

FENIAN SCARE AT VICTORIA, B. C.

Reports That Attempts Were to Be Made to Blow Up Buildings Caused Excitement.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 1.—(Special to the Telegram).—During the celebration of last week a number of reports were going the rounds to the effect that an attempt was to be made in this city by Boer sympathizers or Fenians, to do damage to the forts and public buildings—the theater on the night of the big patriotic concert of Wednesday last being particularly spoken of. As a rule not much credit is given to these reports, but this time there was good foundation for them.

On Monday of last week word was received here from the British consul at San Francisco that men had left there with the object of doing damage to the forts and theater. Previous information from the same source had proven so correct that some alarm was felt among the naval and military officials, and those civilians to whom it was necessary to convey the news. Strong guards were placed on all the naval and military works, the old ones being changed without a moment's notice; the theater was searched from the basement to the dome before the concert commenced and three Pinkerton detectives who had descriptions of the men reported to have come North, stood at the entrance and closely scrutinized each person who passed in.

It is not known that the men were seen here, but it will be admitted the authorities had reason to feel alarmed when it is stated that just before the blowing up of the Welland canal, a report was received from the same source in San Francisco that attempts were to be made to blow up public buildings and public works throughout Canada. A few days after the canal explosion occurred an attempt to get into Fort Macaulay was frustrated by the guard. Military authorities here state their belief that Fenians have headquarters in San Francisco.

A FOUL MURDER AT PORTLAND

Mrs. Naomi Moss Murdered in a Lonely Park—Husband Suspected of the Crime.

PORTLAND, Or., Telegram, June 1.—Mrs. Naomi Moss, better known as Miss Naomi Clute, wife of Riley M. Moss, was shot through the heart and killed near Willamette Heights park between 10 and 11 o'clock last night. Suspicion rests upon the woman's husband, and jealousy is believed to have been the motive. Officers are seeking Moss, but the search thus far has been in vain. Mrs. Moss was the daughter of Charles Clute, well known in Portland, where he has lived several years.

The conductor of a Washington-street car recalls having taken Mrs. Moss and a man who answers the description of her husband to the entrance of the park at about 10 o'clock last evening. The couple left the car and sat down on a bench near at hand. The car then started back down town. A few moments later a woman's screams for help, followed by two pistol shots in quick succession were heard. The police were notified and a thorough search of the park made, but without avail. This morning the woman's dead body was found.

No New Plague Cases. SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Health officers report that no new cases of plague, either alive or dead, have been reported this morning. The work of cleansing the town is proceeding, and it is the opinion of leading physicians that the plague, if it really exists, cannot possibly spread under the regime now being followed by the Health Board and its employees.

Machinists' Strike. PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Machinists of this city have for some time been preparing for a strike in the event of the failure of their employers to grant their demands. There are 13,000 of them in this city, and today they presented a demand for an eight-hour instead of nine-hour day, at the same rate of wages.

Trimmed hats and patterns at cost for the next thirty days at the Campbell & Wilson millinery parlors. 23-ff

ONE NEGATIVE VOTE CAST

Littlefield Anti-Trust Bill Passed by the House—Mann of Illinois Voted "No."

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Only one vote was cast in the House today against the Littlefield anti-trust bill to amend the Sherman anti-trust act to make it more effective in the prosecution of trusts, their agents or attorneys. Mann (Rep. Ill.) cast the negative vote. The bill, according to the statements of the republican leaders, goes to the limit of the authority of congress under the constitution. All the democratic minority amendments, except one, were defeated. That was an amendment declaring that nothing in the act should be construed to apply to trades unions or labor organizations. All except eight republicans—Aldrich (Ala.), Allen and Littlefield (Me.), Bailey, Long and Calderhead (Kan.), and Cannon and Hitt (Ill.), voted for it.

The bill amends the Sherman anti-trust law so as to declare every contract or combination in the form of a trust or conspiracy in restraint of commerce among the states or foreign nations illegal, and every party to such act or combination guilty of a crime punishable by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000, and by imprisonment not less than six months nor more than two years. It provides that any person injured by a violation of the provisions of the law may recover three-fold damages. The definition of "person" and "persons" in the recent law is enlarged so as to include the agents, officers or attorneys of corporations. For purposes of commerce it declares illegal all corporations or associations formed or carrying on business for purposes declared illegal by the common law; provides that they may be perpetually enjoined from carrying on interstate commerce, and forbids them the use of the United States mails. It provides for the production of persons and papers, and confers jurisdiction upon United States Circuit and District courts for the trial of cases under it, and authorizes any person, firm, corporation or association to begin and prosecute proceedings under it.

British Bold Back. LONDON, June 2, 3:15 a. m.—Lord Roberts continues silent regarding Pretoria, probably because he cannot wire of events from his own personal knowledge. Laurence Marques, where all the news from the Boer side is rehandled, cables that communication with Pretoria is now suspended.

Some messages by courier have reached Laurence Marques, but none of later date than Wednesday. These assert that the burghers are in a state of panic, and that Pretoria is being controlled by a vigilance committee. Laurence Marques again sends the report that President Kruger has been captured. A dispatch from Vryburg, dated May 30, says:

"During the occupation of this place by the Boers, they flogged the natives for slight offenses. A whip and several cords knotted and salted were found at the police station. A boy who brought a letter to a woman received twenty-five lashes, and another who sympathized with him received fifteen."

Lost in the House. WASHINGTON, June 1.—The house of representatives today after a lively debate extending over two days, defeated the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment empowering congress to regulate trusts. It requires a two-thirds vote under the constitution to adopt an amendment to the constitution. The vote stood ayes 164, noes 131. The affirmative vote, therefore, was 38 short of the requisite two-thirds—192. Five democrats, Campbell (Mont.), Napten (Mass.), Scudder (N. Y.), Sibley (Penn.), and Thayer (Mass.), and one silverite, Neulanda (Nev.), voted with the republicans for the resolution, and two republicans, Loud (Cal.) and McCall (Mass.) with the democrats. These were the only breaks from party lines. The populists voted solidly against the resolution.

Relief and Pension Bill. CHICAGO, June 1.—An elaborate relief and pension plan was submitted to the employees of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company today. The plan embraces all the best features of the relief department of the Baltimore & Ohio, and the pension fund of the Pennsylvania company.

Use Clarke & Falk's quinine hair tonic to keep dandruff from the head.

ENDED HIS OWN LIFE

Conscience Made a Coward of Murderer Moss—Last Chapter of a Tragedy—Stricken With Terror for the Consequences of His Crime, He Effectually Escaped Hanging.

OREGONIAN, June 3.—Riley L. Moss, the man who murdered his wife in Willamette Heights Park Thursday night, put an end to his earthly troubles last evening by sending a bullet through his own heart. He had carried the burden of his awful crime for two days. Then, forgetting what might be beyond, in his mad desire to escape from conscience and from self, he used the one remaining borrowed bullet to close the last chapter in his eventful life.

At 7:30 o'clock he entered the Silver State lodging-house, corner of Seventh and Washington streets. Passing along the hallway, he entered a closet in the rear, and there he killed himself. He is said to have been seen a short time before, sitting on the curbstone on Seventh street, just opposite the house, engaged in conversation with some one, but who this was could not be ascertained.

Moss did not have a room in the house, and was unknown to the occupants. He is supposed to have used the entrance and stairway leading from Seventh street.

Mrs. Lena Bordaraco, the landlady, states that she was in the kitchen, engaged in lighting a lamp, when she heard the report of a pistol. She immediately hurried in the direction from whence the sound came. She was unable to open the door leading to the closet, so she telephoned to the police station for assistance. Policeman Quinton was at once dispatched to the scene, and, on breaking in the door, discovered Moss lying on his back, dead.

Dudley Evans, who was sitting with his wife in a millinery store downstairs, heard of the occurrence, and sounded the alarm. Coroner Rand was summoned, and also the police patrol wagon. The news quickly spread, and soon a large crowd of people surrounded the building, and the question asked by everybody was, "Was it Moss?" The identity of the man had, up to this time, not been discovered, no examination of the body having been made, pending the arrival of the coroner. The crowd was therefore eager and expectant, but with the universal certainty of conjecture that it must surely have been Moss.

The people did not have long to wait, as Coroner Rand soon came, and a hurried investigation disclosed that the crowd had guessed correctly, and that Moss had paid the penalty of his awful crime.

A search of his clothing brought forth the picture of his wife, which he had carried in an inside coat pocket. An inspection of the revolver with which he had killed himself showed that it tallied with the description of the one recently purchased here by Moss, and persons who knew Moss were soon at hand and positively identified the remains. The dead man wore a gray coat and vest, black trousers, a checked shirt, bow tie, and a gray cap. These were the articles purchased of the second-hand dealer on Third street Tuesday morning.

A large crowd followed the remains to the morgue, where for an hour or two a throng of curious people filed in and out, viewing the lifeless form of the dead man.

Where Has He Been? The detectives have been unable to tell just where Moss spent the time between Friday morning, when seen on Third street, and yesterday evening. Rumors were received from time to time at police headquarters that he had been seen, but the officers were unable to locate him or to find those who were sure they had seen him. Only a few minutes before the report of the suicide had been received by the police, Detective Ford had been informed that Moss had been seen in the vicinity of the Silver State lodging-house. He was on his way there when he heard that the man he wanted had killed himself.

Impending Strike. DENVER, Col., June 1.—A strike is dependent upon the result of a conference being held today between the master and journeymen plumbers in this city. The men are receiving \$4 per day. Recently they struck for an advance, but were induced to return to work until today to permit the contractors to complete work contracted for under the old conditions.

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AGUINALDO OR HIS ADJUTANT SHOT

Companions Took Him Away—Richly Caparisoned Horse Was Left, With Saddle-Bags Containing Insurgent's Dairy and Papers.

VIGAN, Luzon, via Manila, June 3.—Major March, with his detachment of the Thirty-third regiment, overtook what is believed to have been Aguinaldo's party on May 19, at Lagat, about 100 miles northeast of Vigan. The Americans killed or wounded an officer supposed to be Aguinaldo, whose body was removed by his followers.

Aguinaldo had 100 men, Major March 135, the American commander reaching La Bogán, where Aguinaldo had made his headquarters since March 6, on May 7. Aguinaldo had fled seven hours before leaving all the beaten trails and traveling through the forest along the beds of streams. Toward evening, May 19, Major March struck Aguinaldo's outpost about a mile outside of Lagat, killed four Filipinos and capturing two. From the latter he learned that Aguinaldo had camped there for the night, exhausted and half starved.

Major March's men entered Lagat on the run. They saw the insurgents scattering into the bushes or over the plateau. A thousand yards beyond the town, on the mountain side, the figures of 25 Filipinos dressed in white with their leader on a gray horse were silhouetted against the sunset. The Americans fired a volley, and saw the officer drop from his horse. His followers fled, carrying the body. The Americans on reaching the spot, caught the horse, which was richly saddled. Blood from a badly wounded man was on the animal and on the ground. The saddle-bags contained Aguinaldo's diary and some private papers, including proclamations. One of these was addressed: "To the Civilized Nations." It protested against the American occupation of the Philippines.

There was also found copies of Senator Beveridge's speech, translated into Spanish and entitled: "The Death Knell of the Filipino People." Major March, believing that the Filipinos had taken to a river which is a tributary of the Chico, followed it for two days, reaching Tiao, where he learned that a party of Filipinos had descended the river May 20th on a raft with the body of a dead or wounded man upon a litter, covered with palm leaves. There Major March reviewed his command, shoeless and exhausted, and picked out twenty-four of the freshest men, with whom he beat the surrounding country for six days longer, but without finding any trace of the insurgents. The Americans pushed on, and arrived at Aparri May 29.

The officer shot was either Aguinaldo or his adjutant, and as the horse was richly caparisoned it is a fair presumption that it was Aguinaldo.

Reported By Roberts. LONDON, June 2.—A cablegram from Lord Roberts, dated Johannesburg, May 31st, but which was not dispatched from there until 8:30 a. m. of June 1st, has been received by the war office. It says: "The occupation of Johannesburg passed off quite satisfactorily, thanks to the excellent arguments made by Dr. Krans, the Transvaal commandant here, and order prevailed throughout the town. Dr. Krans met me on my entrance to Johannesburg, and rode by my side to the government offices, where he introduced me to the heads of the several departments, all of whom acceded to my request that they would continue to carry on their respective duties until they could be relieved of them.

"Johannesburg is very empty, but a good crowd of people assembled in the main square by the time the British flag was being hoisted. A royal salute was fired, and three cheers for the queen were given. At the end of the ceremonies the Seventh and Eleventh divisions marched past with the naval brigade, the heavy artillery and two brigade divisions of the royal field artillery. Gen. Ian Hamilton's column and the cavalry division and mounted infantry were too far away to take part in the ceremony. The Fourteenth and naval brigades have been left in Johannesburg to preserve order, while the remainder of the force is encamped north of the town on the Pretoria road."

Wanted. A girl to do general house work. Inquire at the Dalles Lumbering Co.'s office. may 29-1w

Clarke & Falk have on sale a full line of paint and artist's brushes.

BOXERS NOT SUPPRESSED

Eight Americans Missing From One Mission—They Have Destroyed a Thousand Mission Houses—Their Number is Increasing.

TIEN-TSIN, Sunday, June 3.—Two more of the party of foreigners who fled from Pao-Ting Fu have arrived here. One of them was badly injured. The relief expedition has returned, and the Cosacks returned this evening. They report that they had a fight with the Boxers at Tsili, killing sixteen and wounding many. Lieutenant Bienskey, Dr. Hamilton, a trooper and a civilian were wounded.

It is reported from Pao-Ting-Fu that eight Americans and three members of the China Inland Mission are missing. The missionaries are in great danger. No further news has been received regarding the missing refugees.

Who the Boxers Are.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Rev. Dr. D. Z. Sheffield, president of the North China College of the American Board of Foreign Missions, who has been selected by the First Congregational church to be its paid missionary in foreign lands, gave a lecture at the church last night. He has been in China thirty years. Speaking of the present situation in that country, he said:

"I have the gravest apprehension of danger to the mission stations in Northern China. The Boxers are not upheld openly by the government, but secretly. The Boxers are also known as the Society of the Great Knife. They are banded together for the preservation of conservatism. They are religious fanatics, claiming that spirits urge them on, and that they are immune from death or injury as long as they remain loyal to the silent voices. At first they attacked the native churches belonging to the Roman Catholic Missions, but soon began to wage war on the Protestant churches and missions as well.

"They have destroyed 700 houses belonging to the Roman Catholics and 300 belonging to the Protestant denominations. They are adding to the numbers, and it will take the most strenuous efforts on the part of the Chinese government to suppress them.

"I am glad the marines were landed, but they will find their time occupied in protecting the cities alone. Foreign intervention will result in the overthrow of the present government."

Catarrh Cannot be Cured with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHERNEY & Co., Props., Toledo O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best. 12

Mrs. John Sherman Dead. MASSFIELD, O., June 4.—Mrs. John Sherman died at midnight, aged 72 years. She was Miss Margaret Cecilia Stewart, only child of the late Judge Stewart of this city. She was married to Mr. Sherman December 31, 1848. There were no children. She was born here, and will be buried here.

A Thousand Tongues Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the throat, chest or lungs. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store; every bottle guaranteed. 5

You will not have boils if you take Clarke & Falk's sure cure for boils.

OUR COMMERCE WITH THE ORIENT

Its Astonishing Development During the Last Year—Import Trade Was Doubled.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—United States Consul-General Goodnow, at Shanghai, has transmitted to the state department an interesting statement in regard to the Chinese commerce last year, which the consul says was characterized by an astonishing development.

The net value of the import trade for 1899 was \$188,103,778, double that of 1890. The importation of opium was over 1,000,000 pounds in excess of the imports during the preceding year.

The trade in cotton goods, which had remained practically stationary for three years, made a great advance, rising from \$54,265,357 in 1898 to \$73,571,917. In piece goods a great increase in the imports of American product was noted, although it was considerably checked by the high prices ruling during the last quarter of the year.

The importation of sundries rose from \$66,658,167 to \$79,318,726. The value of the flour imported was \$2,266,138, and all of it came from the United States.

The value of last year's exports from China is estimated at \$139,105,123, and this amount, as in the case of the imports, is more than double that shown in 1890. China's exports, it is said, are at present checked by price and inferior quality, due respectively to the cost of transportation and the heavy taxation, and to adulteration and faulty methods of preparation. Prices will come down, and the demand for Chinese wares increase, says the consul, when railways bring the goods more cheaply and the government takes steps to prevent the adulteration now rampant. The exportation of tea to the United States was 5,000,000 pounds in excess of the amount sent out in 1898.

"It is a humiliating fact," says Consul-General Goodnow, "that of the total tonnage of vessels entering and clearing from Chinese ports last year, the United States only contributed one per cent of the total tonnage, the American flag floated over only three per cent."

TRAINMEN'S PLUCKY FIGHT

Exciting Hold-up Sixty Miles From St. Louis—The Engineer Escaped to His Engine and Ran Away With the Train—Bloodhounds After Robbers.

St. LOUIS, June 4.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Longview, Texas, says the northbound cannon ball train on the International and Great Northern was held up after midnight near Price's Switch, sixty miles south of this city, and but for the plucky fight of Express Messenger Rutherford and Baggage Master Strong and the strategy of Engineer Rich, another robbery would have taken place.

The engineer saw a pile of cross ties and lumber on the track and stopped. He was ordered down by three masked men, who forced the engineer and fireman to unhook the mail, baggage and express cars and pull about two miles from the remainder of the train. The robbers then commanded the messenger to open the door of his car and falling to get any response, made Fireman Love break a hole in the end with a coal pick.

While this was being done the fireman begged the messenger and baggage men not to shoot. The messenger, who was well protected by a barricade, said he would kill the first man who entered the hole. Love was forced in and the messenger shouted: "Get aside, Love!" as he fired through the hole. His shot just missed the robber, who undertook to kill the messenger by shooting through the side of the car. In the confusion resulting, Engineer Rich crawled upon his engine, pulled the throttle wide open and left the robbers behind. A quick run was made to Jacksonville, fifteen miles north. At daybreak the penitentiary bloodhounds were brought from Rusk and put on the trail.

This hold-up occurred near the place where the same train was robbed five years ago.

Ivy poisoning, poison wounds and all other accidental injuries may be quickly cured by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is also a certain cure for piles and skin diseases. Take no other.