

CHEVROLET

AND OVER 250 SATISFIED OWNERS IN DOUGLAS COUNTY

THE NEW SUPERIOR CHEVROLET Sells for \$675.00 F. O. B. Roseburg

AND IS THE FASTEST SELLING STANDARD FULLY EQUIPPED AUTOMOBILE IN THE WORLD.

ANN H. TAYLOR SERVICE GARAGE ROSEBURG, OREGON

WHO SELL ARE PROBLEM

of Female Booze

Steadily Increasing

Say Dry Agents.

the face of what appears to be irrefutable proof offered in evidence. When convicted, the courts generally have exercised leniency and taken the personal bonds of the accused.

Number Is Increasing.

Prohibition officials reported today that women rum runners, equipped with limousines and during enough to use guns, are increasing in numbers at an alarming rate. They are more difficult to catch than men, because they are less open to suspicion.

In larger cities it now is the common practice for shrewd dealers in illicit whiskey to employ women in flight whiskey ordered by customers. These women never excite the slightest suspicion. They are dressed in fashion's latest mode. They affect varied disguises. They usually appear daily differently costumed. Their costume bills are paid for by the bootleg kings. They borrow a neighbor's children to ride with on their delivery trips.

Women Are Cunning.

The cunning of women bootleggers was illustrated to Commissioner Hanson in the case of a prominent Washington woman. She occupied a luxurious suite of rooms at Washington's most fashionable hostelry. Downtown she leased another elegantly furnished house. In the latter house she stored the "wet goods" sold jointly by herself and a "bootleg" confederate. Until a few days ago, when she fell under suspicion, she had mingled for years with Washington's elite in society and at the most exclusive circles. She is out on a nominal bond and if she is ever tried, stands but small chance of being convicted, officers say.

Leads Children in Trip to White House in War Prisoners' Behalf

(International News Service).

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 21.—Headed by Mrs. Kate Richards O'Hare, an expedition of children whose fathers are serving federal prison terms for violation of the war-time espionage act left here today for Washington, where they will plead with President Harding to release their dads.

"Please, Mr. President, give me back my daddy," little Elbertine Reeder, of Wilson, Okla., will say to the nation's chief executive.

Bobbed-haired, brown-eyed Elbertine, with her thin legs and shabby shoes, will tell President Harding, she said today, that her father, one of the Oklahomans convicted of participation in the "Green Corn Rebellion," did not take up arms against the government, that he did register for the draft, and that he is needed very badly in a certain little cottage back at Wilson.

Mrs. O'Hare, who with her husband, Frank O'Hare, is leading the "espionage expedition," served a prison term at Jefferson City for violating that same act which caused the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs, socialist leader, and hundreds of others. She conceived the idea of the expedition, she declared, when she saw the children and wives of the "political prisoners" living in poverty.

The army of children will take on recruits enroute to the nation's capital. Stops will be made, Mrs. O'Hare states, at Chicago, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Marion (the president's home), Detroit, Buffalo, New York City, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Many wives of men serving sentences will be numbered in the personnel of the army.

The expenses of the expedition will be defrayed by voluntary contributions from persons in the various cities to be visited. Newspapers in several of the cities, Mrs. O'Hare states, have guaranteed expenses of the "troopers" from their cities to the one next on the itinerary.

"When I saw those mothers and children, without any means of support, living in poverty that we can hardly imagine, and realized from my stay in prison what confinement for years in a penitentiary means," said Mrs. O'Hare, "I knew that something must be done to relieve their plight."

"So I discussed it with my husband. He took the evidence to some of the best lawyers in the city, all of whom declared it was fit and would never have resulted in conviction except in the heat of war. Here is a representative case."

She exhibited the court record in the case of a Spaniard, who is serving a twenty-year sentence for violation of the espionage act.

Cites Flimsy Evidence.

The evidence was a carbon copy of a letter containing the man's name along with several others, inciting members of the I. W. W. to use their strike prerogative, Mrs. O'Hare

Poorly Dressed Girl Will Ask President to Give Her Daddy Back.

(International News Service).

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 21.—Headed by Mrs. Kate Richards O'Hare, an expedition of children whose fathers are serving federal prison terms for violation of the war-time espionage act left here today for Washington, where they will plead with President Harding to release their dads.

"Please, Mr. President, give me back my daddy," little Elbertine Reeder, of Wilson, Okla., will say to the nation's chief executive.

Bobbed-haired, brown-eyed Elbertine, with her thin legs and shabby shoes, will tell President Harding, she said today, that her father, one of the Oklahomans convicted of participation in the "Green Corn Rebellion," did not take up arms against the government, that he did register for the draft, and that he is needed very badly in a certain little cottage back at Wilson.

Mrs. O'Hare, who with her husband, Frank O'Hare, is leading the "espionage expedition," served a prison term at Jefferson City for violating that same act which caused the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs, socialist leader, and hundreds of others. She conceived the idea of the expedition, she declared, when she saw the children and wives of the "political prisoners" living in poverty.

The army of children will take on recruits enroute to the nation's capital. Stops will be made, Mrs. O'Hare states, at Chicago, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Marion (the president's home), Detroit, Buffalo, New York City, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Many wives of men serving sentences will be numbered in the personnel of the army.

The expenses of the expedition will be defrayed by voluntary contributions from persons in the various cities to be visited. Newspapers in several of the cities, Mrs. O'Hare states, have guaranteed expenses of the "troopers" from their cities to the one next on the itinerary.

"When I saw those mothers and children, without any means of support, living in poverty that we can hardly imagine, and realized from my stay in prison what confinement for years in a penitentiary means," said Mrs. O'Hare, "I knew that something must be done to relieve their plight."

"So I discussed it with my husband. He took the evidence to some of the best lawyers in the city, all of whom declared it was fit and would never have resulted in conviction except in the heat of war. Here is a representative case."

She exhibited the court record in the case of a Spaniard, who is serving a twenty-year sentence for violation of the espionage act.

Cites Flimsy Evidence.

The evidence was a carbon copy of a letter containing the man's name along with several others, inciting members of the I. W. W. to use their strike prerogative, Mrs. O'Hare

Forest Protection Week Observed

This is Forest Protection Week. The area of forest land swept by fire each year is, broadly speaking, twice the size of the area cut over annually by logging operations. Forest service records for the past five years show an average yearly total of 23,500 forest fires, burning over 7,350,000 acres and causing an annual damage of \$17,240,000. For the period of 1916-1929, inclusive, the total number of fires reported was 150,369, covering 55,185,000 acres and doing a damage of \$35,215,750. Over 80 per cent of these fires were due to human agencies, and could have been prevented thru the exercise of care on the part of citizens.

For the Pacific northwest some 70 per cent of the fires are due to man-made causes, careless campfires being responsible for about one-third of all fires.

For the country as a whole, fully one-seventh of all forest fires, according to the forest service, are due to railroads. Nearly as many start from careless burning of brush by farmers, and incineration is a close third. Campers, including all pleasure seekers in the woods, hold fourth place, causing nearly one-eighth of all forest fires. One of the principal offenders is the careless smoker, particularly the user of "laddered" cigarettes. Lumbering stands fifth as a fire hazard, although in some states it often becomes a major cause of fire. About one-tenth of all forest fires are started by lightning.

The idea of Forest Protection Week originated here in the Pacific northwest in 1920, and was largely observed that year throughout the country. Fifteen years ago the bulk of public sentiment against forest fires was in the east; today it is in the west, where 61 per cent of the nation's remaining timber supply is now located. In 1921 the observance of Forest Protection Week was made nationwide by a proclamation by the president. The results were noteworthy. In 23 states similar proclamations were issued by the governors, and wide publicity was given by the press. Many mayors are this year issuing special proclamations.

April 22nd, the closing day of Forest Protection Week, will mark the 15th anniversary of Arbor Day. Former Secretary of Agriculture J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska originated the idea of having a day each year set apart and consecrated for tree-planting. Today in every state of the union, and even in many foreign countries, appropriate ceremonies mark the observance of this day, which has become associated with patriotic and esthetic as well as economic ideas.

Forest Protection Week Observed

This is Forest Protection Week. The area of forest land swept by fire each year is, broadly speaking, twice the size of the area cut over annually by logging operations. Forest service records for the past five years show an average yearly total of 23,500 forest fires, burning over 7,350,000 acres and causing an annual damage of \$17,240,000. For the period of 1916-1929, inclusive, the total number of fires reported was 150,369, covering 55,185,000 acres and doing a damage of \$35,215,750. Over 80 per cent of these fires were due to human agencies, and could have been prevented thru the exercise of care on the part of citizens.

For the Pacific northwest some 70 per cent of the fires are due to man-made causes, careless campfires being responsible for about one-third of all fires.

For the country as a whole, fully one-seventh of all forest fires, according to the forest service, are due to railroads. Nearly as many start from careless burning of brush by farmers, and incineration is a close third. Campers, including all pleasure seekers in the woods, hold fourth place, causing nearly one-eighth of all forest fires. One of the principal offenders is the careless smoker, particularly the user of "laddered" cigarettes. Lumbering stands fifth as a fire hazard, although in some states it often becomes a major cause of fire. About one-tenth of all forest fires are started by lightning.

The idea of Forest Protection Week originated here in the Pacific northwest in 1920, and was largely observed that year throughout the country. Fifteen years ago the bulk of public sentiment against forest fires was in the east; today it is in the west, where 61 per cent of the nation's remaining timber supply is now located. In 1921 the observance of Forest Protection Week was made nationwide by a proclamation by the president. The results were noteworthy. In 23 states similar proclamations were issued by the governors, and wide publicity was given by the press. Many mayors are this year issuing special proclamations.

April 22nd, the closing day of Forest Protection Week, will mark the 15th anniversary of Arbor Day. Former Secretary of Agriculture J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska originated the idea of having a day each year set apart and consecrated for tree-planting. Today in every state of the union, and even in many foreign countries, appropriate ceremonies mark the observance of this day, which has become associated with patriotic and esthetic as well as economic ideas.



Don Reeder, Mrs. Kate O'Hare & Elbertine Reeder

pointed out to the reporter that the right to strike is the lawful weapon of labor, and in reality the I. W. W. is a form of trade union. Hence no offense was committed there, she declared.

"Whenever I begin to lose faith in the success of a venture," she declared, "I look at that picture on the wall." She pointed to an oil painting of the head and shoulders of a girl in a blue gingham dress and flowing brown hair, who at first glance appeared to be a child, but who, on closer inspection, bore the look of maturity.

"You can't see it right in so much light," said the husband, as he shaded the bright electric light. The effect was revolutionary. In the dark the eyes seemed to brighten up, and Mrs. O'Hare's eyes filled at the recollection of what the picture meant to her.

Name Is Cut Off.

"That picture came to me," she said, "while I was in prison at Jefferson City. I don't know who sent it, because the lower half, containing probably the artist's name, had been cut off by the prison authorities."

Among those visiting Roseburg the week of April 19th were Vernon Shrum, M. Mathews, Gene Shrum, Lenar Shrum, Bob Mathews, Edna Stone, C. W. Andrus, Andrew Smith, Steven Shollabarger and John Alexander.

A surprise party was held at the home of Mrs. Alice Shrum Saturday, April 15. Over fifty people were present and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all.

A dance will be held at Robert Bakley's Saturday evening, April 22nd.

Funeral services for E. B. Chapman will be held Wednesday, April 19th, at 2 p. m. at the Glide church. Mr. Chapman passed away at his home near Glide Tuesday morning, April 18th. He is survived by his wife and son, D. L. Chapman of Roseburg, and daughter, Mrs. Ed. Wuch, of Roseburg.

Monday evening, April 24th, at 7:30 p. m., at the Glide church, Mr.

GLIDE NEWS

S. G. Hall will give a lecture on India. A large number are urged to be present for Mr. Hall is known to be a most entertaining lecturer.

Wm. Andrus and Ed. Law left Tuesday, April 18, for the mountains where they expect to remain for several days.

After Easter special. Every new spring hat at a great special on Friday and Saturday. Bell Millinery.

NOTICE

I intend to close my office in the near future. I have about 550 volumes of reports and Digest, including Oregon and California reports, and about 115 volumes of standard text books, including C. V. C., etc., of which I will sell very cheap. If interested call at my office and examine the books. Make me an offer for what you want. I can furnish a printed list of the books by mail.

J. C. FULLERTON.

CITATION

In the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon.

In the matter of the guardianship of the person and estate of Oscar Felix Weber, a minor.

Whereas, Melissa J. Fisher, the guardian of the person and estate of the above named ward, has filed in this court and caused a petition for the sale of certain real estate belonging to said minor Oscar Felix Weber, to-wit: An undivided 1/16 interest in (and subject to the life, dower or life use and occupancy of Melissa J. Fisher and the life, dower or life use of said minor Oscar Felix Weber, to-wit: The west one-half (1/2) of lot number four (4), in block number 59, in the city of Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, as per plat thereof recorded in the office of the county clerk of Douglas County, Oregon.

It appearing to the court from said petition that it is for the best interest of the estate of said ward that said real estate be sold, it is now ordered that the said real estate be sold at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the County Judge in the Douglas County courthouse, Roseburg, Oregon, on the 27th day of April, 1933, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the County Judge in the Douglas County courthouse, Roseburg, Oregon, by and for the said ward, before said court at said time and place to show cause, if any, why a license should not be granted to the said ward to sell said real estate above described.

That a copy of this order be published for three consecutive weeks prior to the date fixed for hearing same to be published in the Evening News-Review, published and printed at Roseburg, Oregon.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1933.

GEORGE E. QUINN, County Judge.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Douglas County.

John B. Melanson, Plaintiff,

vs.

Taylor J. Hardie, Executor of the last will of Elia A. Hardie, deceased, Lillian Elizabeth Hardie Smith, and Fred H. Smith, her husband, and Pauline McCreary and Clarence R. McCreary, her husband, Hazel Hunsar Hardie, a single woman, Ruth Clara Hardie, a single woman, and W. H. Milliken, her husband, Frances M. Hardie, widow of Edward Frank Hardie, deceased, Taylor Joseph Hardie, deceased, Alma F. Hardie, his wife, Edith Prudence Hardie Neisal and George Neisal, her husband, Edna Mary Vincent, a single woman, Josephine Hardie, Ruth Meadows Hardie, John Hahn Hardie and Ann Mildred Hardie, minor children of Edward Frank Hardie, deceased, heirs of Elia A. Hardie, deceased. Defendants.

The State of Oregon to the above named defendants and each of them: You are hereby notified to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff filed herein, and to show cause why a decree should not be granted in favor of the plaintiff within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, or if the same is served upon you personally, within five days after such service, and within six weeks after such service. And if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit: For a decree in favor of the plaintiff, and for the defendants in said suit, adding that he has a valid first lien on the following described real property situated in the county of Douglas, State of Oregon, to-wit: The West half (1/2) of the Southwest quarter (1/4) of Section Two (2), Township Twenty-nine (29) North, Range Nine (9) West of the Willamette Meridian, and a certain mortgage thereon, dated February 3, 1913, given by Elia A. Hardie, a single woman, to John B. Melanson, as mortgagee, to secure the advance of the sum of One Thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, and as to the mortgage, by a promissory note dated on the last mentioned date and payable three years after date, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, also for an attorney's fee of One Hundred (\$100.00) dollars, and for the costs and disbursements of said suit, and that said mortgage be foreclosed in the manner provided by law, and said proceeds of said foreclosure be applied to the payment thereof, and of the costs of such suit, the over-plus, if any, to be paid to the said Elia A. Hardie, her heirs, assigns, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, to be foreclosed of all right, title, interest, claim, demand, and all other claims, and to pay the statutory claim of the plaintiff.

And the summons is so on from you by publication or personally, without the necessity of service of a copy of said summons on the defendants, and that you are hereby notified that the service of this summons in said suit by publication therein is a legal and proper mode of service, and that the court will proceed to foreclose said mortgage, and to apply the proceeds thereof to the payment thereof, and of the costs of such suit, the over-plus, if any, to be paid to the said Elia A. Hardie, her heirs, assigns, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, to be foreclosed of all right, title, interest, claim, demand, and all other claims, and to pay the statutory claim of the plaintiff.

Dated of last publication, April 17, 1933.

REKLAUSON & BISHOP, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 100 First Bldg., Portland, Oregon.

COLONIAL PIPELESS FURNACE

homes in Roseburg are heated by this Oregon-made furnace, and every user is satisfied. Burns coal or wood. 21-inch wood, which fits in fire box, covers the combustion, and will not hang up. It is cheap, which means less trips to the store to attend furnace. Burns wood more economically with less attention and satisfaction to user than any other fire pot made. We install and guarantee our furnaces. Let us look at your home and give you an estimate. We can install pipe furnaces in homes where arrangement makes a pipeless one ideal. Two substantial reasons since Feb. 1st.

J. H. SINNIGER
Sheet Metal Works
119 Oak St.

Will Take on Recruits

The army of children will take on recruits enroute to the nation's capital. Stops will be made, Mrs. O'Hare states, at Chicago, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Marion (the president's home), Detroit, Buffalo, New York City, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Many wives of men serving sentences will be numbered in the personnel of the army.

The expenses of the expedition will be defrayed by voluntary contributions from persons in the various cities to be visited. Newspapers in several of the cities, Mrs. O'Hare states, have guaranteed expenses of the "troopers" from their cities to the one next on the itinerary.

"When I saw those mothers and children, without any means of support, living in poverty that we can hardly imagine, and realized from my stay in prison what confinement for years in a penitentiary means," said Mrs. O'Hare, "I knew that something must be done to relieve their plight."

"So I discussed it with my husband. He took the evidence to some of the best lawyers in the city, all of whom declared it was fit and would never have resulted in conviction except in the heat of war. Here is a representative case."

She exhibited the court record in the case of a Spaniard, who is serving a twenty-year sentence for violation of the espionage act.

Cites Flimsy Evidence.

The evidence was a carbon copy of a letter containing the man's name along with several others, inciting members of the I. W. W. to use their strike prerogative, Mrs. O'Hare

GLIDE NEWS

S. G. Hall will give a lecture on India. A large number are urged to be present for Mr. Hall is known to be a most entertaining lecturer.

Wm. Andrus and Ed. Law left Tuesday, April 18, for the mountains where they expect to remain for several days.

After Easter special. Every new spring hat at a great special on Friday and Saturday. Bell Millinery.

NOTICE

I intend to close my office in the near future. I have about 550 volumes of reports and Digest, including Oregon and California reports, and about 115 volumes of standard text books, including C. V. C., etc., of which I will sell very cheap. If interested call at my office and examine the books. Make me an offer for what you want. I can furnish a printed list of the books by mail.

J. C. FULLERTON.

CITATION

In the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon.

In the matter of the guardianship of the person and estate of Oscar Felix Weber, a minor.

Whereas, Melissa J. Fisher, the guardian of the person and estate of the above named ward, has filed in this court and caused a petition for the sale of certain real estate belonging to said minor Oscar Felix Weber, to-wit: An undivided 1/16 interest in (and subject to the life, dower or life use and occupancy of Melissa J. Fisher and the life, dower or life use of said minor Oscar Felix Weber, to-wit: The west one-half (1/2) of lot number four (4), in block number 59, in the city of Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, as per plat thereof recorded in the office of the county clerk of Douglas County, Oregon.

It appearing to the court from said petition that it is for the best interest of the estate of said ward that said real estate be sold, it is now ordered that the said real estate be sold at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the County Judge in the Douglas County courthouse, Roseburg, Oregon, on the 27th day of April, 1933, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the County Judge in the Douglas County courthouse, Roseburg, Oregon, by and for the said ward, before said court at said time and place to show cause, if any, why a license should not be granted to the said ward to sell said real estate above described.

That a copy of this order be published for three consecutive weeks prior to the date fixed for hearing same to be published in the Evening News-Review, published and printed at Roseburg, Oregon.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1933.

GEORGE E. QUINN, County Judge.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Douglas County.

John B. Melanson, Plaintiff,

vs.

Taylor J. Hardie, Executor of the last will of Elia A. Hardie, deceased, Lillian Elizabeth Hardie Smith, and Fred H. Smith, her husband, and Pauline McCreary and Clarence R. McCreary, her husband, Hazel Hunsar Hardie, a single woman, Ruth Clara Hardie, a single woman, and W. H. Milliken, her husband, Frances M. Hardie, widow of Edward Frank Hardie, deceased, Taylor Joseph Hardie, deceased, Alma F. Hardie, his wife, Edith Prudence Hardie Neisal and George Neisal, her husband, Edna Mary Vincent, a single woman, Josephine Hardie, Ruth Meadows Hardie, John Hahn Hardie and Ann Mildred Hardie, minor children of Edward Frank Hardie, deceased, heirs of Elia A. Hardie, deceased. Defendants.

The State of Oregon to the above named defendants and each of them: You are hereby notified to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff filed herein, and to show cause why a decree should not be granted in favor of the plaintiff within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, or if the same is served upon you personally, within five days after such service, and within six weeks after such service. And if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit: For a decree in favor of the plaintiff, and for the defendants in said suit, adding that he has a valid first lien on the following described real property situated in the county of Douglas, State of Oregon, to-wit: The West half (1/2) of the Southwest quarter (1/4) of Section Two (2), Township Twenty-nine (29) North, Range Nine (9) West of the Willamette Meridian, and a certain mortgage thereon, dated February 3, 1913, given by Elia A. Hardie, a single woman, to John B. Melanson, as mortgagee, to secure the advance of the sum of One Thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, and as to the mortgage, by a promissory note dated on the last mentioned date and payable three years after date, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, also for an attorney's fee of One Hundred (\$100.00) dollars, and for the costs and disbursements of said suit, and that said mortgage be foreclosed in the manner provided by law, and said proceeds of said foreclosure be applied to the payment thereof, and of the costs of such suit, the over-plus, if any, to be paid to the said Elia A. Hardie, her heirs, assigns, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, to be foreclosed of all right, title, interest, claim, demand, and all other claims, and to pay the statutory claim of the plaintiff.

And the summons is so on from you by publication or personally, without the necessity of service of a copy of said summons on the defendants, and that you are hereby notified that the service of this summons in said suit by publication therein is a legal and proper mode of service, and that the court will proceed to foreclose said mortgage, and to apply the proceeds thereof to the payment thereof, and of the costs of such suit, the over-plus, if any, to be paid to the said Elia A. Hardie, her heirs, assigns, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, to be foreclosed of all right, title, interest, claim, demand, and all other claims, and to pay the statutory claim of the plaintiff.

Dated of last publication, April 17, 1933.

REKLAUSON & BISHOP, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 100 First Bldg., Portland, Oregon.

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.

Capital, 200,000.00

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MICHIGAN MILLERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE OHIO MILLERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MILLERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF ILLINOIS

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CENTRAL MANUFACTURERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MICHIGAN MILLERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE OHIO MILLERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MILLERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF ILLINOIS

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CENTRAL MANUFACTURERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Income, 1,200,000.00

Expenses, 1,000,000.00

Assets, 1,500,000.00

Liabilities, 1,200,000.00