea of guilty to a charge of exceeding the legal limit and paid a fine of \$25 and costs to the police officer to be forwarded to the local court.

WOMAN VIOLATES GAME LAW; FINED

Pleading guilty to a charge of unlawful possession of venison, Mrs. Clem McDonald of Canyonville was fined \$25 in the justice court here today. The fine, however, was suspended by Judge R. W. Masters conditioned upon no future law violations.

BULLETINS

OTTAWA, Aug. 28.—(Canadian Press)—The Canadian government announced today it had assumed control of shipping and instituted a naval control service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—(AP)—Inquiry at the Polish consulate here today disclosed Poles and persons of Polish descent in the United States have sent slightly more than \$1,000,000 to Poland for a national defense fund.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28.—(AP)—The Netherlands proclaimed the general mobilization of its army and navy today.

The Netherlands had about 120,000 men under arms prior to the mobilization orders. The first act of mobilization should add 114,000 men to the army or make about 244,000 all told.

The Royal Dutch navy, which includes 12 modern men-of-war, has been in readiness for some time.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—(AP)—The Rhine frontier between France and Germany was closed this morning at Strasbourg. The only persons permitted to cross the bridge from Strasbourg to Kehl were German residents of the French frontier zone and tourists returning to Germany.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 28.—(AP)—The Slovak government closed its frontier with Hungary last midnight.

Reports from Bratislava said German troops were pouring into the Slovak capital today from Vienna and being taken to the Polish frontier. For the first time, Bratislava was taken over officially by the German army command.

NAZIS SLAY YOUTH OF 20 FOR 'SPYING'

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—(AP)—A former member of the French Foreign Legion, 20-year-old Friedrich Sperzel of Frankfurt-am-Main, was beheaded this morning for espionage.

The announcement said Sperzel left Germany illegally and when back in France he "agreed to spy against his own people."

TEACHERS UNPAID, PUPILS TURNED AWAY

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 28.—(AP)—A thousand pupils were turned away today, the start of the fall term, at seven Porter township schools because teachers said there would be no classes until they receive "back pay in full."

The 36 teachers said they were owed three months' back pay and voted to stay away from classes until they were paid.

U. S. EMBARGO ON ARMS GETS BLAME

BOSTON, Aug. 28.—(AP)—Louis Johnson, assistant secretary of war, asserted today failure of congress to repeal the neutrality act, "contributing factor" to the current European crisis.

The embargo on arms, he declared, in an address before the national convention of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was "very nearly equivalent to presenting Germany with an Atlantic fleet" and was "a direct move encouraging war."

Assailing the group in congress which defeated President Roosevelt's "peace move" to repeal the embargo, Johnson said:

"It is going too far to say that this republican bloc and this democratic minority are responsible for the present crisis which threatens the peace of the world, but it cannot be denied that they share responsibility as contributing factors."

"However honorable may have been their intentions, they have pushed to answer for. They played politics when peace was in the balance, and men may die as a result."

AUTO CRASH HALTS TRIP TO HOSPITAL

PORTLAND, Aug. 28.—(AP)—An automobile accident kept Leona out of a hospital today.

She was being rushed to a hospital for treatment for a spray poison. The automobile in which she was riding and another collided with another, driven by Dr. R. E. Smith, dentist.

Smith treated the ailing girl on the spot. She recovered so quickly that the trip to the hospital was cancelled.

6 DIE WHEN CAR HITS BRIDGE ABUTMENT

LONGVIEW, Wash., Aug. 28.—(AP)—A party of six returning from a Catholic dance and celebration was wiped out early yesterday when the coupe in which all were riding crashed into a concrete bridge abutment on the Ocean Beach highway, 12 miles west of here.

Five died almost instantly. They were: Dean Nye, 25; his wife, Betty, 16; Albert Unger, about 20; John Parsons, 25; and Jane Parsons, 21. Dean's sister, Dory, 21, died several hours later. All of the victims were of Carroll, Wash.

The accident occurred at the end of a long sweeping curve leading to the bridge over Abasco creek.

CAR CARRYING SIX DIVES INTO CANYON

HILLSBORO, Ore., Aug. 28.—(AP)—Mrs. Ted Bailey of North Plains was being treated today for a broken leg, suffered when a car in which she and five others were riding overturned and plunged into a canyon on Dike mountain north of here yesterday.

The others escaped injury.

SWEET HOME MILL DESTROYED BY FIRE

SWEET HOME, Aug. 28.—(AP)—Flames which might have started in a sawdust burner destroyed the Sweet Home Lumber company mill sawmill early today.

About 700,000 feet of lumber was destroyed and three railroad cars damaged. Bert Smith, manager, estimated the damage at \$20,000.

GERMAN BALLOONS EYE POLISH BORDER

Warsaw; Priests, Women Aid Trench Digging.

WARSAW, Aug. 28.—(AP)—German observation balloons were reported aloft over the German-Polish border today as Warsaw lived from minute to minute on the thin and fragile line between peace and war.

"The dice have not yet been thrown," said one morning Warsaw newspaper, "but they may have been thrown by the time these words are in print."

Frontier crises were reported from various districts as nervous strain found expression in gunfire.

A Polish cavalryman was killed.

Polish reports said that Polish frontier guards and buildings were being almost continuously attacked, not only with rifles but with machine guns and hand grenades.

Most train, airplane and highway communications between Poland and Germany stopped, but, up until last night at least, there was train service through the Polish Corridor to East Prussia from Germany.

Air raid trench digging continued. In Krakow, priests used shovels. Thousands of women also dug.

Poland also kept on the alert against any surprise moves from Germany by pushing her preparedness program.

It was estimated at least 1,000,000 men were under arms and ready for any emergency.

Polish news agency reported clashes between German soldiers and Polish frontier guards during the week-end on Poland's frontiers with East Prussia and Slovakia, where the Germans have concentrated large forces.

DALADIER DRAFTS 2ND NOTE TO HITLER

Peace Appeal Renewed But France Continues War Preparations.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—(AP)—Premier Daladier drew up a second letter to Adolf Hitler today in an effort to persuade the German fuhrer from going to war and keep the way open for peaceful negotiations.

The French government simultaneously extended its preparedness for war with publication of a decree imposing censorship to news and photographs.

Spokesmen of the French government said they considered it "virtually impossible" to find a ground for common understanding between France and Germany since the exchange of communications between Daladier and Hitler "showed they do not speak the same language."

Daladier, they said, suggested conversations directly with Poland to seek means of a settlement without war, while Hitler as the French view his note, simply replied he would not talk with Poland and was determined to take what he wanted.

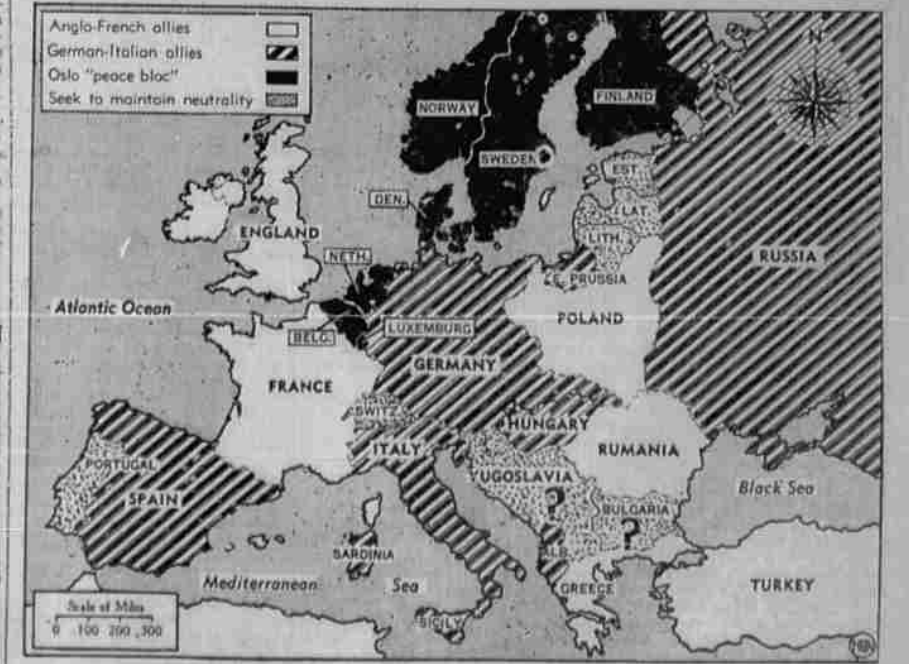
A French spokesman flatly challenged Hitler's assertion there were 2,000,000 Germans in Poland, saying no official figures of any kind gave more than 700,000 Germans there.

France now has included her entire empire in the defense measures being taken on the continent.

Before leaving France today for French Indo-China, young Emperor Bao Dai Annam telegraphed Minister of Colonies Georges Mandel his assurances of Annamite loyalty, declaring "whatever happens my subjects and I stand at France's side."

Approximately 3,000,000 men were under arms in the French empire.

Reich-Soviet Pact Alters European Pattern Again



The new Europe is shaping up this way in the wake of the non-aggression agreement between Germany and Russia. The Oslo "peace bloc" nations, all neutrals, have taken leadership in seeking a peaceful way out for Europe. The other neutrals are largely intent on preserving their neutrality. Yugoslavia, under German-Italian pressure, and Bulgaria apparently have made no final commitments.