

HAUPTMANN GETS 30 DAYS' REPRIEVE

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Immediately after the governor announced he had granted the reprieve, Attorney General Davis T. Wilentz said Hauptmann, who was under sentence to die tomorrow night, would not die for about three months because it would be necessary to re-sentence him.

His sentence was fixed for "the week of January 13" and under the law if he did not die during that period Supreme Court Justice Thomas W. Trenchard would be forced to set a new death date.

The governor said that "for divers reasons which I do not care to disclose" he was granting the reprieve. The governor made no comment as to whether he had a "confession" from some person other than Hauptmann.

The law provides that a sentencing judge, upon signing the death warrant, must fix a date not less than four, nor more than eight weeks after the date of signing.

By JAMES W. DOUTHAT
(Associated Press Staff Writer)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—(AP)—The supreme court of the United States refused today to save Bruno Richard Hauptmann from the electric chair tomorrow night.

Hauptmann's petition for a writ of habeas corpus and a stay of execution had been filed shortly after noon by his attorneys.

The decision to deny the petition was agreed upon while the justices ate their lunch from 2 to 2:30 p. m.

Chief Justice Hughes announced the verdict to a hushed audience as the court convened at 2:33 p. m.—three minutes late.

Apparently the discussion had extended overtime.

The chief justice said merely that the petition for a writ of habeas corpus was denied.

Court observers said that action in fact included the petition for a stay of execution.

The delay had been requested in order to permit the court to review the petition, which was signed by Hauptmann, and by Attorneys Lloyd Fisher, Frederick A. Pope, Edward Rosecrans, Nugent Dodds and Barkinshaw.

11 Causes Recited

Charging that Hauptmann was subjected during his trial to "influences and slanders" and "intimidating circumstances, hostile to the petitioner," the petition added:

1. The jury was not sequestered but was exposed to hostile expressions of opinion by persons not connected with the trial. This jurors were "obliged on many occasions to push through a dense crowd of people from the time of departure from the hotel until installed in the jury box. Every word that was said as the jurors passed by, even whispers, were audible to the jurors."

2. "Members of the crowd by shouts and gestures indicated their hostile, personal opinion concerning petitioner's guilt" as the jurors walked between their hotel and the courthouse.

3. The jurors were compelled to eat in a public dining room where they could hear voices throughout the entire room which was "filled with newspaper men, curiosity seekers and other of the general public."

4. There was "widespread confusion and disorders prevailing in the court room, all resulting in the continuous distraction of the jury from attention to the testimony in the case."

5. Motion picture cameras were operated in the court room, "diverting and distracting the attention of the jury."

6. Throughout the trial were "repeated outbursts from the crowd of spectators in the court room," including frequent manifestations of "contempt, disbelief and hostility toward petitioner and witnesses."

7. Seats were given in the court room by the prosecution to "various prominent persons who were ostentatiously seated close to the jury."

8. The jurors "came in close contact with the crowds in the street as they exercised on a second floor porch."

9. A microphone was installed just below the jurors' quarters from which were made nightly broadcasts, many of which were "severely antagonistic to your petitioner and were audible to the jury."

10. The hotel was the headquarters of newspaper men, at times their comments "which frequently were hostile" were audible to the jurors.

11. Keeping the jurors in the hotel constituted "a distraction which prevented a fair and impartial trial."

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TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—Simultaneous with an announcement by Governor Harold F. Hoffmann's press aide here that the governor had "no knowledge of any confession" in the Lindbergh case, it was stated in other high sources today: "There has been a confession, and it is by some one other than Bruno Richard Hauptmann."

Before the governor also was a new affidavit by Samuel Small, a professional penman of New York, to the effect that Hauptmann "could not possibly have written" the ransom notes which were a great factor in the conviction of the Bronx carpenter at his trial at Flemington. Small drew his conclusion from general methods of writing.

Another governor, Horner of Illinois, came into the case today, Chicago advices said that Governor Horner was looking into the story of a Chicago Bridewell prisoner that he had been offered \$22,000 worth of the Lindbergh ransom money at 40 cents on the dollar and that he had taken some and distributed it "here and there."

Authorities concerned with the investigation of the Lindbergh kid-

Sues to Establish Parentage



Robert E. Thomas is suing in New York court for a share in a \$2,000,000 estate, declaring that he has just learned that he is son of May Yohe, oft-married stage favorite of yesterday. He alleges that the then world famous actress bore him secretly after her estrangement from her second husband, Putnam Strong, and allowed E. R. Thomas of Los Angeles to adopt him. Thomas and latest photo of Miss Yohe, who lives in Boston, are shown.

Seek Robinson's Senate Seat



J. Rosser Venable

Cleveland Holland

Two candidates for U. S. Senate seat of Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas, majority leader, are already in field. J. Rosser Venable is Little Rock attorney. Cleveland Holland is Fort Smith attorney and advocate of Townsend pension plan.

napping and the prosecution of Hauptmann were obviously skeptical of any "confession." Some, declining to be quoted, pointed out that many a false clue had been exploded since March 1, 1932, at great expense; none had proved of value; also that last-minute "crack pot" confessions were not novelties in major capital cases.

"Hoffman hasn't a thing," said one official.

Mysterious midnight conferences in a New York hotel, presumably conducted by the governor, raised speculation that he was conferring with other officials on startling new evidence.

J. Edgar Hoover, chief of the federal bureau of investigation, left the hotel early today but declined to say whether he had talked with Hoffman.

"I don't know anything about it," he said of the reported confession. "Any statement will have to come from the governor."

Two hours earlier Edward J. Reilly, who was Hauptmann's head counsel during the trial at Flemington a year ago, had entered the same hotel. Like Hoover, he was silent as to the reason for his visit.

Ellis Parker, Burlington county detective and friend of the governor, was asked about published reports that he had inquired into the possibility a Jersey antiquarian had built the kidnap ladder.

"I never heard tell of it," he said, adding that he was aware of no new developments in the case. As Hauptmann's lawyers fought to save his life, the prisoner faced the ordeal of saying goodbye to his wife.

Mrs. Hauptmann and her husband talked yesterday while electricians tested the electric chair. Hauptmann's cell in separated from the death chamber by a thick wall.

"NEW EVIDENCE" CLAIMED

BY BRUNO'S EX-COUNSEL
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The New York World-Telegram today quoted Harold C. Keyes, until recently chief investigator for the Bruno Richard Hauptmann defense, as saying new evidence in existence was "of such a conclusive nature it would result in acquittal in a new trial."

Keyes, no longer employed by counsel for the convicted slayer of little Charles A. Lindbergh, Jr., said he had found "other means" of continuing his investigation.

Keyes told the newspaper the new information in his possession would "shed new light on the actual circumstances surrounding the crime," and would discredit three identifying witnesses, including Dr. J. P. (Jafie) Condon, Amundus Hockmuth and Millard Whitely.

This new material, Keyes also told the newspaper, would discredit testimony linking Hauptmann with the kidnap ladder.

Keyes said also he would like to find a man whose name he gave as Rudolph Anton Schultzer who has information with "a most important bearing" on the case.

Smooth, evenly fleshed hogs will produce a finer quality of meat and will cut up with less waste than rough, coarse, wrinkled and flabby animals, farm specialists say.

FLIER ELLSWORTH THOUGHT LOCATED IN ANTARCTIC AREA

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by the British and Australian governments, carried food, medical supplies and two airplanes. On Jan. 11 she was reported lying in the South Polar sea, waiting an opening in the ice in order to enter the Bay of Whales.

The Ellsworth expedition supply ship, the Wyatt-Earn, commanded by Sir Hubert Wilkins, also has sailed from Chile to assist in the rescue. She carried a motor and ski-equipped plane, flown to Chile by the American aviator Dick Merrill.

Reports from London today said the Wyatt Earn was believed to be 420 miles from the Bay of Whales.

ADMIRAL BYRD THINKS

ELLSWORTH IS FOUND
BELLINGHAM, Jan. 16.—(AP)—That Lincoln Ellsworth, Antarctic explorer, has been found was the opinion voiced here today by Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, when he was advised of an Associated Press dispatch from London that the captain of the Discovery II, which has been searching for Ellsworth, had reported an airplane had been sighted in Little America and that a man had been seen on the Bay of Whales where the ship arrived January 15.

Speaking eagerly, Admiral Byrd asked: "How could it be anything else? There is not one chance in a million that it is anything else. Lincoln Ellsworth has made a superb flight, and I am delighted beyond measure that he is safe, as I have been saying he was all along."

"The admiral added, 'I certainly look as if they have found Ellsworth.'"

SENATE BONUS BILL DEFERRED ONE DAY

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eral bonds equivalent to demand notes.

The bonds would be redeemable at local post offices beginning next June. If redeemed the first year, no interest would be paid. Three per cent interest would be paid to those holding them as an investment. They would mature in nine years.

What Will F. R. Do?

No one professed to know definitely what President Roosevelt would do once the bill is plucked on the White House doorstep. Some senators in for reelection were fretting, leading observers to believe they were not very hopeful of presidential approval.

Some members make no secret of the fact that they would vote to override a veto, having made "unqualified campaign promises." But there are others torn between a desire to see the bill on the statute books and hesitancy about voting to override a Roosevelt rejection—If there be one.

In a letter to all senators, made public last night, Henry H. Cullen, director of the National Economic League, urged them to vote against what he called this "dangerous and unprincipled" bonus bill.

He called it a "landslide" that would destroy confidence in the nation's finances and provide a stepping stone for efforts by veterans' organizations to obtain pension legislation.

ETHIOPIANS SUFFER SEVERE REPULSE

(Continued from page 1)

jured. The air raid on the hospital, midway between Dessale, Emperor Haile Selassie's field headquarters and Makale, spearhead of the Italian drive in the north, resulted in destruction of half of the town by fire, the Ethiopian report said.

"Three Caproni planes made the raid," the communique reported. "Six big bombs, of 350 pounds each, were dropped in the court of the Red Cross unit, which was plainly marked with the Red Cross insignia."

"Tents and surgical instruments were destroyed."

The Red Cross unit was established by Major Burgoyne at the request of the Ethiopian emperor after Burgoyne's services as military instructor had been rejected.

Three governments previously have protested fascist bombings of hospitals and towns. Sweden and Egypt for specific attacks and Ethiopia against an Italian policy it termed "merciless extermination."

The battles along the southern

front, which started Sunday, drew 50,000 native dubats from Italian Somaliland into conflict against 65,000 Ethiopians under Ras Desta Denta, the emperor's son-in-law.

The Italian report described the defenders "in full retreat" after running fights down the valleys of the Ganale Doria and the Dawa Parma.

PRUNE GROWERS O. K. CO-OP PLANS

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Douglas, district No. 6, Washington; district No. 7, Tillamook, Clatsop and other counties of the state.

Each district would elect two directors, one for a term of one year and the other for a term of two years, making 14 members for the state board of control, which would elect president and vice-president from its own group and select an executive committee. The board would have authority to employ a manager.

Growers would contract to place all of their prunes under the control of the state board.

The board would be authorized to establish minimum prices, below which growers could not contract the sale of their product. The minimum price, however, would be referred to a vote of the members.

Administration costs would be met by charges levied against the fruit of members, plus a \$2 membership fee. The charge would be 15 cents per ton on green prunes and 50 cents per ton on dried fruit.

Two Selling Methods

Two sales methods are proposed, one a non-pool system, whereby each grower would sell his own fruit, under the terms of the minimum price provisions, while the other method is a pool system, which can be used upon option by

the grower, in which fruit from all contributing growers would be put into one pool, graded and sold by the control board. The pool method would be used only when so designated by the members.

Approximately 20 growers were

present for the meeting yesterday; and were practically unanimous in their endorsement of the plan, which was discussed very thoroughly before action was taken. The general expressed opinion of the growers was that some type of cooperation is essential to the industry and that the organization proposed seems to be designed to most effectively meet the present needs.

California Bogy Rapped

Some question was raised regarding the effect of the price fixing in view of lack of organization on the part of California growers.

"The California price is nothing more than a bugaboo," Chairman Marsters declared. "Buyers for years have told us that our prunes must be sold cheaper than those in California, and that if we didn't want to take the price offered, they could go to California and do their buying."

"We exploded that claim, when, as a prune control board we put our price higher than that of California and sold our prunes. We don't have to worry about California. We can set a price that is a fair return for our product and we can get it. We don't have to be frightened any more by the buyers' threat of California prices."

Approval Sought

The state prune control board is meeting in Salem today to hear reports from similar meetings conducted in other parts of the state. So far all meetings have resulted in endorsement of the plan, and it is expected that today's meeting in Salem will result in a campaign to sign up marketing contracts.

The organization, it was pointed out, cannot be made effective, and will probably not be completed unless at least 80 to 85 per cent of the acreage in the state of Oregon is signed as, under voluntary operation, a greater percentage of non-cooperating acreage could "chisel" prices and block the efforts of the association.

Traffic rules violators in Bremen, Germany, are being made to get up early Sunday mornings to attend lectures on regulations. Police devised this penalty as a method of stopping too frequent infractions of traffic laws.

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WOODROW WILSON
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vs.

ROSEBURG JUNIOR HIGH

Friday, January 17, 7:30 p. m.

JUNIOR HIGH GYM

GOOD BAND

LOTS OF PEP

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Admission 10 and 25 cents

OK'd USED CARS

Guarantee Certificate

WITH EACH USED CAR

CHEVROLET 1934 Master Coupe	\$525.00
CHEVROLET 1933 Master Coupe	\$445.00
CHEVROLET 1931 Sport Coupe	\$295.00
CHEVROLET 1929 Model Coupe	\$195.00
CHEVROLET 1928 Landau Sedan	\$165.00
CHEVROLET 1930 Roadster	\$225.00
CHEVROLET 1934 Dual Truck	\$575.00
CHEVROLET 1934 Dual S. W. Truck	\$525.00
CHEVROLET 1933 L. W. Truck	\$375.00
CHEVROLET 1931 Dual Truck	\$295.00
CHEVROLET 1930 Truck, woodrack	\$95.00
FORD 1933 De Luxe Sedan	\$495.00
FORD 1931 Town Sedan	\$325.00
FORD 1931 Coupe	\$275.00
FORD 1929 Coupe	\$165.00
FORD 1929 Roadster	\$145.00
FORD 1930 Panel Delivery	\$225.00
CHEVROLET 1929 Pickup	\$195.00
PLYMOUTH 1929 Coupe	\$195.00
DE SOTO 1929 Sedan	\$225.00
PONTIAC 1930 Sedan	\$295.00
BUICK 1928 Coupe	\$175.00
ESSEX 1930 Sedan	\$245.00
ESSEX 1929 Sedan	\$225.00
WHIPPET 1928 Coupe	\$75.00
WHIPPET 1928 Sedan	\$95.00
GMC 1932 Truck	\$375.00
GMC 1929 Panel Delivery	\$175.00
FORD 1931 Dual Truck	\$295.00
FORD 1929 Truck, Cab and Body	\$145.00
INTERNATIONAL 1929 Truck, Cab and Body	\$295.00
FAGEOL Chassis Only	\$150.00

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Evergreen Grange
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Ladies Free

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vs. RED RAIDERS

BASKETBALL

Roseburg Senior High Gymnasium
Thursday, January 16th

Adults 25c

8 P. M.

Students 10c

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