

Indian Kills

Tather of six children, was in and out of the dance hall, according to per-mons who saw him during the even-ing, and around on the streets. He was badly intoxicated for some time before the fatal shooting. The gun play occurred on the street in front of a garage about 50 yards from the dance hall. The federal agents had parked their car there to have a tire changed. Price Attenuts Arrest

Iranaction and attempted to plac. Warren under arrest. Price was a small man, weighing only about pounds, while the indian is a heavy built individual, tipping the scales around 175 pounds. When Price at-tempted to put him under arrest, Warren swung at him with his fist. Price dodyed the blow and hit War-ren along the side of the head with the butt of his revolver. The Indian ran.

Shortly afterwards Price was join-Shortly alterwards Frice was join-ed by the other officers, but did not tell them of his fracas with Warren. While the attomobile tire was being changed Killin said he was growing cold and went to the hotel to get warm and to procure his overcost. Earl Marshall went down the street. to a sentument restaurant

Warren Goes After Rifle Warren went straight to the house his father, still under the in-

He was upon Price and Todd be-fore they saw him. Todd was i front of the machine, but Price was standing beside it. Holden was standing on the other side of the sidewalk near the sarage. The In-dian pointed his rifle directly at Price, but the latter succeeded is getting hold of the barrel and fore ing the muzzle toward the ground.

don was standing with his pistol drawn to shoot as soon as he could Two Dry Agents who was directly in line with the Indian. do so without endangering Price,

Price Falls on Back

tion of the inhabitants were in at-tendance. Phillip Warren, a full-blooded indian, 31 years old and the father of six children, was in and out of the dance hall, according to new tront of Warren, and the latter show front of Warren, and the latter shot him twice, one builet shattering Price's right arm and the other en-

The gun play occurred on the trevet in front of a garage about 50 yards from the dance hall. The federal accurb had parked their car-there to have a tire changed. Price Attempts Arrest. Shortty after 1 o'clock Jap Perry, rasisfant to the officers, met Warren age and purchased a botte of whis-key from him. Price witnessed the Warren under arrest. Price was and quick as a fash, shot him, the bullet striking him just above the right eye, entering the brain and emerging about half way back on the right side of the Read.

Holden Fires at Indian

Holden Fires at Indian Deputy Sheriff Holden fired at the Indian at almost the same time ' fired at Todd. The single bulket took effect just above Warren's right hip and plowed through his body. Warren turned and ran, the three witnesses and those of the crow who had courage enough to hurry to the scenes devoling their entire at-tention to the two wounded men. Price was evidently killed instantly, but Todd lived until 2:05 o'clock, al-though he never regained consciousthough he never regained conscious General Contraction of the second sec

Warren went straight to the house of his father, still under the in fluence of liquor and vowing re-high-power repeating rifle and start-ed on the war path. Inside the res-taurant on Main street he saw Mar-rel of his rifle against Marshall's thest, he asked him if he had any thing to do with the automobile which was standing in front of the had, and the indian went out the had, and up the street toward the garage. any interest to which he might devote Some say that other Indians as lightning. of the Dockbullders' union, which is connected with the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, a part of the American Federation of Labor, and from that organization he draws his

retting hold of the barrel and forcing the muzzle toward the ground. While in this position the rifle went of the statering a brick in the wall and splinters entered the log of Deputy Sheriff Holden. Heil

ROSEBURG NEWS-REVIEW, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1922.

does he believe in stopping work for days and weeks on important jobs while some detail of jurisdiction is being considered. His safary is more than that of Sam-

uel Gompers, the president of the American Federation of Labor, whose stipend is now \$10,000 a year. It was for a long period \$7,500, and before that it had been advanced from \$5,000 shortly before the European war. The veteran leader accepted this amount under protest, saying that it was more than he needed to live on, and that the fact it had been raised to so large

OF EXECUTIVES

ing as ing samaries to their executives as do the large business interests. Salaries of from \$5,000 to \$10,000 are by no means infrequent, writes John W. Harrington in the New York Sun.

The head of the Dockhuilders' union,

several times declined the honor.

Headquarters Uplifted. Once a labor headquarters was a dark and dingy place, reaking of stale pipes and of staler beer stones. Its floors were caked with grime and its

walls were dirty and dingy. Now the chief officer of the dockbuilders has a

bright and alry office and does busi-

ness in an atmosphere of good desks, file cases and high power business ef-

ficiency. Clerks, stenographers and cashiers are under his eye, and every-

where are all the devices which make for attending to large affairs. If one

were suddenly translated to his pres-

ence one would think that he was talking to the manager of one of the

large corporations or a bank president. He works from 16 to 18 hours a day

and says he often works 20. Any one seeing him cheerfully violating the

eight-hour law may well realize that he is worth a good deal of money to

an amount might be used against or-ganized labor. So far nobody has used it very much, for the consensus is that, con-sidering the duties, Mr. Gompers earns that much and probably a great deal more. For practically forty consecu-tive times this veteran leader has been chosen for high post in the organization against all comers. Now nearing the age of three score and len he is still considered at the height of his powers as an executive.

Gompers' Long Hours.

for instance, whose compensation is \$1,500 a month, is the highest paid labor representative in New York city Judged on the basis of the number of hours he Works a day Mr. Gompers and probably in the country. At least no leader of the working classes has come forth to far to admit that he is getting more, and a search of the is the equivalent of several men. He carries a heavy burden at the officer He of the federation, which, by the way, owns its building and has an elaborate organization to maintain. As the grand archives of the unions fails to reveal anything like so huge an honoracoun. Although this appears to be the top supervisor of the federation he directs its policies and also make frequent notch in the way of salaries the dock-builders in the district from Philadeljourneys throughout the country. As a speaker on public occasions he is As phin to Boston, including those of New York city and neighborhood, believe heard often in cities far from Wash-ington. He is also the editor of the that they are getting the worth of their money, and insisted on his having American Federationist, the official organ of the federation, as well as a that amount, although like Caesar, he frequent contributor to magazines.

The salary of the organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who makes his headquarters in New York city, is understood to be \$4,500 a year and traveling expenses.

Warren E. Stone, the head of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, one of the top men on the salary list of American labor, gets \$10,000 a year. He is considered one of the ablent of the diplomats of the kingdom of toll and his duties take him to all parts of the country and require close applica-

The head of the Longshoremen's union is credited with a salary of \$7,500 a year. There have been rumors that he received a good deal more, but this figure is generally ac-

ON THE LEVEL

self, for he transacts business like

Nominally, he is the representative

The way to reach the man who toils Amid the dingy workings; Is not by strategens and spoils, Or oily smiles and smirkings. You give him model homes and such, Or clubs in which to revel; It in't coddling that he likes, Or lordly condescension. Such methods will not stop his strikes Or banish all contention, You must be fair and square and just, A man among your brothers, Before old doubtings turn to trust Or ancient hatred smothers. Whatever motive yours may be,

Or ancient hatred amothers. Whatever motive yours may be, In time he's more to find it: He looks through every deed to see The spirit that's behind it. And though be may misunderstand, Repel, at first, and doubt you. He'll warmly grasp the profiered band When he is sure about you. The boys within the breaker shed, The miners. deep below them.

The miners, deep below them, Are flow of faith and hard of head, You've simply got to show them: And prove your varied aims and ends Are not those of the devil—

or man and master can be friende-If both are on the level. -Berton Braley in the Coal Age.

heatre. Best float by business organiza-

id Ward. JudgesDr. F. E. Adams, Eugene, •

............. PARADE PRIZES.

cepted in labor circles as the actual amount. As organizer of the dock workers he has done much important work for his organization and is regarded as one of the most aggressive of leaders.

The head of the International Type graphical union gets a salary of \$5,000 a year and traveling expenses. Until a comparatively short time ago him services were regulted with only \$3,600 a year. Many of the printers thought he was worth considerably more, but it was not until recently that the in-crease was given. He has many activities which keep him constantly on the wing. From his headquarters in Indianapolis he makes frequent trips where his services are required in the settlement of strikes or in the making of them

The labor leaders of the new order, who occupy responsible positions, are getting from \$4,500 to \$10,000 a year and have to devote their entire time to their tasks, although the indica-tions are that before long there will be more labor leaders who will com-mand pay as high as that of the head of the dockbuilders' union.

Judging the matter of compensation for labor lenders from the point of view of Mr. George E. Holmes, the eneral manager of the industrial relations service, an expert on organization, their positions are about the equivalent of that of plant employment manager and would command on side of capital from \$4,000 to \$10,000 n year.

"A plant manager who was held responsible for the production made by 3,000 men," continued Mr. Holmes, "would be worth from \$15,000 to \$25.-000 a year, according to the results which he obtained. It is difficult to which he obtained. It is dimension make exact comparisons, as the labor leader is not held to such artict ac-countability as is the plant superin-tendent. There is no reason why. however, the labor leaders who work along constructive lines and have high ideals should not have every dollar which those who retain them are able to pay.

"If it can be showp that an \$18,000 man builds up rather than tears down, that he seeks to promote good relations between employer and employees and that he has large vision and looks to the future, he should certainly be componented for the value of his services.

Worth \$100,000.

"I should say that, considering the general abilities and the power for organization which Samuel Gompers a year to large interests which could afford to pay him all that he is worth. He is worth that to the American Inboring man, for he has the qualities of a statesman and has a wide knowledge of mon and affairs. His work has been educational and he has built for the future.

"His services cannot be valued merely in terms of dollars and cents, and, for that matter, neither can the work of any man. The principle is the vital factor to consider in valuing men. If a labor leader stands for Americanism and seeks to advance the interests of all whom he represents, not merely by getting them more money, but by making them more useful citizens, he is certainly worth a large salary and should get it,"

The authorities who have looked into the question of wages in recent months have based their estimates of what should be paid on the basis of production, and by the same token they are beginning to estimate the inbor leader and his services on his constructive ability.

SECRETARY DAVIS GIVES OUT LABOR DAY MESSA WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3 Secretary Davis in a Labor day m sage to the American people, m public tonight, declared that "we

Odorless_

interest to you

Another feature that is of

PHONE 277.

look with pride and gratitude up the achievements of the last twe months," and that during this per "America has been brought to threshold of an era of uneramp property" prosperity. prosperity." But for the industrial strife whi has been evident for several mont throughout the country, the sec tary added, the outlook of the nati would not have been darkened duri

the year. "We must find a common of fairness and co-operation for ployers and employes where they adjust their differences without course to an appeal to force," said. "There can be no justificat for bloodshed and destruction America today." The labor secretary declared to

The labor secretary declared "th two great things have been according plished in American industrial life "We have conquered the menace unemployment which threatened ; he said, "and we have prevented wage panic in the ranks of labor, have put between four and five m lion men back to work and we have

both men back to work and we have the point them back to work with wag which leave the general wage level, the nation very little below the hipoint reached during the war." Despite the pressure of unemplo ment, Mr. Davis said, we have for stalled those short sighted amploys stalled those short-sighted employ who saw in the situation only an e portunity to beat down the price labor, adding that through this have brought America to the three have brought quexampled prosp old of an era of unexampled pr Motor to Gold Hill-

Mr. and Mrs. Romanso Wood a children will motor to Gold Hill b evening, where they will visit r of Mr. Wood's brothers who are c ployed at the cement quarry as

Medford People Here-

Charles Strang and wife of Me-ford, are in the city visiting at th home of relatives here. Here From Oakland-

W. S. Hogan, of Oakland, was a vi itor in town for several hours today In From Riddle-

C. H. Crow, a Riddle resident, w in town today to attend the celebr tion, and to visit friends.

WANTED-To care for poultry by it month or shares. T. F. Mitche month of shares. It to Roseburg Ore. OR SALE Furniture in 5 room hu House and garage also for rent. S. Pine St.

ROMANCE OF LONDON GUILDS Ancient Trade Companies of the British Metropolis That Roll in Wealth. How many people know what a "Fleicher" is? The Fletchers are one of the livery companies of the city of How many people know what a "Fleicher" is? The Fletchers are one of the livery companies of the city of London, and the name means an arrow Contractors.

TRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTR (Continued from page one.)

Dr. M. M. Reid, formerly of Portland, who is opening his office in the Bell Sister's Building, 137 N. Jackson St., similar effect. will give an up to the minute health lecture at the Moose

Best decorated float-Antlers

large solury, voted to him unanimously over his veto. Those who compose this well-established union were get-ting \$2.20 a day before the war, i. e. in 1913, and now they have \$7.50, which is a gain of slightly more than 100 per They are giving, therefore, less than

one day's work a year to the salary of their representative. In return for this he keeps things running smoothly, and sees that work is as regular and steady as possible and gets what they

LET US PROVE IT TO YOU **Imperial Cleaners** OUR AUTO WILL CALL.

THE REPORT OF A DECEMBER OF A

Dr. Louis A. Banks on "Americanism"

(Continued from page one.)

risk killing a whole trainload of men and women and children in order to further their strike. American insti-tutions cannot live if such deeds are

allowed to go on. "Just now the government of the United States has appealed to the courts for an injunction against in-

courts for an injunction against in-terforence with the transportation system of the country on which our economic life depends. But the gov-ernment is met with a blast of bitter deflance from Samuel Gompers. "Now if American freedom is to continue to exist, Samuel Gompers and the men under him must be forced to obey the law the same as others. I would as soon live under a Czar Nicholas or a Kaiser Wilhelm as a Kniser Sampel Gompers! "Come home to Roseburg. I love

as a Kniser Sampel Gompers! "Come home to Roseburg. I love Roseburg. I expect to call it home here the rest of my life, but I have blushed with shame on account of things which have happened here in the last few weeks—an honest work-ingman, doing needed work for his table to be here resulted and dally bread, has been assaulted and beaten on his way to his work. That is un-American and a shame to union labor.

"No man in America has stood more persistently for the American workingman than I. I have never failed to denounce the capitalist or employer who dealt unjustly with him. My book, 'The White Slaves or the Oppression of the Worthy Poor,' uncovering the sweatshops of Boston, was published more than 30 years ago. I have always been known as the defender of the rights of workthe defender of the rights of work-ingmen, but I would be a coward and no friend of union labor if 1 did no di do a no denounce un-American deeds done in the name of union labor. I have seen signs up in store widows saying, 'No Scabs Allowed Here.' What does the word 'scab' mean? It means a man who is doing work that another man has refused to do. And to brutally beat him for doing it or to infimi-date a merchant, threatening to boy-cott him for selling food to honest American citizens, is utterly un-Am-crican and must not be allowed un-

erican and must not be allowed un-der the Stars and Stripes. Union la-bor will dig its own grave if it per-sists in defiance of the constitution

and laws of the United States. "Much of the lawlessness and mob violence that has grown up had its beginning in the winking at the evil deeds of the lawless bootlegger in his defiance of the Volstead Act in endefiance of the volseau Act in the intervention of the Eighteenth Amend-in town today to attend the ment to the Constitution. The judi-tion, and to visit friends. ctal section of the American Bar as-sociation spoke wisely when they **NEW TODAY.** warned the respectable people of the country, who encouraged the break-ing of this law that they were 'sow-ing dragon teeth' which were sure

Today's Dispatches

Warren G. Stone, of the engineers' brotherhood, John L. Lewis, of the miners' union, all issued messages of similar effect. Best float by business organiza-tion-Hudson Effective Co. Best cowboy riders-Creason and Ward. JudgesDr. F. E. Adams, Eugene, Warren G. Stone, of the engineers'

cent.

hall Tuesday evening, Sept. 5th, at 7:45.

Dr. Reid is planning on giving a series of lectures on such subjects as applied psychology, mental analysis, zone therapy, physiology, hygiene and diateties, if the peo-ple of Roseburg show sufficient interest to justify it.

A Free Lecture!

If you are interested in these subjects and want to know the keys to health, happiness and success, come and hear him



LAST TIME TONIGHT THAT BIG PROGRAM

With That Great Actor,

GEORGE ARLISS

Earl Derr Bigger's story in "The Saturday Evening Post,"

"The Ruling Passion"

The greatest character actor in a new role. A comedy part that brings a continuous chuckle from old and young alike.

It is called the Gem of the Season. Also: The Hy Mayer Travelaugh. Snub Pollard Comedy.

Tomorrow: "The Sin of Martha Queed."

Agree on Compromise PHILADES.PHIA, Sept. 4 .- After a stormy session with the operators and miners, Senator Pepper's plan for compromise in settling the strike was adopted at 3 o'clock this morning. Final ratification of the aureement will be made by the miners at the district convention at Wilkesbarre next Wednesday.

HOPE IS ALMOST GONE.

much more difficuit than salesmanship and is not nearly as reliable in com-persention." — Washington Evening Star.

• Z. L. Sugariti, • West, Cincinquil. Cincinatti, J. R. •

Large Bear Killed by Elkton Hunters

A large bear which has been kil-ling a large number of sheep in the Elkton vicinity, was shot and killed on last Friday by Clyde Beckley and

workers. Talent Gone Eisewhere. "Do you find it hard to secure com-etent campaign nonagers?" "Move difficult than it used to be," "Move difficult than it used to be," and the animal cornered. Although ratally wounded the bear put up a brave front and stood off the dogs in

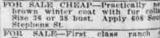
H. D. McKay, a well-known phar-Real Home Atmosphere. Real Home Atmosphere. Henpeckke-My wile and I speat ac weekend with Mr. and Mr. biadabb-Did they make you reel at answe?

anser Received the presentation work in other the presentation work in other drug stores. He will make his home here, where he has a large circle of acquaintances, as well as troughout the county. um.

and filth of the street.

To the story companies of the city of a merica as a government of the people, for the people, some names of the city companies, whose just powers are derived from the consent of the people and the soverneet a denaker, London Tit-Birs explains, Some names of the city companies, then as the fammakers, barkers, apoth-teries, boiners and municipal series in a republic; a soverign such as the fanmakers, barkers, apothconfiguration of many sovereign states; a mailor of many sovereign states; a perfect union, one and inseparable; cordwanner de, and à loriner, and an second a bridle, bit and spirmaker, and the third an upholsterer.

Among the most curious of the com-"I therefore believe it is my duty to my country to love it, to support its constitution, to obey its laws, to respect its flag, and to defend it panies is the pattenmakers. The patten was a contraption to fit on the boot like a double skate, which lifted the pedestrian a few inches from the diri against all enemies."



Stephens St. FOR SALE-First class ranch Tongue river: 145 neres; en ma road: 4 mile to school; post office place. For further particulars e dress A. R. B., Garland, Montana. dress A. R. B., Garland, Montana, WANTED-Man with our to sed gain anteed Cord tires. Will arrange so ary and exposes will irrend an CORD-G-VAN RUBHER COMPAN 1108 & Michigan Ave., Chicago, IL. FOR SALE-Four registered big UT Pointd China sews bred to register hear: also 30 weanling pigs as slock. If you want good stock 225 and see them. Glenbrook form Riddle, Oregon.

