

# The Dalles Chronicle.

WEEKLY

PART I.

VOL. IX

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NO. 44

## WOULD COERCE INTO ARBITRATION

Would Exclude Every American From Mines.

## BUILD RAILWAY TO DAWSON CITY

This Would Avoid War and Show the U. S. That There Is No Advantage to Be Gained in Refusal to Have Boundary Line Determined.

New York, July 28.—The Herald's correspondent at Ottawa has interviewed Sir Charles Tupper, leader of the opposition and Senator David Mills, minister of justice on the Alaska boundary question. Senator Mills went at great length to show that the Canadian contention was supported not only by American precedents but by the language of the treaty.

"The settlement of the question," he said, "in accordance with our contention, is a matter of great importance to Canada, because it gives us easy and inexpensive ingress to our own territory, whereas, if the United States wins, it will be a great detriment to us and of little benefit to them. I recall a boundary dispute between the United States and Great Britain in which the American authorities contended their views ought to prevail because the contention was of great advantage to them without being seriously injurious to England."

After detailing their contention that the Canadian line was to follow the winding "of the coast" and across the mouth of inlets and estuaries from headlands to headlands without following the sinuosities of these arms of the sea, Senator Mills made this statement:

"Just why the Americans refused to arbitrate or to compromise except on conditions impossible to us is shown in the treaty of 1825. By the Seventh article of that treaty, 'the vessels of Russia and England or those belonging to their subjects' were to be at liberty without any hindrance whatever to enter all the inland seas, gulfs, havens and creeks for the purpose of fishing and trading with the natives. By article 10, the British and Russian vessels navigating the Pacific ocean, if compelled by storm or accident, were allowed to take shelter in the ports of the respective parties and were at liberty to refit there."

"Now is it not too clear to admit of question that the contracting parties assumed that under the provisions of this treaty there were ports and estuaries along the coast that were under the sovereignty of each? Yet if the United States' contention is correct there were no ports and waters remaining to Great Britain. As a matter of fact if the treaty is followed, the Lynn canal will be found to be entirely within Canadian territory. This point was made in the commission. On that Canada would have won. That is why there is no arbitration."

## Seven Babies at a Birth.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., July 26.—Mrs. George Hackett, colored, aged 22, gave birth to seven babies today, four boys and three girls. Though small, all were well formed and lusty longed. Three lived till noon, when they succumbed to the awful heat of the badly ventilated room in which they lay with their mother, and later in the afternoon three others died. One, a boy, remains and doctors say he has a good chance to live. The father is a laborer, 25 years old. The mother has had two children before, both of whom are alive.

## Polygamy, or Spinsterhood.

CHICAGO, July 27.—A special to the Times-Herald from Independence, Kan., says: The girls' clubs of several Southern Kansas towns have resolved never to marry a young man unless he served with the famous Twentieth Kansas. They say they are determined to keep their agreement and that sooner than to marry a man who stayed at home they will remain single all their lives. They intend to give the boys of the regiment a big reception when they return.

## Helping the Insurgents.

NEW YORK, July 28.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: According to verbal reports to the navy from

officers returning from the Philippines, Aguinaldo continues to get war supplies through German merchants in Hong Kong and Japanese merchants in Yokohama, although our consuls have been directed to keep a sharp lookout for filibustering.

In more than one instance, British officers have aided the United States in preventing the shipment of arms from Hong Kong, but officers just returned say there is no doubt the temptation offered by Aguinaldo's high prices has induced merchants to violate the neutrality laws and try to force the imperfect blockade.

Twelve Spanish gunboats recently put on blockade duty have done remarkably good service in cutting off supplies between different islands. Last mail reports said they had captured 16 different cargoes of supplies, but not any valuable munitions of war.

## VOLCANO TOSSES BIG ROCKS

Come Out Red Hot and Go So High They Get Cool Before Reaching Terra Firma Again.

HONOLULU, July 21, via San Francisco, July 23.—The volcanic eruption on Mauna Loa is still in full blast. The lava flow is apparently filling up the table land, and Hilo and the whole island of Hawaii are enveloped in smoke. Vessels encounter dense clouds of smoke a hundred miles out at sea, and navigators are seriously inconvenienced. Kilauea is also smoking freely and indications are this volcano will soon be in active eruption.

Frank Davey, a photographer, has returned from a visit to the volcano. He says there is a series of eight craters; five of them were dead, but appeared to have been active quite recently. One of the others was belching forth smoke and fire and molten rocks of great size. According to Davey, the rocks were as big as horses and went so high that they cooled before falling to the ground again. It took Davey and his party 15 hours to ascend the mountain from the active crater to the summit, where their horses were left. Two men became delirious from want of water.

The trip is described as a terrible one in the extreme. All around the top of the mountain was cold, but at the crater it was very hot. The extremes were such as would knock most anybody out.

## Enlistments Are Numerous.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Col. Pettit, commanding the Thirty-first regiment at Fort Thomas, Ky., telegraphed the war department today that his enlistments number 1150, which is within 200 of the full quota of the regiment. He will withdraw the recruiting officers on Monday and the regiment will then be organized for actual service. He thinks that in a month it will be ready. It is stated at the war department that the Thirty-first, the Twenty-seventh and the Thirtieth will no doubt be ready to sail for Manila on the Grant, Sherman and Sheridan about September 10.

## IS IT RIGHT

For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

From Sylvan Valley News, Brevard, N. C.

It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy was kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack, much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by Blakeley & Houghton, Druggists.

## Was Not Killed By The Cars.

BAKER CITY, Or., July 29.—The coroner's jury returned a verdict this evening that the unknown man, apparently about 35 years old, who was found under a Sumpter Valley railway car yesterday morning, did not meet death from the cars. The man was a stranger here. He displayed money and was plainly but neatly dressed.

## HARBOR LEASE TO CANADA

Question May Bring Solution of the Alaska Boundary Problem.

## ENGLISH INCLINED TO FAVOR IT

At Any Rate, the United States, Canada and Britain Must Be Neighborly About it

LONDON, July 29.—The Alaska boundary again looms large in the newspapers, and a heated discussion is raging for and against the suggestion that a harbor should be leased to Canada. The official view seems to be favorable to this compromise as a basis for a friendly arrangement. It is pointed out that as the United States, Canada and Great Britain have to live as neighbors, and, in their hearts desire to live as friends, neither side can afford to assume a nonpossimus attitude or act as if it were the last transaction to be arranged and as the main question at issue, though almost lost to view among the multitude of irritating side issues, was a means of easy access to the Klondike, the lease of a harbor would seem to be the practical need of Canada. On the other hand, the Saturday Review voices the feeling of a considerable section of the public in pointing out that by accepting the suggested settlement Canada debar herself from again raising the question of territorial right, and becomes a more licensee where she desires to become the owner in fee simple. Many think the proposed compromise would lead to endless complications, annoyances, acts of retaliation and attempts on one side to exceed their own or restrict the other side's rights under the proposed compromise, the Saturday Review thinks Canada ought, in no event, to surrender her rights in international law, unless she concurrently receives considerable concessions from the United States on other questions before the commissioners.

The Saturday Review proceeds to claim that Canada now suffices, both politically and economically, and has no further need of the United States; that only the most factions policy on the part of Great Britain could revive the annexationist party in Canada, and asks what possible reason the Canadians could have for involving the country in the gravest international questions.

## WILL NOT BE PUNISHED

Private Girard Acted in Obedience to Good Impulse.

PORTLAND, July 29.—Governor Geer yesterday received the following letter from General Summers in regard to Private Frank Girard.

"Headquarters Second Oregon Infantry, U. S. Volunteers, Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., July 26.—Hon. T. T. Geer, Governor, Salem, Or.: My dear Sir—I am in receipt of your favor of July 17, together with several petitions in the interest of Frank Girard, a private in company I, of this regiment, and in reply would state that there is no necessity for any uneasiness in his case, as this man was granted all the privileges that were possible, and he will not be disturbed. He has done exactly what you or I, or any other soldier of metal, would have done under the circumstances, and I certainly would not be disposed to treat the matter severely. He will have to report here for final muster-out. It is not the disposition of the commanding officer of this regiment to be severe with a man who endeavors to act in obedience to good impulses. He has done no more than would have been done by any other person, and is entitled to all possible consideration."

## Did Boil His Wife.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Adolph L. Luetger's sudden death in the penitentiary at Joliet on Thursday last has brought to light the fact that States Attorney C. S. Densen had locked up in the

vaults at the criminal court building, almost from the beginning of accused's trial for wife murder, two years ago, an implication that is considered morally his confession of guilt. It was made by Luetger to a fellow-prisoner in the jail. It was sworn to by the latter at the time before the state's attorney. Now it is given publication for the first time. From this document it would appear that Luetger asked his wife to go with him to the sausage factory office on May 1, 1897. She refused. This angered him. During the quarrel that followed he gave her a violent kick in the side. This rendered her unconscious. Luetger expected she would come to, but she did not. Seeing that she had died, he disposed of her body in the factory vat.

## LAUNCHING WAS A SUCCESS

Christened by Little Gertrude Ballin, the Boat Slid Easily and Gracefully Into the River.

PORTLAND, July 29.—Fully 5000 people, fringing both the Morrison and Madison-street bridges, standing 10 deep on the docks along the west side of the river, and crowding every possible point of vantage on the east bank, witnessed the launching of the 30-knot torpedo-boat destroyer Goldsborough from the ways at the Wolf&Zwickler iron works yesterday. The event was called for 2 o'clock, and it came off on time. Belated sight-seers were still struggling with their earlier neighbors for places to view the launching when the last shore was knocked from the cradles, and the boat began slowly to gather headway for her first journey. In 40 seconds more she was riding gracefully on the river. There was hardly a ripple under her stern as she entered the water, so easily did she slide down the ways, and scarcely did the lines intended to restrain her lift from the water and vibrate as they tightened before she was quietly swinging down with the current, a flag which was unfurled as she left the ways floating from her stern. From the knocking out of the first shore there had not been a hitch, and the launching of the Goldsborough was a start in life which any sailor might covet for the ship on which he cast his lot.

## THOUGHT SHE WAS DEAD

The Crime of a Rejected Suitor at Arlington.

ARLINGTON, Or., July 30.—At 8 o'clock last night, Al Kessler attempted the murder of his sweetheart, Miss Maude Mitchell, who came here from Portland a few days ago.

Miss Mitchell had rejected Mr. Kessler, whereupon he followed her from Portland to this place, and, locating her, watched his opportunity to get in his deadly work. When she was preparing for bed, Kessler entered her room, masked, knocked her senseless with a club and tied a towel about her neck to produce strangulation. He then jumped out of the window and escaped, thinking he had accomplished his purpose.

The people of the house, hearing an unusual noise, went to her room and, receiving no answer, forced the door, and found Miss Mitchell, as they supposed, dead. Medical aid was summoned and she was restored to consciousness, and will recover.

The police are on the track of young Kessler.

## Sue For Marriage Fee.

HILLSBORO, Or., July 27.—A very peculiar case has been filed in Justice Humphrey's court. The parents of a bride sue her husband for \$50, alleged to be due for their consent to the union. Julius and Minnie Peoples are the plaintiffs, and Joseph Rooks the defendant. The complaint alleges that the defendant agreed to pay plaintiffs that sum for the girl's services from the time of marriage until she became of age. The plaintiffs allege that no part of the sum has been paid. Rooks married Miss Peoples last November.

"We have sold many different cough remedies, but none gave better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds or hoarseness." Sold by Blakeley & Houghton Druggists.

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**  
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## SAMOA AGAIN IS RESTLESS

The Attitude of Natives Is Far From Reassuring.

## THE RIVALS ARE FIGHTING

Commission Seems to Have Accomplished Nothing—Justice Chambers Talks.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Samoa news under date of July 14, were received today by the steamer MORNING as follows: The situation in Samoa is one of great uneasiness, the attitude of natives being far from reassuring. Several fights have occurred in different portions of the islands between supporters of rivals for the kingship, and several natives have been killed. Nothing much seems to have been accomplished by the high commission since arms were surrendered by the contending factions.

Chief Justice Chambers, being dissatisfied with the support extended to his court by the commissioners, will leave today for Washington. Their action in refusing the aid asked for to sustain the court's authority is said to have been prompted by dispatches received by the German commissioner from his home government, which, it is claimed, is greatly displeased with his recognition of the supreme court in the kingship case.

The commissioners have been well received on all the islands they visited. They expected to sail for the United States on the Badger on July 16.

## BURIAL WITH MILITARY HONORS

General Ous Denied a Permit to Go In to Business to a Volunteer Who Would Not Re-Enlist.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Private James A. Doyle, of company D, Second Oregon regiment, died late last night at the general hospital, from dysentery. At the deathbed were the comrades and intimates of the dying soldier, who gave his life to raise the flag in a foreign land. Private Doyle enlisted at La Grande, Or. The body will be buried tomorrow at the Presidio, with military honors, unless relatives are heard from.

Private Doyle was about 35 years of age. He spent several weeks in the hospital at Manila before his regiment left the Philippines. His condition while here seemed to improve until a day or two since, when he began to sink.

"Ous froze me out of Manila," said Private Lang, who is registered with the others at the Montgomery house. "I wanted to start a little restaurant there, and begged Ous for a license, but he would not have it that way. He said I wanted to have my eating-house too close to a Spaniard's place of business, and that the competition would not be fair. Another man wanted to go in with me. He told Ous he would starve unless he got employment very soon. If you do not want to re-enlist in the army you would better leave the island, was all the satisfaction he got. There is no show for a soldier in Manila."

Lang lives in Russellville, and says he and his comrades are going north in a day or two.

## Situation Does Not Improve.

CLEVELAND, July 31.—Beyond an outbreak in the Polish settlement which the militia promptly suppressed, the

night passed without serious trouble. Many street cars were stoned in the suburbs, but so far as learned no one was injured. A mob in the south end of the city was dispersed by the militia with fixed bayonets and a number of ringleaders arrested. The boycott movement has reached a point where it is almost impossible for any one who rides on Big Consolidated cars to purchase the necessities of life. This is especially true in the outlying districts of the city.

## Teachers' Examination.

Notice is hereby given that for the purpose of making an examination of all persons who may offer themselves as candidates for teachers of the schools of this county, the county school superintendent thereof will hold a public examination at the court house in The Dalles, Oregon, beginning at 9 o'clock a. m. Wednesday, August 9, 1899. Dated this 29th day of July, 1899.

C. L. GILBERT,  
County School Superintendent, Wasco County, Oregon.

According to law, the following program has been prepared by the state board of education:

## FOR STATE PAPERS.

Wednesday—Penmanship, history, spelling, algebra, reading.

Thursday—Written arithmetic, theory of teaching, grammar, bookkeeping, physics.

Friday—Physiology, geography, mental arithmetic, composition, physical geography.

Saturday—Botany, plane geometry, general history, English literature, psychology.

## FOR COUNTY PAPERS.

Wednesday—Penmanship, history, spelling, reading.

Thursday—Written arithmetic, theory of teaching, grammar.

Friday—Geography, mental arithmetic, physiology.

## FOR PRIMARY CERTIFICATES.

Wednesday—Reading, penmanship, orthography, the art of questioning, methods of teaching.

## GRADUATES.

All persons who have graduated from chartered institutions, this June, may take examination upon the six branches, even though they may have failed in June. 29-11d

## Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. O'Leary, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Week nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest blood and nerve remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50c. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton, druggists. 1

## Mrs McKinley Improving.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN, Clinton County, N. Y., July 20.—President McKinley did not attend church today, but remained at the Hotel with Mrs. McKinley. This morning he went for a long walk with his friend, Commander Buckingham, of the navy, and after luncheon he went out for a short walk with Dr. Rixey. Mrs. McKinley continues to improve steadily. Tonight the weather has turned cold, and there will probably be a light frost.

## A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from Pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store. 1

You can't care dyspepsia by dieting. Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Butler Drug Co.