

The Dalles Chronicle

WILL NOT SEND NAVY TO TURKEY.

Sultan Will Be Given Time to Study the Matter—He Has Made Concessions.

New York, May 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Naval coercion of Turkey to obtain a settlement of the American missionary claims is not contemplated by the administration.

The administration is well satisfied with the concessions made by the Sultan. He is anxious that the Sultan shall keep his promise to pay the claims, it feels that he has already been considerate of this government in permitting the reconstruction of the American mission in Harpoot, and in the extension of Roberts' College in Constantinople.

WILL TRY TO HOLD OUT.

Replied Cheerfully to Request of Lord Roberts, Who is Now Believed to Be Organizing Strong Relief Force, Under General Hunter.

LONDON, May 1.—A dispatch from Mafeking, dated April 20th, says: "The Boers have been busy for several days, blowing up the railway southwards. There was little firing during the past week. The town will respond cheerfully to Lord Roberts' request to hold out for another month. Fever is rife, but otherwise the health of the garrison is good and all are well."

New York, May 1.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: A significant item of intelligence has been received from Cape Town. The Express correspondent in that city says it is ascertained on good authority that General Hunter has been sent to Kimberley to command a strong column intended for the relief of Mafeking.

DEFEAT WILL SEND BOERS HERE

They Are Already Asking for Information About This Country—Kruger Will Go to Germany or Holland.

New York, May 2.—A Pretoria letter to the World, dated March 23d, says: Although the majority of the Boers still believe that the independence of the Republic will remain after the war, hundreds of them are taking the opposite view, and are casting about for a suitable country to which they can emigrate. State Secretary Reitz said today:

"If the English take these Republics and raise the Union Jack over them, I will take my family to America. And scores of other burghers have said the same thing to me. Many of the older Boers will trek to German West Africa, where there are thousands of square miles of fertile territory, and thousands will emigrate to other countries."

An old Boer in the Free State several days ago asked concerning the rates of passage to America. "You see," said he, "we are going to fight hard for our country, but if it is taken away from us, we want to go somewhere where there is a Republic."

His friends of President Kruger say that if the Transvaal loses her independence, he will spend the last years of his life in Holland or Germany.

Rent-Raising Trust.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Rents were advanced 15 per cent today by a combination of landlords, which was recently formed. Their agreement is said to be the outcome of a supposed political

meeting "for landlords," which was held recently. The meeting was attended by many property-owners, who decided that a systematic raise in rentals was the only way in which they could obtain recompense for what they consider unusually high taxes this year.

Another reason given for the proposed raise in rents is the fact that a promised early opening of the new Northwestern Elevated Railway has caused a demand for houses and apartments along the line.

TWENTY AMERICANS KILLED

Of Thirty Brave Members of the Forty-third Regiment, Only Ten Lived to Tell the Story of an Attack.

MANILA, May 2.—The American garrison of Catubig, Island of Samar, consisting of thirty men belonging to the Forty-third regiment, has been attacked by rebels. Twenty of the Americans were killed. The remainder were rescued.

The Americans were quartered in Catubig church, which the enemy, numbering several hundred men, surrounded and fiercely attacked. The Americans fought for two days, and then the rebels managed to ignite the roof of the church, and it burned away and finally fell upon those inside the edifice.

The walls remained intact, however, and were used as a shelter by the besieged Americans for three days longer, the enemy attacking the building on all sides at once. The Americans continued firing from the windows and doors of the church and did good execution among the Filipinos. It is estimated that over 200 of the latter were killed, many dead bodies having been removed from the scene of the fighting. After five days' resistance by the Americans, a lieutenant and eight men arrived from Laon and engaged the besiegers, who thereupon retired. The fortunate arrival of these reinforcements prevented the annihilation of the American force entrenched in the church, who had repeatedly declined to surrender when ordered. Ten survivors were without food, had little ammunition and were exhausted when relieved.

This fight has encouraged the Filipinos, who are now acting in an aggressive manner and threatening that section of the coast, particularly the town of Catarran, whence the garrison will probably be withdrawn to Laon.

Cuba Never So Peaceful.

HAVANA, May 1.—The Spanish consul-general, Senor Sagrario, denies having cabled to Spain that there were uprisings in Cuba. He says he does not believe such occurrences probable, and that he would not have communicated an idea so absurd to his government.

"No agitation exists," he remarked yesterday, "and I do not believe that any will exist. So far as I can judge, the relations between the Cubans and the Americans are most cordial."

General Wood, who was asked regarding the matter, replied:

"At no time since the occupation of the island has the province of Santiago been so quiet and restful as it is at present. I have assurances to this effect from many officers and others who have very recently been through the province on horseback. These alarmist reports in Madrid could be traced to men like Miro and other former Spanish officers, now resident in Cuba."

Colonel Vallente, formerly chief of the rural guard in Santiago province, who recently arrived here, laughs at the idea of trouble of any kind there.

Working Night and Day

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globe of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25 cents per box. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton.

Oil Trust Raises Wages.

New York, May 3.—The World tomorrow will print the following:

"Twenty-five thousand men employed by the Standard Oil Company as mechanics and laborers all over the country have had their wages raised 10 per cent. The advance will not affect clerks."

Another World's Fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—Active preparations are being made for a world's fair, to take place in this city in May, 1901, which will continue for six months. It is to be known as the Pacific Ocean and International Exposition.

DISASTER IN UTAH MINE

Over 200 Soot-Covered and Powder-Burnt Bodies Have Been Recovered and the Search Is Still in Progress—Heart Rending Scenes.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 2.—A special to the Desert News from Scofield at 10:30 this morning, says:

At this hour 201 bodies have been recovered. It is now known that between 300 and 400 men entered the mine, and it is also known that the greater majority of them have been killed. The appalling nature of the disaster had not fully dawned on the people of this place last night, as the company kept the grief-stricken wives and children away from the scene of operations.

All night long lights were kept burning in every home in Scofield, and the moans of mothers and piteous cries of many orphans are heart-rending. The two camps have always been conspicuous for the large number of married men employed. This fact makes the disaster more appalling and far-reaching in its results. Several families have been robbed of all their male representatives. In the Hunter family seven are missing. Among the dead are about twenty young boys who acted as couplers and trap boys.

Just how the catastrophe occurred is not known, and probably will never be definitely known, as various reasons are being attributed. At Provo a mass meeting has been held for the relief of the families of the victims, and \$3000 has been subscribed.

The Pleasant Valley Coal Company dates back sixteen years. Its mines are at Scofield, where three are located; at Castlegate, Sannyside and Clear Creek, the latter being but seven miles from Scofield. It appears to have been one of those accidents that are common to the very best regulated mines and against the best endeavors of the most competent superintendents, and among whom is numbered Superintendent Sharp. The state mine inspector is still without data to lay the blame on any one. Of course an inquest will have to determine just where the blame rests, and perhaps it never can be fully determined.

W. C. Wilson was one of those fortunate ones on the lower level of No. 1 who escaped. He tells his story as follows:

"There was a low, rumbling noise heard in the distance, followed by a sort of wave that can hardly be described, but that is known to all who have been in explosions, and I have been in several. I said to my partner that if gas was known to exist in the mine, I should say that an explosion had occurred. I advised that we run to the mouth of the tunnel, and with me came six men working in that section."

"In the main tunnel we met the driver, and asked him if he had noticed the strange occurrence. He replied that he had almost been knocked off the bar by the rush of air. I was then convinced that it was indeed an explosion, and advised my comrades to hasten with me to the mouth. We met two others further on, and they proceeded with us. We were none too soon, for the after-damp reached us some three or four minutes before we reached the open air, almost suffocating us."

The after-damp delayed the work of the rescuing party, but the magnitude of the disaster soon became apparent. All men on the raise known as Pike's Peak, were lying in clusters. John James, a county commissioner, was found with his son, George, entwined in loving embrace in each other's arms. All these men had apparently realized that death was coming, for all were found as though in attitudes of defense. Some had their cloaks about them, others had tried to protect themselves by burying their faces in the ground floor of the mine, hoping thus to escape the deadly gas that was fast enveloping them. They must have lived for some time in prayerful expectation of rescue reaching them.

Bernard Dougall, a promising and enterprising young engineer from Springville, Utah, who had only just entered the mine a few minutes before with his assistants, was found with his instrument set, while he and his men lay dead round it.

As fast as the bodies were removed they were carried to the company barn across the canyon, where they were washed and identified. The scene was ghastly yet most pathetic. Between the blackened and stalwart men lay about a dozen little lads, who had been engaged as couplers and trappers. Some lay alongside of their fathers and elder brothers. It was a scene that made

many a strong man turn away in tears.

After the foul air cleared away from No. 1, the work of rescue began here and it was soon found that a great many of the miners of No. 1 had been suffocated. The men of the lower levels had been warned of the explosion and made their escape before the deadly gas had reached them. Cars were taken in and the dead loaded into them and brought to the mouth.

Here the scene beggared all description, for the men, women and children, relatives of the dead miners, had begun to gather, and as the bodies were brought out and recognized by their respective families, the lamentations were heart-rending. The dead were all carried into the lodging house, directly opposite the mine, and at midnight 137 stalwart men, nearly all heads of families, were laid out in the cold embrace of death.

Bishop Thomas Parmlee, superintendent of the operators here, gives it as his opinion that the explosion was brought about by giant powder, which was taken into the mine by some of the miners, that exploded in some unaccountable way, igniting the dust and thereby causing an explosion.

This mine has been worked for over twenty years, and had the reputation, according to State Mine Inspector Thomas, of being one of the best ventilated and protected in the West. He states that he inspected it less than five weeks ago, and believed it entirely safe at that time. It has never had bad air, and has always been free from gas, and as the coal is all loaded with shovels, there has not been a large accumulation of dust.

Nine-tenths of the men killed are Americans and Welsh. The former come mostly from Utah, with a small number from Tennessee and Colorado.

THE INSURGENTS ARE HOPEFUL

Adopt Boer Tactics and Will Operate in Mounted Guerrilla Bands of an Hundred—Expect to Tax Inhabitants

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Recent mail advices to the war department from the Philippines indicate that the latest plan of the insurgents is to organize into mounted bands of 100 and harass the American forces wherever possible. These bands will be scattered throughout the islands and will be in daily communication with each other as far as possible by means of scouts, who will carry the orders to govern concerted movements, and all information concerning retreats, reinforcements, etc. According to the Liberal, the organ of the Filipinos, a complete plan of military strategy will be drawn up "as a result of which the Americans will soon suffer."

It is reported that a strong insurgent camp is being organized in the Zambezi Mountains, and that nearly all the towns of the provinces, whether occupied by Americans or not, continue to pay taxes for the sustenance of the Filipinos in arms and the prosecution of the struggle.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Elaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. 3

Pleaded the Briton's Cause.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Bishop Hartzell pleaded the case of the Briton in the Transvaal tonight before an audience that almost filled the auditorium. He spoke from impressions gained by personal observations in South Africa; from personal acquaintance with President Kruger and from close study of laws and administration of laws by the government. Bishop Hartzell made his argument in behalf of the English. The audience was pro-British in its sympathies.

Dull Headache, Pains in various parts of the body, Sinking at the pit of the stomach, Loss of appetite, Feverishness, Pimples or Sores all positive evidences of impure blood. No matter how it became so it must be purified in order to obtain good health. Acker's Blood Elixir has never failed to cure Scrofulous or Syphilitic poisons or any other blood diseases. It is certainly a wonderful remedy and we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee. Blakeley & Houghton's drug store.

RUMOR OF FENIAN INVASION

Unusual Activity in Canadian Militia Circles.

DETROIT, May 3.—Local papers today print the following:

Windsor, Ont., May 3.—Colonel Holmes, commanding officer of No. 1 military district, has received instructions from Ottawa to have the Twenty-first Essex Fusiliers, Seventh London Fusiliers, the Twenty-sixth Middlesex, Twenty-seventh Lambton and Twenty-fifth Elgin Battalions ready to march at two hours' notice. This step has been deemed advisable by the military department owing to information that bands of Fenians intend invading Canada at some point along the river St. Clair or Detroit river, for the purpose of destroying some of the railway lines. Arrangements have been so far completed that the battalion is preparing for marching orders at any time. Local military authorities claim an invasion is not feared, but that the battalions named will be mobilized at some point on the frontier for tactical exercise only.

OTTAWA, Ontario, May 3.—Hon. Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, said tonight, in regard to the dispatch from Windsor Station, that Colonel Holmes received from Ottawa instructions to have the military ready to march at two hours' notice to repel a Fenian invasion, that there was not a word of truth in it. Colonel Holmes had apparently been carrying out some tactical scheme, of which General Utin was the father, and Dr. Borden has demanded an explanation from Colonel Holmes of the reports published concerning him. Nothing is known of the matter here.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Blakeley & Houghton, Druggists, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded. 3

Brandfort Taken.

LONDON, May 4.—It is announced that the British have captured Brandfort.

BRANDFORT, Thursday, May 3, Morning.—Brandfort was captured by a combined movement of Colonel Tucker's and General Pole-Carew's divisions, on the east and center, and General Hutton's mounted infantry on the west. The British surprised the Boers, who retreated hastily. Four thousand of the enemy moved here yesterday evening in order to oppose our advance. Colonel Tucker's artillery had a sharp duel with the enemy's guns, and put two of them out of action.

The Best Remedy for Rheumatism.

QUICK RELIEF FROM PAIN.

All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies, but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co., druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

Responsibility a Great One.

New York, May 3.—Bishop Potter, speaking last night at the annual dinner of the New York Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States at Delmonico's, said that his mind had not undergone any radical change concerning the Philippines since his return to the United States. He thus illustrated his views: "If my son should come to me and say he proposed to marry a young Creole woman with seven children I would call him a great big ass. But if he came to me and said he had already contracted such a marriage I would still try to sustain intimate relations with him. "No, gentlemen, what we have done has established just such a relation as that, and it would be a source of nation-

al mortification if we gave up our responsibilities because we find them difficult."

Caught a Dreadful Cold.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

Porto Ricans Are Waking Up.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, April 25.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The merchants, planters, farmers—all men engaged in Porto Rican industries who have been withholding operations pending congressional action, are now ready to invade the commercial field, and shipments of sugar and tobacco will soon be dispatched to the United States. It is interesting to note, in this connection, that the retail price of cigars will probably soon be raised, the retail dealers claiming that this step will be necessary on account of the large shipments to the United States.

Three steamers leaving here within the next few days will carry over 6000 tons of sugar and about 1500 bales of tobacco.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHERNEY & Co., Props., Toledo O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. 12

Dead in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The senate will not abandon its amendment to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and the Hepburn amendments to the Nicaragua Canal treaty are considered practically in line with the treaty. The canal bill will not pass the senate, however, because the amended treaty is not satisfactory to the parties negotiating it, nor is the bill in its present form satisfactory to the administration. The Walker Commission report, to be submitted later, will serve as a pretext to put over the canal bill, although the treaty is the important element.

Don't let your old worn out machinery lie in the fence corner any longer. Take it to Fletcher Faulkner, The Dalles junk dealer, and get the cash for it. Highest cash price paid for cast and wrought iron, rubber boots and shoes, bicycle tires, etc., brass, copper, zinc, lead, pewter, old woolen rags, beer bottles and flasks, horse manes and tails, and bones of all descriptions. Price paid for cast iron, 40 cents per 100 lbs. One door west of J. H. Worsley's, Second St., The Dalles. m24-1mo.

England Is Asked to Explain.

LONDON, May 3.—It has been learned by a representative of the Associated Press that United States Ambassador Choate has asked Lord Salisbury for an explanation as to the alleged abuse of international right in the case of the American ship Sea Witch, which, according to statement of her commander, Captain Howe, was boarded by the British war ship Wasp, within the three-mile limit of Portuguese territory, in East Africa.

GOING EAST.

If you intend to take a trip East, ask your ticket agent to route you via The Great Wabash, a modern and up-to-date railroad in every particular.

Through trains from Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha or St. Louis to New York and New England points. All trains run via Niagara Falls and every through train has free reclining chair cars, sleeping and dining cars.

Stop over allowed on all tickets at Niagara Falls. Ross C. Clark, Pacific Coast Pass. Agt., Los Angeles, Calif. C. S. CRANE, G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

M. B. Smith, Butternut, Mich., says, "DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the very best pills I ever used for costiveness, liver and bowel troubles."