

The Weekly Chronicle.

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PORTO RICANS ON THE UNITED STATES FINANCES.

The following article is from the "Correspondencia de Puerto Rico" of April 26, 1900. It is interesting in that it shows how our new wards sum up the political differences between our two great parties on the money question:

"The fiscal campaign of the democrats, or better said, of Mr. Bryan, for an enlarged metallic circulation, has passed to the category of settled questions. It is a dead letter, in view of the statistics that have just been published. There is now circulated in the United States more gold, more silver and more paper money than in any epoch in the history of the union. For the first time the per capita wealth has reached \$26.12, and for the first time in the history of the country there is in circulation the sum of \$2,000,000,000.

"During the last five years the sum of money in circulation on the first day of April has been as follows: April 1, 1896, \$1,528,628,463; April 1, 1897, 1,869,908,645; April 1, 1898, 1,750,938,645; April 1, 1899, 1,927,846,942; April 1, 1900, 2,021,274,504.

"This demonstrates that during the four years that the administration has been in the hands of Mr. McKinley the circulating medium of the United States has increased \$492,645,943, which is 23 per cent.

"The increase of the circulation of gold has also been enormous. On April 1, 1900, there were \$785,845,549 in gold coin and gold certificates, while in 1896 at the beginning of the McKinley administration this same circulation was only \$489,151,595, making an increase of 60 per cent in the four years.

"The language of figures is most eloquent, and there is no remedy except to bow to the force of their arguments."

The Hillsboro Independent says that the Oregonian makes a mistake when it charges the defeat of the republican legislative ticket to the McBride influence. The defeat is rather due to the men, who, heretofore, have acted with the Corbett-Simon management, and are now utterly disgusted with their methods. Those are the men who did the work, for if they had voted as they did two years ago, republican candidates would have been elected as they were in 1898. To further prove that McBride did not do it, note the vote of Columbia county, McBride's home. Had Senator McBride or his friends refused support to the ticket, Cornelius, for joint senator, would have been beaten. Yet McBride's own county is the only place in the district where Cornelius got a majority. The Oregonian should revise its style of criticism.

The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business May 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,122,608,811, a decrease for the month of \$2,193,574; which is accounted for by the redemption of bonds. The amount of bonds so far exchanged at the treasury for the new 2 per cent bonds of 1900 is \$285,355,850, of which \$64,560,400 were received from individuals and institutions other than national banks. The amount of old 2 per cent bonds so far redeemed at the treasury is \$510,500. Total cash, \$1,104,281,826.

Ex-Secretary of State Kincaid has been elected county judge of Lane county by one majority. If Kincaid had a bit of spunk in him he would feel insulted by a vote like that and resign; but he won't.

The "silver republicans" of Washington state, for a very good reason, have not held any local convention, but a "mass convention" of the "silver republicans" of the state has been called for the purpose of choos-

ing delegates to the "mass convention" of that party at Kansas City. The Oregon "silver republicans" had a "mass convention" in Portland, also; it was attended by just two men, and one of them appointed every "silver republican" in the state he could think of—about thirty—as a delegate, and several of these are not "silver republicans." What a titling farce the pretended "silver republican" party is, anyway!—Telegram.

Judge W. K. Townsend, in the United States district court of the southern district of New York, has handed down an opinion in the case of John H. Goetz & Co. vs. the United States, in which he declares the treaty of Paris valid, and that the status of the people of Porto Rico is that of inhabitants of a foreign country, as regards the constitution of the United States and within the meaning of the tariff acts.

The very men who were most rampantly eager for the United States to enter Cuba are now most bistrustful in their demands for immediate withdrawal from that island. In the former case they did not stop to ask whether intervention were necessary. Now they do not consider whether continued control of the island is desirable. All they want is "anything to put the republicans in a hole."—N. Y. Tribune.

The organizations of labor in the United States has grown equally as fast as the organization of trusts. With a membership of 1,004,000 on January 1, 1900, the American Federation of Labor has since enrolled 304,000 more members, besides issuing 1,500 local charters this year. The past three years have been those of greatest success for the consolidation of labor interests.

A recent letter from Manila says: "The speech of Senator Beveridge has been translated and a copy placed in the hands of every native. This speech is thought to be responsible for much of the unrest and turbulence now so prevalent—the natives are convinced, after reading the speech, that it is the intention to keep them in subjection for commercial exploitation."

Democratic papers are making a great outcry about the Cuban postal frauds. But they forget to point out that the record of defalcations of government funds shows stealings of \$5.17 in every \$1000 under democratic administrations, as compared with only 46 cents in every \$1000 under republican administrations.

Tony Noltner's head is level when he says in the Dispatch: "The managers of the national committee should shut down on Cyclone Davis' biennial excursions to Oregon. They are expensive to the party and of no value. In fact Oregon has orators to spare and is not in need of any imports."

The export trade of the south for the past twelve months amounted to over \$400,000,000, more than one-third of that of the entire country. These are figures which speak more eloquently than the narrow southern politicians who contribute so liberally to the Congressional Record.

New York bankers have loaned France \$15,000,000, and would be pleased to do a little more accommodating in that particular line. There must be prosperity when our bankers are compelled to go away from home in order to find people to loan their money to.

The free riot plank of the Chicago platform has been in active practical operation in St. Louis for a couple of months at a cost to the taxpayers of that city of a round million of dollars.

The average price of wire nails in the United States last year was \$2.57 per keg of 100 pounds, as compared with an average of \$2.50 in 1896. The increase, therefore, was only 7 cents a keg notwithstanding the much higher cost of raw material.

The protective United States furnished last year, 39.25 per cent of all the steel produced in the world and 34.56 per cent of all the pig-iron. Free trade Great Britain produced

only 18.44 per cent of the steel and 23.61 per cent of the pig-iron.

Exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippine and Samoan Islands will reach \$45,000,000 in the fiscal year ending with this month, being three times larger than in 1896. This is good expansion.

The Standard Oil Company's rival has increased its capital to \$10,000,000. This looks like a fight coming between two of the big trusts.

American manufactured goods to the value of \$40,000,000 were shipped to foreign countries last April. This is a record-breaker.

A Stupid Ruling Reversed.

At the meeting of the Washington wool-growers association, which met in North Yakima on the 6th of May, it was decided to reject the application for grazing privileges on the forest reserve in that state of H. W. Wells, of this city, provided it was found that he was a registered voter of the state of Oregon. Mr. Wells appealed to Washington, placing his appeal in the hands of Congressman Moody, and in exactly seven days from the time the appeal was mailed to Mr. Moody, an answer came by wire that his application was allowed and that henceforth all that is necessary to secure grazing privileges on the reserve is that the sheep are actually owned and permanently kept within the state. The wonder is that anybody should have been guilty of such a stupid ruling as would exclude sheep from the reserve if they happened to be owned by a man who, for any reason, had his residence in another state.

This Chronicle understands that Mr. Curtis, of Curtis & Smith, of Centerville, was excluded from the reserve because he had brought his family temporarily to The Dalles for the education of his children. The new ruling will reinstate him and others similarly situated.

An Anti-Expansionist Converted.

The following is an extract from a letter which appeared in the Prineville Review of last week, from a young man, a former resident of that town, now in the Philippines, Johnny Poindexter by name, who by birth and life-long affiliations and environment is or was a bed-rock democrat:

"This is a wonderful country. It seems very fertile and is very level. There are many streams—all very sluggish; water not fit to drink. All the water is boiled and filtered. There are thousands of acres of open level land lying idle now that used to be rice fields. This is a great country for American enterprise and push. All it lacks is development and it will be the garden spot and paradise of the world. This is just the country we need, and in the course of a few years, perhaps two or three generations, it will repay tenfold for all it has cost the United States. These islands are of wonderful resources and all the argument that the anti-expansionist need is to see these islands and they would soon be convinced that our government should hold them. I was anti-expansionist until I came over here, but I have seen enough to convince me that I was wrong."

"Lish" Is All Right.

A Salem dispatch in yesterday's Telegram says: "Lish" Honesaker, a middle-aged man who has lived in Salem a long time, started for Hood River May 14th and has not yet reached that place nor been heard from by his friends here. He was seen in Portland, but his movements since are unknown. He had about \$50 with him and was not a drinking man.

"Lish" left The Dalles a couple of days ago after spending about a week at the Umattilla House. He worked for a while for D. P. Ketchum. Where he went when he left here we have not been able to learn; but his friends need have no uneasiness concerning him. He was an odd looking genius, but not a whit odder looking than lots of other Willamette valley folks. He took good care of himself while here and seemed abundantly able to continue to do so.

Catarrah Cannot Be Cured.

with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrah Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrah. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best. 12

A girl is wanted to do general housework by Mrs. J. C. Hostetter. Good wages will be given to a competent party. j15-61

Fresh cracked Nebraska corn at the Wasco warehouse. Finest kind of chicken feed. mch25-11

TIMELY WARNING.

Of Interest to Campers and Others on the Forest Reserves.

DEPT. OF AGR., June 15, 1900.

EDWIN CARROLL: DEAR SIR:—As the dry season is now at hand, and forest fires are liable to occur through the carelessness of those entering the forest reserves of our state, would you please call the attention of the general public to the act of February 1897 (29 Stat., 394), entitled "An Act to Prevent Forest Fires in the Public Domain."

During the season of 1900, for violation of the first section under my supervision and evidence sufficient to arrest and convict, and upon the conviction of the party or parties, I offer a reward of \$100. For violation of section two under my supervision, and evidence sufficient to arrest and convict, and upon the conviction of the party or parties, I offer a reward of \$50.

The necessity of protecting our forest reserves from destruction by fires must be apparent to every thinking person, and the law governing forest fires will be strictly enforced under my supervision. Very Respectfully,

W. H. H. DURRIN, Forest Supervisor Northern Division Cascade Forest Reserve and Bull Run Reserve.

The act referred to by Mr. Durrin reads as follows:

That any person who shall wilfully or maliciously set on fire, or cause to be set on fire, any timber, underbrush, or grass upon the public domain, or shall carelessly or negligently leave or suffer fire to burn unattended near any timber or other inflammable material, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the same, shall be fined in a sum not more than \$5000 or be imprisoned for a term of not more than two years, or both.

SEC. 2.—That any person who shall build a camp fire, or other fire, in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material upon the public domain, shall, before breaking camp or leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same. Any person failing to do so shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the same, shall be fined in a sum not more than \$1000 or be imprisoned for a term of not more than one year, or both.

SEC. 3.—That in all cases arising under this act the fines collected shall be paid into the public school fund of the county in which the lands where the offense was committed are situate.

Watch and Chain Restored to Owner.

Monday's Daily.

Last Tuesday a couple of young fellows, strangers here, left a gold watch with Adeox & Co. asking to have a trifling repair done to the case and to have the name "Jesse," which was engraved on the inside, rubbed out. Mr. Adeox, suspecting that the watch was stolen, delayed the execution of the work under various pretexts till the end of the week, and meanwhile notified Special Night Watchman Alisky. After communicating with the Portland chief of police and the authorities at other points, it was learned that the daughter of C. L. Rodgers, of Hood River, had some time ago, while in church, lost a watch answering the description of the one left with Adeox & Co. This was Friday night after the authorities here had given up all hope of being able to hold the young fellows on the charge of theft and had allowed them to get possession of the watch from the jeweler. On receipt of the news a search was immediately instituted and Mr. Alisky, about midnight Friday night, found the boys on the top of a freight car of a train that was about to pull out for the Alisky threw his lantern in their faces and ordered them down; but they jumped off on the other side of the car and took to their heels. Later in the night one of them came to Alisky and delivered up the watch, admitting that it had been stolen, but, of course, by the other fellow. He said he did not want any trouble but wanted the thief arrested and was willing to be arrested too, after helping Alisky to hunt for the supposed thief for about three hours without effect, he was let go on promise to report his whereabouts, which he has done twice already.

This morning Mrs. C. L. Rodgers came up from Hood River, and upon identification of the watch, it was handed over to her by Sheriff Kelly. The gold chain that was attached to the watch when stolen, was handed over to Mrs. Rodgers by Mr. Adeox on payment of a small sum that he had given for it, under the impression that the owner, if he ever heard of it, would be glad to redeem it at less than a quarter of its value rather than take chances of never hearing of it again.

Sheriff Kelly thinks the boys are escapes from the reform school. The watch and chain thus restored to their owner cost \$60.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has applied to the county court of the state of Oregon, for Wasco county, to have his name changed to J. C. K. Fairview, and that said application will be heard by said court on the 2nd day of July, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time all persons may offer and show cause, if they have any, why the same should not be granted. J20-11w JOHN MCCARAN.

Boys' sweaters 25 cents at the New York Cash Store. We have better ones if you wish them.



The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Advertisement for Louis Comini, featuring a decorative border and text: "Before you place any orders for a tombstone or for curbing, fencing or other cemetery work, call on Louis Comini. I will not only give you all the information you need but I will quote you prices you cannot beat anywhere. Let no one bluff you. It will take only a few minutes to call and see me. If you have a neighbor who ever did business with me consult him as to the price and quality of my work and abide by the result. Louis Comini"

Advertisement for H. Glenn & Co. featuring the text: "CLEANLINESS..... is being advocated by all parties regardless of race, color or previous condition of servitude. Remember we make our customers glad when they buy or Pure Prepared Paints. There is a finish and gloss to its work that is admired by all. Paints, Oils, Glass, Picture and Room Moldings. Be sure and inspect our stock of Wall Paper. Designs for 1900 on Display. Washington Street, between Second and Third. H. GLENN & CO."

Advertisement for C. J. Stubling featuring the text: "C. J. STUBLING Wholesale and Retail Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Agent for the Great American Liquor Yellowstone Sour Mash Whiskey. WHISKEY from \$2.75 to \$6.00 per gallon. (4 to 15 years old.) IMPORTED COGNAC from \$7.00 to \$12.00 per gallon. (11 to 20 years old.) CALIFORNIA BRANDIES from \$3.25 to \$6.00 per gallon. (4 to 11 years old.) ONLY THE PUREST LIQUORS SOLD. COLUMBIA BEER on draught, and Val Blatz and Olympia Beer in bottles Imported Ale and Porter. JOBBERS IN IMPORTED and DOMESTIC CIGARS."

Advertisement for Jacobsen Book & Music Co. featuring the text: "Jacobsen Book & Music Co. Hammocks Hammocks Just Arrived The largest and most complete line at Rock Bottom Prices. Grandall & Burget DEALERS IN All kinds of Funeral Supplies ROBES, Burial Shoes Etc. The Dalles, Or."