Roseburg News-Review
Issued Daily Except Sunday by the News-Review Co., Inc.

Member of The Associated Press
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and to all local news published herein. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

HARRIS ELLSWORTH.....Editor

Entered as second class matter May 17, 1920, at the post office at Roseburg, Oregon, under Act of March 2, 1879.

Subscription Rates
Daily, per year, by mail.....$4.00
Daily, single month, by mail.... .35
Daily, by carrier, per month.... .50

An Immutable Law

LOANS advanced to wheat growers' co-operatives by the federal farm board exceed the amount that the wheat would bring at recent market prices. The question of temporary success of this year's effort to set aside the immutable law of supply and demand through government intervention is still an open one. Foreign demand is depended upon to take up the surplus of wheat being held in the co-operatives and by others in this country. Foreign buying just now is slow. It may increase or it may not. Across the border in Canada another vast surplus is being held. Russia, Argentine and Australia have been selling at current prices. The Canadian wheat pool, not so long ago heralded to the world as an outstanding success, is now said to be on the verge of ruin. It is not government sustained as ours is.

The whole underlying basis of helping the farmer through government co-operatives is the dictum that those co-operatives shall control production and prevent overproduction. In a recent statement the federal farm board said:

"The federal farm board cannot protect farmers when they deliberately overplant. What the board will do to help in marketing next year's crop will depend upon what farmers do at planting time."

Yet the very action of the board in lending money to the wheat growers in excess of the assured value of the wheat which is the government's only security has created a condition which is almost certain to lead to increased planting and further over-production because the growers, having received their loans, do not have to worry about when or whether the wheat is sold or at what price. That is the farm board's job. And only about 25 per cent of the wheat farmers are in the co-operatives now. The wheatgrowers in the co-operatives have their money for the 1929 wheat by virtue of the government loans, and that wheat is not sold. There is no certainty that it can be sold at prices sufficient to cover the loans. There is merely hope that it may be sold.

Senators who are insisting upon inclusion of a debenture provision in the tariff bill ought to be able to realize the fallacy of their proposal by looking at the present situation. That situation has raised already the specter of greater and greater surpluses, so much so that the farm board issues stern warning to the farmers against over-planting. That danger will be multiplied many times if the debenture passes. It is not wheat alone that will be affected but cotton also and other staple crops. There is no end to the farm industries that the government will be called upon to sustain artificially. Over-production will grow like a snowball rolling downhill. Already one hears business men and workers saying that if the debenture passes they will desert their present callings and go in for farming, whose profits will be government guaranteed.

In Brazil the government has for years been sustaining coffee prices artificially by means similar to those followed by the Canadian wheat pool and those begun and proposed in this country for staple products. Over production there has mounted from year to year and surpluses have grown. The present coffee surplus held in Brazil and for which there is no market amounts to a full year's crop for the whole country. And Brazil faces bankruptcy.

The law of supply and demand can no more be permanently set aside than a man can lift himself over a fence by his own bootstraps.

Indian School Children

A BILL is before the senate at Washington to increase the per capita daily food allowance on Indian children in the government schools to 24 cents a day. The present allowance is 20 cents a day for each child. Investigators for the interior department have found that allowance to be so inadequate that all Indian school children show effects of under feeding. They have found that to feed them sufficiently on plain food would require an allowance of 37.8 cents daily for each child. They also numerous specific cases of under nourished children found in the various schools.

You would think that the Indian bureau officials would be glad of these revelations and of resultant efforts to get them corrected in part but not so. The Indian bureau officials come in with a plea that Indian children are worse fed away from school than at school; that they come back from their vacations at their miserable homes showing still worse effects of under feeding. They produce sample school menus remarkable mainly for the absence from them in most cases of milk, butter and vegetables, the foods that growing children most need, and they argue that these exhibits show the children are well enough fed. It is an amazing exhibition.

Indians are government wards by government compulsion, not through any wish of their own. Testimony before a senate committee has shown that as government wards Indian children have been for years under fed, forced to labor at starvation wages when not in school and in many cases cruelly punished and mistreated. Whatever capability any of them may have to get along for themselves is destroyed after a few years of such treatment and it is little wonder if, when they are sent home for brief vacations, they are unable to do for themselves and so come back to school thinner than ever.

The government has been making a pretty poor fist of the job of caring for its Indian wards. Now, since the senate committee hearings brought revelations which have resulted in efforts at legislation for betterment the very bureaucrats responsible for many of the abuses come in and oppose those efforts. They are in a shabby business.

Oregon Editors' Opinions

Fellow Feeling
(Weston Leader)

The grain trade is now in a position to understand how the printing trade feels about government competition.

Multiplied Benefits
(Bend Bulletin)

A Salem policeman has been assigned to duty at the church of Rev. Payne, thus achieving the double result of preserving peace and insuring the presence of at least one member of the force at divine services.

Cause and Effect
(Oregon City Enterprise)

George Joseph has been pilloried in his attack against reputable public characters in Oregon. He has gone wholly beyond the bounds of reason in his efforts to besmirch judicial ermine and to tear down and destroy unblemished reputations of well-known citizens and respectable citizens of this state. As a result of his failure to control his passions and to stay within fair and reasonable limits, he is forever disgraced and humiliated.

Letters From the People

Communications to the News-Review for publication in this department should be written on only one side of the paper, should not exceed 300 words in length, and must be signed by the writer, whose mail address must accompany the contribution.

SCHOOL BOARD CRITICIZED

Roseburg, Oregon,
March 7, 1930.

Editor of News-Review:

Anyone who attended the last two school board meetings must have been strongly impressed by the number of parents of junior high school pupils who were willing to stand for hours to express their appreciation for the work Mr. Oleman is doing for their children and to request that he be retained in his present position as principal.

Equally impressive was the inability of the board to give any reason satisfactory to the parents why they were determined to dismiss Mr. Oleman. There may be parents of junior high school pupils who do not favor the retention of Mr. Oleman—for no one can please everyone—but so far I have failed to find even one. Having one daughter in junior high school and another starting next fall, I am vitally interested in the news.

I feel that for the board to absolutely disregard the wishes of the vast majority of the parents concerned is un-American. The members of the board appear to me to act as though they were in honor bound to keep a promise to hire another man. If that is the case it seems to me that the honorable thing to do is to resign, as the same Economen cabinets when they find that their views do not jibe with the will of the people.

I am not attacking the personal character of the men of the board but I feel that a great principle is involved—that the will of the parents should be respected. Also I feel that Mr. Oleman is a better man for the job than anyone whom they could put in his place.

FLOYD C. GURNEE.

WOMAN ABANDONS BABY AT PORTLAND

(Special from Local Bureau)

PORTLAND, Ore., March 7.—Six men and women were seeking a young woman, between the ages of 25 and 28, slightly dressed, who asked Mrs. H. Rivers of Beaverton to hold her baby at a stage terminal here yesterday while she attended to business, it was learned.

Mrs. Rivers held the baby and purchased bedding against its arrival in the afternoon when police were notified. The transcontinental child was taken to the Absentee Kerr nursery.

BRINGING UP FATHER

By Geo. McManus

Maybe I'm Wrong

By J. P. MEDBURY

TALL men were invented so that short people would have somebody to sit in front of them at the theatre.

The Modern Degeneration—There's no such thing as inbred chickens any more. They want gin and Scotch now.

Momentous Moments—When a nuts-cracker's wife asks him to open a can of sardines.

Vital Statistics—Now that electric refrigeration has restored the common manna, our missionaries will probably not longer.

Take It or Leave It—Virtue may be a reward, but the wages of sin give you a better income.

American Tragedies—The pharmacist who failed in his examination because he couldn't make potato salad.

Social Errors—The absent-minded candidate who ate himself.

Pitiful Case—The woman who wouldn't go to the strip-poker party because she didn't have a decent thing to take off.

Null and Void—The egotist is a man who thinks he can make a success of marriage just because he used to run a monkey engine.

Our Own Vaudeville—He: Let's go to the park and spoon. She: No, I don't believe in public sentiment.

Copyright, 1930, King Features Syndicate, Inc.

Talks on Health

By DR. R. S. COPELAND

CHRONIC diseases, particularly what we call the "degenerative" diseases, are becoming more and more prevalent. In spite of the fact that enormous sums are expended in medical and health service, in almost every community these ailments continue.

Persons of middle-age and the aged are the ones who suffer from these diseases. Such persons are really paying the penalty of past neglect.

Many more people reach middle age now than formerly. Instead of an average life span of forty years, as it used to be, we now have an average expectation of life of fifty-six years. The longer the life the more likely it is to acquire some such ailment. It is natural, therefore, that we have more of the degenerative diseases in our day because they are characteristic of the latter half of life.

The most common of these chronic diseases are heart and circulatory troubles, cancer, rheumatism or arthritis, Bright's disease and paralysis resulting from brain hemorrhages. This is a very general grouping, but it covers what I have in mind.

There are, of course, numerous contributing factors in this increase of the average life span. This is an age of medical progress and since specialized public health work. It is a time of advanced thinking and of greater knowledge of health promotion through publicity of all kinds.

People are living richer lives. They contribute more largely to the welfare of society. Society as a whole is far better off than it was fifty years ago, in spite of the growth in degenerative diseases.

In many, and probably most, of our public and private schools early instruction in good health habits is the rule. Every child in North America should have health education in earliest life. The practice of habits of health should begin in the kindergarten years. Home and school should take part in giving vital health knowledge to every child.

Every community should have adequate medical and health services in order to meet this increased demand. Hundreds of patients there are who, if helped in time, can be restored to normal health and their place in society.

Every person should have a physical examination by the family doctor at least once a year. To "nip in the bud" any one of these degenerative diseases, before it gets into an advanced chronic state, means one more person saved from endless suffering. He is given years of active work in life. If you do not feel up to the mark, if life seems dull and uninteresting, and everything an effort, you had better see your doctor.

Answers to Health Queries

L. D. Q.—How can bow legs be corrected?

A.—Consult an orthopedist.

* * *

E. J. H. Q.—Is the extraction of abscessed teeth dangerous?

2.—Can a local anesthetic be given?

A.—No.

2.—Yes.

Copyright, 1930, Newspaper Feature Service, Inc.

Editorials on News

(Continued from page 1)

a equally sure that the sugar industry SHOULD have all the tariff protection it can get.

Senator Smoot is from Utah, and Utah produces sugar beets BUT NO LUMBER.

"ONE man's meat is another man's poison." The wets, for example, have been telling the country for days, through the medium of a congressional committee hearing, that prohibition is a curse and ought to be done away with.

Now the drys, including such outstanding men as Henry Ford and Thomas A. Edison, are asserting that prohibition has done the country MUCH GOOD, instead of harm, and should be retained.

SPEAKING of proverbs, here is another one: "It is a difference of opinion that makes horse races."

Differences of opinion, it may be added, make democracies; and political freedom consists pretty largely in upholding the right of each of us to set forth his opinions and defend them and work for their general adoption.

That right doesn't exist under despotism.

HOW shall we secure the general adoption of our opinions and their enactment into law? Well, here is the best answer yet made to that question: "By convincing the MAJORITY that our opinions are right."

THIS time will never come, in all probability. When EVERYBODY will think alike. If that time ever does come, a lot of the fun will be gone out of life.

Meanwhile we have to build democratic government, which is infinitely better for all of us than despotic government, upon the foundation of governing all of us according to the expressed opinions of the majority of us.

KIWANIS-GRANGE MEETING DEFERRED

The Kiwanis-Grange meeting, which was to have been held at Glide March 14, has been postponed until April 18, J. R. Farrington, secretary of the Kiwanis club and chairman of its agricultural committee, announced today. The Kiwanis club holds meetings at frequent intervals with the various granges and an interesting program is being arranged in connection with the meeting at Glide.

Advice to Girls

By ANNIE LAURIE

DEAR ANNIE LAURIE:

I am a girl fourteen years old. I have been going with one of my girl friends for about a year. We have been good friends but her mother does not want her to go with me. I ask her why but she does not seem to want me to know. I like this girl very much and wish her friendship back. K. W.

K. W.—If your friend's mother does not approve of her daughter's friendship with you there is really little to be done. And if you feel this is not because of any breach of good behavior or good manners on your part I am sure that you won't feel so bad about things. Perhaps you could, in a nice way, ask the girl's mother the reason for her disapproval, telling her at the same time how grieved you have been by her veto of your friendship with her daughter. Schoolgirl friendship is a very delightful thing, and many of these friendships endure long after school days are over.

DEAR ANNIE LAURIE:

I am a girl in my early teens. My parents disapprove of my going with fellows, which I consider a good idea. But this is the question I want to ask: If I would get my girl friend who is only one year younger than I to go with me when I wish to go places, then get another of my boy friends to go with her, would it be all right? If it isn't right for me to do this, must I quit talking to boys at any time or at any place, or just continue and consider them as friends?

CURLY.

CURLY: I am glad that you are sensible enough to obey your parents' wish for they want the best for you. I am sure that a nice little foursome such as you suggest would be very pleasant once in a while, if it meets with the approval of your parents. And if it is permissible, why not a pleasant little evening at home with your friends, now and again?

YOUR INCOME TAX

NO. 28

Bad debts constitute a considerable item in the returns of many taxpayers and may be treated in one of two ways—either by deduction from gross income in respect to debts ascertained to be worthless in whole or in part or by deduction from a reasonable reserve for bad debts.

Permission to adopt the reserve method is limited to taxpayers having a large number of accounts where credit has been extended to cover a considerable portion of time. It is not granted for the purpose of handling one specific debt.

What constitutes a "reasonable addition" to a reserve for bad debts must be determined in light of the facts, and will vary as between classes of business and with conditions of business prosperity. A taxpayer using the reserve method should show in his return the volume of charge sales (or other business transactions) for the year, and the percentage of the reserve to such amount, the total amount of notes and accounts receivable at the beginning and end of the taxable year, and the total amount of debts ascertained to be worthless and charged against the reserve during the taxable year.

ARROWHEAD ONE-HALF PRICE

Advertising offer on that wonder-wearing hose; buy a pair at regular price, get a second pair at one-half price. Applies to all Arrowhead hose, men's, women's, or children's; silk, cotton or wool. Buy now and save. If you've never used Arrowhead, try a couple of pair and see how much better they are. Only the makers of the very best hose would dare a guarantee of satisfactory wear or a new pair free. Additionally sold here. Get Arrowhead in Roseburg at Carr's store.—Adv.

PIGGLY WIGGLY PIGGLY WIGGLY PIGGLY WIGGLY

PIGGLY WIGGLY

Independently Owned and Operated

Saturday, March 8, Only

BREAD—Twin Loaves, white or whole wheat, 3 twins 25c
BUTTER—Fresh Creamery, pound 40c
DOUGHNUTS—Store No. 2, dozen 22c

STOP----These Prices Now 'till Tuesday Evening, March 11

Rice Fancy Blue Rose — 3 pounds 18c
Salmon All Gold—Fancy Red Sockeye Flat Can — Can 20c
Mustard "Medford" Brand—Made by French 5-oz. Jar — Jar 9c
Deviled Meat Armour's—For Lunches ½ Size Can—Regular Price 18 Cents — 2 cans 13c
Jam "Skookum" Brand—Strawberry, Raspberry, Peach and Apricot, Pineapple — 3 pound can 65c
Preserves "Puyallup" Brand—Pineapple, Raspberry, Apricot, Red Cherry, Peach, etc. 15-oz. Jar — Jar 24c
Grapefruit "Dainty Bits" Canned When Ripe — Can 18½c
Pineapple Fine Quality—Slightly Broken Slices — No. 2 size can 18c
Shrimp "Miss Lou" Fancy Southern — Can 16c
Flour "Piggly Wiggly"—a Fine Hard Wheat Flour — 49 lb. sack $1.79
Kraut Now is the time for Kraut—large 2½ size can — Can 15c
Peaches All Gold—Large halves in rich syrup—canned ripe—2½ size can — Can 25c
Queen Olives 4-oz. Bottle — Bottle 10c
Toilet Tissue Waldorf — 3 roll 14c
Margarine 3 pounds 47c
Old Dutch Cleanser — 2 can 13c
Rex Lye High Test — 2 cans 19c
Sweet Potatoes Real Eastern Sweet Potatoes Large Can — Can 15c
Pears All Gold—Fancy Bartlett Pears—No. 2 Size Can — Can 22c
Catsup All Gold—It Is Percolated — 14 oz. bottle 18c
Toilet Soap Shalo Toilet Soap for the Skin and Scalp — 6 bars 25c

BROOMS—"Economy" a dandy good broom.... 55c

We deliver Orders of $5.00 or more, sugar excepted. A small charge on smaller orders.

PIGGLY WIGGLY PIGGLY WIGGLY PIGGLY WIGGLY

Lenten Devotions

By REV. PERRY SMITH
St. George's Episcopal Church

Study to show thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth.—II Timothy 2:15

If you ask a man who belongs to a club what it stands for he usually can tell you quite definitely. Ask most people who belong to a church what the purpose of the church is and they can be most indefinite. Christians today are a most ignorant people when it concerns things of religion. They know most everything else. They read much but not the Bible.

Every church should be a school of sacred learning wherein groups of men and women, old and young, many or few, may together steadfly, prayerfully think out the meaning of the Christain faith.

We urge that the first study should be that of holy writ, but we shall never popularize the Bible with the present generation until we give them a book that is at least as attractive in type and get-up, as is their favorite secular book.

In a hotel room where I stayed a short while ago, there was a Bible in my bedroom, placed there by the Gideons. These Bibles can be found in most hotels, but how unattractive they are both in binding and in type.

Let us try to make our children early acquainted with this book. Pleasant clear type in an attractive binding is always needed.

There are plenty of Bibles around somewhere. Last year there were between 20,000,000 and 30,000,000 Bibles or portions of the New Testament, not given away but sold. More people than ever are beginning to realize that they are not educated unless they have read the Bible.

The church is put in trust of this supreme book. She holds it that she may give it. It is her authoritative text-book containing her early history and teaching. It relates man's experience of God through many centuries. In all literature, it is unequaled as a means of true education and character-foundation; it is the source of all the greatest aids to devotion—a handbook of prayer and praise.

It contains the record of the life that has raised mankind as no other has ever done. It sets forth the law of God. It leads to the personal knowledge of God.

The Bible as a whole, answers to the revelation within, confirms it, directs it, develops it. Of no other book or books can the same spiritual value be predicted. Shakespeare has been translated into 40 languages, but the scriptures into 800 languages.

There is a great truth in Psalm 119:89; and Isaiah 55:10-11 is worth recalling.

COOK WITH GAS

Instant Heat

SOUTHERN OREGON GAS CORPORATION
340 N. Jackson Phone 235

You'll find a full line of the *New* INSTANT-LIGHT Aladdin KEROSENE Mantle Lamps and Supplies HERE!

Come in and let us demonstrate this remarkable new instant-light Aladdin to you. You'll be astonished to see the flood of pure white light it gives, and how simple and easy it is to operate. Burns common kerosene (coal oil) and operates at full capacity (60 candle power) for 10 hours. The cheapest white light known to man. Absolutely safe—no odor, smoke, noise or trouble. A style for every purpose. Beautiful china and decorated glass shades and multicolored parchment shades that will charm and delight you.

If you now have an Aladdin come in and let us show you how to keep it in perfect order.

Supplies for all Models Always on Hand for Your Convenience

McKean, Darby & Baldwin
Complete Housefurnishers
Roseburg, Oregon