

Something Big Is About to Happen!

Get the News

By Special Announcement Over

K R N R

WEDNESDAY, 10:33 A. M.

Get to a Radio—Don't Miss It!

An important merchandise announcement of interest to every resident of Douglas County. It's new and it's unique—and it will be worth dollars to you. Nothing like it has happened before.

REMEMBER AND LISTEN IN

DICK WEISGERBER GETS 'PRO' OFFER

SALEM, Jan. 7.—(AP)—Less than two years of college behind him, Dick Weisgerber, star place-kicking fullback for Willamette university, has already received an offer from a professional football team.

Weisgerber, who entered Willamette in the fall of 1934, and played as a regular on the football team his first year, revealed to Coach Roy S. Kneue that the Philadelphia Eagles of the National Professional league had asked him if he would consider an offer to play for them.

Kneue, believing the professional club may have thought Weisgerber had completed his college competition, commented it was "mighty poor policy" if the league team knew he had yet two years to complete his college work.

In his two years of competition Weisgerber won all-orientation honors and wide recognition as a place kicker. He said he would "consider" the offer.

Johnny Orave, ace Willamette halfback who ended his college football career this year, and Jack Connors, center who graduated the year before, have received an offer to play with the Brooklyn Dodgers, and will enter in Portland tomorrow with the Dodge coach, Paul Schisler.

U. OF O. HOOPSTERS WIN BY ONE POINT

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 7.—(AP)—Oregon university's basketball team, fighting an uphill battle most of the way, emerged atop the Union Oil quintet 33 to 32 after a late-game rally here last night.

Two baskets by Rourke, substitute guard, gave the Websters the victory after they were trailing 22 to 29 with two minutes to play. The Ollers led at half-time 15 to 13 and at one time in the game held a lead of 10 to 2.

Rourke and human, Ollers guard, were high scorers with 8 points each. Lincoln high of Portland outscored Vernonia 40 to 17 in the preliminary.

Lineups and summary of the main event:

Oregon (32) Pos. (32) Union Oil
Howell (7) F (5) Robertson
Lindquist (7) F (6) Bailey
Patterson (7) C (2) Wagner
McLean (1) G (2) Gaudin
Lewis (8) G (8) Inman
Substitutes: Oregon, Rourke (8), B. Jones, Silver (2), W. Jones (1); Union Oil, Hubbard (3).

CITY ADVISED TO CHANGE LIGHTING

(Continued from page 1)

the street and police departments were received. The police department reported 10 arrests for the month, eight being for drunkenness.

Charter Changes Ready
A copy of the revised city charter was received by the council last night and referred to the city attorney. The council several years ago employed Attorney Carl Winbery to revise the city charter, and the work was later taken over by M. L. Hallmark. Several changes to meet present needs are proposed in the charter, which will be voted upon by the residents of the city if approved by the council.

The city recorder was authorized to call for bids for fuel for the city hall for the coming year, and also to call for bids for a city gas-line contract.

Mayor Clark expressed appreciation to the council for cooperation given during the past year.

"I feel proud of what we have accomplished," the mayor stated, "and I greatly appreciate the cooperation given. I hope that during the coming year we can continue to operate the city's affairs as economically as possible and that we can stay within the budget."

Bills Allowed
The following bills were allowed:

American L. Franco & American Industries, fire dept. supplies \$ 5.80
T. J. Brown, treasurer, cash advanced express, postage California Oregon Power Co., moving fire hydrant 68.97
California Oregon Power Co., water-light 801.30
P. W. Chasie, jeep, expense, re-employment office, 2 months 15.00
Churchill Hardware Co., street supplies 4.46
Crane Direct Service, automobile license records, 1936 22.80
Leonora Cresson, rental of quarters for sewing project 15.00
Percy Croft, repairs police car 6.50
Dema-Gerretsen Co., repairs for barn and house 75.16
St. Dillard Motor Co., baths for police car 7.70
Douglas Printers, envelopes 8.00
Dr. James H. Foley, services prisoner 3.00
Garbage disposal, disposing of dead dog 1.00
L. W. Metzger Co., stakes, lumber, etc., sewers 13.06
Montgomery Ward Co., mattresses for jail 2.78
Nordling Paris Co., flash lights, police dept. 2.10
Pacific Telephone Co., phone tolls 4.12
Pacific Stationery & Printing Co., printing warrants Roseburg Book store, flag and office supplies 9.52
Roseburg Electric, light supplies 35.12
Roseburg Garage, repairs police car 1.05
Roseburg News-Review, advertising warrant call 1.20
Roseburg Plumbing Htg. Co., repairs fire hydrant 5.00
Roseburg Sand & Gravel Co., gravel for streets 22.50
Shell Oil company, gasoline 60.90
Silver Nook Grille, meals for prisoners 17.75
Southern Pacific Co., year rental new right-of-way 1.00
Union Garage, repairs trucks 16.35
Union Oil company, asphalt for streets 25.80
United Radio Supply Co., filter and locator (radio) 158.15
Western Union, telegrams 30
Whitson Brothers, street supplies 5.93
R. L. Whipple, premium on recorder's hand 10.00
Wilson Motor company, tube for flasher 10.78
Woodcock & Engel, repair street tools 2.55
Arthur Boyer, services on streets 67.50
N. E. Richardson, services on streets 57.50
P. D. Wolford, services on streets 60.00
H. L. Eppstein, services on streets 32.00
J. S. McDonald, repairs street light 3.00

RAIL PENSION ACT FACES COURT TEST
(Continued from page 1)

that the case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

The case would be decided on its merits by March 1, effective date of the new law. For this reason, the complaint said, they did not seek a temporary injunction but a permanent restraining order against the railroad retirement board and the commissioner of internal revenue.

EX-R. H. S. PLAYER ON U. OF O. SQUAD

Bill Campbell to Battle Here Saturday Against Indian Hoopsters.

Bill Campbell, member of last year's Roseburg high school basketball team, will be with the University of Oregon freshman basketball squad, which will play here Saturday night against the Senior High Indians.

Campbell arrived the night Monday reducing the squad to 20 players, and is one of those believed to be sure of a berth on the first string combination.

The U. of O. Ducklings open their season Wednesday at Wendling, and will play Franklin high of Portland at Eugene Friday. The freshmen will come to Roseburg for a game here Saturday night.

Although John Warren, coach of the U. of O. freshmen basketball team, has made no attempt to pick a first string combination, several players, it is reported, have almost made certain of considerable action by outstanding performances in early practice sessions.

Don Phelps and Laddie Gale, the latter Oakridge high's all-state center of last year, are the leading candidates for pivot duty. Lead forwards are Wally Johnson, all-state at Astoria; Gall Fouts, all-state in 1933 and 1934 at Walla Walla; Gale Smith, Grant high in Portland, and Bill Campbell of Roseburg. Bob Anet, Astoria; Ted Hansen, Olympia, Wash.; Ford Mullen, Olympia; Hank Nilsen, Astoria, and Len Heller, Portland, are the pick of the guards.

The Roseburg team will play a conference game against Myrtle Point at the local gymnasium Friday night, and will then back the Ducklings Saturday night, following a preliminary between the Roseburg team with Oakland high school.

GIANT HOOP TEAM REPRESENTS U. OF O.
EUGENE, Ore., Jan. 7.—(AP)—The biggest basketball team in the school's history will represent the University of Oregon this season.

The squad of 16 averages six feet two inches, while one combination of giants would average six feet five.

Ray Jewell, former Franklin high center, tops them all at six feet seven, followed by Ward Howell, six feet six and a half, Ashland, Harcomb, Willie Jones and Dave Silver are each six feet four.

Only two members of the squad go under six feet. They are Courtney, five feet 10, and McLean, five feet 11.

PILUSO DEFEATS CLAYBOURN ON MAT
PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 7.—(AP)—An Italian-Ethiopian wrestling match went to Ernie Piluso, Portland Italian, when he gained two of three falls from Jack Claybourn, negro middleweight, in a fast clean bout here last night.

Jack Lipscomb gained two of three falls from Ben Sherman, Portland middleweight. Vic Chambers tossed Herb Bergerson two straight falls. Orla Clingman gained a one-fall victory over Totem Pole Anderson.

COUGAR HOOPSTERS TROUNCE WHITMAN
PULLMAN, Jan. 7.—(AP)—Washington State college was ready for the conference basketball season after closing a pre-conference schedule without a defeat. The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

The Cougars won their second victory over Whitman last night, 35 to 32, in a thrilling contest in which the score was tied three times in the second half. The Cougars led 15-12 at half-time.

going to take this thing lying down."

After a White House call, Senator Burke (D., Neb.) said he told the president the farmers of Nebraska were willing to leave to Mr. Roosevelt and his advisors the problem of working out a new farm program within the interpretive limits of the constitution.

Burke said Mr. Roosevelt voiced no comments and the question of a constitutional amendment was not discussed.

Way Out Sought
While many new dealers worried over how much more of President Roosevelt's program was as good as dead through the same supreme court reasoning that levelled AAA, legislators interested in the farm problem were busy.

Chairman Jones (D., Tex.) of the house agriculture committee said an "effort should be made" to find "a constitutional method of putting all our citizens on an equal footing."

Representative Snell, the republican leader, said his party would seek to present a farm program.

The necessity of adding as much as \$600,000,000 to the budget appropriation estimates to allow the government to meet existing contracts with farmers was seen by Chairman Buchanan (D., Tex.) of the house appropriations committee. The AAA had estimated \$233,000,000 would be needed to meet performance up to yesterday. Buchanan said he thought the government was morally obligated to fulfill all contracts.

Most proposals for an AAA substitute were vague. Snell said more time was needed although republicans realized farm purchasing power "must be maintained because it is of vital importance to the country."

With the capital in confusion, the vast AAA farm control machinery ground to a full stop. The loss of cash for farmers, which had reached \$127,000,000, halted the series of 6,500 full-time AAA employees, and many part-time workers, were cut off. Collection of processing taxes stopped.

Several republicans hailed the decision, calling it an opportunity for them to return the country to "constitutional government."

Other Acts Periled
Most new deal leaders reserved comment for the House. But Senator Byrnes (D., S. C.), one of the highest in new deal councils, expressed conviction that the court, as now constituted, would kill the vast social security program, pride of President Roosevelt.

Another high democratic senator, who preferred to remain anonymous, said the court's attitude spelled invalidation for the Guffey coal control and the Wagner labor relations law.

There was even talk among new dealers that the \$4,000,000,000 work relief program, which like social security law has not been challenged in the courts, would go "out the window."

Other major laws, not tagged "new deal legislation," also fell under the shadow of doubt. Senator Bankhead (D., Ala.), assailing the AAA decision as "unconstitutional," said he believed the court would rule his Bankhead cotton control law invalid.

Democrats and republicans assumed that such crop control measures as the Warren potato act and the Kerr-Smith tobacco bill would be ruled unconstitutional. The railroad pension act was called into question.

While some new deal men, including Senator Culligan (D., Cal.) called for a constitutional amendment, administration officials shied away from such discussion. AAA men were significantly silent, preferring to have any drive for constitutional change originate elsewhere, because of the storm of controversy it would raise.

Must Reimburse Farmers
Secretary Wallace, Attorney General Cummings, AAA Administrator Chester Davis and others conferred at the White House. They emerged in grim silence, except to indicate that Mr. Roosevelt hoped to find ways to reimburse farmers who have fulfilled existing contracts—up to yesterday.

The total due is \$283,250,000. What legal means would be sought to pay the farmers was not indicated.

A tangled question over processing taxes presented itself. These taxes are levied on the manufacturers and others to finance payments intended to induce farmers to control production. More than \$1,000,000,000 has been collected, but \$150,000,000 more has been impounded by courts, in which fees of AAA brought suits against collection. Whether the processors who have paid the billion dollars can sue to get it back remained uncertain. It appeared likely that the \$150,000,000 impounded would be returned to processors.

Most political leaders were too busy studying the tremendous sweep of the decision to predict its effect on the coming presidential campaign, but it was agreed that it would be important. The debate over constitutional issues may lead to a new pitch of intensity. It was felt.

Court Answers Critics
The supreme court, in its decision, took occasion to answer some critics.

"There should be no misunderstanding as to the function of this court," it said. "It is sometimes said that the court assumes a power to overrule or control the action of the people's representatives. This is a misconception."

"The constitution is the supreme law of the land ordained and established by the people. All legislation must conform to the principles it lays down."

Senator Byrnes, commenting on the decision, said the minority opinion "points out the strait-jacket in which the congress is placed in any effort to promote the general welfare under the constitution."

"I wish every thoughtful person could read the minority decision of Justice Stone, Cardozo and Brandeis and their statement of what they call the absurd consequences of the reasoning of the majority," Byrnes said.

"The minority point out that the reasoning would prevent appropriations for vocational education, for relief if you required beneficiaries to work for it, appropriations to relieve spread of disease, to suppress the boll weevil, and they might have added it would make impossible appropriations for roads as such appropriations have been made in the past."

AWAIT HOFFMAN'S STEP IN BRUNO CASE
TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 7.—(AP)—Members of the New Jersey court of pardons today awaited the decision of Governor Harold G. Hoffman on the plea for a life in the Teapot Dome scandal, in being cared for in a government hospital at El Paso, Tex., as he lies critically ill of heart disorders. This photo was made at time of his breakdown.

The court is to convene Saturday at 10:30 a. m. The scene of the session is to be selected by the governor. From his choice the members will get an indication on whether the condemned slayer of Bruno Richard Hauptmann.

If the court meets at the state prison, where Hauptmann occupies a death house cell, it will mean, pardons court members believe, that Hauptmann will be asked to appear before it.

But if the mercy plea is heard at the state house, it is unlikely that Hauptmann would be heard.

The governor has shown a particular interest in the case, having visited Hauptmann in the death house, and conferred with Ella Parker, widely-known Burlington county detective, who expressed doubt that the right man had been convicted.

Governor Hoffman was not available to affirm or deny reports that he was making a private investigation of the crime.

State police heads declined to comment on published statements that Governor Hoffman visited their headquarters and obtained certain requested information about the case.

PRICES GOING UP, DAIRYMEN TOLD
TILLAMOOK, Ore., Jan. 7.—(AP)—Prices for butterfat and farm products in general should increase in the future, speakers told delegates to the annual convention of the Oregon state dairymen, in session here today.

We can look for higher average butterfat prices for the next three or four years, A. E. Knutson, member of the Oregon milk control board, said. Factory payrolls are advancing and farm prices are keeping with them, he said. He regretted the rapid advance of butter prices last year which he said caused increased consumption of oleomargarine.

Easier money means farmers can borrow more if needed, L. R. Briest, Oregon State College economist, related. Farmers must decide whether to pay off some of their debt, or to go in further, he said.

Farm prices now are 68 per cent of the level before the depression, while the debt per acre is double that of the year 1910.

The cost of raising beefers, herd sire selection, and other technical topics were up for discussion at this afternoon's session. Committee reports and election of officers will conclude the convention which has been the best attended in many years.

TEXAS PRISON MAY ABOLISH WHIPPING
HOUSTON, Tex., Jan. 7.—(AP)—The Texas state prison board moved today to abolish the "bat"—a leather strap with a handle, used to punish incorrigible convicts.

With only one dissent, the board voted to discard the lash as soon as solitary confinement cells are provided. Should the legislature fail to heed the board's request to provide the cells, the "bat" will remain.

"In abolishing whippings, we are following the lead of a large majority of the states," said W. A. Caddock, chairman of the board. "I believe Texas is only one of eight or ten states which have not outlawed this form of punishment."

The board's action was taken on motion of Dr. Sidney Lister, Houston physician, who denounced the "bat" as inhuman and argued some other form of punishment more humane would be as effective. Mrs. C. A. Teagle, only woman member of the board, came to his support.

Whippings now are permitted only on order of the general manager of the prison system.

A physician must be in attendance and the maximum number of licks is 20. The board was informed 87 whippings orders were issued last year. Some 6,000 convicts are confined in the various state prisons.

COUNCIL OVERRIDES PHONE PERMIT VETO
KLAMATH FALLS, Jan. 7.—(AP)—Mayor Willis Mahoney was reversed last night when the city council overrode his veto of the Pacific Telephone Co.'s Telegraph company franchise. The five councilmen were unanimous in their stand.

The franchise gives the company a 15-year permit to operate in Klamath Falls. Under the agreement the city will receive nearly \$1000 worth of free service annually.

The mayor opposed the franchise on the grounds that the company should reduce its rates.

A. B. Fall Near Death

The 74-year-old Albert Bacon Fall, Secretary of the Interior in the Harding cabinet who served a prison term for accepting a bribe in the Teapot Dome scandal, is being cared for in a government hospital at El Paso, Tex., as he lies critically ill of heart disorders. This photo was made at time of his breakdown.

FEAR OF SLUMP IN FARM PRICES IS EXPRESSED
(Continued from page 1)

hogs I would anticipate that a sudden removal of the processing tax might result in some increase in cash prices. If this comes at the same time that there is a reduced production resulting from the previous production control, the outcome would be to cause unthinking farmers to say, 'Isn't it fine without the processing tax? Look how much better off we are without it.'"

Fears Price Drop
"It is exceedingly important now to weigh all the possible substitutes for a processing tax. If no substitute is provided, and foreign purchasing power has not been increased by reduced tariffs, I am very much afraid that farm product prices within three years will be down again to a point where they will buy only half as much city products as they should."

Stock and Bond Averages
STOCKS
Compiled by The Associated Press, Jan. 7:

	30	15	15	60
Ind'l	74.1	21.8	46.5	56.6
Today	74.1	21.8	46.5	56.6
Prev. day	73.4	20.7	45.5	55.7
Month ago	72.7	20.1	43.2	54.7
Year ago	55.6	25.9	25.1	40.8
1935-36 high	76.2	21.8	46.5	56.6
1935-36 low	49.5	18.5	21.6	34.8
1934 high	61.4	43.0	40.6	51.4
1934 low	45.3	22.8	21.2	31.9

*New 1935-36 highs.

BONDS
Today

	20	10	10	10
RR's Ind'l	102.5	100.4	100.4	70.0
Today	102.5	100.4	100.4	70.0
Prev. day	102.5	100.4	100.4	70.0
Month ago	102.5	100.4	100.4	70.0
Year ago	87.8			