

SERIES OF TAX REVISION OF BILLS STARTS TODAY

(Continued from page 1)

separate reports. Under tentative plans the chairman of the committee to which each bill is assigned will preside over the joint hearing upon that bill.

'Phone Report Ready

Another of the major problems slated to drop into the legislative mill Tuesday or Wednesday is the formal report of the committee appointed by the house during the 1927 session to inquire into the rates and practices of the telephone monopoly. The report has been completed and needs only the signature of Representative Carlson to start it on its way to the printer. Carlson is hesitant about joining the recommendations, particularly in the matter of advising that authority for prescribing the rates, regulations and rates of telephone companies be taken out of the hands of the state public service commission and vested in the individual municipalities.

Carlson takes the position that the cities of the state, particularly the smaller ones, are not equipped to battle successfully with a corporation of the properties of the telephone company; that they have not and could not secure capable rate experts to handle the multiplicity of problems such regulations would embrace, and that a system of local regulation would open the way to serious abuses, corruption and political intrigue. Admitting that a city the size of Portland might be able to work such regulation out effectively, Carlson says he might be willing to endorse a recommendation for municipal regulation and rate-fixing if it were restricted to cities of 100,000 population or over.

To Appeal to Congress—The enacting legislation to carry the recommendations of the telephone committee into effect will consist of a memorial urging congress to institute a nationwide investigation of the rates and practices of the telephone combine, and a "home rule" bill to confer the rate-making authority in Oregon upon the cities.

Upon the memorial the members of the committee, and apparently most of the legislators are agreed. But both the committee and the membership of the legislature show a wide division upon the home rule unless it is restricted to Portland alone. The bill as prepared for introduction would confer the rate making powers upon every incorporated city in the state and would take the matter of telephone regulation entirely out of the hands of the public service commission.

Auto License Problem—SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—First steps toward harmonizing existing and proposed vehicle license laws in Oregon with similar statutes in the state of Washington were taken Monday night when the house committee on roads and highways drafted a resolution which will be presented to the house, and in which the senate is expected to concur, appointing two members of the house and two from the senate to meet with a similar committee from the Washington state legislature. The committees from the two state legislatures will, it is hoped, work out reciprocal arrangements regarding license fees for vehicles operating in both states.

Unfairness Cited—The unfairness of collecting a full license fee, since license fees are based on the theory of use of highways, from a vehicle which operated only on a few miles of Oregon highways, was pointed out by Representative Howard, of Lane, chairman of the committee. Washington laws, the committee was told, are far more elastic in this respect than the Oregon laws. On the request of Hal Hoss, secretary of state, Washington is withholding right enforcement of their laws until the committees from both legislatures can reach an agreement.

The present problems are the result of conditions arising from the location of the metropolis of the state only a few miles from the interstate border. Buses and trucks operating between Seattle, Tacoma, Olympia and Vancouver and Portland are primarily affected.

Two Bills in Balance—The house committee Monday night failed to take final action on either house bill 122, which would repeal chapter 288, general laws, relating to toll roads, or house bill 145, introduced by Representative Peters, which would change the present means of giving notices regarding road meetings.

Permanent license plates which he claimed would save the state between \$7,000 and \$8,000 a year in postage and stamps alone, and approximately \$45,000 in clerks' salaries, storage and loading and unloading costs, were urged on the committee by J. W. Baxter of Salem.

Higher Cherry Tariff—SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—An increased tariff on cherries is requested of congress in a joint memorial introduced by Senator Roy Hols of Marion county. The memorial declares that with an adequate tariff protection against competition with Mediterranean and other foreign countries where cheap labor prevails the cherry industry of the Pacific coast would become a \$100,000,000 industry.

More Pay to Jurors—Increasing juror fees and granting the right of appeal from municipal court to circuit court unless the charter of the city, explicitly prohibits such a repeal were introduced in the house of representatives Monday afternoon by Glen R. Metts of Columbia county.

House bill 142 would amend section 3671, Oregon laws, by providing that a juror's fee in a court of record shall be \$3 a day; in justice court or upon an inquest, \$1. It further provides that a juror in a court of record, if called but not used, shall receive \$2 per

day. In each instance the amendment increases the fee by \$1.

Would Alter Calendar

A 13 months calendar year is advocated by Representative Wilcox of Washington county in house joint memorial No. 1, introduced in the house of representatives Monday.

School Bill Opposed

"Dynamite" is what Lynn McCready of Lane, chairman of the house committee on education, calls house bill 121, introduced by Metts of Columbia. Metts' bill would make it impossible for a combination of school districts to divest any one district of its high school and remove it to some other district.

McCready says that this bill would make a checkboard of the union high school districts in the state as one school district in a group could block any effort of the neighboring districts to form a union high school district.

Obsolete Laws Slain

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—Five bills were passed, four new bills introduced, three were re-referred to committees for amendment, the governor's veto on four house bills from the 1927 session was sustained, committee recommendations on 14 bills were adopted and a half dozen bills were given their second reading, when the house of representatives opened Monday morning for its second week of business in the 25th legislative assembly.

Bills passed by the house Monday morning were as follows: H. B. No. 9, amending Sec. 59, 59b, Oregon laws and repealing section 966 relating to duties of courts in the second district, which according to the recommendation of the committee, has no present application; H. B. No. 12, to amend section 35, Oregon laws pertaining to jurisdiction of county courts, a curative measure and passed on the recommendation of the repeal of laws committee; H. B. 13, amending section 563 Oregon laws and repealing section 564 and 565, relating to court and official seals, consolidating the matter of seal in one section of the statute books; H. B. 26, amending section 2995 Oregon laws relating to preferences on public contracts which provides for the inclusion of ex-service men of the World war; H. B. 112, repealing section 3 of chapter 248 general laws of Oregon relating to election contests. The bills passed were introduced this session by the hold-over committee from the 1927 session on the repeal and revision of laws.

House bills 36, 37, 65, given their third reading Monday morning were re-referred to committees for amendment after debate on the floor of the house. House bill 37, the purpose of which is to standardize expense accounts of county officers, was re-referred after questioning on the clauses relating to sheriff's expense accounts.

Marriage Law Debated—Practically the first interesting debate of the present session followed the recommendation of Longman of Multnomah county, chairman of the revision of laws committee, that house bill 65, validating certain marriages, be passed.

Metts of Columbia objected to the law on the claim that it "would make a football of the present laws which require six months to elapse after a divorce before remarriage is legal."

Metts claimed that ignorance of the law would not be an excuse for validating the marriages contrary to the law. Longman explained that the law attempted to legitimize children born to couples married in disregard or ignorance of the six months proviso.

Vetoed house bill 521, on the recommendation of Winslow of Tillamook, who introduced the bill in 1927, was tabled until further consideration can be given it.

The governor's veto was sustained on house bills 120, 108, 583, and 525 of the 1927 session.

New bills dropped into the house hopper Monday morning were as follows: H. B. 152, by Potter—Relating to the power of county courts in establishing election precincts.

H. B. 153, by Norvell—Providing that an alien may become a notary public if he has duly declared his intentions of becoming a citizen.

Potter's bill empowers county courts to rearrange the voting precincts during the January term, instead of July, its chief purpose, Potter explained, is to take care of over-populated voting precincts. The present election laws state that no precinct shall have over 300 voters. A precinct in Clackamas county had over 1,100 voters at the general elections, Mr. Potter said. The change and growth of population makes it necessary to revise the precincts at least every two years, it is said.

New Fish Game Plan—SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—Echoes of the war between commercial fishermen and the sportsmen of the state over the closing of certain streams in the state to commercial fishing, reverberated through the legislative halls yesterday with the introduction of a bill which would, so far as fish and game matters are concerned, lift Tillamook county out of the state of Oregon and establish it as an independent governmental unit.

The bill would sever Tillamook county completely from the administration of the state fish and game commissions, exempt it from the operations of the state fish and game laws and would create the county court of that county as a commission to dictate its fish and game regulations.

Make County Supreme—All state laws and the rules and regulations of the state commissions, as they apply to fish and game in Tillamook county, would be repealed, and the county court would be empowered to promulgate an entirely new code. Enforcement of the new code for the district, which would be designated as district No. 2, would be vested in the sheriff of Tillamook

county and such deputies as he might name with the sanction of the county court. All hatcheries and other propagation equipment now owned by the state in Tillamook county would be turned over to the new district, and the county court would be authorized to appoint a superintendent of hatcheries and acquire and operate such property and equipment as it saw fit in the propagation and protection of fish and game.

While the bill provides that all revenues collected for state fish and game licenses and other fees collected under the provisions of the state game code in Tillamook county shall accrue to that county, it does not attempt to require that all persons hunting and fishing in that county shall purchase separate licenses in that county.

The regulation of open and closed seasons, or open and closed streams and the establishment of game preserves in that county would be left entirely to the county court. Members of the county court would receive compensation at the rate of \$5 a day for time spent in the administration of fish and game affairs and mileage at the rate of 10 cents per mile.

Monopoly Seen

Regulations relating to the conduct of commercial fishing in the district are written into the measure and in one of these specific provisions, that requiring six months of residence in Tillamook county as requisite for a commercial fishing license, members of the state game commission who have scanned the measure see an effort to set up a monopoly by the commercial fishermen now residing in the county.

Members of the state game commission assert that the Winslow bill is an attempt to circumvent the act of the legislature two years ago, closing the Neastura river to commercial fishing. The commercial fishermen invoked the referendum on this act but the people sustained it.

Boxing Bill Opposed

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—Proponents that the legislative committee of the American Legion in the state will sponsor the proposed bill for the creation of a state boxing commission before the legislative assembly are alert, according to rumors about the Capitol lobby which members of the Legion committee do not deny.

The bill to create the state commission with jurisdiction over all boxing matches in the state and control of all local commissions has been drafted for introduction at the instigation of members of the Portland Legion box, who carried the plan to the state convention of the Legion last summer and secured its endorsement.

The measure, it was not, however, met with the approval of at least three of the members of the Legion's legislative committee of five, to whom it was referred, and there are indications that the committee will unanimously turn its thumbs down on the proposition at a meeting to be held here Wednesday.

Members of the Legion committee view the bill as having a political motive local to Portland, and deem the plan impracticable as applied to other communities in the state where boxing activities also express themselves as being opposed to including wrestling in the provisions of the bill.

Another Veto Safe

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—On the statement of Mark McCallister, state corporation commissioner, that enactment of the law "would wreck the building and loan business in the state of Oregon" and that the act "would amount to a complete abolishment of the present building and loan associations," members of the house committee on banking, Monday agreed to recommend that the governor's veto on house bill 216 of the 1927 session be sustained.

The bill, which was introduced by Gordon during the 1927 session, would allow building and loan associations from other states to conduct a loan business in this state. According to McCallister there exist in Oregon no demand for competition on building and loan money and the law if enacted, would result in the dumping of cheap capital in the state.

Salary Boost Bills—SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—The first salary bills of the 1929 session were dropped into the house hopper Tuesday morning when Herbert Robert of Wasco county introduced a bill to increase the salary of the Wasco county assessor from \$1250 to \$1500 a year, and a second bill to increase mileage compensation of Wasco county commissioners from \$1 to \$5 per day.

\$50,000 For Oregon U.—SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—Agreement of the officials of the University of Oregon and Oregon Agricultural college to request no appropriations for new buildings or other capital outlays at this session of the legislature will not prevent the introduction of a bill asking for the construction of an infirmary at the university, members of the ways and means committee have been advised.

Parents of students at the university, incensed over conditions prevailing there during a recent epidemic when young men and women were crowded into makeshift hospitalization quarters, are sponsoring the bill which, according to advices received here, will request an appropriation of \$50,000 conditional upon and available when a like amount has been raised by private subscriptions.

It is understood here that the \$50,000 to be subscribed has already been pledged by friends of the university and members of the "Oregon Dads," a statewide organization of fathers of university students.

Veto Feared—Admitting that such a cooperative plan for equipping the university with adequate infirmary facilities may pass the legislature members informed of it are fearful that it would not survive the governor's axe. In view of his repeated requests that the legislature make no appropriations for capital out-

PROSECUTION IN KEYES CASE RESTS

(Associated Press Local Wire)

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 22.—The state rested its case in the bribery trial of Asa Keyes and five co-defendants today after it had presented two witnesses, employees of a music store. They testified regarding the alleged gift of an expensive radio set to Keyes at the time he was prosecuting the Julian conspiracy cases, on which the present indictments are based.

Motions that the cases against each defendant be dismissed because of "lack of evidence" was indicated as the first concerted defense move today. A particularly strenuous plea of this nature was expected in behalf of Dave Getzoff and Jack Rosenberg, the least mentioned of the asserted conspirators.

A local battle over the defense attempt to introduce 500 pages of transcript taken during the trial of the Julian Petroleum corporation cases devoted largely to the testimony of Ed Rosenberg, another of the defendants, was foreseen as the defense begins its offense. Keyes, during the Julian trials, asked for the dismissal of charges against Rosenberg. It was testified at the present trial that Rosenberg said that he paid Keyes \$125,000 to "fix" his case for him.

BLAST KILLS 2 MINERS

(Associated Press Local Wire)

MADISONVILLE, Ky., Jan. 22.—Two miners were killed in an explosion in the Blackstone coal mine near here yesterday and the mine still was blocked today so that extent of the damage remained to be determined. The miners who lost their lives were O. L. and C. C. Gambill, brothers. They were blasting down coal shortly after the regular crew of 65 had left for the day.

J. E. Phelps, manager of the mine, said today the cause of the explosion had not been determined.

lays outside of those recommended in the budget.

Copies of a resolution adopted by mothers of students at the university appeared in the mail of the lawmakers Tuesday morning. The resolution states that the investigation leading up to the appropriation of the state convention of the Legion last summer and secured its endorsement.

The resolution asserts that "the present infirmary is housed in a one and one-half story frame dwelling house in a bad state of repair" and that it provides beds for only 13 patients, contains only five rooms equipped for infirmary purposes and "has no fire escape and is in an unsafe and dilapidated condition." It further points out that there are 320 resident students at the school and during the recent fly epidemic 260 were down with the malady.

School Bill Passed

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—The senate today passed the joint Multnomah county's bill to change the tenure of office of directors of the Portland school district. The measure makes a change so that the present practice of electing four of the seven directors at certain elections will be eliminated. The evil of the present system, it was claimed, is that it makes possible the election of an entire majority of new members and an utter change in school policies.

The senate adopted Senator Jones' resolution providing for a committee of five senators to collaborate with a similar committee from the house to investigate the possibility of reorganizing the system of state government by consolidation of departments.

Millions Hers, But She Goes to Work



Sally Rutter is a daughter of R. L. Rutter, Spokane millionaire banker and insurance operator, but that doesn't keep her from working like thousands of other girls. Sally has chosen a stage career and is working her way right up in the world.

VOTE ON \$25,000,000 DRY FUND ITEM IS DUE TODAY

(Associated Press Local Wire)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—After several unsuccessful attempts, Senator Curtis of Kansas, the republican leader, obtained an agreement today in the senate to limit debate on the proposal of Senator Harris, democrat, Georgia, for a \$25,000,000 increase in the prohibition enforcement fund. A vote late today was made possible by the agreement. The proposed increase is opposed by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon.

WOODMEN INSTALL

Oak Camp No. 125, W. O. W. held its annual installation of officers at the I. O. O. F. lodge hall last night. The new officers are: A. A. Schloeman, council commander; Benjamin A. Jacoby, watchman; E. N. Ewart, past council commander; the installing officer, assisted by Ivan Pickens. The lodge meeting was followed by a social time and refreshments.

LODGE DIRECTORY

DE MOLAY CHAPTER
Regular communication 2nd and 4th Thursdays Masonic Hall.

K. O. T. M.—Meets each second and fourth Thursday of each month in Macabee Hall, corner Cass and Pine streets. Visiting Knights always welcome.
L. G. GOODMAN, Com.
W. A. RAPP, R. K.

Knights of Pythias, Alpha Lodge No. 47.—Meets every Wednesday in Knights of Pythias Hall, 134 Rose street. Visitors always welcome.

C. W. HORNER, C. C.
ROY O. YOUNG, M. F.
GEO. R. WARE, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F., Philatelian Lodge No. 8.—Meets in Odd Fellows Temple every Friday evening. Visiting brothers are always welcome.

D. E. OLEMAN, N. G.
A. J. GEHDES, Rec. Sec.
J. B. BAILEY, Fin. Sec.

W. O. M. L.—Meets in Moose Hall second and fourth Fridays at 8 o'clock. Visitors welcome.

CONSTANCE BLACK, S. R.
GRACE HUNTER, Rec.
VIVIAN PHILLIPS, Treas.

A. F. & A. M., Laurel Lodge No. 12.—Regular communication second and fourth Wednesdays each month at Masonic Temple, Roseburg, Ore. Visitors welcome.

J. E. CLARK, W. M.
W. F. HARRIS, Sec.

Union Encampment No. 9, I. O. O. F.—Meets in Odd Fellows Temple on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month. Visiting Patriarchs always welcome.

R. L. RUSSELL, C. P.
C. F. CRAMER, H. P.
CARL W. OHMAN, Scribe.

Job's Daughters No. 8.—Meets first and fourth Tuesdays at 7:30 p. m., Masonic Temple. Master Masons and O. E. S. members always welcome.

ESTHER WRIGHT, Sec.
W. B. A. O. T. W., Roseburg Review No. 11.—Holds regular meetings on second and fourth Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Visiting sisters invited to attend reviews. Macabee Hall, Pine and Cass streets.

MRS. MARY WILCOX.
JESSIE RAPP, Col.

B. P. O. Elks, Roseburg Lodge No. 326.—Holds regular communication at the Elks Temple on each second and fourth Thursday of each month. All members requested to attend regularly, and all visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

WALTER S. FISHER, E. R.
DOUGLAS WAITE, Sec.

O. E. S., Roseburg Chapter, No. 3—holds their regular meeting on the first and third Thursdays in each month. All sojourning brothers and sisters are respectfully invited to attend.

MRS. EFFIE MORGAN, W. M.
FREE JOHNSON, Sec.

Eagles, Roseburg Aerie—Meets in Macabee Hall on Cass street on second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren in good standing always welcome.

GEORGE FREW, Jr., W. Pres.
J. B. BAILEY, Jr., P. W. Pres.
B. F. GOODMAN, Sec.

Roseburg Lodge No. 1037, L. O. O. M.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of the month. Moose Hall, 248 N. Jackson street. Visiting brothers welcome.

GEO. P. GILHAM, Dict.
H. O. FARGETER, Sec.
JNO. M. THRONE, Treas.

Roseburg Rebekah Lodge, No. 41 I. O. O. F.—Meets in Odd Fellows Temple every week on Tuesday evening. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

DOROTHY RHOADES, N. G.
GERTRUDE HATFIELD, R. S.
EMMA LENOX, P. S.

Pythian Sisters, Umpqua Temple No. 4.—Meets the second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at the K. P. Hall. Visitors always welcome.

LENA YOUNG, M. E. C.
EVA MARKS, M. of R. C.
MAY E. PARKER, M. of F.

Laurel Chapter, No. 31, R. A. M.—Meets every third Tuesday of each month in Masonic Temple. All members requested to attend and visiting companions welcome.

L. M. LEHRBACH, High Priest
W. F. HARRIS, Sec.

U. S. W. V., George Starnes Camp No. 47.—Meets jointly with auxiliary second and fourth Thursdays at Roseburg armory, 8 p. m. All comrades and sisters invited.

T. J. BORDEAUX, Camp Adj.
MRS. S. W. STARMER, Aux Pres.

ROY MOORE AND 7 OTHERS ON TRIAL SECOND TIME
(Associated Press Local Wire)

PORTLAND, Jan. 22.—The second trial of Roy Moore and seven others on indictments charging conspiracy to violate the prohibition law, was called for 2 p. m. in federal court today. The jury in the previous trial disagreed.

Other defendants are: Elizabeth Moore, wife of the principal defendant; John Hurst, S. D. Kerr, Verne Hillard, L. H. Cornell, John Andrews and Elwood Roy.

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You marry—and furniture, draperies, silverware, china, talking machines, oil-burners, gas-stoves, automobiles claim your dollars and call for your choice.

A baby comes—and again you face a new experience in purchasing clothes and powders and blankets; in buying a crib, baby-carriage, foods, toys.

Next—what school? For the years pass incredibly fast. Once more, a new decision.

Every room in your house requires a choice. Every meal served in your dining-room results from your having decided on what to serve. Every day confronts you with a multitude of possibilities from which you must select those which make life happier and better, and make the dollars go farther.

How on earth are you going to make those decisions? How can you know what you want and what you don't want? How can you buy to such advantage that you'll seldom, if ever, have occasion to use the futile phrase, "I wish I'd bought something else?"

Read the advertisements—read them carefully. The advertisements are an encyclopaedia of news and information on the things you want and need.