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# ROSEBURG



# REVIEW

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## SHOT SELF AND WIFE

### Ellensburg Couple End Lives in Seattle Hotel

## CANADIAN STRIKE IS ENDED

### Movements of Presidential Candidates —Arms Supplied to Pirates —Poachers Fight

Special to the Evening Review. SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 30.—Lying in a pool of blood, the bodies of J. Foster and wife, of Ellensburg, were found today in a room in the "Frisco Hotel, where they registered yesterday. The man had evidently placed a revolver against the woman's temple and fired and then turned the weapon upon himself. Each had a bullet hole in the brain. A strong odor of carbolic acid indicates that they drank poison first. The case is a mystery.

### A Cowardly Murder.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 30.—While dozing before a fire he had just built, Kilmura, a Japanese cook, was shot in the back of the head today in the kitchen of the Grand Restaurant. Following the murder, the cash drawer was robbed of \$27. There is no clue to the identity of the murderer.

### C. P. Strike Ended.

WINNIPEG, Canada, Sept. 30.—The blowing of whistles at midnight last night informed the public that the strike of Canadian Pacific machinists was at an end. The terms of settlement are unknown.

### Not Coming to the Coast.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—It was officially announced today that Pres-

dent Roosevelt will not attend the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress in San Francisco on Oct. 6-10.

Roosevelt will not reply to Mr. Bryan's letter, sent to him last night as he considers its contents an attack upon him personally.

### May Come West Later.

Rumors here today say that Roosevelt and Taft may visit the Pacific coast late in October. This story says they will visit San Francisco and speak from the same platforms enroute, both going and coming. Leading republicans here think it would be a fine thing for Roosevelt to introduce Taft to the voters.

### Bryan Speaks in Iowa.

MUSCATINE, Iowa, Sept. 30.—W. J. Bryan spoke here today on his tour of Iowa. He denounced the president's attitude in the present campaign and says the democratic party will not suffer by the "deliberate misrepresentations of Roosevelt."

### Taft in Nebraska.

EMERSON, Neb., Sept. 30.—W. H. Taft invaded Bryan's home state today, speaking at ten places enroute to Lincoln, where a big meeting will be held tonight.

### Washington Strong for Taft.

SPOKANE, Sept. 30.—Betting on the presidential election opened here today with an even \$100 wager that Taft carries the state of Washington by 75,000 majority. Another bet that Taft gets the state by 50,000 was taken, but offers that Taft will secure over 35,000 majority got no takers.

### Fighting Chinese Pirates.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 30.—Arms and ammunition are being regularly smuggled from Vancouver to aid Chinese bandits and pirates on the western side of the Pacific. When the steamer Empress arrived at Hong Kong on the last trip she had on board many packages labeled "soap" but which were found to contain ammunition.

### Fight With Seal Poachers.

VALDEZ, Alaska, Sept. 30.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Butterworth was severely injured last night in a fight with 60 Japanese seal poachers. Throwing boiling tea on the officers,

Butterworth was scalded from the waist up.

### Steamer Collision Reported.

SEATTLE, Sept. 30.—A wireless message from a Sound steamer says the Canadian Pacific steamer, Princess Victoria, collided with a launch loaded with excursionists off Point No Point, 29 miles north of Seattle this morning, the Princess being enroute to Victoria. No details or casualties were given.

### PROSECUTE WITHOUT END.

Democratic Leader Says He Will Enforce Anti-Trust Law.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Sept. 29.—"I have lived in vain if your accusations lose me a single friend," said W. J. Bryan in a letter addressed to President Roosevelt, replying to that of the president written Sunday last. Mr. Bryan points to his record and declares that it is a sufficient answer to the insinuations of the chief executive that he is in sympathy with or controlled by the trusts.

### Complaint Against Critic.

Taking up the president's assertion that certain trust magnates fearing prosecution under Mr. Taft, will support the democratic candidate, Mr. Bryan charges that the president worded his statement in such a way as to claim the support of all the trust magnates "and yet put it on the ground that they are supporting your party for patriotic reasons rather than for the promotion of a selfish interest."

Such an argument, he contends, is ingenious, but not sound. In proof of the fact that he would not be controlled by the trusts, Mr. Bryan says that, if elected, he will enforce the anti-trust laws, "not spasmodically and intermittently, but persistently and consistently."

## DEDICATED TODAY

### Drinking Fountain Unveiled With Ceremonies

## PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLOSED

### Speeches by Prominent Ladies and Gentlemen Listened to by Large Crowd

With appropriate ceremonies and in the presence of a large assemblage of people, the public drinking fountain presented to the city of Roseburg by the W. C. T. U. and the '95 Mental Culture Club was dedicated and unveiled this afternoon at the site of its emplacement at the intersection of Cass and Main streets. In honor of the occasion the public schools of the city closed at 2 o'clock and most of the pupils gathered at the scene of the ceremonies. The program, as previously printed, was carried out without change.

Hon. Dexter Rice, who presided, compared the spirit of the lady donors of the fountain with that of Eve, who induced Adam to eat the apple against God's injunction. Notwithstanding, he said, the law of the City of Roseburg prohibiting the permanent "obstruction" of any street, the ladies had induced Mayor Hoover to accept the fountain and order its installation. Mr. Rice then reviewed the work done by the ladies of Roseburg toward beautifying the city and closed with the prayer that the fountain ever be an inspiration to all of our citizens in the way of civic improvement.

"Down in Southern Tennessee," sung by Misses Arrie and Allie Black and Lucy Bridges, followed Mr. Rice's address, and then Mrs. W. A. Smick read a dedicatory poem composed by L. C. Hill, of this city. Both numbers were liberally applauded. To the strains of "America," played by the Roseburg band, the fountain was then exposed to view by the drawing aside of a large American flag.

Mrs. S. C. Flint, representing the Mental Culture Club, and Mrs. A. C. Marsters, representing the W. C. T. U., made speeches formally presenting the fountain to the city, and Mayor Hoover responded in acceptance. Both of the ladies expressed thanks on behalf of their organizations for the financial aid and encouragement extended to them in their efforts to procure the fountain, and Mrs. Flint characterized the consummation of the fountain project as the crowning effort in the career of the Culture Club. In accepting the fountain on behalf of the city, Mayor Hoover pledged himself to see that it was properly protected and maintained as long as he held his present office.

Hon. Binger Hermann, who was the last speaker on the program, made an address both instructive and entertaining. He told of some of the great fountains abroad and in America. The fountain dedicated in Roseburg today, he declared, was the forerunner and harbinger of a new era of civic improvement in this city. He paid an eloquent tribute to the spirit of the ladies who carried out the project, and said the time is at hand when Roseburg citizens could point about them with pride in displaying civic beautification as evidence of their progressive spirit.

The statue unveiled today is of bronze, 12 feet in height, and cost \$500. The upper half of the statue of a young woman, adapted from the statue of "Hebe," by Thorwaldsen, the great Danish sculptor, representing the "Beauty of Youth." The lower half has appended a large water basin, out of which horses may drink, besides the usual cup fountains for personal use. Basins at the foot will assuage the thirst of dogs.

In his address, Mr. Hermann, in illustrating the genius of Thorwaldsen, stated that out of the solid rock on the banks of Lake Luzerne, Switzerland, he carved the figure of a dying lion with the facial lines so natural that the work stands in that respect without an equal in the sculptural world.

### Dr. Finn's Testimony Interesting.

Dr. Thomas Finn, of Boonsboro, Mo., who has practiced medicine for 32 years, says he has used every preparation known to the profession for treatment of kidney and bladder diseases, and says he has never found anything so effective in both chronic and acute kidney and bladder trouble as Foley's Kidney Cure. It stops irregularities and builds up the whole system. Red Cross Pharmacy.

### GARBAGE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all persons dumping rubbish or garbage of any kind along the public roadway south of Roseburg will be vigorously prosecuted. J. M. SCHAFFER, Road Supervisor.

## NATIONAL FORESTS.

### Government's Methods for Preventing Costly Fires.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Nothing could better call the attention of thinking people to the necessity for the preservation of our natural resources than the great forest fires which have been so widely distributed throughout the country and have played such havoc this summer. It is doubtful if the losses for the year 1908 will ever be fully known, but a conservative estimate by Dr. W. J. McGee, Errosion expert, United States Department of Agriculture, places the aggregate loss in all parts of the country during these months of conflagration at \$1,000,000 a day.

In nearly every instance, probably in every instance, these devastating fires might have been prevented if the various states had provided an adequate number of men to patrol the woods and arrest all such fires in their incipency, and if lumbermen and other users of the forest were careful to dispose of brush after logging so as to prevent the spread of fires.

Uncle Sam has had a lot of work to do on his national forests in the fire-fighting line this year, but his work has shown good results. Exclusive of the salaries of forest officers, the work of putting down fires on the national forests for the year has cost the government \$20,000. This means protecting approximately 168,000,000 acres. The value of the timber destroyed will not be known until the fire reports are made at the end of the year, though it is estimated that it will be larger than last year. But it will be insignificant when compared with the appalling fire losses outside of the national forests on unprotected areas, or with the destruction which would have come to the timber in the national forests had they not been protected.

These results have come through the increased efficiency of the patrol and methods of fighting fire and through the co-operation of settlers and users of forests who understand that the forests are their property and that a loss from fire is a personal one. By posting fire notices and giving advice the government has secured co-operation from the outside, which may be said to be as important an agency in reducing the loss from forest fires as is the perfection of machinery for fighting these fires.

After timber is cut, the regulations require brush to be compactly piled at a safe distance from living trees. Sometimes this brush is burned under the direction of a forest officer; but even if it is allowed to stand, no fire that starts finds fuel by which it can spread.

The national forests are constantly patrolled by a picked force of rangers and guards. The present summer force of such rangers and guards, whose main duty is fire patrol, is 1351 men; the average area that each is required to protect is 121,506 acres. It is fully understood that this area is altogether too large, and just as soon as funds are available to permit of the employment of a larger force of men the area will be reduced.

In order to provide means of travel between the various parts of the national forests and to facilitate the massing of large forces of men to fight fire, as well as to furnish vantage points from which the fires may be fought successfully, 160 miles of road and 3100 miles of trail were built during the last fiscal year. In several cases firebreaks from 16 to 100 feet in width have been constructed, from which all timber and inflammable material is removed, to furnish obstacles to the spread of fire, or straight lines of defense in fighting the fire once started. Several miles of such firebreaks now exist on the national forests in southern California, where it is especially important that the forest cover on the water sheds of important irrigation streams be protected.

Telephone lines have been constructed connecting ranger stations with the headquarters of the forest. In order that fires may be reported and promptly extinguished. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, 3500 miles of telephone line were constructed in the national forests. Just as rapidly as possible, each national forest is supplied with shovels, axes, and other tools, which are distributed over the forests and cabins, and tool boxes are placed at points where there is the greatest danger of fire and where they can be easily reached by trail. Field glasses are also furnished, since their use in discovering small fires at a considerable distance has proved very helpful.

## BATTLE AT DIVIDE.

### Two Thugs Who Assaulted Grocer at Cottage Grove Captured.

COTTAGE GROVE, Or., Sept. 29.—After a desperate battle in which one of the thugs was badly wounded by Marshal Snodgrass, the two men who held up and beat old man DeWald last night, were captured at Divide station early this morning. As soon as the hold up was known and DeWald could give a description of the thugs, Marshal Frank Snodgrass, assisted by Special Deputies Frank Hickey, James Potts and Fred Bartels, watched carefully every avenue of escape from the city. Every hobo who could be found was lined up and examined and brought before the victim for identification.

Snodgrass, with his assistants, then went to Divide, five miles distant. An hour passed, when two men put in an appearance on the wagon road. One stopped down the road, while the other advanced to the depot. Bartels ordered his man to stop. Marshal Snodgrass, who had not as yet seen the hobo, stepped clear of the depot to get the location of the men. At this moment robber No. 1 opened fire with a revolver.

Officer Promptly Returns Fire. Snodgrass returned the fire with a shotgun. As soon as the robber located Snodgrass by the flash of his gun, he sent another bullet to the officer, missing the mark by a small margin. The officer fired again, and then there was a moment's lull, when the thug took another crack at the officer. At the flash of the revolver, Snodgrass turned loose another charge of BB shot.

There being no response, Snodgrass and his men turned their attention to the second robber, who was still standing in his tracks. Placing him under arrest, the officers were surprised to hear thug No. 1 call out not to leave a fellow to bleed to death.

Going in the darkness in the direction of the call, they found the thug. Calling on him to throw up his hands, he managed to get one up but Snodgrass' marksmanship had put the other arm badly out of commission.

## 2-CENT POSTAGE TO ENGLAND.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—After midnight tonight a letter may be deposited at any postoffice in the United States for delivery at any point in Great Britain or Ireland at the domestic rate of two cents an ounce. The rate now prevailing is five cents for a letter weighing an ounce or less and three cents for each additional ounce. The reduction in rates was reached after long negotiations between the postal authorities of this country and the British government.

Postmaster General Meyer believes that this reduction in the rate of postage to the United Kingdom ultimately will result in an increase in receipts, because it has at various times been found that a reduction of the letter rate resulted finally in increasing the revenue. He is also of the opinion that a lower postage will lead to freer commercial intercourse. Our manufacturers, he says, are increasing their sales in England and must rely to a great extent upon the mails for orders and increase of trade. "Further," he said, "this will be a great boon to our adopted English speaking citizens, particularly those of limited means, as it will enable them to keep up correspondence with their relations and friends in the old country at domestic rates."

## COFFEE

The dealing is simple. If you don't like Schilling's Best, it costs you nothing. Your grocer returns your money if you don't like it; we pay him.

## RIGHT IS DENIED

### S. P. Co. Can't Appeal to Court From Interstate Ruling

## FEDERAL JUDGES DECIDE

### Means That Willamette Valley Rate on Lumber, as Lowered to \$3.40, Will Have to Stand

Special to the Evening Review. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 30.—Judges Gilbert, Morrow and Ross, of the United States Circuit Court, today virtually upheld the constitutionality of the Federal law giving the Interstate Commerce Commission power to fix railroad rates, when they sustained the injunction of the Commission to the Injunction suit brought by the Southern Pacific railroad, throwing the railroad's case out of court. The railroad has been given until tomorrow morning to answer.

The case arose out of the action of the Interstate Commerce Commission in ordering the O. R. & N. to reduce its rate on lumber between San Francisco and the Willamette Valley from \$5.10 to \$3.40 per 1000 feet, a loss of about \$45,000 a year to the companies. It is claimed. Instead of taking the usual appeal to the commission the Southern Pacific counsel took the case direct to the United States courts, asking for an injunction against the commission. In its demurrer, the commission asserted that the railroad company had no right to bring action against the Interstate Commerce Commission in any court. They held that the only action which could be taken was to petition for a reconsideration, which had not been done.

## To Test Primary Law.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 30.—Judge Zent, of the Superior court, comprised of the counties of Adams, Benton and Franklin, has instituted proceedings to test the validity of the state primary law. He has applied to the supreme court for a writ of mandamus directing the state canvassing board and the secretary of state to declare that there is no nomination in the judiciary district, where he is a candidate.

## WAGE WAR ON RATS.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—"Death to the rodents!" is the battle cry that is echoing throughout England today, pressing the beginning of the greatest warfare on rats in the world's history. It is estimated that there are 56,000,000 rats in Great Britain, and that they do hundreds of millions of dollars damage every year. To effect their extermination, the Society of the Destruction of the Vermin has been organized, with Sir James Chicheon-Browne as president, and with branches all over England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales. The society will begin its active warfare tomorrow and the day will probably be marked by the greatest rat hunt ever known.

## A clear Complexion and Bright Eyes.

In most cases a sallow, blotched complexion and dull heavy eyes are due to poor digestion and an inactive liver. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup aids digestion and stimulates the liver and bowels and makes the complexion smooth and clear. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup does not nauseate or grip and is mild and pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. Red Cross Pharmacy.

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WE'VE BEEN TREATING PEOPLE SQUARE  
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