

THE EVENING NEWS

The Only Paper in Roseburg Carrying Associated Press Dispatches

VOL. IX.

ROSEBURG, DOUGLAS COUNTY, OREGON, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1918.

THE WEATHER

Fair and Tuesday, Fair; Cooler Tonight.
Highest temp. yesterday, 49
Lowest temp. last night, 37

NO. 280

REPUBLIC MAY RISE ON RUINS OF EMPIRE

Factions Agree on Arrangements For Temporary Government.

SOCIALISTS IN SADDLE

Council Soldiers and Workmen Must Be Consulted Regarding Official Appointments — Overthrow of Haase-Ebert Likely.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 25.—An agreement has been reached between the German Soldiers and Workmen's council of the government, it is officially announced at Berlin, according to authentic dispatches reaching here today. The agreement provides:

First—A political power is to be in the hands of the socialistic republic and the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council.

Second—Their aim is to defend and develop what has already been accomplished by the revolution, and to suppress all counter revolutionary activity.

Third—The executive council in Berlin is to exercise government functions pending election of representatives to the executive council of the German republic.

Fourth—A central executive council is to appoint and dismiss all members of the various legislative bodies of the republic and of Prussia until such time as the constitution is established.

Fifth—The council must be consulted before the cabinet may appoint assistant ministers.

Sixth—A convention of deputies, drawn from the ranks of the Soldiers and Workmen's councils shall be summoned as soon as possible.

BOLSHEVIKI THREATENS.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Newspapers here regard the German agreement as a development of the greatest importance, and tantamount to the overthrow of the Ebert-Haase organization and the adoption, at least theoretically, of the existing system in Russia. At present, however, the German councils are not dominated by the Bolshevik element. Some of the papers think the step taken is a big bluff for purpose of persuading the allies that old Germany is defunct. Others believe that the menace is largely exaggerated to impress the entente nations with the difficulties to be encountered.

CLEARED OF MINES.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The Bosphorus has been cleared of mines, and allied war ships have entered the Black Sea and visited several ports there.

PROF. SMITH PROPOSES A LONGER SCHOOL DAY

Slightly lengthening the school day is part of the program planned by Superintendent Aubrey G. Smith to make up the work recently lost through quarantine. Superintendent Smith says that there are two means by which work may be effectively made up, the first being the lengthening of the regular daily session and the second being the installation of a Saturday session. That both of these methods are outside the law, is admitted by Superintendent Smith, but he anticipates the hearty cooperation of parents and teachers in assisting the children in filling the gaps made in their studies through the enforced and quite necessary quarantine period. Superintendent Smith does not favor a Saturday session, but thinks that a longer day could be easily managed and would be productive of great good. He suggests that school begin thirty minutes earlier in the morning. That is, classes would convene at 8:30 each day instead of 9 o'clock as has been the custom. He believes that this early session will in no way inconvenience parents or children, accustomed as they are to arising an hour earlier each day.

In disparagement of home study as a means of making up back work, Superintendent Smith says that this would be difficult in many cases, because of the character of many homes, which would make intensive and concentrated study impossible. The board has not yet taken any action upon this matter, but at the next meeting Superintendent Smith will present the plan to them.

GRAZING ON NATIONAL FOREST.

The past season on the Umpqua Forest permits were issued for grazing 1333 head of cattle, 52 head of horses, 7,745 head of sheep and 151 head of goats, or a total of 9,282

head in all. There were 42 permits issued, 36 for cattle and horses and 6 for sheep and goats. In the total number of stock grazed there was an increase over the year 1917 of about 100 head of cattle and horses and 300 head of sheep and goats. Grazing fees were received this year to the amount of \$580 for cattle and horses and \$553 for sheep and goats.

THE AMERICAN HEN NOT TO BE DERIDED

Among the government visitors that come to and fro is Mr. U. C. Upson of the Department of Agriculture. Mr. Upson, who has his state headquarters at Corvallis, is conferring in this city with C. J. Hurd, County Agriculturist, and with G. W. Burt, local poultry leader.

Mr. Upson is much interested in the state production of poultry and states that the Government has taken over the production of Poultry, which has a very profitable future in the United States, owing to the devastated areas of Europe and great food shortage for such an industry.

Better stock and more efficient management is the cry of the Government and through these state and county directors the industry is helped to grow. Through these means the world's market is to be stocked this coming year.

Mr. Upson has in his possession interesting data that makes the small chicken raiser wonder what is wrong with his chickens. He states that the average profit per fowl is \$4.00 per year. He adds that the stock is of a high strain. Numerous persons think "question marks" but just to convince the people, he told that he was the owner of a poultry farm at Grants Pass and absolutely controls the market at that place, receiving for the egg production 80 cents per dozen.

STRICT QUARANTINE ORDER BE ENFORCED

At a meeting of the city and county health officers with the Mayor and Council this afternoon, the question of closing the schools, theatres and churches on account of renewal of the influenza pestilence was discussed. It was decided that the disease is increasing, that the medical fraternity has no specific cure for the malady, and therefore a rigid quarantine must be enforced upon every home where the disease shows itself. No persons will be allowed to go to or come from such homes until the patients are recovered and premises fumigated. Placards will be hung out where cases develop. It is the duty of every citizen to assist the public in stamping out the pestilence by reporting cases at once and by adhering to quarantine regulations. Public safety demands this cooperation. The schools and churches and the theatres will be permitted to continue at present, but unless this drastic quarantine has the immediate effect of reducing the number of cases, all public places where persons congregate will be closed.

OLD SOLDIER DIES AT THE HOME TODAY

Wm. Hobbs, late private in the 11th Bat. Indiana Light Artillery, a native of Indiana, aged 77 died at the Soldiers' Home hospital this morning at 10:30.

Mr. Hobbs was admitted to the Home from Scappoose, Oregon, on Oct. 11, 1913. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Agnes Hobbs, who is residing at Westerville, Ind., also by a son and daughter, whose address is not known. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

NOTICE TO RENO POST, G. A. R.

The members of Reno Post are requested to meet at the G. A. R. hall in the Armory at 9:30 a. m. Tuesday, Nov. 26, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late comrade, Daniel Ford, from his residence on Winchester street, North Roseburg, at 10 o'clock. The services will be held at the grave in I. O. O. F. cemetery.

By order of Post Commander,
J. C. FULLERTON, Adjutant.

Route Agent G. H. Campbell of the American Railway Express Company reports that this has been a very good year, or turkeys in this vicinity and that the grade is of excellent quality. Mr. Campbell estimates a shipment of 160,000 pounds from Oakland and Roseburg.

LOST—Saturday, Nov. 23. Account book containing several checks and some bank bills. Finder please leave at News office and get reward.

SHORTHORN CATTLE ATTRACT STOCKMEN

Auction Sale Largely Attended By Ranchers From All Parts of County.

THE BIDDING WAS LIVELY

Top Price Paid Was \$400 for Heifer, Elaine Third, No. 684,755, L. B. Jennings, of Remote, Oregon, Was Purchaser.

The Shorthorn sale held at the Empire Feed Barns on Saturday was attended by over three hundred farmers from Douglas and adjoining counties. Representatives were present from Benton, Lane, Coos and Jackson Counties, and bidding was lively from the very beginning. Nineteen bulls sold for an average of \$219.50; five cows sold for an average of \$315.00 and three bulls from the W. B. Ayer milking Shorthorn herd sold for an average of \$312.00.

The surprise of the sale came when the heifers were brought into the ring, and the highest price received for any of the stock was for the very last heifer sold, which brought \$400.00.

All of the stock remained in Douglas County with the exception of four head purchased by Mr. Jennings of Remote, and Mr. Weeks, of Bridge, Oregon, and one of the milking Shorthorn bulls, which was purchased by Mr. Cal Young, of Eugene.

ATTACKS CALL EDITOR.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—Publication of alleged conspiracies in securing the conviction of Tom Mooney, under sentence to hang December 13, for complicity in preparedness day outrages, today led to an assault upon Editor Fremont Olds, of the San Francisco Call, by District Attorney C. M. Fickert, who knocked Olds down. Following the assault two detectives were assigned by the police department to guard Olds from further attacks, who was prominent in assisting Special Agent Denmore to get data concerning the Mooney trials. Older issued a statement today alleging that Judge Henshaw agreed to resign from the Supreme court if the Call would not publish the story of bribery.

SENEGALIAN DEVELOPMENTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—Action by the iron trades council, opposing a nation wide strike in behalf of Tom Mooney and a grand jury investigation of Federal investigator's Denmore's report that Mooney was irregularly convicted, were expected developments today.

SHIP CONTRACTS CANCELLED.

SEATTLE, Nov. 25.—Several Puget Sound wooden ship yards have received telegrams from the emergency fleet corporation cancelling government contracts for wooden vessels on which work has not yet begun. It is stated that between 20 and 30 such contracts held by shipbuilders here were cancelled.

OFF FOR KIEL.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A flotilla of mine sweepers left the Fifth Fort today for work of clearing the passage to the Kiel canal of explosives, so that the British fleet can safely enter for disarming and interning the remnants of the German navy.

PESTILENCE CLAIMS MISS JUANITA VINCENT

Little Juanita Vincent, age 13, daughter of Mrs. L. L. Vincent, proprietor of the Pollyanna, died at the hospital last night following a very short illness. Pneumonia complications following influenza caused her death. Mr. Vincent is at Bend, but is expected to arrive in Roseburg in the morning. No funeral arrangements had been made up to a late hour today. Besides the parents, the child is survived by one brother, Noel Vincent.

TO ATTEND MEETING.

B. L. Eddy, County Food Administrator and Mrs. A. C. Marsters are to attend the Conference to be held tomorrow in Portland for the County Food Administrators for the State of Oregon. Mr. Eddy will return home Wednesday morning.

WORKING FOR SCHOLARSHIP.

A party of four Portland girls who are soliciting subscriptions for magazines in order to earn scholarships spent the morning in town visiting the people here. They are traveling by auto and working under the direction of Mr. Rogers, circulation manager for the magazines in question. They left for the south today, and will visit California before returning to Portland. The young ladies are Miss Osa Grimstead, Miss Miller, Miss Munson and Miss Ball.

F. C. Höftron of this city left this morning for Portland and from that point will continue east.

TO BOOM PERSHING FOR PRESIDENCY

The Ohio Republicans Launch Campaign For Placing General Head Ticket.

FICKERT ATTACKS EDITOR

District Attorney of San Francisco Knocks Fremont Older Down—Exposes Conspiracy to Convict Mooney.

(By Associated Press.)
COLUMBUS, Nov. 25.—A campaign for the election of General Pershing to the Presidency of the United States in 1920 was formally launched here today by application to the secretary of state for incorporation of the "Pershing Republican League".

ORDER HITS PORTLAND.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 25.—Wooden ship building concern in the Portland district here received orders cancelling contracts of vessels for the government, upon which work has not yet begun. This order stops contemplated work on about 25 ships for which contracts are held.

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OAKLAND LASSIE TELLS FAIR TRIP

Winner of First Prize In Industrial Work Writes of Her Experience.

PINNED FAITH TO HENS

White Leghorns Responded to Pains-taking Care and Proved Themselves Money Makers—Guest of State at Fair Grounds.

How I won my Trip to the State Fair!

I have been doing club work for two years. I began in March, 1917, with seven S. C. W. Leghorn hens in Division one, or the egg-laying contest. These hens laid fifty-nine dozen eggs in the six months. I lost one hen in August. In Division two: I set thirty eggs, hatched thirty chicks and raised twenty-eight, fifteen of which were pullets.

When fair time came, I sent two pens of chickens to the fair. In Division I, I sent four hens, and in Division II, four pullets and one cockerel. At the County Fair, I won second prize on both pens and at the State Fair, I won fourth prize on both pens, in all ten dollars. This was a great surprise and very encouraging.

On January 1, this year, I began with twenty hens in Division I. I lost one hen in January and another in June. I had an average of eighteen hens from January 1 to Sept. 1, (having used two hens to hatch and raise chickens). These laid 2,485 eggs, for which I received nearly ninety dollars or an average profit of over three dollars per hen.

I had papa make me some trap nests and kept a record of the eggs each hen laid. My best hens laid from twenty-four to twenty-nine eggs a month. One of my best layers (No. 117) laid sixty-five eggs in eight days. When she laid eleven days without minding, I thought it wonderful; but skipping one day, she next laid twenty-one eggs, and missing one day again she then laid twenty-four eggs. Some of my best layers in the year. A few were poor layers. They so to market. I sold eggs for hatching from the best layers.

I fed them whole grain in the litter at morning and noon. At night I fed them a mash composed of cooked oats, beet scrap, bran, shoria, and the prepared laying mash, moistened with skim milk. I always kept oyster shell and grit before them. I fed them about one-half pound of cut bone every day, as long as I could get it.

This year I also raised fifty-four young chickens, twenty-eight being pullets. I sold forty pounds of cockerels, receiving \$8.40 for them. I kept a few of the choicest for breeding.

I won the first prize at the State Fair in Poultry Division I. I am looking forward with great pleasure to my trip to the Oregon Agricultural College next summer.

I intend to take club work again next year. I think I shall take canning and sewing.

MY TRIP TO THE STATE FAIR.

I started for the State fair grounds from Oakland on the morning of September 27, arriving soon after noon. My parents went with me. I was met at the station by Mr. Vedder, who took me to the Boys' and Girls' camp, where I met Mrs. Maris and Miss Harrington, the matrons.

The first thing we did was to make our beds. We were then allowed to go about the Fair Grounds until five o'clock. We had dinner at six. The tables were nicely arranged, the food very nice, and there was always plenty of it. At nearly every meal we had short talks which were very interesting.

One morning we went to the new pavilion and saw the German trophies, which attracted much attention. All the boys and girls of the camp who could go were taken to see the State House on Thursday in a Street car. We went into the Legislative rooms—the Senate Chamber and House of Representatives. The seats and desks reminded me of a school room. They had raised platforms in the front of each room for the President and Speaker. Around each room were pictures of the governors. The Governor, State School Superintendent, and other State officials had their offices in this building. They didn't have time to take us into the penitentiary and asylum, but stopped in front of these places for us to see them.

The next day my parents took Martha, James and me to the park by the state house, where we saw the White Memorial Fountain. We were told that this was an electrical fountain so arranged as to play in many colors and was a beautiful sight at night. On the same day we went into

the printing office of "The Daily Capital Journal", where we saw the Linotype machine working and the galley printed, cut, and folded. My father bought us each a paper, as a souvenir. It just happened that the State Fair prize lists of the Industrial Club members were in it.

As this was my first trip to the State Fair, I do not know what the exhibits were in former years, but all that I saw, were very interesting. Many people visited the stock barn. The Indians work was especially interesting, and the children's exhibits were very attractive. One of the barns was filled with the Boys' and Girls' pigs and sheep.

I stayed at the Fair camp about four days and had an enjoyable time. I wish to thank every one who helped to make it so.

DATES FOR LIVE STOCK SHOW ARE CANCELLED

C. M. McAllister, representative of the Portland stock yards, who was in the city Saturday, passing judgment upon the various dates presented at the auction sale, received word from Portland yesterday that the board of directors of the Pacific International Live Stock show had met and decided to call off the breeding class of this year's show. The occasion for this move, stated the message, was on account of the Lewiston and southern show decision that this division of the show would be abandoned because of the virulence of the Spanish influenza in Idaho and California points. Mr. McAllister was advised that the fat stock show would be held in the Portland stock yards as usual. Supplementing this message to Mr. McAllister came a telegram from Hendershott, secretary-manager of the Northwest Show at Lewiston, which read as follows: On account of the recent outbreak of the "Flu" in Lewiston and the surrounding country, the state, county and city boards of health have requested the live stock show dates be canceled. Accordingly the executive board voted unanimously to abandon the 1918 show. Lewiston and Nez Perce county have more cases of influenza now than at any previous period.

Mr. McAllister who is representative of the North Portland stock yards, will leave for that city this afternoon.

DANIEL FORD PASSES AWAY SUNDAY MORNING

Daniel Ford, for 25 years a resident of this city, died at his home in North Roseburg yesterday afternoon at the age of 81. Deceased was a native of Ireland, and came to America in 1857, and the year following enlisted in the United States army and was sent to Washington Territory, where he was stationed at Fort Walla Walla and at Colville, for purpose of checking Indian raids. In 1862 he was transferred to the Army of the Potomac, and served during the civil war, being wounded during the battle of Ganoes Hill June 1862. He was taken prisoner at Savage Station and confined in Libby Prison until June 1, 1863. Settling in Wisconsin in 1876, he was married to Mrs. Sarah McDonald at Baraboo, Sept. 21, 1881. Two children were born, both of whom are now dead. Deceased is survived by his wife, the funeral will occur tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, the services being held at I. O. O. F. cemetery under the auspices of Reno Post, G. A. R.

ROAD MEETINGS HELD ON NOV. 28 LEGAL

Many questions have been asked about the legality of holding a special tax meeting in road districts on the 28th of November. Being Thanksgiving day, by proclamation of the president, this is a holiday. However the notice was given prior to the proclamation. But the conclusion reached is that it is legal to hold the meeting on that day and it cannot be held at any other time for the reason that the meeting calling the meeting for that day cannot be charged. The returns must be made to the county court on or before the meeting in December, which is the first Wednesday in December.

PRAISE FOR RED CROSS.

The Douglas County Chapter of the American Red Cross has been placed on the honor roll of the national organization for the part taken in providing surgical dressings, garments of various sorts and for knitted goods forwarded for use in the war zone. The local chapter has been zealous in this good work since the war began, and the recognition given of the untiring services of the ladies of Roseburg and the county in giving time and means to this great effort is indeed gratifying to all patriotic people, whether members of the organization or not.

PRINCE MAX WANTS TO KNOW THE FACTS

Writes Letter of Inquiry to Woodrow About Conflicting Reports Circulated.

REGARDS PEACE TERMS

Rumors Reach Berlin that the President is Not the United States—Maximilian Anxious to have the Atmosphere Cleared.

(Translated by T. A. McNeal.)
To His Excellency, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States.

Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your valuable communication of recent date which I have perused with care and some confusion of mind. The Kaiser tells me in confidence that he is in the same fix. I am therefore writing this in the hope that you may be able to relieve us of our perplexities and make it clear to us where we are at and also where you are at.

I had supposed until the last week or two that I had a fairly clear idea as to your position with reference to this war and also with reference to the government of the United States, but at the present time the situation seems rather cloudy to me. I think therefore it would be well before our friendly correspondence continues further, to ask you a few questions. I had been led to suppose, for example, from your previous notes, that the settlement of this war was entirely in your hands and that while as a matter of courtesy you might occasionally mention to France and Great Britain and Italy, what you were doing, it was not a matter of any particular importance whether they were consulted or not. Just recently, however, the disturbing information comes to me and the Kaiser that these nations are holding a conference and fixing up terms which they propose to offer us without asking you whether they may so meet or not. Do they have the right, to speak frankly and plainly, as you would say, to do this?

Secondly: I gather from your extended and varied correspondence that you are not only speaking for the entire people of the United States, but that you were the United States, and that you have been conducting the war largely. I may say, almost entirely as a private matter, and that the only proper business of the United States congress was to ascertain what you wanted done and then proceed to do it without question or back talk of any kind. In this view of the privileges and prerogatives of congress I may say, sir, that your view is in entire harmony with that of the Kaiser and the leading men of Germany. One of the troubles we are having right now is the apparent growth of a fool notion that the German people ought to have some part in the government and that the reichstag ought to be something more than a mere debating society. I now learn on what seems to be reasonable good authority that there are a great many people in the United States who still entertain the opinion that they have a right to elect a congress without consulting you and that the congress when elected is a co-ordinate branch of your government and has a right to some say concerning the manner in which the government shall be run.

In view of all these disturbing and conflicting rumors, before negotiations proceed further between us, I would like to have you answer the following specific questions:

1. Is it true that you are not the entire United States government, but that you represent the whole people, am I to understand that the only people who are entitled to representation are the people who vote the Democratic ticket?
2. Am I to understand that while there are people in the United States calling themselves Republicans, you hold that they have no rights which any white man is bound to respect?
3. Is it your purpose to first disfranchise the Republicans and then prorogue congress entirely?
4. Is it a fact that your assumption, as we have understood it over here, that you have the sole power to fix the terms of peace is unwarranted by the facts or have the governments of France, Great Britain, Italy and Belgium any right to butt in and say what the terms of peace shall be?
5. I told you in a previous letter which you evidently received in due course of mail, that Germany was ready to accept your fourteen principles. You wrote right back and asked what we meant. How do you suppose we could answer that question when so far as I have been able to learn nobody knows what the fourteen principles meant? That was in

(Continued on page 4.)