The Weekly Chronicle.

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DAILY AND WEEKLY.

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AN AUDACIOUS DECLARATION.

Chicago contractors and architects have declared their purpose to "break up the present trades unions." 'Tis an idle boast, says the Spokesman-Review. In a contest of that nature, the unions would have the moral and material support of an overwhelming majority of the people because the law-abiding character of the Chicago unions has not been called in question. There is no complaint of violence, and the contractors have declared war, not to uphold any high-minded principle, but simply to advance their own selfish interests.

Lawful trades unions, made up of respectable, law-abiding workingmen, are essential to the welfare of the wage-earners. In this era of fierce competition and gigantic combinations of capital, there is greater need than ever before of strong organization in the ranks of labor. The wage-earners of the country must be well paid, or the citizenship of the republic will suffer, because the wage-earner who is underpaid and overworked can not meet those obligations to his children which are so essential to the growth of the best qualities of citizenship. An unscrupulous, greedy employer has no moral right to put his employes on scant wages, and thus deprive a part of the rising generation of good food, good clothing and good education.

The sweeping declaration of the Chicago contractors will be condemned as it deserves, and we believe the selfish object will not be attained.

DEATH OF MAJOR LOGAN.

General Otis reports the death in battle of Major John A. Logan of Illinois. Young Logan fell while gallantly leading his battalion, says the Review. The sorrowful news carries grief to a white haired mother in Washington and to a bereaved wife and three children in Ohio.

Young Logan was a worthy scion of a noble sire. General Logan volunteered as a private soldier in the Mexican war, but rose to the rank of lieutenant. When the South fired on Sumpter, Logan was a member of congress. He left his seat, overtook the troops that were marching out of Washington, and fought in the ranks of Colonel Richardson's regiment in the battle of Bull Run, being among the last to leave the field. He then organized the Thirty-first Illinois Infantry, and was appointed its colonel. At Belmont, under Grant, he led a successful bayonet charge, and his horse was shot from under him. His rise to eminence was meteoric. From the ranks to a regiment, from a regiment to a brigade, from a brigade to a division, and from a division to a corps, and always his conduct was characterized by rare courage, unusual sagacity and lofty patriotism.

The war ended, Logan re-entered congress, serving first in the house and then in the senate. At the Republican national convention in June, 1884, he was nominated to the second place on the ticket with Blaine. He died suddenly in Washington in December, 1886, and on learning of his death, Mr. Blaine said:

"I never knew a more fearless man. He did not quail before public opinion when he had once made up his mind any more than he did before the guns of the enemy when he headed a charge of his enthusiastic troops. While there have been more illustrious military leaders in the United States, and more illustrious leaders in legislative halls, there has, I think, been no man in this country who has combined the two careers in so eminent a degree as General Logan."

As the father lived, the son died, "heading a charge of his enthusiastic troops." There have been, in this war, so many nobody sons of somebody, that it is pleasing to record the fact that young Logan rose magnificently to the noble traditions of a noble family.

A LOOK OVER THE FIELD.

The political sentiment of the United States at this time is decisively Republican. Any one can go over the list of states and see that the Republicans hold more than in 1896. Three general elections have taken place since that year and the net result is a strengthened Republican position. The four states gained are Kansas, Washington, South Dakota and Wyoming. Kentucky, which divided its electoral vote in 1896, is more strongly Republican now than it was then. The single state regained by the Democrats is Maryland, and this was managed only by a platform silent on silver and the rest of the Chicago platform. Compared with 1896 the Republican gain of electoral votes is twenty-two, the loss eight. This change would make the electoral college stand Republican 285, Democratic 162. It is as close an estimate in actual figures as can be made. These are accomplished facts. Through three so-called off years the opposition has done its utmost to turn the political tide. But it runs more powerfully than ever. The Democratic party itself has crumbled in attempting to develop a weak spot in Republican lines.

One new national issue, expansion, was tested in the twelve states that voted on Tuesday. It was emphatically approved. Massachusetts, the home of Atkinson, Garrison, Boutwell, Hoar and a bitter anti-expansion league, piled up an immense Republican majority. New York Republicans increased their Roosevelt majority and gained twelve members in the legislature. New Jersey shows decided Republican gains in both the popular vote and the legislature. McLean is astonished by the 50,000 plurality against him in Ohio. The Republicans of Kentucky were united and won a brilliant victory. Iowa increased its majority. South Dakota, where the president recently made some of his strongest expansion speeches, and where Senator Pettigrew has been untiring on the other side, changed from a fusion majority last year to a phenomenal Republican majority of 8000 or 10,000. McLean and other Democratic managers counted on a German revolt on expansion. It is invisible in the returns in Ohio, Iowa, New York or anywhere else. There are many thousand Germans in Buffalo and Louisville, and both cities went Democratic last year. This year they give large Republican majorities.

Mr. Bryan saved his state and it is evident that there are some Republicans in Nebraska who do not care to lesson his conspicuity in the Democratic party. Bryan has a strong popularity and perhaps will serve the Democratic purpose next year as well as any man could in the present confused condition of the party. He will be defeated, but so will any other Democrat. To drop him would cost the Democrats their chance in Nebraska, Colorado and two or three small Western states. He can count on the South as confidently as any other. He will loose Maryland unless he renounces free silver, and that would stultify him to such a degree that he would be a laughing stock. His position against expansion is already condemned. As for trusts, he will find no exclusive fighting ground. In fact, he has no objections to them if they take the shape of his friends McLean and Wetmore. All that the Democratic party can do is to hope that an issue will turn up before the meeting of their national convention. In all probability they have their candidate, and he is a beaten man on the face of circumstances.

THE EGG MYSTERY.

The Portland Evening Telegram has this to say regarding the importation of eggs to Oregon:

One of the mysteries of Oregon is eggs, or at least some facts about eggs are mysteries. Why do stale, imported eggs retail at 25 or 30 cents a dozen? And why must any eggs be imported at all? Why can't, or why don't Oregonians supply the home market with plenty of fresh eggs? Why can the farmers of Missouri and Iowa export millions of dozens of eggs annually, and have all they can use besides, while almost every year Oregon has to send to those states for eggs, and pay twice their price there for stale eggs? Surely the climate here is not poisonous to hens. Certainly it is easy to raise abundance of the best kinds of feed for them. Some people have indeed put forth the excuse that "poultry doesn't do well here." This is nonsense. It is the people who make a lame, loose pretense to raise poultry that don't do well. But there's no use talking about it. Why Oregon farmers don't raise all the eggs we can consume, and be able to sell them at from 12 to 20 cents a dozen, according to the season, is a mystery.

ON ITS LAST LEGS.

Nearly all accounts lead the inquiring mind to the conviction that the back of the Filipino insurrection is broken. The season is on when the American forces can pursue. The sole object of the insurgents is to keep out of reach of the Americans. This they cannot do much longer. Squads may secrete themselves in the mountains and give some trouble for months by timid bushwhacking fighting, but this will do little damage, and will soon die out. Lawton, MacArthur, Wheeler, Wheaton and Funston—if the latter gets back in time—will soon wind up Aguinaldo's ball of insurrectionary yarn. Already the insurrection is on its last legs, and when its legs give out it is done for. Then a suitable government will be gradually established, and the wail of the anti will die out in this land.—Telegram.

In the Circuit Court Today.

Wednesday's Daily.

LAW.

Standard Optical Co vs P G Daut; default and judgment.

A F Biles vs Glisan & Brown; default and judgment against E J Glisan.

CRIMINAL.

State of Oregon vs Willard Ferguson; not a true bill.

In the case of the State vs Joseph Ganteman, charged with uttering a forged instrument, the defendant plead not guilty; but withdrew the plea and a demurrer was filed. Defendant's attorney, John Gavin, raised the objection that the check was not stamped and therefore was void. The case is occupying the attention of the court this afternoon.

Circuit Court Notes.

Thursday's Daily.

Yesterday afternoon in the case of State of Oregon vs. Joseph Ganteman, in which a demurrer was filed, the demurrer was overruled and a plea of not guilty was entered by defendant. The case will propably come up for trial Saturday.

In the case of the State vs. Wm. Minton, charged with larceny by bailee, not a true bill was found and the defendant was discharged.

The same action was taken in the case of O. L. Fields held for polygamy. Also in the case of Harry Hansbury, charged with larceny from a dwelling.

The case of Henry Gardner vs. County of Wasco came up before the court this morning. It is an action to recover damages received about a year ago when coming down the Rice grade about eight miles from the city. Moore & Gavin are attorneys for the plaintiff and A. A. Jayne and W. H. Wilson for the county. By agreement of parties the case was tried with ten jurors—Peter Mohr, C. A. Cramer, J. C. Wingfield, A. W. Boorman, L. C. Hennegan, D. L. Bolton, Thos. Leabo, C. E. Hayward, Mike Glarey and F. M. Jackson. The trial is on hand as we go to press.

A Sure Go.

The board of fire delegates met last night and our new fire alarm system and other improvements are assured. The committee which has been out for the past two days was most successful, the Wasco Warehouse contributing $100, and others giving liberally. The collector reported last night that he had in collections and bona fide subscriptions $1075.83. His report was accepted and the committee ordered to purchase the fire apparatus and improvements needed. They were also instructed to interview the Seufert & Condon Company and ascertain what the cost per month will be for maintaining the alarm system, and to report to the council.

Secretary Wingate was instructed to inform P. D. S. Olney, of Portland, that the funds had been collected and that he was at liberty to come up and make arrangements for placing the seven boxes.

Use Clarke & Falk's Rosafoam for the teeth.

AFTER MANY DAYS.

A Move on Foot to Greatly Benefit Our City—Let Her Move, Not Crawl Nor Stop.

After months, yes years of waiting and what has proven almost suicidal delay on the part of The Dalles in regard to its future welfare, a scheme is now on foot which is just "it" and strikes at the very core of the situation. Situated as it is, with everything in its favor, the residents of this city have grown so accustomed to having trade drop at their very feet, that they have scarcely realized that anything would intervene between them and prosperity. However, after a railroad had been put in and other means employed, which were sapping its very life blood, our citizens began to wake up and look about to see what might be done, and although late it is not yet too late to counteract the evil.

The very thing which the newspapers have been agitating for so long is now assuming proportions which look encouraging and a large number of our leading men are deeply interested in a scheme for a railroad into the interior. A subscription paper is being circulated and in fifteen minutes yesterday $400 were raised for a preliminary survey, and the remainder is coming fast. The idea is to test the feasibility of such a move, and although it is not yet assured, it is a move a long way in the right direction, and we trust will be ere long not a scheme but a reality.

The idea is to build by the way of the Des Chutes river to the mouth of Trout creek; up Trout ten miles to the junction of Trout and Hay creeks, and finally on to Prineville; a branch also to be run into Sherman county, and we understand the people of that county are offering a good bonus to that end. By these means Lake and Klamath counties will be tributary to The Dalles, and we believe it is not too much to predict that if the road is a go it will finally be extended into California and made a through line.

While survey of course has not been made, much investigation has been going on and it is thought by those who are in a position to know, that it is entirely feasible, and will be what might be termed inexpensive, since there would be little rock work. The grade also would not be more than one per cent or fifty feet to the mile, the highest elevation being between here and the free bridge on the bench opposite the mouth of Des Chutes, which is 500 feet above the river. Men who have looked into the matter give as their opinion that difficulty will be encountered in but one or two places.

The benefit to The Dalles can be seen at a glance. While controlling all the trade which has heretofore been ours, it will open up to us a country we now have no claim on, and no transportation company can compete with such a line, for the route it would take having so many advantages over any other, could not fail to control the trade of the country through which it passes.

This may sound like a fairy tale to those who have grown skeptical; too good to be true. But it certainly has the right ring to it, and the right men at the helm. Beside, it must be true, for it means too much to The Dalles to be otherwise. It may be said that the papers have been crying "Wolf! Wolf!" when there was none at hand; but those who have any eyes must see that the wolf is at our very fold, and this is our only means of escape. We therefore call upon our people to shoulder arms and push this scheme for all it is worth, and its worth is incalculable.

A HAPPY WEDDING.

Freas Saunders Claims as His Bride Miss Lola Eubank.

Wednesday's Daily.

THE CHRONICLE is deeply interested in a wedding which took place at high noon today at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. L. Rice, near Enderby, for at that time Freas Saunders, of this city, claimed as his bride Miss Lola Eubank, a former compositor in this office. The wedding was a quiet one, Rev. U. F. Hawk, of the Methodist church, performing the ceremony, and but very few friends being present, among whom was Miss Edythe Randall, of this city. A wedding dinner was served a short time after the ceremony.

After remaining with Mr. and Mrs. Rice for a few days, Mr. and Mrs. Saunders will make their home in The Dalles, having rented a house on Liberty street.

None will be more sincere in their expressions of congratulations than will those of THE CHRONICLE office who were constantly associated with Miss Eubank for so long a time and are therefore competent to judge of her excellent qualities and sweetness of disposition; a perfect lady in every respect and possessed of that womanly nature so suited to be a perfect wife.

While Mr. Saunders is to be congratulated, at the same time, none could have imagined a couple more nearly suited, for those who have known the groom since he came here from his Michigan home a mere boy, can testify as to his worth. Manly in the strictest sense, he has also displayed an industrious nature highly commendable, and has proven that she, who looks to him for protection, will not misplace her confidence.

We therefore congratulate them while we extend our hearty good wishes.

Schedule of Expenditures

Showing the amounts of all claims presented, the names of all claimants, the article or claim for which payment is made, the amounts allowed and the claims continued or rejected at the Nov. term, 1899, of the County Court of Wasco county, Oregon. The following list, however, does not contain any claim for which the salary or fees are provided for by statute:

M F Shaw, M D, professional service	29 00
Frank Hill, clerical services	52 00
J F Watt, M D, examining insane	5 00
M F Shaw, M D, examining insane	5 00
J F Watt, M D, examination of O'Brien	5 00
Williams & Brosius, medicine for pauper	3 00
F C Brosius, M D, professional services	15 00
Bone & McDonald, supplies for paupers	12 40
C T Bonney, supplies for paupers	3 25
E S Olinger, services and livery hire for smallpox patients	30 00
Lyman Smith, supplies smallpox patients	3 00
T H Clark, guarding quarantine	2 00
T H Kent, " "	4 00
Dallas & Spangler, supplies for smallpox patients	1 35
D P & A N Co, transportation of paupers	6 00
Robt Kelly, rebate on double assessment	17 27
J A Geisendorffer, M D, professional services pauper	5 00
Black & Ash, supplies pauper	5 00
Florence Crittenden Home, for support of home	50 00
Robt Mays, county judge, transportation pauper	1 40
J T Peters, lumber for poorhouse	28 15
J T Peters, lumber for Co bridge	57 84
Alexander Frazier, money expended on county road	16 50
Times-Mountaineer, balance due for publishing delinquent tax list	20 88
H C Dodds, M D, professional services county pauper	20 00
Geo F Ross, rebate on taxes	6 90
J E Rand, assisting in drawing jury	2 00
J P Watson, assisting drawing jury	2 00
Frank Hill, clerical services	$ 20 00
Butler Drug Co, medicine for pauper	1 90
Dalles Fire Department, reduction fire insurance	2 75
Ward & Robertson, use of team	4 00
Nellie Wickham, nursing pauper	2 75
B C Rinehart, professional services for pauper	8 00
Glass & Prudhomme, supplies	11 25
Irwin-Hodson Co, supplies	33 10
CHRONICLE Publishing Co, printing and supplies	82 50
Josie Jenkins, clerical services	42 00
J J Cook, sheriff of Clackamas county, serving subpoenas	1 00
Oregon Telephone & Telegraph Co, rent and messages	29 85
Farley & Frank, repairing ham mocks for jail	8 75
A E Lake, lumber	6 40
J T Peters, lumber	60 72
J H Frary, lumber	10 18
J T Peters, lumber and wood	149 58
Mosier Mill Co, lumber	11 30
H Logan, professional services	15 50
R B Hood, hauling pauper	1 00
Pease & Mays, supplies for pauper	11 13
A S Blowers & Son, supplies for pauper	10 00
Clarke & Falk, medicine for paupers	52 95
Butler Drug Co, medicine for pauper	5 90
Mays & Crowe, mdse	96 52
I C Nickelsen, mdse	1 25
Dalles City Water Works, water rent	11 20
Ferguson Bros, hauling corpse	1 00
D W Vause, supplies for court house	67 20
CHRONICLE Publishing Company, printing and publishing	33 50
Maier & Benton, wood for pauper	10 50
Al Eeping, team hire	8 00
G D Woodworth, supplies	23 65
Wm Michell, burial pauper	20 00
NOT ALLOWED.	
Dr. Wm Shakelford, professional services for pauper	2 50
PAUPER.	
Umatilla county, care Wasco Co pauper	10.75
W A Cates, sprinkling streets and sawing wood	11 40

I, A. M. KELSAY, County Clerk for Wasco county, State of Oregon, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full and complete statement of the claims presented and action taken thereon by the County Court of Wasco county, Oregon, sitting for the transaction of county business at the Sept. term, 1899, thereof, save and except all claims the salary or fees for which are provided for by statute.

Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court affixed, this 17th day of Nov., 1899.

[SEAL.] A. M. KELSAY, County Clerk.

MARRIED.

At the home of the groom, on Fourteenth street, last evening, Nov. 15th, at 7 o'clock, Rev. W. B. Brenner, of the Oregon City Lutheran church, united in marriage N. P. Paulsen and and Miss Dora Thomsen.

A large number of friends were present and the occasion was a joyous one. During the evening a wedding supper, which seemed to include everything palatable, was served. Mr. Paulsen has been employed by Maier & Benton for a number of years and is a very trustworthy young man. Miss Thomsen came to this city about a year ago from Belgrade, Minn., and has a large circle of friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paulsen left this morning for Portland, and when they return will make their home in the house which he recently purchased on Fourteenth street.

Many States Afflicted.

A copy of the Public Health Reports, issued at Washington, D. C., on Nov. 3, was received in the office of Gov. T. T. Geer yesterday. It is a journal, published by the United States marine hospital service, and shows the work done in every part of the United States in handling and suppressing contagious diseases.

The reports of quarantine officers, and state, county and municipal health officers in every portion of the country, to the surgeon general of the marine hospital service, on the smallpox situation shows that during the past four or five months this disease has broken out in nearly every state, but so well was the work of the authorities performed, that but twenty-two cases resulted fatally in the United States between June 20th and November 1st.

Throughout the Southern states, where the disease threatened to spread to all sections, surgeons of the marine hospital were sent, to advise with the local authorities and aid in arresting the progress of the disease, and they met with uniform success. In Alabama and Georgia smallpox was found in many localities and until the coming of a federal health officer, no precaution had been taken against a spread of the disease. His services were utilized by the state officials, however, in bringing about a start toward arresting and suppressing the awful malady.—Statesman.

Dalles Public Schools.

The following is the report for the quarter (4 weeks) ending Nov. 10 '99.

| TEACHERS. | | |