

The Dalles Chronicle.

WEEKLY

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VOL. X

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 25, 1899.

NO. 9

HOBART DIED THIS MORNING

Vice-President Became Unconscious
Soon After Midnight and Passed
Beyond at 8:30.

FUNERAL ON SATURDAY NEXT

Family and Relatives Surrounded Bed-
side of Dying Statesman During
the Last Moments—Many Letters
and Telegrams of Condolence
Received by Bereaved Wife.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 21.—Vice-President Hobart died at 8:30 a. m. The vice-president had been falling since late yesterday afternoon, although reports given at the house were that he was holding his own. Soon after midnight he became unconscious, and at 7 this morning had an attack of angina pectoris, from which he never rallied.

Mrs. Hobart, Garrett Hobart, jr., Dr. Newton, Mrs. Newton, who is a cousin of Mrs. Hobart; and Miss Alice Waddell, nurse, were at the patient's bedside constantly from the time he became unconscious. Before Hobart became unconscious he was able to converse with Mrs. Hobart about some private affairs. He was very patient, and showed his remarkable will power to the last.

Soon after the news of Hobart's death was announced, telegrams of condolence began to arrive at Carroll Hall. Among the first to send words of sympathy and condolence to Mrs. Hobart were President McKinley and Mrs. McKinley. Mrs. Hobart bears up well under her great bereavement.

The flags on the city hall and other public buildings were half-masted, as were also flags on many private buildings and dwellings. The bell on the city hall was tolled at intervals during the forenoon. The Passaic court adjourned in token of respect to the dead vice-president, and the business houses and public buildings in Paterson are being draped. A special meeting of the common council was called for noon at city hall to take suitable action on Hobart's death.

All Public Business Suspended.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—All flags in Washington are at half-mast out of respect to the memory of Vice-President Hobart. The announcement of his death cast a gloom over the city, where he was loved and honored. The president was deeply affected by the telegram announcing his colleague's death, and at once dispatched a telegram conveying the sympathy and condolence of himself and Mrs. McKinley to Mrs. Hobart.

Secretary of State Hay heard the news upon his arrival at the state department and immediately repaired to the White House.

Secretary Hay, after his conference with the president, returned to the state department to give orders for the execution of the official programme so far as the government is concerned. Hay sent a private message to Mrs. Hobart expressing his sincere condolence and then gave his attention to the preparation of a proclamation announcing the death of the vice-president to the people of the United States. This proclamation was issued later in the day.

This was regular cabinet meeting day, but the death of the vice-president overshadowed all else and public business was not mentioned. Attorney-General Griggs left for Paterson. He goes as the personal representative of the president and cabinet.

Hobart's Office Vacant.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—By the death of Hobart, the office of vice-president becomes vacant for the rest of McKinley's term. The president pro tem of the senate will be elected by that body when congress assembles, who will hold office until March, 1901. Senator Frye, of Maine, is now president pro tem.

Funeral on Saturday.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 21.—Vice-President Hobart's funeral will take place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Church of the Redeemer (Presbyterian).

Dr. T. J. Newland Dead.

ELLENBURG, Wash., Nov. 20.—Dr. T. J. Newland, one of the best-known physicians of Central Washington, died

at his home here today. He came to Ellensburg from Goldendale fourteen years ago, and practiced here continually since that time. He was well known throughout the state, having been a member of the state board of health. The cause of his death was blood-poisoning, through a malignant carbuncle, which refused to yield to treatment. He leaves a wife and two young sons.

Morehead Wants Much.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The Examiner says that Walter Morehead, of London, who is a shareholder in the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and seeks to set aside the reorganization plan, has filed a supplemental bill in the United States circuit court. In his bill, the court is asked to set aside the transfer of the property of the Central Pacific to the Central Pacific Railway Company of Utah. The appointment of a receiver for the company is also requested.

Lady Salisbury Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Lady Salisbury, wife of the premier, who has been in ill health for a long time past, suffering a second stroke of paralysis in July last, is dead. She was a daughter of the late Hon. Sir Edward Hall Alderson, baron of the court of exchequer, and was married to the marquis in 1852.

Caught in The Gearing.

OREGON CITY, Nov. 20.—Ivan Strickler, aged 20, an offer in the Portland flouring mills here, was accidentally caught in the gearing this afternoon. One arm was mangled almost to the shoulder, the other broken, the body bruised, and the flesh partly torn from one leg. His recovery is doubtful.

BOERS PREPARING TO WITHDRAW

They Continue to Receive Reinforce-
ments and Supplies Daily, How-
ever, and Their Purpose is Appar-
ently Unknown to British.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The latest direct news from Ladysmith, dated Thursday, November 16, and Friday November 17, strangely conflicts with reiterated reports of tremendous battles and great British victories on Wednesday and Thursday. Neither of the messages above referred to, though dispatched on the days following the date of the alleged fight, mentioned any great fight or Boer defeat.

On the contrary, both distinctly state that beyond a false alarm on Tuesday evening, and little increased shelling Thursday and Friday, causing little damage, everything was perfectly quiet and the garrison was chafing under its enforced inactivity.

Nevertheless, special dispatches from Estcourt today enlarge on the reported battles and insist that the Boers received a more terrible lesson Wednesday than in any previous fight. According to their circumstantial accounts, the Boers determined to attempt to reach the north end of Ladysmith with a large force, but were unable to make headway against the well sustained fire of British riflemen and Maxim's.

Later, it is added, the British force worked around the Boer flank, causing the latter to withdraw under a deadly fusillade, with exceedingly heavy losses. Large numbers of dead and wounded are said to have been left on the field and a number of prisoners were captured. British losses are reported to have been trivial.

The dispatches from Ladysmith reporting there is an ample supply of ammunition there have seemingly set at rest a point on which there was much diversity of opinion.

Apparently the British commander at Ladysmith believes General Joubert has gone south, leaving only a force sufficient to prevent the garrison from sallying out, and there is a disposition in some quarters to think Joubert possibly initiated the story with the object of inducing White to make a serious attack or relax precautions so as to permit the Boers to seize ground vital to the defense of the town.

A report from Durban, however, says there are rumors that the Boers are preparing to break camp and withdraw from the investment of Ladysmith. But it is said that the investing force continues to receive reinforcements and fresh supplies of stores daily.

Clarke & Falk have a full and complete line of house, carriage, wagon and barn paints manufactured by James E. Patton, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

AGUINALDO HAS ESCAPED

Young and Wheaton Closed in and He
Was Gone.

PUSHING ON TO BAYOMBONG

Lawton Probably on the Trail of the
Rebel Chieftain—Hardships Suf-
fered by His Men.

MANILA, Nov. 22, 12:50 p. m.—Aguinaldo has escaped between Generals Young and Wheaton. Gen. Young is pushing toward Bayombong.

The whereabouts of Lawton and Young are becoming as mysterious as Aguinaldo's. The belief is growing at Manila that Lawton has struck the trail of the insurgent "government" and is pursuing the ministers into the Byquia mountains. It has been his ambition to capture the Filipino leader and he and Young believe that a cavalry brigade, living on the country, could run them down to any part of the island.

One vague report brought in by Spanish prisoners is that Aguinaldo and others were nearly surrounded by Americans soon after the insurgent chief left Tula, but he escaped through the lines in peasant's clothes.

Officers and soldiers arriving at Cabalagan from Lawton's force describe the campaign as one of great hardship. Many men dropping out sick were left at various towns without adequate supplies and attendance, some of them making their way back across terrible roads. A number of horses were dying, and many soldiers and even some of the officers were marching on, half naked, their clothes having been torn to pieces in getting through the jungle.

Some of them were reduced almost to breech-clouts, and hundreds were bare footed, their shoes being worn out, and all were living on any sort of provisions. Bread was rare, and cariboo meat and bananas were the staples. Gen. Lawton foresaw that the campaign would involve such hardships, but considered it the quickest and cheapest way of ending the war.

Young on His Trail.

MANILA, Nov. 22.—General Young reports that Aguinaldo, with a party of 200, including some women and a few carts, passed Aringay, on the coast between San Fabian and San Fernando, in the province of Union, on Friday November 17. The general adds that Aguinaldo probably intended to strike inland through the Binaga mountains towards Bayombong in the province of Nueva Vizcaya.

General Young with cavalry and Macabebes is pursuing the Filipino leader, part of the American force taking the direction of San Fernando. In a fight with Aguinaldo's rear guard at Aringay one Macabebes was wounded and the insurgents retreated. Their loss is unknown.

Around Robin Hood's Barn.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—A novel experiment is to be tried at R. D. Home's salmon hatchery at the mouth of the Rogue river, in Oregon. A million salmon spawn arrived there on the Oregon express today. The spawn will at once be put in a coldstorage plant until they can be shipped to Coos bay. At that point a tug will be waiting and the spawn will be taken to the hatchery at the mouth of the Rogue river.

When they finally reach the hatchery they will have traveled 1000 miles, and will not be over forty miles from their starting point. This long trip was made necessary by the mountainous character of the intervening country.

COMMUNICATION IS PREVENTED

Boers Move So Fast and Often That
British Cannot Keep Track of
Them—Their Forces Increasing.

DURBAN, Nov. 22.—A dispatch from the Mool river says the telegraph line was cut Tuesday evening near Highlands

The Delicious Fragrance

from a hot
Royal Baking
Powder biscuit
whets the
appetite. The
taste of such
a biscuit—
sweet, creamy,
delicate and
crispy—is a joy
to the most
fastidious.

ROYAL Baking Powder
improves the flavor
and adds to the healthful-
ness of all risen flour-foods.
It renders the biscuit, bread
and cake more digestible and
nutritious.

Royal Baking Powder
makes hot breads wholesome.
Food raised with Royal will
not distress persons of deli-
cate or enfeebled digestion,
though eaten warm and
fresh.

Imitation baking powders almost invariably con-
tain alum. Alum makes the food unwholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

AFTER BRITISH ON MOOI RIVER

Began Shelling Their Camp at 5 O'clock
and Kept it Up Three Hours.

HAVE CUT OFF THREE COLUMNS

London Is Becoming Nervous Over the
Situation, and Wonders Where It
Will End.

MOOI RIVER, Natal, Nov. 23.—10 a. m.—Boer guns began shelling the camp at 5 a. m. The British artillery is in position on high ground to the east, west and north of the station. The artillery duel was continued until 8, when it ceased for an hour. The Boers recommenced at 9 and dropped three shells into the camp. They are still firing at intervals, with no damage, although their aim is good.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The fact that fresh portions of Natal are being overrun daily by Boers is producing exasperation in that colony and intense humiliation in Great Britain, where the idea of possible extensive violation of British soil was contemptuously dismissed in the early stages of the war.

The rumors that a peace deputation from President Kruger is on its way to Cape Town for the purpose of ascertaining the terms upon which immediate cessation of hostilities could be secured are discredited here, and it is said that if such a deputation has been sent it will meet with scant courtesy, as those who are conducting the war will be satisfied with nothing less than dictating the terms of peace at Pretoria, after a parade of British strength through the Transvaal.

Meanwhile, from the scanty and emasculated dispatches which are dribbling from the front, it is difficult to form an opinion of the true situation. The Boer invaders are occasioning constant surprises. They have already cut off two portions of the Ladysmith relieving force from their base of supplies, and with great rapidity are advancing on Pieter-

maritzburg with howitzers and other artillery. General Clary's situation, it would appear, must be becoming intolerable; so serious fighting may be expected at any time, as it is pointed out the general must clear his line of communications in order to complete the concentration of the relieving force.

According to the latest reports from Natal, the artillery duel was recommenced this morning at the Mooi river. The statement that the British garrison there is only acting on the defensive appears to be an admission of weakness, and it is thought the troops may be at the mercy of the strong Boer forces reported in that neighborhood.

A collision may also be expected on the western frontier within forty-eight hours, if it is true that Methuen has started northward, as he is certain to meet entrenched Boers at Belmont and Modder river. It is reported Mafeking is suffering from lack of water and that fever is rife there.

Used by British Soldiers in Africa.

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Gallahe. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Vryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by Blakeley & Houghton, druggists.

No Danger of an Epidemic.

BAKER CITY, Nov. 23.—While Baker City undoubtedly has a few well-developed cases of smallpox the epidemic is well under control, and no fears of a spread of the epidemic are entertained. A strict quarantine is maintained over the infected houses, so that exposure is next to impossible. The number of cases of the disease here have been overestimated, it being the opinion of the physicians that several of the suspected cases are nothing but chickenpox.

As to the cause of the disease there is little question that the absence of a sewer system is at the bottom of it. This belief, which is quite general, has awakened the people of this city to the necessity of taking some steps looking to the construction of such a system.

Hanna Will Be a Pallbearer.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 22.—Senator Hanna received a request from Mrs. Hobart by telegraph today, that he be one of the active pallbearers at the funeral of the vice-president Saturday. He immediately wired his acquiescence.