

CARNERA FLATTENS OWENS, CHEROKEE, IN SECOND ROUND

Italian Giant's Earnings in Three Fights Since Coming to America Over \$40,000.

By HERBERT W. PARKER
(Associated Press Staff Writer)
NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—There are no figures to prove it, but the suspicion grows that Primo Carnera, Venetian carpenter, will be the highest paid athlete in the United States within almost as short a time as it takes to tell it.

The giant Italian heavyweight knocked out "Cowboy Billy" Owens, Cherokee Indian from Guthrie, Okla., in three minutes and 25 seconds of fighting at Newark last night and boosted his total earnings in America to somewhere between \$40,000 and \$45,000.

Carnera has made three ring appearances since he came to this country and knocked out three men in total ring time of five minutes, 22 seconds. That makes his earnings average approximately \$8,000 for every minute he spent in the ring.

Eight thousand persons jammed their way into the Newark armory and watched Carnera abandon his usual formula of getting his man as quickly as possible. The amazing Italian moved about the ring with great speed, boxing with Owens, wrestling his man around in the clinches when he wasn't blocking all the punches the red man aimed at him. Toward the end of the round Carnera sent home several hard punches to the head and body but Owens took them without flinching.

As the second round opened, Primo landed both hands heavily to the Indian's head. Owens' knees buckled and he went down on his shoulders as a heavy right caught him on the chin. The count of ten found Owens writhing on the floor and Carnera a victor in his third straight match.

Carnera weighed 276; Owens 220.

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laborers by March 1. In some circles, however, the remaining problem, that is, settlement of the French-Italian differences, was the most difficult problem facing the conference at its beginning, and still is.

Proposal in Detail
Colonel Stimson's own words best detail the proposal or arrangement, with reference to Great Britain. He said: "Following discussions among ourselves and negotiations with the British and Japanese which have clarified the limits of a possible agreement, our delegation has made suggestions as follows:

"First, with Britain, immediate parity with every class of ship in the navy. The gross tonnage of these two fleets is substantially 1,200,000 tons apiece.

"Negotiations between President Hoover and Prime Minister MacDonald last summer practically reduced the discussion of parity between them to the comparatively insignificant difference in their respective cruiser class tonnage of 24,000 tons.

"We propose to settle this difference as follows: Under our suggestion the actual tonnage difference between the two cruiser fleets will be only 12,000. Of the larger cruisers armed with 8-inch guns, Great Britain will have 15 and the United States 18, an advantage to the latter of 3,000 tons.

"Of the smaller cruisers armed with 6-inch guns, Great Britain will have an advantage of 42,000 tons. But beyond this, in order to insure exact equality of opportunity, the United States makes the suggestion that each country will have the option of duplicating exactly the cruiser fleet of the other.

"Thus Great Britain would have the option by reducing its number of small cruisers to increase its larger cruisers from fifteen to eighteen, so as to give it a total tonnage of 327,000, the exact amount of tonnage which the United States now has.

"On the other hand, the United States would have the option by reducing its large cruisers from eighteen to fifteen to increase the number of its small cruisers so as to give it a total tonnage of 329,000, the exact amount of tonnage which the British now has.

As to Other Craft

"In battleships we suggest by

the reduction in numbers on both sides to equalize our two fleets in 1931 instead of 1942. At present the British battleship fleet contains two more vessels than ours.

"In destroyers and aircraft carriers we suggest equality of tonnage and in submarines the lowest tonnage possible."

The battleship arrangement mentioned is the proposal previously made known by which Great Britain would reduce its fleet from twenty to fifteen, the United States its fleet from eighteen to fifteen, and Japan its fleet from ten to nine, thereby maintaining the 5-5-3 ratio established at the Washington conference.

MacDonald in the Open

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Prime Minister MacDonald in a statement today said the British government proposed that the naval treaty be drawn at London should run until 1936 and that in 1935 a further conference should be called to review the existing world situation.

The statement, which followed close on the heels of Secretary Stimson's announcement last night regarding American suggestions, placed the attitude of the British government in public affairs just as Secretary Stimson had made clear the American viewpoint.

"His majesty's government believes that the London conference ought not only to reduce existing fleets and building programs, but put an end finally to competition in naval armaments and thus constitute an important step towards the ultimate elimination of the causes of war and the establishment of peace on unassailable foundations," said the statement.

Great Britain proposes the abolition of submarines. If abolition cannot be agreed upon, the British government will propose limiting submarines rigidly to defense requirements and in any case will press for the limitation of submarines to the lowest possible point.

STORY 2

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county were made yesterday in separate petitions by policemen and firemen's organizations and by the owners' real estate board. The governor has previously declared no special session will be called unless a workable plan of relief is presented to him by a responsible group of citizens and officials.

A detective squad was assigned today to the city hall with orders to watch "communist hysteres" who might try to purchase city employment warrants from city employees at less than face value. Police heard that offers as low as 50 to 75 per cent of the scrip's face value were contemplated. Arrangements would be made on the technicality that the intended buyers were not licensed.

The first issue of tax warrants for the year was accepted yesterday by a firm in payment for removal of ashes and rubbish. It was for \$40,000.

ELKS ENJOY NIGHT OF MUSIC, SKITS

Past exalted rulers' night was observed at the Elks lodge last night with an interesting program. Following the lodge meeting there was a program of music and vaudeville acts, furnishing very enjoyable entertainment for the members. There was a very good attendance.

FOUR WOMAN DIE ON BURNING BOAT

(Associated Press Local Wire)
TOKYO, Feb. 6.—Four women were burned to death and the new 17,000-ton motorship "Tatsuta Maru" was seriously damaged in a fire which started today while the ship's equipment was being completed at the Nagasaki dockyard for her maiden trip.

Twenty-four of the ship's cabins were burned out and the damage was estimated at 1,000,000 yen.

FLORIDA CLIMATE LURES NOTABLES

(Associated Press Local Wire)
MIAMI, Feb. 16.—Ha, ha, ha, California! We have with us at present in the salubrious climate of the southern part of this great and glorious state Rockefeller, Edman, Ford, Firestone, Al Smith, James J. Tamm, Babe Ruth and Jack Sharkey. Hoover and Jimmy Walker are coming soon.

ANCIENT PLEDGE
"Sub Rosa" is translated "under the rose." In ancient times the rose was the symbol of secrecy, hung up at entertainments as a token that nothing there said was to be divulged.

STORY 3

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th amendment were best left to the states.

Volstead Law "Folly"

"When the American people recognize that the non-exercise of a power is not necessarily a challenge to the constitution, they will in due time wholly sweep away that monstrous compound of iniquity and folly, the Volstead law, and open its ruins build afresh. They will recognize that the normal use of light wines and beer not only does not lead to intoxication, but promotes temperance by preventing hard drinking and the use of narcotics."

Discussing the preliminary interferences of the law enforcement commission, the Pennsylvania said that "if the prohibition leaders had caught its full significance they would have sent their garments, by themselves down in sack cloth and ashes, or possibly have had resort to the wine which on high scriptural authority gladdens the troubled heart of man."

Beck said that even in Russia where "there has never been anything more ruthless, despotic, and cruel than the Russia of the soviet regime," prohibition was not made effective.

He said that Representative Fort had asked the veto "to be good sports" and added that there had never been a nation in which such a law as prohibition had been received with such good humor.

"Damned" By Record

"The fact that after ten years of enforcement with the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars and a ghastly sacrifice of many lives," the Pennsylvania said, "the prohibition law is still largely unenforced damns it beyond any defense, and the only remedy suggested by the gentlemen from New Jersey proves its futility," he said.

That the use of liquor never added anything to the happiness of a man's family in his home but the New Jersey members "would make every home a potential brewery or wine press" under his policy of home brew for home consumption.

Beck said that to be enforced a law must find its justification in the conscience of the American people. Prohibition, he declared, had organized the country upon "a vast scale of collective hypocrisy."

W. C. T. U. Protest
EUGENE, Ore., Feb. 7.—Denouncing Boston news dispatches which recently quoted T. A. Lively, mayor of Salem, as favoring the return of beer, the central union W. C. T. U. has issued a statement today through its secretary, Mrs. R. L. Perdue.

"At the meeting," said Mrs. Perdue, "the central union W. C. T. U. passed a vigorous remonstrance to the newspaper article attributing certain wet propaganda as coming from the mayor of Salem, the capital of Oregon, during a recent stop in Boston, as being entirely false as to the general attitude of the people of Oregon."

STORY 4

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made it virtually impossible for any of the remaining men in the mine to escape.

State mine officials and officers of the Standard Coal company, owners of the mine, left Salt Lake City immediately for the scene of the disaster and assumed charge of the rescue work. As news of the blast spread, relatives of the victims gathered and watched with anxious eyes as the bodies were carried from the mine.

EPISCOPAL CLERIC FACES TRIAL FOR WEDDING CATHOLIC

(Associated Press Local Wire)

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 6.—The trial of the Rev. Julius Arnold Velasco, 31, summoned before an ecclesiastical court on three charges following his marriage to Miss Catherine Rogers of Ellettsville, Ky., by a Catholic priest, will take place within 60 days. Bishop H. P. Almon, abbot of the Lexington diocese said today.

The Rev. Velasco is rector at St. Johns Episcopal church at Dayton, Ky., and recently married Miss Rogers, a Catholic. Last night at Dayton, Ky., the vestry of that church voted to retain Rev. Velasco, despite a suspension order issued by Bishop Abbott.

The charges against the Rev. Velasco are conduct unbecoming a clergyman for refusal to stand by his written signature as presented to the standing committee of the diocese; breaking his personal promise to the bishop and "for having behaved with insolence to his bishop."

OLD GUARD HALTS TARIFF SLASHES

(Associated Press Local Wire)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The senate today disapproved a reduction in the present tariff on white lead, used in the manufacture of paints, from 2 1/2 to 2 cents a pound. The vote was 38 to 37.

The vote on which both parties split, stopped temporarily the lowering of rates by the democrats and republican independents.

The coalitionists had previously been successful in cutting several other lead pigments levies. Democrats had started the day on another tariff-slashing drive winning by 37 to 35 a reduction in the present duty on red lead from 2 3/4 to 2 1/8 cents a pound. Senator Harrison, democrat, Mississippi, proposed the reduction. Previously his forces, supported by the republican independent, had accomplished a cut in the rate of litharge, a lead pigment used in the manufacture of glass and pottery, from 2 1/2 to 2 1/8 cents a pound. No record vote was taken. Harrison contended the imports of red lead, used in the manufacture of preservative paints, were negligible.

VICE PRESIDENT OF BRAZIL THIRCE SHOT

(Associated Press Local Wire)

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, Feb. 7.—Vice-President Mello Vianna was reported seriously wounded and several other persons either wounded or killed at Montes Claros, in the state of Minas Geraes, in meagre dispatches arriving here today.

Vianna was wounded three times, in the back, neck and head.

The administration press this afternoon carried veiled intimations that the attack on the vice-president was occasioned by the present state administration in Minas Geraes where the greatest support for the opposition ticket in the coming presidential elections has been expected. There has even been talk in some circles for several weeks of the possibility of federal intervention in Minas Geraes.

SONNENBERG PINS FREBERG 2 STRAIGHT

(Associated Press Local Wire)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 7.—Gus Sonnenberg, world's heavyweight wrestling champion, won two straight falls from John Freberg of Minneapolis last night. Sonnenberg pinned Freberg's shoulders to the mat with flying tackles, the first one in 7 minutes and seconds, and the second in 33 minutes 29 seconds.

IMPROVEMENT IN TAFT'S CONDITION

(Associated Press Local Wire)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Much sleep, partially induced by medicine, and more food had put William Howard Taft in better condition today, but, nevertheless, his physicians did not relax their vigilance.

Late in the day, his doctors issued a bulletin describing his condition as showing greater improvement than at any time since he returned to Washington on Tuesday from Asheville, North Carolina.

PRISON COMBED FOR MUTINY MATERIAL

(Associated Press Local Wire)

CANON CITY, Colo., Feb. 7.—Confessions by two convicts that convolvers and a large quantity of nitro glycerine are concealed within the walls of the Colorado state penitentiary today found prison officials and guards carrying on a minute search for the explosive, in order to circumvent another possible mutiny.

Names of the two convicts were withheld but they have been rushed to a cell in the Fremont county jail.

STARTS SUNDAY FOR 3 DAYS

ROMANCE of RIO GRANDE with Warner Baxter, Mary Duncan, Antonio Moreno

Greater Than "In Old Arizona"

Don't Miss It!

R. H. Gaston, Wenatchee, says— SHERWIN-WILLIAMS DRY LIME SULFUR O.K. for Scale Control

MANY other prominent growers in the Northwest have been equally successful in control of scale with S-W Dry Lime Sulfur. The stabilizer in Sherwin-Williams Dry Lime Sulfur gives it a prolonged action that is not found in other forms of Lime Sulfur. This prolonged action is very desirable for San Jose Scale control.

R. H. Gaston, prominent grower of Wenatchee valley writes—"Your Dry Lime Sulfur is O. K. when it comes to scale control. I was somewhat reluctant about using it at first, but am glad now that I did. It is so much easier to handle, and, used 20 pounds to the hundred, will surely get the scale."

The saving in handling expense of S-W Dry Lime Sulfur over the liquid form is an important item to say nothing of the convenience and satisfaction for the grower who uses this improved spray.

Sherwin-Williams Dry Lime Sulfur gives superior control of Apple Powdery Mildew without the foliage injury and russetting resulting from the use of the liquid lime sulfur.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
PACIFIC COAST OFFICES
Portland, Seattle, Spokane, Salt Lake City
Oakland, San Francisco, Los Angeles

The 25-lb. bag is convenient for you. Eliminates measuring and waste. Saves time in application. A handy package containing the best word in Lime Sulfur spray.

An indictment was returned against Dunlap here. The United States district attorney received a letter from Dunlap which stated Dunlap was serving on a jury in San Francisco and could not come. Judge McNary said he "presumed" Judge C. J. Goodell of San Francisco might find reason to excuse the juror.

EGGS EGGS EGGS

The Douglas County Flour Mills, Roseburg Oregon, Gentlemen:

Just a few lines to let you know that we feel we are certainly getting results from Umpqua Feeds.

We have one house of 243 White Leghorns and these hens made an average of 25 eggs per hen through the month of January in spite of the cold weather. These birds were raised on Umpqua Feeds and have had nothing but your Special Mash and Scratch since going into the laying house.

We have 460 hens altogether, 150 of these are Rhode Island Reds and on Feb. 4th we gathered 402 eggs from the whole flock, which is slightly over 87%.

Yours truly,
MR. AND MRS. FRANK ALBRO, Tenmile, Oregon.

Better Feeds for Less Direct to the Consumer.



Sherwin-Williams Free-Mulsion
—the safe Dormant Oil Spray.

Refinement
The more dangerous sulfur compounds have been removed from the base oil used in the manufacture of Free-Mulsion. It has that extra margin of safety.

Viscosity
High viscosity base oils used in Free-Mulsion. It will not penetrate the plant tissue like oils of low viscosity.

Emulsification
Free-Mulsion is completely emulsified and of the stable type. A water-dormant oil spray. If you are a particular grower use Free-Mulsion.



The Radio Dance
AT UMPQUA PARK
Saturday Nite, Feb. 8, 1930
"A JIG IN EVERY SWIG"

For a Perfect Evening
THE MELODY MARVELS
Playing the Latest for

Fresh Meats	
BEEF (of prime quality)	PORK (young and corn fed)
Roasts, lb. 20c, 22c	Shoulder Roasts, lb. 25c
Boiling Beef 15c, 18c	Shoulder Steaks, lb. 25c
Hamburger, lb. 20c	Sausage, lb. 20c
VEAL	
Shoulder Roasts, lb. 25c	Veal Loaf, lb. 25c
Shoulder Steaks, lb. 25c	Breasts for Boiling, lb. 18c
BREAKFAST BACON—Half or whole, lb. 30c	
BACON STRIPS—Pound 18c	
SALT PORK—Pound 20c, 25c	
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