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ROSEBURG REVIEW

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VOL. XI

ROSEBURG, OREGON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 2, 1908.

NO. 237.

NEW LAND RULING

Timber to be Appraised Before Sold to Entryman

\$2.50 PER ACRE "MINIMUM"

Govt. Fixes Value Nine Months After Filing, and Payment Must Follow in 30 Days

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 2.—Beginning December 1, unreserved public timber lands entered under the timber and stone act must be paid for at its appraised value and will no longer be sold for a flat rate of \$2.50 per acre. Secretary Garfield today promulgated a regulation to this effect, basing it upon the language of the law, which says that timber land shall be sold "for minimum price of \$2.50 per acre." Garfield holds that if \$2.50 is the minimum price, a greater amount can legally be charged for valuable timber lands. Under the new regulation a person desiring to make a timber entry must file his application, accompanying it by an affidavit stating that he has been personally upon the land and must submit his own estimate as to the amount of timber and its value and value of land when cleared. These filings will give him a preference right to the land. Within nine months the government will undertake to make its own appraisal and, when this is done, the applicant can have the land at the government's price, but his preference right will be forfeited if he fails to make payment within 30 days after the interior department completes its appraisal. Whenever the government fails to complete appraisal within nine months, the applicant can

secure the land by making payment at his own appraised valuation. Where the government's appraisal is considered too high the land can be reappraised at the expense of applicant.

In no instance will timber land be sold for less than \$2.50 per acre. No entryman can cut timber during the time appraisal is being made, nor before he receives a patent from the government.

Last winter Secretary Garfield endeavored to persuade congress to amend the timber and stone act so as to provide for the disposal of timber land at appraised value. When congress failed to act it was announced that the secretary would do by regulation what congress had failed to do by legislation. Today's order is the carrying out of that threat. Garfield's order is not retroactive. It does not affect any entry heretofore made.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We wish to thank the public in general, and our regular customers in particular, who have helped during the past to make our business a success, and to announce that we will RETIRE FROM BUSINESS on January 1st, 1909. To accomplish this we realize that we must dispose of our large and complete stock at a BIG SACRIFICE, and we have decided to give the people of Roseburg and vicinity the opportunity to purchase any article in our store at LESS THAN COST TO US. There will be absolutely no restrictions. The sale will open Monday Morning, Dec. 7th, at 9 O'clock, and will continue till the entire stock is all sold. Come with the crowds and participate in this GIGANTIC SLAUGHTER SALE the kind of which was never known in the mercantile history of Roseburg. The sale involves the entire store, stock, fixtures and all. H. MARKS CO. Patronize Review advertisers.

LIST OF PRIZE WINNERS.

Chrysanthemum Show Success From All Standpoints—Closes Today.

Roseburg's annual chrysanthemum show has been liberally patronized, a fact that insures a still larger exhibit next year. It is doubtful, though, if the flowers will be any nearer perfection, because this seems impossible. The show closes this evening.

- Here are the prize winners: Best White—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first; Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, second. Best Red—Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, first; Mrs. J. C. Fullerton, second. Best Yellow—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first; Mrs. Emma Howard, second. Best Pink—Mrs. Emma Howard, first; Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, second. Best Lavender—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first. Best Cream—Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, first; Mrs. Milton Ollivant, second. Best Green—Mrs. N. Rice, first; Mrs. Emma Howard, second. Best Incured—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first; Mrs. Emma Howard, second. Best ragged—Mrs. Emma Howard, first; Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, second. Best reflex—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first. Best new varieties—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first and second. Best Lavender, ostrich plume—Mrs. Milton Ollivant, first; Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, second. Best White, ostrich plume—Mrs. Milton Ollivant, first. Best Yellow, ostrich plume—Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, first; Mrs. Emma Howard, second. Best specimen pot grown—Mrs. R. W. Terrell, first and second. Best specimen field grown—Mrs. H. L. Marsters, first and second. Best bouquet—Mrs. Emma Howard, first; Mrs. Drake, (of Myrtle Creek), second. Best variety bouquet—Mrs. W. S. Hamilton, first; Mrs. R. W. Terrell, second.

PIE SOCIAL.

There will be a pie social at the Edenbower church Saturday night. Ladies are requested to bring a pie. d5

HOUSE FOR RENT—Situated at the foot of Douglas St., Roseburg. Enquire of Mrs. S. R. Lane. d5

PARKER CONVICTED

Banker Swore Falsely to Non-Mineral Affidavit

WAS AFTER TIMBER CLAIM

Newspaper Prints Story of Orgies of Biggy Before His Suicide—Wanted to Resign

Special to the Evening Review. PORTLAND, Or., Dec. 2.—Late last night, J. H. Parker, former vice-president of the First National Bank of Baker City, was found guilty by a jury of perjury in connection with his filing on a timber claim. No further action was taken in the case today. The prosecution contended that Parker violated the law in swearing to a non-mineral affidavit. The trial of the Baker City banker grew out of a filing on a timber claim in Baker county by Parker on which the Buffalo Gulch mines were being operated by Fred Wunder. Wunder complained to the government and the matter was laid before the federal grand jury and an indictment resulted. It is alleged by the government that Parker knew of the Wunder mining operations when he made oath that the land was more valuable for its timber than for its minerals. It was brought out during the testimony that the most money taken out of the placer mines in one year was \$400, while the average yield of gold each year was a good deal less than that amount.

Biggy a Mental Wreck.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—The Daily News today prints a story to the effect that William J. Biggy, chief of police, who is supposed to have committed suicide in the bay Monday night, drank heavily for several weeks prior to his death. The article says in part:

"On numerous occasions, Biggy became mixed in nightly orgies. He imagined that every man on the street was a footpad, and more than once while going home in his auto after a night's debauch he would halt innocent pedestrians in rough language and threaten to arrest them. He was also given to making spectacular raids single-handed. Commissioner Leggett was compelled at several different times to remonstrate with Biggy." That Biggy offered to sacrifice his position to avert attacks on the city administration was shown today by the publication of a statement by Police Commissioner Kell. It developed that Biggy called at Kell's home on the night of the suicide to tender his resignation, but that Kell advised Biggy not to withdraw under fire. Biggy was told by Kell that Mayor Taylor and the Police Commission were satisfied with his administration.

School Gardens.

All the available space not needed for play should be put into school gardens, and if the school grounds prove insufficient extent an effort should be made to obtain the use of a vacant lot nearby. Each child should have a plot for its own and should be protected in such ownership. Not only must the children be taught to care for their own, but they must learn to respect and protect the rights of others. So general has become the interest in school gardens that it is now possible in many states to get teachers trained in the work. Children should not be deprived of playtime, but every encouragement should be lent to carry some of the work on in the home garden and there or at the schoolyard a certain garden work on Saturdays.

Local Retailers Meet Prices.

Do the catalogue houses sell goods cheaper than the retail dealers do? No, they do not—they cannot and make a profit, and they are in it for the profit and nothing else. The price of some of the pictured articles in the catalogue is less than it can be sold by the retailer and make a profit. These are leaders—stool pigeons to draw the flock to the trap. You will find that any live retail merchant is ready and willing to meet the catalogue prices when the quality of goods is considered.

COFFEE

Good grocers like Schilling's Best, for it makes good-will and not trouble; in case of complaint, the money is ready.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like it, we pay him. The Review does job printing.

GREAT RELIGIOUS COUNCIL

Thirty Protestant Churches to Unite in Advancing Gospel.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—Marking a new era, the meeting of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, to be held in this city, opening this evening, will be one of the most important gatherings in the history of American churches. For the first time the Protestant churches of the United States will be practically and officially, though not organically, united in one body. Delegates officially appointed by the highest judicatories of 30 religious bodies will be present to the number of about 400, and the outcome of the meeting is expected to be a general and united advance in earnest evangelism and civic righteousness. The council will have no legislative authority. It cannot "draw up a common creed or form of government or of worship, or in any way limit the full autonomy of the Christian bodies adhering to it." It will avoid everything upon which the denominations disagree, and lay emphasis upon the things in which they can work together. It will recommend to the churches concrete propositions for joint action where "the denominations can accomplish more together than apart." It will be the first federal council of the evangelistic Protestant churches of the country, the first official inter-denominational assemblage of American churches, the first formal attempt made to demonstrate their "essential oneness in Jesus Christ as their Divine Lord and Saviour." The federal council grew out of the preliminary conference on federation held in New York, in November, 1905. Each of the 30 denominations have officially approved the propositions and have elected their respective quotas of delegates to the forthcoming conference. The churches which have approved the plan of federation and appointed delegates to the Federal Council are: Baptist, Christian Connection, Congregational, Disciples of Christ, Evangelical German Synod, Evangelical Association, Free Baptist, Lutheran, Menonite, Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Episcopal, South, Methodist Protestant, Moravian, African Methodist Episcopal, African M. E. Zion, Presbyterian, Presbyterian, South; Primitive Methodist, Protestant Episcopal, Reformed Church in America, Reformed Church in the United States, General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian, Seventh Day Baptist, Society of Friends, United Brethren, United Evangelical, United Presbyterian, Welsh Presbyterian.

INDUSTRIAL PENSIONS.

System Rapidly Growing Among the Great Corporation of U. S.

(Christmas McClure's.) One of the most significant developments of the last 10 years has been the adoption of pension plans by more than 70 great corporations. This is one of the most tangible ways in which wage-earners have profited from the country's recent industrial prosperity. In 1898 the pension idea was practically foreign to this country; now it is very much in the air. In that year only one railroad, the Baltimore & Ohio, systematically granted retirement allowances; since 1898, 18 lines, representing one-third of the railway mileage of this country, have adopted automatic pension schemes. Ten years ago almost none of America's great industrial corporations regularly made provision for their old men; now the largest do so, or have at present plans under way to that end. Until 1900 pension endowment funds had not impressed our rich men as suitable subjects for philanthropy; since then, Andrew Carnegie alone has given nearly \$20,000,000 for this purpose. Since 1903 the Standard Oil Co. has generously treated its inactive men; it retires them on half pay at the age of 65 and on quarter pay at 70 years. Since 1900 many of the subsidiary companies forming the United States steel corporation have granted pensions; the directors have now under consideration a plan, which will probably become effective next year, for an automatic pension scheme affecting all their 200,000 employees. The unpopularity of the Powder trust is so great that its president was recently obliged to drop out of the republican national campaign; this corporation, however, retires at fair wages its used-up men. Those forced to pay exorbitant rates for gas and electricity in New York city may find some consolation in the fact that part of the money goes to pension the septuagenarian gas man. Bad as is Thomas F. Ryan's Metropolitan Street Railway company, its conductors and motormen are able to look forward to the time when they can retire at half pay. Even many of the great financial houses and insurance companies that have been recently subjected to general criticism keep their faithful old employees on the payrolls.

Notice to Our Customers.

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the national Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. Red Cross Pharmacy.

POPULACE REVOLTS

Provisional Government Rules at Port Au Prince

REVOLUTION SUCCESSFUL

2-Cent Postal Rate to Germany Now Effective—Deluded Prisoner Suicides in Jail

Special to the Evening Review. PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Dec. 2.—The populace of Port Au Prince rose in revolt against President Alexis today and seized the city without resistance from the government troops, who are in complete sympathy with the rebels. A provisional assembly has met and elected General Legitimias as temporary president. The sentiment of the people was against continuance of the apparently hopeless struggle against Gen. Simon and his army, who would have overwhelmed the government troops and sacked the city. Today's revolt of the civilians will probably put an end to the revolution, and Gen. Simon will doubtless become the head of the government.

Strikers Repulsed.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Dec. 2.—Armed with revolvers, a mob of 100 strike sympathizers today charged the plant of the National Fire Proofing Co., firing at a guard of special deputies and policemen. The clash threatened to become serious, when strikebreakers interfered, driving the strikers away.

Suicides in Jail.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 2.—Knezi Domin, who hanged himself in jail here with a shoestring recently, was an anarchist who broke jail in Bulgaria and escaped to this country 15 years ago. He committed suicide because he thought he was being held on the old charge, when, as a matter

of fact, he was detained to insure the conviction of footpads who robbed him. Domin told the story of his past life in a letter written to the chief of police the day before he killed himself.

2 Cents to Germany.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 2.—Postmaster General Meyer today announced the establishment of 2-cent postage between Germany and the United States on letters not exceeding one ounce in weight going by direct sea route. Letters going by way of France or England require postage of 5 cents.

Price of Logs Goes up.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Dec. 2.—Logs advanced \$1 per thousand today, and lumber will go up accordingly. It is claimed there is not more than 4,000,000 feet of logs on Grays Harbor.

In Oregon's Wake.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 2.—The Beacon Hill Improvement Club last night instructed State Senator Allen and Representatives McInnes and Hanson to support a bill to be introduced at the next session of the legislature, abolishing race track gambling in Washington.

Louis Decker was in from Coles Valley today. Everything is moving as usual there.

C. E. Marks, of Edenbower, was in town this afternoon. He says everything is growing nicely, the foggy weather protecting all vegetation from frost.

At its regular meeting Tuesday afternoon, Roseburg Hive, No. 11, L. O. T. M., elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Mrs. G. A. Signalness, L. C.; Mrs. Beatrice Miles, L. C.; Mrs. G. W. Hupp, R. K.; Mrs. Libbie Rose, P. K.; Mrs. Martha Perry, Chap.; Mrs. Anna Veatch, Sgt.; Mrs. Nora Troxel, Sen.; Mrs. H. Hildinger, Pkt. Installation will be held the first regular meeting in January. The retiring lady commander is Mrs. Clara Bonebrake.

Will Interest Many.

Every person should know that good health is impossible if the kidneys are deranged. Foley's Kidney Cure will cure kidney and bladder disease in every form and will build up and strengthen these organs so they will perform their functions properly. No danger of Bright's disease or diabetes if Foley's Kidney Cure is taken in time. Red Cross Pharmacy.

A Beautiful Assortment of Pleasing Gifts

In Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Novelties, Etc.

A Generous Assortment, full of Quality and Merit, for Holiday Presents.

Salzman's

OFFICERS. J. W. Hamilton, President. A. C. Marsters, Cashier. J. F. Barker, Vice President. W. T. Wright, Asst. Cashier. DIRECTORS. J. W. Hamilton. W. T. Wright. N. Rice. J. O. Newland. J. F. Barker. I. Abraham. S. C. Bartrum. Chas. W. Parks. A. C. Marsters.

THE ROSEBURG NATIONAL BANK

Established 1908. CAPITAL, - \$50,000.00

Safety Deposit boxes for rent. By the year \$2.00, or will rent by the month. Our conservative management offers substantial advantages to present and prospective patrons. We are prepared to handle all business entrusted to us accurately and expeditiously.

Blankets and Comforts
The kind that will keep you warm and comfortable these chilly nights.
Our showing is very large and complete. You can find what you're looking for. Moderate prices.
Come in and Look us Over.
Josephson's ESTABLISHED 1877 SINCE 1877 WE'VE BEEN TREATING PEOPLE SQUARE THE FOREMOST DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT OF SOUTHERN OREGON