

BIG FREE ATTRACTION

Saturday Nite—On the Umpqua at Winchester

Those Symphonic Blue Devils present at

Rainbow Gardens Dance

Byrne's Hawaiian Instrumental Quartet

Tacoma, Wash., Afternoon Tea Society Orchestra—IN CONCERT

From 8:45 to 9:15—COME EARLY—From 8:45 till 9:15

Our Specials for SATURDAY

Economy Market, Phone 58
Sheridan St. Market, Phone 82

- Pot Roasts, per lb. 15c
- Veal Roasts, per lb. 15c
- Breasts of Lamb and Veal, per lb. 10c
- Sugar Cured Bacon and Hams, per lb. 25c
- Pure Lard in 10 lb. pails \$1.50
- Pure Lard in 5 lb. pails 75c
- Nucoa, per lb. 25c
- Pure Gold Creamery Butter, per lb. 45c
- Gold Medal Creamery Butter, per lb. 45c

None Better—Every Pound Guaranteed

George Kohlhagen

Proprietor

Drive to Eugene—Philip Harth and Edward Kohlhagen left this morning for Eugene to spend the day attending the tests made there by the Roseburg fire truck. A number of the Roseburg fire department went down for the demonstration.

Tar roofing at Wharton Bros.



SHIRTS

Everyone ready—baskets all loaded into the machine—“Hey, Bill! Hurry it up!” But Bill, upstairs, was frowning at an open dresser drawer. “Thunderation! Not a clean oxford shirt to my name, I certainly must stock up tomorrow.” The very first shirt Bill bought was something to wear on days out-of-doors—a white oxford weave with comfortable low soft collar and two-button barrel cuffs. Excellent value at

\$3.00

Duds For Men

The LIBERTY THEATRE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

At Our Regular Prices Only 10 and 15 Cents

Helen Chadwick

Ethel M. Dell's Great Story

“HER OWN FREE WILL”

The Strange Story of a Girl Who Leaped First, and Looked Afterward.

Also Billy West, in the Feature Broadway Comedy.

Pres. Coolidge Declares for a 'Common Sense' Government

President's Acceptance Speech Given Last Night Steeps in Wisdom of Politics and Sets Forth Principles Upon Which He Will Base His Campaign for Re-Election. Text of Address is Inclusive.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—A “government of common sense” dedicated to honesty and economy at home and peace abroad, was promised tonight by President Coolidge in formally accepting the nomination of the republican party as its candidate for president.

Declaring domestic affairs of chief concern to the nation, Mr. Coolidge proposed further tax reduction and “more tax reform” and announced his intention to appoint a committee to investigate means of aiding agriculture.

He summed up the foreign policy of the administration in a single word—peace—and promised to propose after the Dawes reparation plan gets underway another conference to consider further limitation of armaments and codification of international law.

Addressing himself to possible opposition party issues, Mr. Coolidge referred to the question of honest government and replied that “the government is sound” and would prosecute wrongdoers fearlessly. He referred to a probable “discussion of liberal thought and progressive action” in the campaign and answered that liberality in thought and progress in action is all well enough for the country, “but its greatest asset is common sense.”

The address was devoted largely to a review of the accomplishments of the administration during the last four years, and contained a specific program for the future in which the president outlined his views in characteristic short, pungent sentences.

Detailing his views, the president announced he favored: The principle of protection. The child labor amendment. The permanent court of international justice.

Further limitation of armaments.

Support by the government in encouraging American citizens and resources to assist in restoring Europe.

Enforcement of the prohibition laws.

Specifically he declared opposition to any general extension of government ownership and control and to aggressive war.

The nominee laid particular stress on agriculture, taxes and foreign relations.

Efforts of the administration to relieve agriculture through enactment of 15 laws were recalled by the president, but he insisted “we now need in agriculture more organization, cooperation and diversification.” He added that the “fundamental remedy was provided, as it always must be provided, not so much through enactment of legislative laws, as through the working out of economic laws.”

Because of this, he said, price fixing by legislation must be evaded.

“Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief,” he continued, “I propose to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the congress in December that may help secure this result which we all desire.”

“The farmer should have the benefit of legislation providing for flood control and development of inland waterways, better navigation east and south from the Great Lakes, reclamation, and especially relief for those who cannot meet their payments on irrigation projects. But the main problem is marketing. Cooperative effort, reorganization of the freight rate structure, good business and good wages in manufacturing, and the settlement of European affairs will all help to provide better market conditions.”

Denouncing as short sighted the plea of “demagogues” for overtaxing the rich, Mr. Coolidge demanded a further cut in surtax rates applying on high incomes.

“I want further tax reduction and more tax reform,” he said, “I am not disturbed about the effort on a few thousand people with large incomes, because they have to pay high surtaxes. What concerns me is the indirect effect of high surtaxes on all the rest of the people. Let us always remember the poor. Whatever cry the demagogue may make about his ability to tax the rich, at the end of the year it will always be found that the people as a whole have paid the taxes. Every student knows that excessive high rates defeat their own purpose. They drum up that source of revenue and leave those paying the lower rates to furnish all the taxes.”

In this connection, Mr. Coolidge promised to cut down the burden of government costs.

“I want the people of America to be able to work less for the government and more for themselves,” he said. “I want them to have the rewards of their own industry. That is the chief meaning of freedom.”

The president indicated an intention to make several adjustments in the tariff through the elastic provisions.

“As the business of the world becomes stabilized,” he continued, “without throwing all our economic system into confusion, we can raise or lower specific schedules to meet the requirements of a scientific adjustment.”

In foreign affairs, Mr. Coolidge described the administration as seeking only peace—through efforts by the Dawes commission in settling the reparations problem, establishment of many treaties and seeking entrance in the permanent court of international justice. He called attention to the refusal of ratification of the League of Nations Covenant but recalled cooperation by the government with the league in suppressing the narcotic trade and promoting public health.

“We have every desire to help,” he added. “But the time, the place, and the method must be left to our determination. Under our constitution we cannot foreclose the right of the president or the congress to determine our future problems when they arise.”

Recalling the disclosures in connection with the naval oil reserve leases, Mr. Coolidge reiterated his determination to “use every possible effort to resist corruption in office.”

“The American government must be clean,” he said. “The laws of the land are being and will continue to be enforced. The government is sound. Individuals charged with wrongdoing are being prosecuted. The people of this country hate corruption. They know my position. They know the law will be enforced.”

Mr. Coolidge served notice on the party to live within its means during the present campaign and to cooperate with the senate committee in detailing the lists of its expenditures.

He also plainly told the party that “no individual or group of individuals may expect any governmental favors in return for party assistance.”

Taking up only briefly the question of national defense, the president declared he favored, “not merely talking about it but doing something about it.”

In a recital of the government's accomplishments since March 4, 1921, Mr. Coolidge mentioned the Arms Conference, the restoration of a technical state of peace, the negotiation of treaties with many countries, repeal of wartime taxes, funding of a large part of the foreign debt, improvement in employment condition, enhancements of the price of government bonds, reduction of the cost of government, establishment of the budget, management reform, reduction of the army and navy to a “low peace time basis,” conversion of war materials and supplies into cash, increase in wages, a revival of industry, establishment of the veterans bureau, enactment of “generous” laws for the relief of disabled veterans, and establishment of a tariff act.

Touching on the new immigration law, Mr. Coolidge recalled his preference for a clause on Japanese exclusion which would be “less likely to offend the sensibilities of the Japanese people” but emphasized that the law has been passed, and approved and “the incident is closed.”

“We are likely to hear a great deal of discussion about liberal thought and progressive action,” he concluded. “It is well for the country to have liberality in thought and progress in action, but its greatest asset is common sense. In the commonplace things of life lies the strength of the nation. It is not in brilliant conceptions and strokes of genius that we shall find the chief reliance of our country, but in the home, in the school, and in religion. America will continue to defend these shrines. Every evil force that seeks to denigrate or destroy them will find that a higher power has endowed the people with an inherent spirit of resistance. The people know the difference between pretence and reality. They want to be told the truth. They want to be trusted. They want a chance to work for their material and spiritual salvation. The people want a government of common sense.”

“These are some of the beliefs which I hold, some of the principles which I propose to support. Because I am convinced that they are true, because I am satisfied that they are sound, I submit them with abiding faith to the judgment of the American people.”

DANCE

AT MELROSE COUNTRY CLUB

Sat. Night, Aug. 16

Music by CHIC'S COUNTRY CLUB ORCHESTRA

Everybody Welcome

STARTING WEDNESDAY

King's 1924 Musical Comedy Revue

NATIONS' HEADS WAVER ON RUHR

(continued from page 1)

evacuated immediately as a concession to the Germans.

American observers here are confident that the French and Germans will reach an agreement tonight on the military evacuation of the Ruhr and that the conference will end tomorrow night.

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—The conclusions reached during the last night's and this morning's conferences of the German cabinet as to the position Germany should take on the Ruhr evacuation proposals, on which the fate of the international reparations conference in London is hanging, will not be announced before tonight.

The cabinet members feel that their decision should be communicated to Chancellor Marx in London before being given publicity here.

The government officials today were conferring with the Reichstag leaders, including delegates from the socialist and nationalist parties.

Official circles are hopeful that solution can be reached as both the government and parliamentary leaders are desirous of avoiding a breakdown of the conference through any unaccommodating attitude of Germany.

All the factors participating in the present discussion in Berlin realize the gravity of the situation both in respect to the position of the German delegates in London and also because of his bearing a popular sentiment in Germany which attaches paramount importance to the question of the evacuation of the Ruhr as transcending all other issues involved in the evacuation in the execution of the Dawes report.

VAUDEVILLE NUMBERS AT ANTLERS THEATRE

The Dancing Burtons, who have danced their way to fame through the country will be the added vaudeville attraction at the Antlers theatre tonight and Saturday.

Their program consists of the latest and highest class dances, and novelty acts of the day. Among the numbers introduced will be the famous Rodolph Valentino Argentine Tango, the Exhibition Waltz, the 1924 Waltz, and also some clever soft shoe and eccentric dancing.

The Burtons will appear but once each night, between the first and second picture show programs. A full program of feature pictures will also be shown.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Notice for bids for construction of frame school building will be received by the school board of school district 79, until 5 p. m. of August 21. Plans and specifications are now in the hands of the clerk and may be inspected at her residence in said district. A good and sufficient bond will be required of the successful bidder. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

(Signed) ADOLF BRANT, Clerk Dist. 79, Yoncalis, Ore.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

U. S. Weather Bureau, local office, Roseburg, Oregon, 24 hours ending 5 p. m.

Relative humidity 5 p. m. yesterday 47%

Precipitation in ins. and Hunds. Highest temperature yesterday 80

Lowest temperature last night 56

Precipitation last 24 hours 0

Total precip. since first of month 0

Normal precip. for this month 33

Total precip. from Sept. 1, 1923, to date 18.06

Average precip. from Sept. 1, 1877 to date 21.18

Total deficiency from Sept. 1, 1923 14.12

Average precipitation for 46 wet seasons, (September to May, inclusive) 21.48

Fair tonight and Saturday.

WM. BELL, Meteorologist.

NEW TODAY

FOR SALE—16 in. old growth fir. Call 775.

OLD GROWTH fir block wood, for sale. Phone 418-R.

HEREFORD BULL for sale. E. R. Fitzgerald, Looking Glass.

WANTED—Box maker at once. Fred Richter, Sunshine ranch.

FOR SALE—Five good Rambouillet yearling rams. Phone 19F14.

FOR SALE—Young turkeys, 16 in. stove wood. Fred A. Goff. Phone 6F2.

FOR SALE—Westinghouse electrical range; large khaki tent; auto trailer. J. M. Judd.

FOR SALE—Good oats, vetch and cheat hay. Inquire Geo. Telford ranch, Happy Valley.

FOR SALE—1918 Ford delivery. Will trade for good automatic rifle. Wilson's Tire Shop.

SHROPSHIRE RAMS—Good registered yearlings for sale. G. H. Thompson, Macleay, Ore.

KEYS, BICYCLES and expert repairing of locks, bicycles and phonographs. Roseburg Cyclery, 238 N. Main St.

TEN BOYS wanted at Roseburg Country Club, Sunday, See A. C. Lockwood at Ford Garage, Saturday.

THE MAKING OF A GOOD HOME—21 acres of land; all cleared and under cultivation; on good road; 3 miles from town; mostly bottom free sandy soil. Price \$1200. Easy terms. Lawrence Agency, 125 Cass Street, Phone 219.

FOR HALF ITS REAL VALUE—A highway grocery and supply house; doing over \$50,000 a year, with 5 room modern cottage adjoining; rent \$50; stock all fresh and new; good fixtures, best location in Oregon. Invoice price about \$4500. Takes everything. It will pay you to investigate at once. Lawrence Agency, 125 Cass Street, Phone 219.

REMEDY FOR WORLD ILLS IS SUBJECT

The first session of the Annual Camp-meeting of Seventh-day Adventists was held at Hollow's grove last night. Professor A. W. Spalding, a secretary of the General Conference of Seventh Day Adventists, spoke on the “Basic Remedy of the World's Needs.”

Professor Spalding mentioned the fact that the world is full of problems, the nations are in great perplexity, the social, the racial, the religious, the economic, the labor, and the agricultural worlds are all in trouble and need a remedy.

In part, Professor Spalding said, “The home is the base from which to apply the remedy, and the problem of the individual, and individuals make up the nations. If the individual were converted, and a real Christian the problems of the world would be solved. In that way Christianity would not be a failure. The reason why Christianity is often a failure is because the individual does not apply Christianity in his own life.”

“Now why am I a Christian? I am a Christian because all heaven was emptied in order that Christ could dwell with men and bring heaven in to their lives—Christ in the heart, Christ said, ‘I am the way and the truth,’ and He further admonishes, ‘Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make you free.’”

“In order to have faith in Christ we must know Him. What does it mean to know Him? Do we know Him when we do not commune with Him daily and hourly? We must always commune with our Saviour through the reading of the word of God, through prayer, the study of nature, and the indwelling of the Holy Spirit in the heart.”

Professor Spalding continued by showing that as the Christian feeds on the word of God, and gets new truth he must use the truth in witnessing for Jesus, and “The more truth we have the more service we can do for humanity, and if we do not do service as the result of the knowledge of truth we are not Christian, and then we do not have the truth in reality.”

“Every Christian should honor his religion by serving others. A doctor of medicine would be a traitor to his profession if he would not care for the sick and do good to those who need him. So with the followers of the master Physician, they should heal the spiritual sick (also the physical) and be always found witnessing the truth that is within them. Thus if the spirit of Christ were evoked out by the individual Christian, the needs of the world would soon be remedied.”

Watkins' Store 129 W. Lane, phone 177.

Zenith annual dip and lice killer at Wharton Bros.

Auto Smokers

A short time ago a very useful Auto Smokers set was brought to our attention, and because we felt our customers would like them, we purchased a limited supply. We will distribute these useful sets while they are in stock. Upon presentation of the attached coupon signed, with a purchase of One Dollar or more.

See Them in Our Window

COUPON

Name _____

Address _____

This coupon signed, is good for one Auto Smokers set with a purchase of One Dollar or more. Only one per customer.

SPENCER'S A MAN'S SHOP

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