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TIGHTEN UP ON ENFORCEMENT OF LAW, IMPROVE MORALS, COOLIDGE'S APPEAL

Laxity of Local Governments, Faulty Procedure of Courts, Divergencies of Statutes Between States Chiefly Responsible for General Demoralization.

HIGH LIGHTS OF COOLIDGE'S SPEECH

In his appeal today for better enforcement of law and uniformity of federal and state statutes, President Coolidge declared that—

We are not a lawless people, but too frequently a careless one.

Technicalities and delays in the courts aid the wealthy and more skillful litigants and are a reproach to us.

Federal and state procedure should be uniform.

Intentional disregard by local governments of some laws is a start toward demoralization.

Liberty is a senseless boast when it consists of liberty to go ill-governed.

America should adhere to the principles on which her government was founded.

Our standard of civilization rests upon individual responsibility.

If we do not govern ourselves, someone else will.

Equal opportunity suffers because of the divergencies of laws between different states.

HONOR U. S. DEAD

PARIS, May 30.—French flags and the stars and stripes today were placed on the graves of all American dead in this country. Memorial day services were conducted at every war cemetery in France where American soldiers lie. The party of Americans who gathered today to visit the graves of their sons and daughters who died in the French and American services at Suresnes Cemetery, near Paris, where American Ambassador Herrick spoke.

As these American mothers of soldiers who had died in the World war were kneeling beside the graves of their sons, French troops stood at salute buglers sounded taps and lit the children of France orphaned by the war, scattered flowers upon the American graves.

Members of the American colony after attending various services, marched with the Paris Post of the American Legion and with boy scouts and school children along avenues lined with French troops to the Arc de Triomphe, where Ambassador Herrick placed a wreath upon the tomb of the French unknown soldier.

Blue and Gray Lines Thinning, but Scenes Like These Are Still Familiar



There are only a few of them left—veterans of the Blue and the Gray. But scenes like this are being enacted all over the country today. Above is seen a veteran, the last of his little company, visiting the grave of his pal. Above, at right, is a familiar picture, the youngster whose prize possession is a "sojester suit like grandpa's," and grandpa himself, full of tales about the war. And below we have grandpa, in this case blind, playing his familiar role of story-teller and historian to the younger generation.

The Origin of Memorial Day

The thirtieth day of May, now so generally observed as a Memorial day, was first so designated in general orders to members of the Grand Army of the Republic in May, 1868, by General John A. Logan, then commander-in-chief of that organization, "for the purpose of strewing with flowers or otherwise decorating the graves of comrades who died in defense of their country during the late Rebellion, and whose bodies now lie in almost every city, village and hamlet churchyard in the land."

This was not a new idea, for the custom of decorating the graves of the dead has been observed in many lands and for ages past, but a number of claims have been made, by or for persons as the first to propose formal services over the graves of the veterans in the northern states.

It is clearly established that before there was any public service of this character in the north, a "Decoration Day" was observed in a number of southern states over the graves of the Confederate dead and it is told that even before the close of war on one of the islands on the southern coast occupied for the care and training of the freed people, and where some soldiers had been buried, the teachers gathered their people together in early Springtime and there chanted their plaintive hymns while strewing flowers over the graves.

There were many who then doubted the wisdom of instituting such an observance in the fear that it would unnecessarily keep alive memories of a fraternal war, and stir up animosities which for the good of all should be buried in oblivion. Other objections were made to the expense entailed for music and flowers, which could be more wisely spent on the living.

But, nevertheless, the ceremony grew in sentiment year by year, as has the added number of graves to be decorated, for now the holiday belongs as much to the dead of the World war and Spanish American war as to the war of the states.

A perfect landing but the engine continued running. The actor spoke to Veeder and there was no reply. He touched him.

The pilots had fallen back and Barthelmes realized that he was ill. He summoned aid, but the fiber died while navel hospital physicians were trying to revive him. Death was ascribed to a heart attack, but the aviator's heart continued to beat after he had stopped breathing, doctors said.

Lieutenant Veeder was a son of Commodore E. Veeder, retired, and was a senior aviator of the observation squadron of the navy scouting fleet, assigned to the battleship Texas, now at Norfolk.

Barthelmes, a bit shaken, upon realization of the tragedy which might have taken his own life and which produced a greater sensation than any movie thriller of his career, declared Veeder had given the "finest exhibition of pluck and courage I have ever seen." He was convinced, he said, that the pilot was stricken before he landed.

Veeder knew that he had a passenger behind him and that he had to bring the plane in, the actor said.

Lieutenant John Stone, who accompanied Veeder in another plane, declared his companion "just came in on his nerve, that's all."

As the airplane neared Anacostia, Barthelmes said, Veeder waved toward the ground and the machine landed. It came to

EX-GOVERNOR HART ARRESTED, CHARGED SOLICITING BRIBE

(Associated Press Local Wire.)
TACOMA, Wash., May 30.—Former Governor Louis F. Hart, of Washington state, is at liberty today under \$5,000 bail.

Hart was arrested in Olympia yesterday charged with soliciting a bribe from Guy E. Kelly and Forbes P. Haskell, Jr., out of the trust fund created from the assets of the defunct Scandinavian American Bank of Tacoma.

The offense charged against Hart is a felony and is punishable by a maximum fine of \$5,000 or ten years in the state penitentiary or both.

No minimum is prescribed in the statutes.

SPEAKER LEADS SWATTERS WITH MARK OVER 400

Gray Haired Cleveland Has Fellow Veteran, Ty Cobb, at His Heels.

LATER BEST SCORER

Ken Williams Has Clouted for Most Bases—Smith, Pittsburg Catcher, Tops Nationals.

(Associated Press Local Wire.)
CHICAGO, May 30.—Traveling at a pace which nine years ago made him champion batter of the American league, Tris Speaker, gray haired leader of the Cleveland Indians today is back in that coveted spot with the enviable average of .405.

Ty Cobb who seemingly is playing as brilliantly as ever, is challenging Speaker for the leadership. The famed Georgian is batting .395, giving a tie with the youthful Earl Combs of the Yankees, who led the pack a week ago. The figures are based on averages including Wednesday's games.

Since the Tigers have taken a brace, Cobb has locked himself into a tie with Marty McManus of the Browns for the scoring honors. Each has registered 32 times.

Ken Williams of the Browns is leading in total bases with 49, his 14 blows including 16 doubles, one triple and nine home runs.

Bob Meusel, slugging outfielder of the Yankees, bagged 2 homers during the week and cracked the tie shared by Ken Williams a week ago. Meusel now has ten homers.

Johnny Mostil, White Sox fly chaser, continues to set the pace among the base stealers with 16 thefts. Other leading hitters for 20 or more games:

Simon, Philadelphia, .289; Sisler, St. Louis, .382; Wingo, Detroit, .382; Burns, Cleveland, .378; Wheelman, Detroit, .374; Vache, Boston, .365; Boone, .359.

Crushing out eleven hits in his last six games, Earl Smith, catcher of the Pittsburgh Pirates has swung to the top of the National league hitters with a mark of .467.

Smith's Spurt has given him a five point edge over Hawks, young first baseman of the Phillies, who slumped after leading the procession a week ago with an average of .425. Today Hawks is the runner up with .407, closely pressed by Dave Bancort, leader of the Braves, who is hitting an even .400.

Hornsbey of the Cardinals and Fournier of the Dodgers, are keeping close on the heels of the top liners. Fournier is fourth with .393 and Hornsbey is tied with Barnhart of the Pirates at .381.

The veteran Zack Wheat of the Dodgers, had crossed the plate 54 times. Glenn Wright of the Pirates in collecting 48 hits is leading in total bases with 68. His hits include eight doubles, four triples and seven homers.

Bobby Hartnett of the Cubs increased his lead for home run honors to 12 by connecting with a brace of four baggers.

Max Carey of the Pirates has tied Sparky Adams of the Cubs for the stolen base honors. Each has pilfered nine.

Other leading hitters were Rottmeier, St. Louis, .371; Vought, Pittsburgh, .367; Snyder, New York, .365; Wheat, Brooklyn, .364; Stock, Brooklyn, .364.

Hornsbey Heads Cardinals
ST. LOUIS, May 30.—Rogers Hornsbey national league batting champion, has been appointed

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PRESERVATION OF IDEALS AND PRINCIPLES BASED ON CONCERTED LAW OBSERVANCE

No Permanent Advancement Can Be Made Except Along Lines of Justice and Welfare, Speaker Declares in Memorial Day Address.

"We of America today owe it to those who have previously sacrificed for the protection of our national ideals, to use all of our powers and ability now to preserve those principles which they have handed down to us," declared Honorable Hamill A. Canaday in the Memorial day address, delivered by him today.

"Based upon the principles Divinely ordained, of truth, justice and equality and the co-operation of the greater majority of our citizenry since the foundation of our republic was laid, has brought us thus far on the way in our national life. But, it has brought us thus far only by reason of the fact that there were those among the people who, rather than sacrifice these principles, were willing to sacrifice themselves upon the altar of country for the sake of humanity.

"In our national life the one great factor among all others that should cause us as a people to move on to that place of our great high calling among the nations of the world, is a backward look and inventory, and that look need touch alone only on the sacrifice of human life, to show us the price we have thus far paid to maintain the principles in which we believe.

"The spirit of the patriots of 1776 as it was hung to the world by means of the Declaration of Independence and the gigantic rock of wisdom and law, our national Constitution, should this day be the pervading spirit and the wisdom and force to guide us safely through the troubled waters of international affairs, and the sanely setting in order our own house.

"Our nation's place in the world has been and will continue to be that place to which the ideals and thoughts of the individual citizen shall lift it, and no nation can rise higher in influence than are the ideals striven for by the greater majority of its citizens. Thus it makes a vast difference as to what are the ideals of each individual and what thoughts each individual thinks for from his private thoughts proceed his public acts and it is a great concern to America as to the public acts of each citizen. We often hear the statement 'That in America every one may think as he pleases,' but I maintain that such is not the privilege of any one, living anywhere, under the folds of the stars and stripes, unless that individual chooses to think rightly and in accordance with the spirit and principles of Liberty, Justice and Equality as contemplated by the founders of this republic and as fostered by the national Constitution and attempted to be preserved by our federal and state laws.

"There can be no advancement in any direction either governmental or otherwise without the concerted action of the greater portion of those concerned. And no advancement will be of any permanent value unless made along the lines of justice and for the welfare of humanity. Under our national system we can make no progress towards peace and harmony in the world's affairs without laws in our own government to regulate our conduct and by a prescribed method protect our rights as a people. And further, it should not only be the duty, but the wish and constant aim as well of every citizen to faithfully observe all laws, and demand that such be observed as respected by all people, even from the auto traffic law to the laws

(Associated Press Local Wire.)
MEDFORD, Ore., May 30.—Headed by the local G. A. R., fraternal and patriotic organizations, the largest Memorial Day parade ever seen here was held today.

EUGENE Mourns; Trap Shoot On
EUGENE, Ore., May 30.—With a parade participated in by military and patriotic organizations, followed by a memorial service at the soldiers' monument at the I. O. O. F. cemetery, Eugene today paid its respects to the nation's dead. A service for the sailor dead was held at the Ninth Avenue mill race span under the direction of the Woman's Relief Corps. The big crowd in the afternoon is the second round of the annual state trap shoot which opened here yesterday at the aviation field trap.

Portland Grooms Joan Of Arc
PORTLAND, Ore., May 30.—A replica of the heroic bronze of Joan of Arc, by Fremiet, which stands in the Place de Rivoli in the auto traffic law to the laws

(Continued on page 6.)

Officials Shake Their Heads Over Movie Plan to Register Coolidge • Handing Diploma to Fake Student

(Associated Press Local Wire.)
WASHINGTON, May 30.—The navy's latest venture in motion picture publicity, has led to some perturbation at the White House, where officials are shaking their heads over a proposal that President Coolidge take a part dovetailing with that of screen stars in a scene that is to be enacted next week at the naval academy commencement at Annapolis.

As is customary, the president is to present the diploma. As a part of the plot of a motion picture in process of production at Annapolis with the consent of the navy department it has been planned to have Ramon Navarro, the actor, take a place in the line of academy graduates and receive from the hands of President Coolidge a dummy diploma.

White House officials have just heard of the proposal and are preparing to place all the facts before the president himself. They said today they had grave doubts whether he would consent to the arrangement, particularly in view of a recent unpleasant experience involving use of his pictures in advertising. The project of making a film portraying life at the naval academy was given navy department approval on the ground that it would be of public value, but department officials apparently had not expected the plot to go the length of involving the president.

Film agencies who are rivals of the producing company at one time, threatened to join in a protest, but it was indicated today that their objections had been smoothed out.

Twenty-Two Entrants in 500-Mile Event Thrill Cheering Thousands.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 30.—Peter De Paolo, youthful racing star and nephew of the famous Ralph De Palma, won the 500-mile auto race at the motor speedway today before a crowd estimated at 145,000, the greatest throng that ever witnessed a sporting event in America.

De Paolo won in a hair-raising finish with Benny Hill, relief pilot for Dave Lewis, breaking all records for the event. De Paolo won \$37,800 as first prize and cash prizes for capturing the most laps and prizes offered by accessory firms.

De Paolo's time was 4:56:39.47, an average of 101.13 miles an hour. He finished with a lead of about half a lap, a mile and a quarter over Hill. Phil Shafer finished third.

Leah Durray was sixth and the veteran, Ralph De Palma, proud uncle of the winning De Paolo, was seventh.

De Paolo, who lives in Los Angeles, drove every inch of the grueling 500 mile trip, except for a few miles when he gave way to a relief driver to enable him to get a brief rest for the finish.

Shortly before the 450 miles were reached Lewis, then leading, was forced to stop at the pits for fuel and oil and on the next lap stopped again to be relieved by Hill. While the stop was being made the daring De Paolo thundered into the lead, retaining it to the finish.

SPEEDWAY, Indianapolis, Ind., May 30.—With a roar from perfectly tuned motors, 22 of the world's greatest race drivers shot away at 10 o'clock today in the start of the 500-mile automobile race over the motor speedway.

The attendance at that time was about 125,000 with a steady stream still pouring through the gates.

The drivers contending for prizes aggregating \$100,000 set a terrific pace after the first lap of the two and a half mile brick course, indicating they were determined to break all existing records for the event.

Peter De Paolo, nephew of the (Continued on page 3x)

America's War Debt to France in Revolutionary War Was Overpaid \$250,000, Treasury Record Shows

(Associated Press Local Wire.)
WASHINGTON, May 30.—The war debt discussion has been turned back to 1776, when America borrowed from France, to provide one of the two latest developments.

Senator Borah, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee in a letter has declared the treasury's official records prove that America not only did not haggle over the amount of France's loan but in paying the debt included \$250,000 too much.

The other development is that Belgium, battle ground of the world war, is likely to be the next power to fund its loans from the United States.

The senator said the records tend to show the account entered with this notation: "Overpaid by the United States 1,426,787 livres."

Admitting that there was a delay in final settlement, Mr. Borah declared this was due to the failure of ability of France to render an account on which congress could act.

Benjamin Franklin, in 1779 and 1782, he asserted, wrote repeatedly to Paris in order to get an accounting, and added that nowhere was there any evidence that this country has sought to dispute the amount or repudiate the debt.