MARKETS

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

PORTLAND, Jan. 23.—(Associated Press.)—Cattle are steady; cows, 25 cents higher. Hogs are firm, 50 cents higher. Prime light are selling at $9, $9.50 and $10. The best valley lambs are selling $8.25 and $9.25. Eggs and butter prices are

PORTLAND MARKET

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 22.—Official.

steers	$ 7.00@ 7.50
to good steers	6.25@ 7.00
medium steers	5.75@ 6.25
to fair steers	4.75@ 5.75
feeders	5.00@ 5.50
good feeders	4.50@ 5.00
cows and heifers	5.25@ 5.75
good cows, heifers	4.75@ 5.25
med. cows, heifers	4.25@ 4.75
cows	3.25@ 4.25
	2.25@ 3.25
	3.00@ 4.00
dairy calves	9.50@10.50
light calves	8.50@ 9.50
light calves	6.50@ 8.50
calves	5.50@ 6.50
light	8.75@ 9.00
heavy, 250 to 300	8.00@ 8.50
heavy, 300 lbs. up	7.00@ 8.00
heavy	5.00@ 7.00
	8.75@ 9.00
	8.75@ 9.00
pigs	5.00@ 6.00
subject to dockage.	
mountain lambs	9.00@ 9.75
valley lambs	8.00@ 9.00
good	6.50@ 8.00
ewes	4.50@ 6.00
Oregon feeders	7.00@ 8.00
yearlings	7.00@ 7.50
yearlings	6.00@ 7.00
wethers	6.00@ 6.50
wethers	4.00@ 5.50
	3.00@ 6.00
	Jan.
club	$ 1.11
white	1.12
winter	1.12
spring	1.10
Walla Walla	1.07
white	1.11
white feed	27.00
gray	26.50
	26.50
feed	25.00
Y. shipment	24.00
Y. shipment	23.75

...H—Family patents, $7.60; bakers' patents, $5.45; whole ...graham, $6.00.

FEED—Prices f. o. b. mill: Millrun ...00 per ton; rolled barley, $34@ ...ed oats, $36 per ton; scratch ...00 perton.

...—Whole, $32.00; cracked, $35

...—Buying prices f. o. b. Portland: Alfalfa, $14.50 per ton; cheat, $11.00; clover $12.00; oats and vetch $14.50@15.00; valley timothy, $15.00; eastern Oregon timothy, $17.00.

...TS—Navel oranges, $4.10@7.00 ...hons, $4.75@7; grapefruit, $4@ ...box; bananas, 8@9c per lb; apples $3.25 per box; cranberries, ...Oregon, $20 per barrel.

...TOES—Oregon, $1.50@1.75 per ...; Yakima, $2@2.25 per hundred; sweet potatoes, 5½@5 3-4c per ...Arkansas, $2.50 per crate.

...NS—Yellow, $6.00@7.00 per

...TABLES—Cabbage 2@3c per ...lettuce $1.25@3.75 crate; carrots ...00 per sack; garlic, 12½@15c ...and; veets, $2@2.50 per sack; ...$7.00@7.50 crate; green peppers, ...per lb; cauliflower, $2@2.50 per ...squash, 4@5c; sprouts, 17½; turnips ...00 per sack; parsnips, $2@2.50 ...k; tomatoes, $5.50 per lug; artichokes, $2 per doz.

...Y AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

...TER—Cubes, extras, 31c per lb; ...parchment wrapped, in box lots, ...lb; cartons, 39c half more; buttering stock, buying price No. 1 grade, 34c.

...S—Buying price, 30c doz; case ...32c; candled ranch, 35c; selects, ...

...ESE—Tillamook triplets, price ...ers, f. o. b. Tillamook, 26c; ...American, 27c lb.

...LTRY—Hens, 19@27c; springs, ...ks, 22@28c; geese, 20c; turkeys ...rmal; dressed, 42c.

...K—Fancy, 12½c lb.

...L—Fancy, 16½c lb.

...s. Ohlson Guest ...t Heinline Home

...Fred Ohlson, who entertained ...e crowd at the automobile show ...day night with several vocal ...beautifully rendered, was guest ...nor at the Heinline home on ...street after the show Saturday ...Several vocal numbers were ...red by Mrs. Ohlson and Mrs. C. ...rand which were most thoroughly enjoyed by the guests. At a ...hour a delicious luncheon was ...d. Those present were Mrs. ...ohlson, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Wil-, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bubar, Mr. Mrs. William Bell, Mrs. C. A. ...d and Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Hein-

...s. Ohlson was soloist at the ...odist church Sunday morning ...left after noon for her home ...ortland. By this trip to Rose-she has added many friends and ...rers to her list of Roseburg ...ds.

PROPOSAL OF U. S. ADOPTED TODAY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The American proposal to make public internal committments relating to China was adopted in the much amended form by the far eastern committee arms conference. Among the numerous changes was one eliminating the proposal objected to by Japan for publicity of engagements in China made by private individuals, but to which foreign governments were not parties.

FARMERS COOPERATE TO GET LEGISLATION

WASHINGTON, Jan 21.—Out of the national agricultural conference here next week may emerge the framework of the most powerful political economic combination in the nation's history, if the cooperative marketing plan, the knitting nations of six million farmers into a vast cooperation unit, materializes it will bring powerful pressure upon congress during the week to pass pending bills to give the cooperatives a stron_ basis fo. development.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our sincere thanks to the many friends and neighbors who were so good and helpful and sympathetic during the recent illness and after the death of our beloved wife, mother and sister. Also for the beautiful tribute of flowers.

Signed: John T. McBee, Walter McBee, Josie McBee, Addie McBee, Sherman McBee, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Parker and family, Mrs. Julia Arrington.

CHANGE IN REQUIREMENTS

Charles Fields, secretary of the local Civil Service board, has received notice of changes in the rules governing women applicants for post office positions.

Women applicants for positions in the post office service are not required to be of any specific height and weight. These instructions supersede those contained in circular letter to local secretaries, dated September 13, 1921.

Married women will be admitted to examination for the position of post office clerk. This change is contained in amendment to postal laws and regulations, dated November 28, 1921.

EXAMINATIONS ANNOUNCED

The U. S. Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination to secure eligibles to fill vacancies in the position of laboratory attendant throughout the Eleventh United States Civil Service district, at $730 to $1200 per annum, in the United States Public Health Service. Receipt of applications to close on February 18, 1922.

For further information and application blanks apply to the local secretary, Board of Civil Service Examiners, this city, or to the secretary, Eleventh U. S. Civil Service District, 303 Post Office Building, Seattle, Washington.

AROUND THE TOWN

MATERNITY HOME—703 Mill St. Phone 720-J.

Painless extraction of teeth at room 9, Masonic temple. Dr. Nerbas.

SPIRELLA CORSETS—Made to measure. Belle Case, Phone 391-L.

New spring and summer suitings on display at the Imperial Cleaners. Phone 277.

Do not miss the orchestra concert Sunday night at the Christian church.

Frank Terry, of the Equitable Savings and Loan Association, is now in town at the Umpqua hotel.

Pruning and grafting done by expert help. It costs no more. Write L. Bergold, Rt. 2, Roseburg.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Weather Bureau, local office, Roseburg, Oregon, 24 hours ending 5 a. m.

Precipitation in Inches and Hundredths

Highest temperature yesterday	42
Lowest temperature last night	32
Precipitation last 24 hours	.60
Total precip. since first of month	2.25
Normal precip. for this month	5.70
Total precip. from Sept. 1, 1921, to date	13.82
Average precip from Sept. 1, 1877	18.29
Total deficiency from Sept. 1, 1921	4.42
Average precipitation for 44 wet seasons, (Sept. to May, inc)	31.31

Forecast to 8 p. m. tomorrow

Tonight and Tuesday rain.

WILLIAM BELL, Observer.

News-Review Adds More News Service

In addition to furnishing its thousands of readers with Associated Press and United Press news dispatches, the News-Review today completed arrangements to secure the International News Service feature stories. These three services will make it possible to furnish news that competes in every way with the metropolitan dailies. Several illustrated features on timely news topics will appear each week.

No other daily in the state of Oregon carries these three services. The News-Review strives at all times to furnish its readers with the best of news and is on the alert to secure the best available news services.

Thirty Million Merger a Reality

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—With representatives of the leading coast cities backing a committee appointed yesterday to negotiate directly with the United States Shipping Board for the control of government owned ships on the Pacific, the formation of a $30,000,000 merger neared a reality today. One representative of each coast port is on the committee. The conference endorsed the merger in principle.

Ford's Offer to Cause Big Battle

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Although admitting that Ford's offer for the muscle shoals nitrate plant would be the center of one of the most severe political battles in recent years, the majority of congress declared today they believed the offer would eventually be accepted by both houses.

To Work Scheme to Block Opposition

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Four-power Pacific, the five-power naval limitation and the nine-power far eastern treaties, with other agreements of the arms conference, will be bound together into a single protocol for subdivision to the senate and other world ratifying bodies. It is believed thus would the enemies of the far eastern settlement be checked through fear of wrecking naval limitation.

Your wife deserves good fuel. Buy coal at Page's.

BIG TIM MURPHY REMAINS IN POWER

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Big Tim Murphy, under sentence of federal prison term, following conviction for robbing the mails, is still a controlling power in Chicago trade circles. William Curran was elected to succeed Murphy as head of the building trades council. The strike on all building employing non-union labor was the first move to be taken.

WAGE PRICE WAR ON MANUFACTURERS

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Eight states in the Mississippi valley opened a price war on the cement manufacturers and will buy no more road material until the price is reduced. This will tie up a construction program of over $200,000,000 in the valley, holding up other contracts to be let valued at $100,000,000.

Build a home, we will help you. Page Lumber & Fuel Co.

ADVICE TO LOVELORN AND OTHERS

Dear Mrs. Ellsbury: What is appropriate to wear to a dinner dance in a private home? What clothes would be necessary to take to another town for the week end? I have been considerably puzzled about the dinner dance. The invitation said that it was a dinner dance, but did not explain any more. Thank you for helping me.

MARY HELEN.

Ans. I would wear a dinner gown, rather than an evening gown, to the dinner dance. In that way you would not feel overdressed, and would still be appropriately gowned if the majority of the guests wore evening dresses. All that would be necessary to take with you would be your dinner gown, and the suit you travel in. If you cared to take a house dress of some kind to wear in the morning it would be quite appropriate.

* * *

Dear Mrs. Ellsbury: Can you tell me how often finger nails should be manicured. I have wondered if a thorough manicure was necessary every day.

MAY.

Ans. There is only one rule for finger nails. They should be manicured just often enough to keep them looking their best. A thorough manicure twice a week, and daily attention is usually all that is necessary.

The Moore Music Studio kindergarten, for children from 4 to 6 years of age, has a closed car that calls for children and takes them home.

Some Aspects of the Farmers' Problems

By BERNARD M. BARUCH

(Reprinted from Atlantic Monthly)

III

Now that the farmers are stirring, thinking, and uniting as never before to eradicate these inequalities, they are subjected to stern economic lectures, and are met with the accusation that they are demanding, and are the recipients of, special privileges. Let us see what privileges the government has conferred on the farmers. Much has been made of Section 6 of the Clayton Anti-Trust Act, which purported to permit them to combine with immunity, under certain conditions. Admitting that, nominally, this exemption was in the nature of a special privilege,—though I think it was so in appearance rather than in fact,—we find that the courts have nullified it by judicial interpretation. Why should not the farmers be permitted to accomplish by co-operative methods what other businesses are already doing by co-operation in the form of incorporation? If it be proper for men to form, by fusion of existing corporations or otherwise, a corporation that controls the entire production of a commodity, or a large part of it, why is it not proper for a group of farmers to unite for the marketing of their common products, either in one or in several selling agencies? Why should it be right for a hundred thousand corporate shareholders to direct 25 or 30 or 40 per cent of an industry, and wrong for a hundred thousand co-operative farmers to control a no larger proportion of the wheat crop, or cotton, or any other product?

The Department of Agriculture is often spoken of as a special concession to the farmers, but in its commercial results, it is of as much benefit to the buyers and consumers of agricultural products as to the producers, or even more. I do not suppose that anyone opposes the benefits that the farmers derive from the educational and research work of the department, or the help that it gives them in working out improved cultural methods and practices, in developing better yielding varieties through breeding and selection, in introducing new varieties from remote parts of the world and adapting them to our climate and economic condition, and in devising practical measures for the elimination or control of dangerous and destructive animal and plant diseases, insect pests, and the like. All these things manifestly tend to stimulate and enlarge production, and their general beneficial effects are obvious.

It is complained that, whereas the law restricts Federal Reserve banks to three months' time for commercial paper, the farmer is allowed six months on his notes. This is not a special privilege, but merely such a recognition of business conditions as makes it possible for country banks to do business with country people. The crop farmer has only one turnover a year, while the merchant and manufacturer have many. Incidentally, I note that the Federal Reserve Board has just authorized the Federal Reserve banks to discount export paper for a period of six months, to conform to the nature of the business.

The Farm Loan banks are pointed to as an instance of special government favor for farmers. Are they not rather the outcome of laudable efforts to equalize rural and urban conditions? And about all the government does there is to help set up an administrative organization and lend a little credit at the start. Eventually the farmers will provide all the capital and carry all the liabilities themselves. It is true that Farm Loan bonds are tax exempt; but so are bonds of municipal light and traction plants, and new housing is to be exempt from taxation, in New York, for ten years.

On the other hand, the farmer reads of plans for municipal housing projects that run into the billions, of hundreds of millions annually spent on the merchant marine; he reads that the railways are being favored with increased rates and virtual guaranties of earnings by the government, with the result to him of an increased toll on all that he sells and all that he buys. He hears of many manifestations of governmental concern for particular industries and interests. Rescuing the railways from insolvency is undoubtedly for the benefit of the country as a whole, but what can be of more general benefit than encouragement of ample production of the principal necessaries of life and their even flow from contented producers to satisfied consumers?

While it may be conceded that special governmental aid may be necessary in the general interest, we must all agree that it is difficult to see why agriculture and the production and distribution of farm products are not accorded the same opportunities that are provided for other businesses; especially as the enjoyment by the farmer of such opportunities would appear to be even more contributory to the general good than in the case of other industries. The spirit of American democracy is unalterably opposed, alike to enacted special privilege and to the special privilege of unequal opportunity that arises automatically from the failure to correct glaring economic inequalities. I am opposed to the injection of government into business, but I do believe that it is an essential function of democratic government to equalize opportunity so far as it is within its power to do so, whether by the repeal of archaic statutes or the enactment of modern ones. If the anti-trust laws keep the farmers from endeavoring scientifically to integrate their industry while other industries find a way to meet modern conditions without violating such statutes, then it would seem reasonable to find a way for the farmers to meet them under the same conditions. The law should operate equally in fact. Repairing the economic structure on one side is no injustice to the other side, which is in good repair.

We have traveled a long way from the old conception of government as merely a defensive and policing agency; and regulative, corrective, or equalizing legislation, which apparently is of a special nature, is often of the most general beneficial consequences. Even the First Congress passed a tariff act that was avowedly for the protection of manufacturers; but a protective tariff always has been defended as a means of promoting the general good through a particular approach; and the statute books are filled with acts for the benefit of shipping, commerce, and labor.

IV

Now, what is the farmer asking? Without trying to catalogue the remedial measures that have been suggested in his behalf, the principal proposals that bear directly on the improvement of his distributing and marketing relations may be summarized as follows:—

First: storage warehouses for cotton, wool, and tobacco, and elevators for grain, of sufficient capacity to meet the maximum demand on them at the peak of the marketing period. The farmer thinks that either private capital must furnish these facilities, or the state must erect and own the elevators and warehouses.

Second: weighing and grading of agricultural products, and certification thereof, to be done by impartial and disinterested public inspectors (this is already accomplished to some extent by the federal licensing of weighers and graders), to eliminate underpaying, overcharging, and unfair grading, and to facilitate the utilization of the stored products as the basis of credit.

Third: a certainty of credit sufficient to enable the marketing of products in an orderly manner.

Fourth: the Department of Agriculture should collect, tabulate, summarize, and regularly and frequently publish and distribute to the farmers, full information from all the markets of the world, so that they shall be as well informed of their selling position as buyers now are of their buying position.

Fifth: freedom to integrate the business of agriculture by means of consolidated selling agencies, co-ordinating and co-operating in such way as to put the farmer on an equal footing with the large buyers of his products, and with commercial relations in other industries.

When a business requires specialized talent, it has to buy it. So will the farmers; and perhaps the best way for them to get it would be to utilize some of the present machinery of the largest established agencies dealing in farm products. Of course, if he wishes, the farmer may go further and engage in flour-milling and other manufactures of food products. In my opinion, however, he would be wise to stop short of that. Public interest may be opposed to all great integrations; but, in justice, should they be forbidden to the farmer and permitted to others? The corporate form of association cannot now be wholly adapted to his objects and conditions. The looser co-operative form seems more generally suitable. Therefore, he wishes to be free, if he finds it desirable and feasible, to resort to co-operation with his fellows and neighbors, without running afoul of the law. To urge that the farmers should have the same liberty to consolidate and co-ordinate their peculiar economic functions, which other industries in their fields enjoy, is not, however, to concede that any business integration should have legislative sanction to exercise monopolistic power. The American people are as firmly opposed to industrial as to political autocracy, whether attempted by rural or by urban industry.

For lack of united effort the farmers as a whole are still marketing their crops by antiquated methods, or by no methods at all, but they are surrounded by a business world that has been modernized to the last minute and is tirelessly striving for efficiency. This efficiency is due in large measure to big business, to united business, to integrated business. The farmers now seek the benefits of such largeness, union and integration.

The American farmer is a modern of the moderns in the use of labor saving machinery, and he has made vast strides in recent years in scientific tillage and efficient farm management, but as a business in contact with other businesses agriculture is a "one horse shay" in competition with high power automobiles. The American farmer is the greatest and most intractable of individualists. While industrial production and all phases of the huge commercial mechanism and its myriad accessories have articulated and co-ordinated themselves all the way from natural raw materials to retail sales, the business of agriculture has gone on in much the one man fashion of the backwoods of the first part of the nineteenth century, when the farmer was self sufficient and did not depend upon or care very much, what the great world was doing. The result is that the agricultural group is almost as much at a disadvantage in dealing with other economic groups as the jay farmer of the funny pages in the hands of sleek urban confidence men, who sell him acreage in Central Park or the Chicago city hall. The leaders of the farmers thoroughly understand this, and they are intelligently striving to integrate their industry so that it will be on an equal footing with other businesses.

(To be continued.)

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

ALL NEW CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE FOUND ON LAST PAGE UNDER HEADING "NEW TODAY."

WANTED.

OLD RAGS WANTED—At News-Review office.

WANTED TO RENT—Furnished house, no children. Phone 126-L.

WANTED—A few Black Minorca roosters. Phone 22-F11.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman for housekeeper. Phone 328.

WANTED—A woman to do housework for an elderly woman. 216 No. Rose St.

WANTED TO BUY—Several turkeys. Will pay reasonable price. Address W. H. McNary, Route 2, Box 91-A, Roseburg, Ore.

WANTED—Man with car to represent us in this territory. Can advance to District Manager if hustler. The C. L. Smith Co., South Bend, Ind.

WANTED—Washing. Will call for and deliver same. Also housework done by the hour. Work needed. Mrs. Brazee, care Salvation Army. Phone 378-R.

WANTED—Second hand power spray. Bean or Hardy make; must be in good shape and in running order. State No. of pumps and size of engine. Address Box 132, Sutherlin, Ore.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAILORING and dressmaking of all kinds. 528 S. Main. Mrs. Guthridge.

LET US straighten your fenders. We also build trailers to order. Roseburg Welding & Brazing Works.

TO TRADE—Paige six touring car with Sedan body. Good running order. Will take lots on pavement. 126 North Kane St.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—Comb for woman's hair. Owner may have same by calling at this office and paying for adv.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Typewriter. Roseburg Book Store.

FOR RENT—5-room furnished flat. Phone 431-R.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms. 246 So. Parrott St.

FOR RENT—Safety deposit boxes. Roseburg National Bank.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms. 447 N. Rose St.

FOR RENT—3 room apartment, furnished, with piano. Cheap. 106 E. Washington St.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. 217 Chadwick street. 2 blocks east of Umpqua hotel. Adults only.

FOR RENT—3 furnished housekeeping rooms; some garden ground. 1393 Umpqua Ave. Phone 26-F12.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Victrola. 112 Brockway.

FOR SALE—Dry oak and fir wood. J. M. Judd.

FOR SALE—Dry fir and oak wood. Phone 15-F12.

FOR SALE—Oak and laurel wood. Phone 11-F23.

FOR SALE—Hay. Edenbower Orchard Tracts. Phone 26-F3.

FOR SALE—New Woodstock typewriter. Phone 376-R after 5 p. m.

FOR SALE—Block fir $2.50, block oak $4. Beyer Bros. 14-F14.

FOR SALE—Electric washing machine and sewing machine. 521 E. Lane St.

FOR SALE—Electric washing machine and sewing machine. 521 E. Lane St.

FOR SALE—One registered Belgian stallion. E. L. Hoskins, Melrose, Or.

FOR SALE—Two pens of W. Rocks, also Leghorn hens. A. S. Hunt, 531 E. Lane St.

FOR SALE—Few White Leghorn cockerels. Also eggs for hatching. 625 2nd Ave. South.

FOR SALE—One good stump puller. Also one fine Holstein heifer, fresh soon. J. M. Judd.

FOR SALE—Young Holstein cow, calf at heels. Address Geo. Morris, 1013 Military St., Roseburg, Ore.

WOOD FOR SALE—4 ft. second growth, $3 per cord f. o. b. Curtin, Oregon. A. Larson, Curtin.

FOR SALE—300 Angora goats, all bred to full blooded billy. J. N. Bramhall, Klamath Falls, Oregon.

FOR SALE—Good house, large lot, fine place for chickens. Cheap if taken at once. Address A. B., News-Review.

FOR SALE—Registered O. I. C. brood sow and ten pigs; one O. I. C. registered boar two years old in March. F. E. Cachlin, Dixonville, Ore.

MILKING SHORTHORNS — Three young bulls for sale; your inspection or correspondence invited. Cunningham Bros., Glendale, Oregon.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—100 acre farm 5 miles south of Silverton, Ore.; 75 acres cultivated; on graveled road; fair improvements. $90 per acre. Write owner, William Arnold, Silverton, Oregon. R. 3.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Owner leaving town. Will sell immediately modern furnished house, consisting of living, dining and breakfast rooms, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, and bath, screened in porch. Quantity of chicken feed in sale price. Phone 484. Canned fruit, jelly and pickles, in

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. L. A. WELLS, Dentist, 217 Perkins Bldg. Phone 212.

MRS. F. D. OWEN—Cut Flowers. Phone 240. 109 So. Jackson St.

DR. M. H. FLYLER — Chiropractic Physician. 262 W. Lane St.

DR. LOUIS A. DILLARD, Dentist. Rm. 6, 1st State and Savings Bank Bldg. Phone 187

When you want the best in plumbing and heating supplies call the

Roseburg Plumbing & Heating Co.

DELL V. RAST

OFFICE PHONE 151

242 N. JACKSON ST.

A PLEASANT ECONOMY

"CLEANLINESS is next to Godliness."

Let us keep your suits or frocks in immaculate condition and it will intensify your charm.

Besides, it's true economy to have your clothes Dry Cleaned as it adds months of enjoyment and service to their life.

ROSEBURG CLEANERS

308 N. Jackson St. Phone 472

A SURPRISE

Our Spring and Summer line of Woolens just arrived. Come in and look them over and be sure of first choice.

THEY'LL PLEASE YOU.

Imperial CLEANERS

Our Auto Will Call

Phone 277

LODGE DIRECTORY.

THE SECURITY BENEFIT ASSOCIATION meets in the Maccabee hall the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month.

I. O. O. F., Union Encampment No. 9.—Meets in Odd Fellows Temple every Wednesday evening. Visiting brethren always welcome.
GEO. RADABAUGH, C. P.
V. T. JACKSON, H. P.
OLIVER JOHNSON, R. S.
JAMES EWART, F. S.

B. P. O. Elks, Roseburg Lodge No. 326—Hold regular communications at the Elks' Temple on each Tuesday of every month. All members requested to attend regularly, and all visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.
ROY BELLOWS, E. R.
J. G. DAY, Jr., Secy.

LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE—Roseburg Lodge No. 1037 meets first and third Tuesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock in the Moose hall. All visiting brothers are invited to attend.
C. W. CLOAKE, Dictator.
H. O. PARGETER, Secretary.

REBEKAHS — Roseburg Rebekah Lodge No. 41, I. O. O. F., meets in Odd Fellows Temple every week on Tuesday evening. Visiting members in good standing are invited to attend.
SUSIE JACKSON, N. G.
EVA LENON, Secy.
ETHEL BAILEY, Fin. Secy.

EAGLES—Roseburg Aerie meets in Moose hall on Jackson St. on 2nd and 4th Monday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren in good standing always welcome.
A. J. WULFF, W. P. P.
W. M. LA MERIE, W. P.
B. F. GOODMAN, Secretary.

NEIGHBORS OF WOODCRAFT—Lilac Circle No. 49, meets on 1st and 3rd Friday evenings in Moose hall. Visiting neighbors invited to attend.
FLORIE HIDINGER, G. N.
TILLIE I. JOHNSON, Clerk.

A. F. & A. M., Laurel Lodge No. 13.—Regular communications 2nd and 4th Wednesdays each month at Masonic Temple, Roseburg, Ore. Visitors welcome.
W. I. THOMAS, W. M.
W. F. HARRIS, Secy.

W. B. A. O. T. M.—Roseburg Review No. 11 hold regular meetings on second Thursday at 2 p. m. and fourth Thursday at 8 p. m. Visiting sisters invited to attend reviews. Maccabee Hall, Pine and Cass streets.
MRS. BELLE STEPHENSON, Com.
JESSIE RAPP, Clk.

O. E. S., Roseburg Chapter No. 8—Holds their regular meeting on the 1st and 3rd Thursdays in each month. All sojourning brothers and sisters are respectfully invited to attend.
MRS. ELIZABETH BUNYAN, W. M.
FRED JOHNSON, Secretary.

I. O. O. F., Philomathia Lodge No. 8—Meets in Odd Fellows Temple every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brethren are always welcome.
M. M. MEREDITH, N. G.
A. J. GUDDIE, Rec. Sec.
J. R. BAILEY, Fin. Sec.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—Camp No. 125, meets in Odd Fellows hall in Roseburg every 1st and 3rd Monday evenings. Visiting neighbors always welcome.
FREDERICK FOSTER, C. C.
M. M. MILLER, Clerk.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Alpha Lodge No. 47, meets every Wednesday evening in Douglas Abstract Hall, corner Jackson & Washington Sts. Visitors always welcome.
RUDOLPH R. RITZMAN, C. C.
ROY O. YOUNG, M. F.
E. R. WIMBERLY, K. R. S.

Movies

"The Little 'Fraid Lady," her ...t Robertson-Cole production, ...ed from Marjorie Benton Cooks ...lar novel, "The Girl Who Lived ...e Woods," Mae Marsh has a vehicle which allows her full scope for ...expression of that whimsical ...n which has made her one of the ...beloved figures on the silver ...t. The picture plays at the Liberty theatre for the last time today.

...e picture was directed by John ...dolfi who recently added to his ...dy enviable record by his direction of "The Wonder Man," starring ...ges Carpentier. An excellent cast ...ers in support of Miss Marsh, ...g whom the such dramatic character delineators as Tully Marshall, Kathleen Kirkham, Charles Meredith, Herbert Prior, Gretchen Hartman and George Bertholom, Jr.

"Black Sheep," by the way, is the first Hurst-Chaudet production issued by the Pinnacle corporation and lives up to all the advance notices. Paul Hurst and Louis Chaudet have made a name for themselves in the motion picture world and in securing this pair to supervise its pictures, Pinnacle Productions has scored a ...ten strike.

"Black Sheep" will run at the Majestic theatre for two days commencing tonight.