

EVENING ROSEBURG REVIEW.

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No. 85.

NEW TRIAL IS ON

Second Jury Secured in Williamson Case.

CHARGED WITH LAND FRAUD

Further Details of Closing of First Trial and Jury's Disagreement Made Known.

Special to Evening Review.

PORTLAND, July 21.—The re-trial of the Williamson-Van Gesner-Biggs land frauds case was taken up vigorously before Judge DeHaven today, and by three o'clock p. m. the following jurymen had been secured:

- Jas. Green, farmer, Sweet Home.
- L. A. Rose, farmer, Jackson Co.
- R. B. Collins, farmer, Hillsboro.
- A. W. Porter, blacksmith, Oregon City.
- John Mock, farmer, Multnomah Co.
- S. A. Tharp, farmer, Benton Co.
- Henry Keen, farmer, Marion Co.
- J. B. Lewis, merchant, Cottage Grove.
- W. D. Barclay, Benton Co.
- George Kirk, Lane Co.
- M. S. Adams, carpenter, Dayton.

ABOUT THE DISAGREEMENT

Thursday's Portland Telegram says: After being closeted together for 46 hours and taking 42 ballots, in which the vote was ten for conviction and two for acquittal, the jury in the Williamson-Gesner-Biggs case reported to Judge De Haven in the United States Circuit Court at 1 o'clock that it could not agree. Judge De Haven asked each juror individually whether there was any hope of an agreement, to which each responded that there was not. The Court then ordered the clerk to enter an order of dismissal.

The jurors looked tired and worn after a vigil of two nights and a stretch of 46 hours of confinement in one small room. Many of them looked sleepy and cross. On entering the courtroom Judge De Haven asked the jury if it

had arrived at a verdict. Foreman Hinkle said it had not, and that there appeared no prospect that one would be reached. Judge De Haven asked if the jury understood that it could find one defendant innocent, and the jury said it did.

W. O. Cook then addressed the court, saying that the jury had balloted many times with the same result, that each man had taken a part in the discussion, and that it was evident that no verdict could be reached.

O. H. Flook, a farmer, of Olalla, Douglas County, and G. O. Walker, of Walker, Lane County, are the two jurors who persistently refused to vote for the guilt of the defendants in the Williamson-Gesner-Biggs case, causing disagreement of the jury and retrial. It is said they offered to vote guilty against Gesner and Biggs if the other jurors would declare Congressman Williamson innocent, but this the majority would not do. Walker is a constituent of State Senator R. A. Booth, while Flook is a constituent of Binger Hermann. Both are said to be personal friends of Hermann.

Congressman J. N. Williamson, his partner in the sheep business, Dr. Van Gesner, and former United States Commissioner Marion R. Biggs were indicted on a charge of suborning perjury by inducing fraudulent land entries in order that additional sheep range might be secured by them. The trial lasted nearly two weeks and excited great interest. It is believed the second trial will be more expeditious.

Sure Cure for Piles.

Itching Piles produce moisture and cause itching. This form, as well as Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles are cured by Dr. Bo-sanko's Pile Remedy. Stops itching and bleeding. Absorbs tumors. 50c a jar at druggists, or sent by mail. Treatise free. Write me about your case. Dr. Bosanko, Phila., Pa. For sale by A. C. Marsters & Co., druggists.

Progress of the War.

Special to Evening Review.

TOKIO, July 21.—A dispatch from Ouaru says the Russians were defeated at Daline. They were 500 strong with six field guns and three machine guns, and offered a desperate resistance.

INHABITANTS FLEEING.

COPENHAGEN, July 21.—St. Petersburg advices from Manchuria say a Japanese warship has been sighted near Nikolaievsk, at the mouth of the Amoor river.

Many of the inhabitants of Nikolaievsk and Vladivostok have fled to Khabarovsk.

ECONOMIC SUICIDE.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 21.—The Novoe Vremya today alleged Japanese were bidding the

DISASTER ON GUNBOAT.

Boiler Bursts on the Bennington, Killing Nearly Forty.

Special to Evening Review.

SAN DIEGO, July 21.—A boiler on the U. S. gunboat Bennington, now in the harbor here, exploded today killing between 30 and 40 of the officers and men.

READY FOR THE FIGHT.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Both Britt and Sullivan are down to weight and ready for tonight's fistie contest. The betting is 10 to 4 in Britt's favor.

Hot Wave is Broken.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The wave of intense heat which held the city in its grasp for more than a week, causing nearly 200 deaths, several times that number of serious prostrations and suffering to millions, has been thoroughly broken by the light rainfall and wind of yesterday. Fully 20 hours after cool weather brought relief, 21 deaths were reported today. All these fatalities occurred after the cool weather had exerted its saving influences for at least 12 hours and death in nearly every instance was due to exhaustion from the heat that prevailed early in the week. The temperature today was from 7 to 10 degrees lower than yesterday, and the humidity was so reduced as to make the day gratefully cool. At 2 o'clock the official temperature was 86, humidity 39. The hot wave has now passed off into the Atlantic.

MARRIED

CORNELIUS—BOREN.—At the home of the bride at Riddle, Oregon, July 20, 1905, R. H. Cornelius and Mamie E. Boren.

They came to Roseburg last night, and from here go to Jefferson, thence to Portland. They will reside at Dillard, where Mr. Cornelius is S. P. R. R. agent.

Fresh crabs at Mosler's.

Enjoy a nice fresh cracked crab at Mosler's restaurant.

G. R. Luser suffered a stroke of paralysis Thursday afternoon. He has not yet recovered consciousness except for a few minutes at a time. Three days ago a light stroke was felt by the unfortunate man but the last made his entire right side useless as well as the vocal organs.

In the court of Justice John Long this morning, John Krohn, of Cleveland, was acquitted of the charge of forgery, as the evidence was insufficient to warrant holding him to appear before the Circuit Court. John Thom was the complaining witness.

POWER OF A TRUST

Defiance of Courts as Well as Individuals.

HOW CAN IT BE OVERCOME

Moral Integrity of Nation as Well as Welfare of People is Involved.

One of the appalling disclosures made by Mr. Charles Edward Russell in the final installment of "The Greatest Trust in the World," in Everybody's Magazine for August, is the following:

"Water is a great matter in Packingtown. Now in Chicago, the city owns and operates the water supply. Large users of water are supplied through meters and pay according to the amount they consume. For a long time the small sums paid for water by the packing-houses had aroused annual comment. In 1900 the uninformed public broke out into such general clamor about the obvious leakage that the city authorities (somewhat belatedly, one would think) began an investigation. Men with pickaxes and spades uncovered the public mains about Packingtown. Before long they had discovered that every considerable packing-house had secret connections with the water supply. There were pipes of various sizes, three inch and four inch, six inch and eight inch, each leading from the city's conduits to the works of some packing company. In some cases tunnels had been driven under the streets to the mains, and taps inserted. In one case the mains themselves had been diverted from the highway through the works, and on these city-owned pipes one firm had planted three great pumps, busily engaged in drawing water. And for all this supply thus surreptitiously obtained the packers paid not a cent.

"Great indignation followed when the public learned the real reason for the short water supply, and the packers' small payments to the water fund. "But here a very curious circumstance was to be observed. The chief offenders were the greatest houses. In the cases of the small packers, the city excavators relentlessly bared the whole of the illegal connections; in the cases of the Swift and Armour companies, the work invariably stopped at the line of the Swift and Armour

sions; a mystical spell seemed to dwell there always. Some persons protested and complained; they might as well have raved against the wind. It was easily possible to excavate on all other soil; on Swift or Armour ground neither strength nor skill could make an impression. What excavating had been done outside of this magic circle showed plainly enough where the water pipes led; the last link of legal evidence that would have convinced a court was always (in these cases) missing. * * * The illegal pipes remained as before; also the pumps, in good working order. The diverted city mains were not restored to their proper positions; the fraudulent connections continued to perform their useful functions, the thieving taps were not discontinued, summer after summer the Water Department repeats its frantic warnings, and tests recently made with a pitometer showed that the water stealings in Packingtown amount to one billion gallons a year.

"Strange? Not in the least. Any other condition would be strange. The great packing-houses are, and always have been, independent of and superior to law. If they were amenable to law, could they continue to dose products of theirs with preservative chemicals injurious to health? How are they able to dodge the statutes governing underbilling and inspection? How do they avoid paying the State of New York the millions they owe it for butterine penalties? How did they manage to emerge unharmed from the terrible "embalmed beef" revelations of the Spanish war? How did they escape prosecution when more American soldiers fell before their deadly beef than were hit by all the Spanish guns? How did they control the government on that occasion? How have they controlled it so often since? The Standard Oil, is of course, a very efficient Trust. But you have not known even the Standard Oil Company to exercise a power like to this.

For the Beef Trust and its evils "there is no remedy," he says, "unless we are willing to look upon the issue as essentially an issue of morals and not of business. We shall have to come to a state of mind in which we oppose such a combination as this, not because it compels us to lose dollars, but because it is fundamentally and eternally wrong, because it means high treason to the Republic and all the Republic stands for. Until we are willing to admit that what is involved is principal vital to human progress, and until we are willing to make sacrifices for that purpose, we shall not stand for it."

cry out for order.

Our Mammoth July Sale is Still On

All the following Seasonable, High Grade Merchandise is still on sale at the incredibly low prices previously advertised.

FLINTSTONE SHOES

Shoes made at L. Easton's