

mony: "I believe that we are now in a better position to wage a successful contest "He, not like St. Paul, would do that good to his party might come. His actions in urging the members of his party in the Senate to vote for the ratification of that treaty, and his langunge in justification convicts him be-yond doubt, to say the least, of duplicity. That treaty provided for the payment of \$20,000,000 to Spain for the Philippines, the United States agreeing to certain stipulations, the performance of which requires ten years from the date of the ratification of the treaty. A fight had occurred between the American soldiers and the Filipinos two days before the treaty was ratified; and that treaty contains the following section: "The civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants of the territory herein ceded to the United States shall be determined Congress.

It is an insult to the American peo ple and to our flag even to suggest that we abandon the peoples we have released egainst imperialism than we would have been had the treaty been rejected.' from bondage, or, what would be more disgraceful, that we should offer to sell them to the highest bidder. Such a proposition places the American people in the same category with the Chinese, who have neither patriotism nor a foreign policy, and are in consequence utilized as a doormat by the powers of the world. This is too great a question to be con sidered as a mere matter of dollars and Our people want their rights procents. tected; they will not figure on the cost. Bring it down to local government-in the case of street cleaning-the cry is, "We want clean streets," regardless of the cost. They demand them as their right. Just so with our possessionsthe people want the properties acquired by war protected. They will pay for a standing army, a powerful navy, and the protection of our flag the world over rerardless of any monetary consideration. They have proved their willingness to sacrifice their blood for the honor of their country and their flag! and when the question is brought to an issue they will arise as one man and demand expansion as a citizen's sacred right!

der such conditions our best hopes and promises may come to nothing. That's Thos. H. Baker on Moral Sup-

As between the present administration can hardly see how a thoughtful and responsible man can hesitate. Those of us who still cherish old sectional animosities Aguinaldo Would Have Been a Peaceful have but one old idea, that of opposition to Republicanism, and they go for Bry-On the other hand, men of business an. and enterprise, responsible and thoughtful, are almost unanimous against him. To me, Mr. McKinley represents, largely, stability in general management, and improving financial conditions and sound principles. He is trying to do his duty. Under his administration our country has encountered problems and difficulties of immense importance. The Spanish war was against his will. Both parties rushed into it and he could not withstand them. But in that our country, under the guidance of himself and his cabinet, organized a great army, and, by the favor of heaven, achieved a speedy and overwhelming triumph over a great em pire, to the admiration of the world. We were at once approved as a great power among nations. Cuban and Filipino entanglements are unhappy consequences. They can be settled only by experiment

port in Modern Warfare. under the Stars and Stripes.

furnace of war, and made all Americans one. The son of Gen. Grant and the nephew of Gen. Lee marched side by side under one flag and against a common en-These Saxons are said to be bad neighbors. We have some dark spots in our history. The Saxon sometimes has made a bad record. Yet it must also be said right minds." that we have never enslaved a race, without leaving it freer than it was before we enslaved it. For the ages through and the world around, there can be found no such liberties anywhere else as are found

One of our excellent missionaries and his good wife went to an island in Polynesia about fifty years ago. They stayed there sixteen years and their work was wonderfully successful. They found a tribe of savages. They left a tribe af civilized. Christian people, industrious and temperate, "clothed and in their The incident which illustrates my polat occurred during the first year of residence on the island. A chief clothed in sunshine and nothing else called on the missionaries. They treated him politely, but as he left the bouse the missionary but as he left the house the missibury followed him and said: "Chief, we are glad to see you and want you to come again, but in my country men west clothes and my wife is not accustomed to see men without clothing. The next time you come to see us, won't you please put on a little clothing, one or two gar ments at least ?"

"All of this Mr. Bryan knew, yet he poses as the champion of the ratification that spawned imperialism as well as the champion anti-imperialist.

"4. The Kansas City platform characterizes the Philippine war as 'a war of eriminal aggression.' Mr. Bryan running upon that platform said in substance at Indianapolis: 'If elected President, my first act after inauguration will be to convene Congress in extraordinary session and give to the Filipinos a stable and indeper ident government."

"If Mr. Bryan is a friend of the American soldier, as well as a friend to the Filipinos, how can he be consistent in the indorsement of that clause of his platform knowing, as he does, that it can have no other effect than the encouragement of the latter to fight on till after November 67

'He may be able to reconcile it with his superabundant love for humanity, especially the Democratic portion of it, on the theory that it puts him and them in a better position to wage a successful war against imperialism than if it was not in the platform.

"The Democratic party has the hold effrontery to talk about 'the consent of the governed.' when they are the only party in the United States that has been and guilty of governing people without their consent, and not long since believed In the divine right of one man to own another.

"Had it not been for the transfusion of oxidized Populist blood into the veins of the Democratic party in 1896 the 'old cominiscence' would have ceased cheating the undertaker, and a sandstone slab would now be marking the spot of its everlasting home. Its death is prerequisite to any political reform. It is the veritable dog in the manger. It stands to-day as it has always stood, asininely and stubbornly across the pathway of progress.

The party with which I have been identified for nearly twenty-five years has committed sulcide, and I am, metaphor-

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RICHARD CROKER.

New York, Jan. 6, 1899.

POPULIST.

(Continued from first column.)

ically speaking, a political orphan. As an American citizen I claim the right to do my own thinking and to cast my ballot for the right as I conceive it to be. I am not in accord with the Republican party on the finance question. In thinking that other people are mistaken I have on all questions thought that I, too be-

ing human, was liable to err. "I have never claimed that the kind of money which should be coined and used by the people of the United States is specified in the 'Bill of Rights,' but is a question of expediency. The gold standard has been adopted and is on trial

If it proves to be the best for us, well and good. If not, our only appeal is to the people. I consider that question settled for the time being.

"It therefore becomes me, as an Amerlean citizen, to put my vote where I think, all things considered, it will do the most good. I shall therefore support the party of emancipation and progress. "Who dare say that the inhabitants of

Hawaii and the territory ceded by Spain o the United States are not on the high coad to education and civilization, and ven now enjoying a greater degree of freedom than they ever dreamed of while under the domination of Spanish rule and that of Queen Lilioukalani?

"President McKinley's administration has received no word of commendation from the Democratic party for its exaited statesmanship in our critical complication with China. For that, if for nothing more, he deserves the everinsting gratitude of all true Americans."

and in time. The Chinese difficulties have been managed with temperance and wisdom and general credit.

Our financial matters are progressing without panic or trouble. Time and ex-perience will cure them. Free banking alone will settle the currency question.

As things are, it is plain wisdom to let well enough alone. Our case calls for temperance.

As to imperialism, that is nothing but a party cry. We have ten thousand times ore to fear from the despotism of party leaders and the demoralizing means and methods of Tammany and the minor clubs throughout the country, and political machinery generally, than from the enlargement or expansion or exertion of the strong arm of our government following and protecting the enterprise of our citizens.

In Mr. Bryan I can only recognize the champion of change, the leader of the outs against the lns, the mouthpiece of fault-finders, the head center of malcontents, the mirror and kodak of every phase of politics and fanaticism, an India rubber man, and an infant phenomenon. In his last canvass he spent six months in scattering heresies and kindling social antagonisms, and feeding envy, haired, malice and all uncharitableness.

I regard him as a very apostle of con-He has covered up free silver, fusion. with which he was identified, because it did not seem to take. What else he has reserved in his pandora's box-no one knows.

I am no Republican. I claim my right te think for myself, and own my responsibility to vote for the best interests of the commonwealth. And I think the safety of our country depends on every man claiming that right and owning that responsibility. JOHN S. WILLIAMS. Richmond, Vs., Aug. 20, 1900.

Citizen tut for the Encouragement Given H m by Sentimental Traitors.

I do not believe that the Southern border States would have seceded from the Union in 1861 but for the aid and comfort given them by the Copperheads of the North. When one distinguished orator declared that the Union army would have to march over the dead bodies of 40,000 Indiana Democrats before they reached the South, the magnificent utterance electrified Tennessee with hope.

Thousands of men hesitated upon the brink of the awful abyss. They loved the Union and hated the Abolitionists. The Union was a "theory" entwined with beautiful and patriotic sentiments. Slavery was a "condition" in which was insted the hard earnings of a lifetime. At the supreme crisis came the promise of Northern Democrats that they would not let us be hurt: their bitter denunciations of the Republican party. The South made the leap. During the war we saw Indiana regi-

ents and brigades march through the State of Kentucky. "Tramp," "Tramp," "Tramp," they passed through Tenns see, Georgia and South Carolina. We never did learn how the poor fellows got over those 40,000 dead bodies of their Democratic friends and neighbors, We were fully personaded they killed and made a corduroy road of them, because the anti-imperialists of Indiana said they would.

Our next hope after we got mixed up together was that England and France would help us for commercial reasons Vailandigham, Stevenson and a thousand other Copperheads like the good brethren who held up Joshua's arms, held ours up by encouraging us to hold out a little longer, by denouncing the war a "failure" and keeping us posted as to the ovements of our enerales.

This is all ancient history, but I, an old Confederate, can see very readily how the anti-imperialist lengue can materially aid Againaldo and his crowd. Every old soldier, North and South, understands the force of moral support. Our war would not have lasted three months but for Northern Democratic encouragement, and I believe Aguinaldo would have been as peaceful a citizen as Gomez but for the encouragement he has received from the sentimental traitors of the Anti-Imperial League.

THOMAS H. BAKER. United States Marshal Western District of Tennessee

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 27, 1900.

The blowing up of the Maine was an eye-opener to us, and soon to all the world. Our great Washington (we should never speak his name but to honor it). our great Washington said to us, as a little strip of Atlantic colonies, "Beware of foreign entanglements." It was the ight of wisdom. It suited our infancy like a bib. He planed this bib upon us and said, "Keep in the middle of the lot, or the boys on the next lot will throw mud on your bib." So we kept in the middle of the lot, and grew till we outgrew the lot. We grew from three millions to seventy-five millions. The bib was too small for us. It looked like a cotton patch on the breast of our uni

We had more beefsteaks and silk form. dresses, more spelling books and New Testaments, to the thousand people, than could be found anywhere else in the world

We were as much under obligations to help the poorer and more ignorant races St. Paul was to go "far hence as ever. to the Gentiles": but we stuck to our Atlantic waters, coasted by our shores, we held on to our little big, contented, expeeting to stay always in our western waters.

But one day the Spanish touched off a magazine under us. Then the jig was up. Come what might, we must fight to the finish. We went up into the air, and came down everywhere-to stay.

This sent us out about our providential job; this made missionaries of us. We are in Manila. We are ready to help China

God has expanded us; we can't help it. Yon might as well try to eatch yonder eagle perched on a crag of the mountains, pluming his pinions to wrestle with the whirlwind, and then try to crowd him back into the little eggshell out of which he has broken, as to try to throttle this American race and crowd it back into the thirteen original colonies. Some of the old gentlemen on that old soil of some of those old thirteen colonies, who have never left it, may think it would be a

good thing for our great continent-embracing people to come back home. But it is impossible. God has expanded us.

Long years ago, back in the forties, Thomas H. Benton, United States Senator from Missouri, standing in his place the Senate, pleading for a Pacific railroad, pointed toward the setting sun and "See there, gentlemen, there is cried: the East!"

To-day we catch up our papers and

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The chief promised compliance. A fer days after, he entered the missionaries home with a satisfied smile on his face,

saying, "Me all right now." He had on a shirt collar and a pair of

My son, Mr. Bryan and his friends are badly deceived if they think that their "imperialism" collar and "millitur ism" socks will hide the free trade and free silver nakedness of the Democratie party from the gaze of the American people

By the way, speaking of "militarism, I advise you always to watch with suspicion any man or any party that is afraid of the United States army. Out army is a volunteer army of as gallant They men as the sun ever shone upon. are our defenders and the protectors of our persons and property. Hard-work-ing, uncomplaining, brave and faithful, they follow the flag through summer sun and winter's storms, through trop cal jungles and the dangers of fever and of battle for you and me and for their country's sake. If a man is a good, law abiding citizen he has no reason to be afraid of an American soldier.

I was one, my father was one, al grandfather was one, and my great grandfather was one, and I feel like taking off my hat to every soldier I meet And whenever I find a man who is afraid of the "tyranny" of our gallant little army, I feel like asking him what he has been doing. It is a small army for so great a nation, and the introduc "militarism" in this campaigs tion of shows that our Democrdatic friends are hard up for an lasue.

YOUR FATHER.

CLERGYMAN.

(Continued from fifth column.)

look through the Golden Gate for the East, the far East. The ages are rolled

together at our feet. We are standing by the cradle of China; she is asking us for deliverance. She has caught the vision of a Northern Bear "that walks like a man," and she

is asking America to save her. CHARLES H. FOWLER, D. D.

Buffalo, N. Y.