

# "Perhaps You Don't Know" says the Good Judge

How long a little of the Real Tobacco Chew will last. Nor how much genuine chewing satisfaction the full, rich real tobacco taste will give. Ask any man who uses the Real Tobacco Chew. He will tell you that this class of tobacco will give more satisfaction—and at less cost—than the ordinary kind.



Put up in two styles  
W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco  
RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

Weyman-Britton Company

## Official Republican Statement

By Douglas County Republican Central Committee.

### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- 12 (X) M. C. George
- 13 (X) Clarence R. Hotchkiss
- 14 (X) Joseph Hume
- 15 (X) John V. Richardson
- 16 (X) Walter L. Cobb
- 40 (X) Robert N. Stanfield, United States Senator
- 42 (X) W. C. Hawley, United States Representative
- 44 (X) Sam A. Koser, Secretary of State
- 47 (X) Henry J. Bean
- 48 (X) Henry L. Benson
- 49 (X) Lawrence T. Harris
- 50 (X) Thomas McBride
- (X) George M. Brown, For Justice of the Supreme Court, George M. Brown's name will have to be written in.
- 51 (X) C. L. Hawley, Dairy and Food Commissioner
- 54 (X) Fred G. Buschell, Public Service Commissioner
- 56 (X) B. L. Kaddy, Senator from Douglas County
- 58 (X) Arthur H. Marsh, Representative from Douglas County
- 59 (X) A. E. Shirla, Representative from Douglas County
- 62 (X) Charles F. Hopkins, Joint Representative
- 63 (X) George Neuner, District Attorney
- 64 (X) D. J. Stewart, County Judge
- 64 (X) A. F. Stearns, County Commissioner
- 68 (X) Sam W. Starnes, County Sheriff
- 70 (X) Ira B. Riddle, County Clerk
- 71 (X) James E. Sawyer, County Treasurer
- 72 (X) Frank L. Calkins, County Assessor
- 74 (X) F. C. Pease, County Surveyor
- 76 (X) M. E. Ritter, County School Superintendent
- 77 (X) C. C. Brown, County School Superintendent

### WARREN G. HARDING



government because it has all the powers and functions of any government. It provides a legislature with full power to enact laws, rules and regulations which all members of the league must obey. It has the power of a supreme judiciary to judge a nation innocent or guilty, from which there is no appeal and no escape. It has the power of the highest executive to enforce all its decrees. It has the sovereign power to collect money and expend it, to declare war, to make levies of men and materials, to fly one flag above all, to conclude peace, to make treaties and to execute the terms thereof. These are all the sovereign powers of any government and as the league of nations exercises them over all its member governments, it is a super-government.

### The Great Political Issue of 1920.

(From the address by Montaville Flowers). This is the exact issue of the campaign of 1920. Shall we preserve our national soul, mother of our government, source of our character, strength of our success, life of all our American institutions? That is the question. All the platforms and issues of this campaign align themselves on this proposition: Collectivism, Classism, Paternalism, Governmental Ownership, Internationalism, the League of Nations—all of which are successive steps in the same direction down the road the democratic party is taking—all of these are arrayed under this issue. The line of cleavage in 1920 is clear: It is between a constructive nationalism and Americanism, for which the republican party stands, and a disintegrating internationalism and Europeanism to which, under the leadership of Mr. Wilson, the democratic party has been so rapidly plunging, to which, under James M. Cox of Ohio, its nominee, the democratic party is now committed. Under these banners, Construction, Nationalism, Americanism, the republican party pushes into the campaign. The basis of the support of the league of nations by the democratic party is now perfectly clear. The league of nations represents precisely the nature of the democratic party and continues its history. It is socialism applied to nations; it is practical internationalism; it is super-government. It is quite necessary that the American people shall understand that socialism, internationalism and super-government are three steps in a straight line. League a Super-Government. The league of nations is a super-

government independent among nations, sovereign over the states, but leaves the people free. To us and us alone the common people of the world have looked in hope, whenever they have dared to hope that they, too, might rise into this blessed estate of independent government, and individual freedom. But if we now surrender, if we go under this super-government, then the goal at which all political history has aimed will be lost and the hope of liberty will die in the heart of the world. The United States on the Defensive. Whether or not we join the league of nations, our nation and whole social order are at this moment on the defensive. Civilization is on the defensive. It was foolish for us to say in 1917 that we entered the war for humanity's sake. We entered the war in sheer national defense. Today we still are fighting a defensive battle against all the evil forces let loose by the war which are now undermining the law and order of the world. After all, Germany has almost destroyed civilization. Self-control, ideals of justice, mercy, honor and honesty—these are all shivering from shell-shock. If European Bolshevism Comes to America. The effective overturning of law and order and the brutality of Germany during the war and of bolshevism in Russia since are quivering in the proletariat of all nations. Today socialistic forces are dictating to the governments of Denmark and Sweden. England is shaken and afraid. The next premier of England may be a socialist, and it is almost certain that he will be a leader of the radical side. The middle-class people of England are now wondering whether that country goes radical the professions of the ministry, of law, of teaching and other intellectual and clerical pursuits can live. France and Germany are trembling on the verge of upheaval. The United States alone so far is steady, but should radical tendencies bring down the temple of civilization in Europe, destroy property rights and redistribute wealth there, the vibrations of that earthquake will be felt throughout the world and America will tremble. These things are in sight. If the republican party is not put into power on November 2nd, these forces of unrest and overthrow will have received such moral endorsement that you may expect within the next four years a social condition, a business condition, which up to now have been inconceivable in this country. If the republican party is put into power on the 2nd of November with but a small margin, we are doomed to an interim of most astonishing developments. Woodrow Wilson will figure as the second James Buchanan, and the forces of disintegration and upheaval will play between this election and the inaugural in March just as they did after the election of Abraham Lincoln. I dare not tell you what I have heard may become the program. But strikes and demands beginning with some essential industry of living and communication will be followed by others more and more inclusive, and if the nation does not comply with their terms, a general strike may be called. A general strike is a form of revolution. When private citizens are obliged to take the places of constituted authority to preserve life and save property, revolution is on, and no man knoweth the end thereof. To Restore Our Soul. What then will count all this material accumulation held by by those who are able to give now to preserve civilization. Governor Cox is making his campaign on the assertion that the republicans are to spend \$15,000,000 in this campaign. Should that be true, and should it be done in teaching the people the meaning of the campaign, it will be but an infinitesimal price to pay to preserve law and order, protect property, sustain civilization, restore the soul of the nation, establish independence and freedom for ourselves and re-awaken the hope of liberty and peace in the world. There is only one way to prevent the fierce stage-age feelings of the forces of disorder from coming into

# HOOVER

## Vaccum Cleaners

### UHLIG'S ELECTRIC STORE

Everything Electrical.

PHONE 123

## ANNOUNCEMENT

Before Buying Elsewhere

# GET OUR PRICES

## I. ABRAHAM

Dry Goods Store.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

Ed. Bryant wishes to announce to poultrymen of Douglas county that he has the agency for the Jubilee incubators. Anyone wishing price or literature on the same, please call or drop me a card at Roseburg, Or. 2.

Harley-Davidson lamb-lined enduro vests and other leather cuts, \$9.99 to \$14.50.

## Promoting and Perpetuating the Live Stock Industry

Not a farmer lives in the West who hasn't a vital interest in the welfare and further development of the livestock industry.

### The Pacific International Livestock Exposition

is a clearing house for bigger and better livestock production, bringing together breeders and fenders from all parts of the country for exhibiting and demonstrating the methods of raising pure bred dairy and beef cattle, hogs, sheep, goats and horses.

Portland, Ore.  
NOVEMBER 15 TO 20

Reduced Railroad Rates

## JUST UNLOADED

A Carload of American Steel Wire

# FENCE

We can save you some money on fence while this lot lasts.

## J. F. BARKER & CO.,

ROSEBURG, OREGON

IMPLEMENTS AUTOMOBILES TRACTORS

Agents for Oliver Plows and Implements.

## WE SELL

# Edison

# MAZDA LAMPS

Douglas County Light and Water Co.

## HER DAUGHTER AND HIS SON.

BY IDA H. McGLONE GIBSON

### An Unpleasant Adventure

"I have no friends here. I am all alone in the city," I said in a voice that was trembling as the man said I could telegraph my friends. The man looked me over again, appraisingly. "I will take you to the manager," he said. I noticed that as we walked thru the dining room to the office, that it was not until I faced the manager and realized that I had been following a detective attached to the restaurant that I understood why it was that everyone turned to look at me. Clement Johnson, as I learned was his name later was the type of man whom I have met many times since in my business life. He thought that a young unprotected woman was a legitimate object of his attentions. I wasn't as capable of taking care of myself then as I am now, and I know I trembled and turned alternately red and white before his narrowed eyes. "So, you've been trying to beat the restaurant?" he was his first words. "I beg your pardon." "Well, you came in here and ordered an expensive dinner for which they tell me you cannot pay." "No sir, I cannot," I answered, "but I thought I had a thousand dollars in bills when I came in only to discover their loss a moment ago." "Where did you have it?" "In my stocking." "How did it get out. It's a likely story that a young woman of your appearance would be carrying a thousand dollars in her stocking. Where did you get it?" "You have no right to ask me how I got it," I answered spiritedly, "but I lost it through a rip in my stock-

ing." I added with a blush. "Let's see the hole." "I showed it to the girl in the retiring room. You can take her word for it." "You say you have no friends in the city. Where are you going to-night?" "I am at the Rex Antlers hotel." "Why didn't you dine there?" "Because it seemed too expensive." "What! With a thousand dollars in your stocking?" "But I had come here to hunt for work, and did not know how expensive the hotel was until I got there." "Oh, that's it. You want work." Again he looked me over in a way that brought the color to my face. "What kind of work are you looking for?" "I was going to take up a stenographic course and meantime find temporary employment if possible." "I was getting more and more nervous and it seemed as if he questioned me any more I should have to scream." "Will you let me go now? I shall try to get work in the morning and I promise I shall pay you. I had no thought of stealing from anyone." "I started for the door. My only desire was to get away from those lolling prying eyes." "Here, young lady, not so fast," said the detective. He grasped my arm so roughly that it hurt and I gave an involuntary little scream. "Don't do that Sellers," said the manager. "Then you don't want to keep the dame?" asked the detective in surprise. "Not against her will," he said more suavely than he had before spoken, and he gave me a smile that made my flesh creep. "Young woman, your story does not seem plausible to me, but I'm going to give you a chance. You tell me you have no training in business. Yet you look to me like a girl who has plenty of nerve and pep. Besides you must know that you're easy to look at. You're in luck; we need a check girl right now. You can stay here and check for your supper to-night, and if you suit, you're on."

Tomorrow—Ann Lands a Job. Harley-Davidson Puttees, \$3.50 to \$9.50.

## "State-Wide" Telephone Service

Our efforts are constantly directed to the extension and improvement of "state-wide" telephone service. Large and small communities are dependent upon each other, commercially and socially. Good telephone equipment in the cities and towns of Oregon, with good construction and well maintained "long distance" pole lines and wires between, mean their mutual convenience and profit. The value of any telephone is proportionate to the number of other telephones which may be connected with it. In Oregon there are approximately 138,000 telephones connected with our system. Ideal telephone service means the prompt connection of any one of these with any other and the least possible loss in strength and distinctness in the conversations that follow. Our entire plant is engineered and constructed with the object of rendering a satisfactory "state-wide" service sufficient in facilities available and with these facilities efficiently maintained. For this purpose the telephone equipment must be better, local and trunk wires must be of proper size and type, and central offices and switchboards must have additional apparatus to accommodate and care for the long distance circuits. Before the troubled period of the war we always aimed to maintain "spare" or reserve plant—that is, plant ahead of immediate needs, thus ensuring prompt and more satisfactory compliance with demands for service as they arose. During the war this reserve was exhausted as the materials we use were required and properly taken by the Government and those industries given priority consideration. With the reconstruction period, as is the case with all other lines of business, our problems have continued to an unexpected degree. We are still hampered by shortage of materials and delayed deliveries. We realize the requirements of our long distance patrons. We have a comprehensive and well defined program designed to provide additional toll circuits sufficient to meet the present and constantly growing demands.

## The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company