

The Weekly Chronicle.

Advertising Rates. Per inch. 1/2 inch or less in Daily... 1/20

REPUBLIC OF SPAIN.

There is stirring in Spain a republican spirit which is daily becoming stronger, says the Spokesman-Review. The liberal party in that unfortunate country, with Sagasta at the head of it, appears to be fallen forever.

Vigorous old Emilio Castelar, president of the short lived republic of 1873, stands at the head of the republican movement and leads a strong following in the cortes. He said the other day in Madrid that toward the latter part of this month 100,000 moderate republicans will put their names to an address demanding a republic.

A great gathering of newspaper men from all parts of the country is to take place in Portland in July. Portland is preparing to make the most of this opportunity, and will do much to entertain and instruct these press boys from the east of Oregon and the Pacific Northwest.

There is some style about the proceedings in the Wardner mining district to punish the dynamiters and murderers and discourage the operations of such men in the future, says the Salem Statesman. The guilty are to be brought to justice, if possible, and their criminal organization is to be stamped out.

criminal acts. When they do, they should be stamped out. The state, if it fails to stamp out, fails to perform one of the important functions of its organization, the protection of individuals in their private rights.

TO PURGE THE DISTRICT.

Drastic measures are being taken by the state officials of Idaho, under cover of martial law, to settle on a basis of lasting peace the questions that have twice called federal troops to the Wardner mining district for the preservation of life and property, says the Oregonian. The plan, briefly, is to purge the district, and thereby the state of Idaho, of the lawless element that has long been in control of the Miners' Association. The measure is harsh, and under other circumstances and in other places would justly be denounced as tyrannical to an unbearable degree.

Gomez is endeavoring to hasten the disarmament of the insurgent army. This is where he has sense. The rehabilitation of the island can not proceed far until after all the armed forces in the island disband and settle down to the ways of peace. Undoubtedly Gomez will turn out to be an annexationist in a few months. It is true he has been quoted frequently against this policy.

The administration has wisely allowed Otis to be his own campaign manager. Necessarily he has advantages in the way of getting information about the conditions which are denied to persons 11,000 miles away from the scene. Otis has the entire confidence of the administration and of the American people. He is master of the situation. Whatever any man could do with the number of troops in the Philippines the present commander in that locality can do. Otis is doing his work with great vigor and intelligence.

South Africa, it is estimated, will produce about \$90,000,000 of gold in 1899. The expansion in gold production is one of the marvels of the age. Not even the most sanguine gold standard men ever dreamed half a dozen years ago that the production of the yellow metal would reach anything like its present figures within twenty years. This gain hits the poor Bryanites as hard a blow as the advances in farm products and the general rise in wages.

A colonel of Nebraska volunteers was killed at the head of his regiment in the Philippines yesterday, says the Providence Journal. Another man who was a colonel of a Nebraska volunteers is now on a speech-making tour, condemning the cause of the United States as unjust and unholy. The Walla Walla Union asks, would it not be an insult to the

memory of one to accept the views of the other as patriotic?

PERSONAL MENTION.

Wednesday's Daily. Mrs. A. C. Sanford, of Moro, is in the city today.

E. C. Pease left on the afternoon train yesterday for Portland.

S. A. D. Garley, an attorney from Arlington, is in town today.

Dr. J. H. Rosenberg came up from Portland last night, and went to Prineville today.

Frank Gilham, superintending the surveys on the north side, was up from Lyle last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Russell returned to Portland on yesterday's afternoon train, and will leave soon for New York.

Hon. John Somerville and daughter arrived in the city from Hay Creek yesterday, and left for Portland this morning.

Mrs. Madeline B. Conkling, worthy grand matron of the Order of Eastern Star of Oregon, arrived in this city yesterday, from Prineville, and is the guest of friends.

Mrs. Polk Mays left for Portland Tuesday, taking with her her little 4-year-old daughter whom she will place in the hospital. The little one has never fully recovered from an attack of the typhoid fever, which developed later into rheumatism.

Frank Faison was down from Biggs today.

Mrs. M. Sellick and son are in from Boyd today.

R. B. Wilson, of the C. B. & Q., is in the city in the interest of his road.

I. C. Richards came up from Portland last night on his way to Goldendale.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wirth passed through the city last night on their way to Prineville.

C. M. Daniels, representing the Geo. Adams & Burke Commission Company, is in town today.

George Ashby, who is traveling for Gill & Co., of Portland, is in the city today on his way to Antelope to visit relatives.

Frank M. Morgan, representing the John Griffith Co., which is to play at the Vogt Monday night, is here today billing the city.

Miss Eva Briens, the efficient deputy postmistress of Heppner, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jay P. Lucas. Miss Briens is an old school friend of Mrs. Lucas.

Mrs. J. Hudson, wife of Dr. Hudson, will arrive in the city on the afternoon train from Condon. She will be accompanied by her two little boys.

Wm. Stewart, formerly of The Dalles, but who now resides at Portland, is in the city today in the interest of the American Steel and Wire Co., of which he is manager.

Dr. F. W. Oglesby, of Junction City, accompanied by F. B. Milliron, came up last night on their way to the Crooked river country, where the doctor is interested in the mines. He claims these mines are the "biggest thing on earth."

Mrs. Ada Wood-Davis returned to her home at Union yesterday, after a two-week's visit with friends here.

John McMillan and family came in from Wasco yesterday and spent today in The Dalles. They will return on this evening's train.

Rev. P. C. Hetzler spent today in The Dalles. He is on his way to the upper country in the interest of the American Bible Society.

Miss Bertha Hill returned home yesterday, her term of school near Olney, Gilliam county, having closed. She was accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. S. S. Thomas and three children, who will visit at her home on Dry Hollow.

The Visit of the Sons of Herman.

The German residents of this city held a well attended meeting at the Baldwin opera house last night. By an unanimous consent it was resolved to give the Sons of Herman and their families, on their excursion from Portland on the 21st of this month, a most cordial reception, and to exhaust all efforts to make their stay in town as agreeable as possible.

The following committees were appointed: Arrangement—H. Hansen, Ad Keller, Karl Gottfried, E. Jacobsen. Reception—Geo. Liebe, E. Schanno, A. Bucher, Theo. Prinz, C. Stubling, J. Nitschke, H. Maier, A. Sandrock, Chas. Schmidt, Chas. Frank, Fred Lemke, H. Herbring, I. C. Nickelsen, A. Keller, Chas. Schetz, F. W. Schmidt, Harry Liebe, J. Zimmerman, Louis Rorden, C. Johansen, H. Klindt.

The committee on arrangements was instructed to communicate at once with the committee at Portland regarding the plans.

A little of Schilling's Best spices baking powder soda and flavoring extracts goes a long way. They are strong.

For sale by Vandugn, Adams & Co. Tygh Valley, Ore.

S. H. FRAZIER, Dentist. Rooms 1 and 2, Bank Block, Residence 2301 Fulton St., Berkeley, Cal.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Adopted and Enforced by The Dalles Water Commission.

The following rules and regulations are established by the water commission of the city of The Dalles, to secure an efficient and economical distribution of the water supply, and especially to reduce the present extravagant waste of water, and, for these purposes it is hoped that the public will, in their own interests, co-operate with the commission:

Section 1. Applications for the use of water must be made to the superintendent of the city water works, and the applicant must state fully and truly all the purposes for which the water may be required, and must agree to conform to the rules and regulations as a condition for the use of the water.

Section 2. No person, supplied with water from the city mains, will be entitled to use it for any purposes other than those stated in his application, or to supply in any way other persons or families.

Section 3. Should the applicant or occupant of the premises desire an additional service or fixture, or to apply the water for a purpose not stated in the original application, a new application must be made and a permit obtained from the superintendent of the city water works.

Section 4. Should it be desired to discontinue the use of water for any special purpose, whether for closets, bath tubs, street sprinklers, irrigation, hose connections, or other fixtures, the faucet must be removed; the branch service supplying the fixtures plugged; and notice given to the superintendent of the city water works, before any reduction of rents will be made.

Section 5. Should it be desired to discontinue the use of all the water supplied to the premises for a period not less than one month, notice must be given, and payment in full of all arrearages, (if any there be), made to the superintendent of the city water works. The water will then be turned off, and turned on again upon application, without charge; but no remission of rent will be made for a period of less than one month, or without the notice prescribed in this section.

Section 6. Hereafter the service pipes must be so arranged that the supply to each separate house or premises may be controlled by a separate stop cock placed within and near the line of the street curb, and one person must pay for all the water used through said service for his own use or for the use of others to whom it may be accessible.

Section 7. Where water is now supplied through one service to several houses, families or persons, the water commission may at their discretion, either decline to furnish water until separate services are provided, or may continue to supply on the condition that water may be shut off from all in the case of non-payment or violation of the rules and regulations by any one.

Section 8. Water for building purposes will be furnished only by payment in advance, on the written estimate of the manager or architect, of the brick, stone, plastering or other material, for which the water is to be used. For material not stated in the estimate the application must be renewed.

Section 9. Permits for sidewalk sprinklers, private hydrants, irrigation, hose connections, closets or bath tubs, will be granted only to parties paying for the use of the water on their premises for other purposes to which it may be applied.

Section 10. The use of hose for sprinkling streets is forbidden under any circumstances.

Section 11. The use of water for irrigation is prohibited, except between the hours of 6 and 8 A. M., and 6 and 8 P. M.

Section 12. The water may, at any time, be shut off from the mains without notice, for repairs, extensions, or other necessary purposes, and persons having boilers supplied by direct pressure from the mains are cautioned against danger from collapse. The water commission will not be responsible for the safety of boilers on the premises of any water consumer.

Section 13. Water will not be furnished where there are defective or leaking faucets, closets, or other fixtures, and when such may be discovered the supply will be withdrawn.

Section 14. When a permit has been obtained for the introduction of water, a corporation cock will be furnished of such size as may be determined by the superintendent of the water works.

Section 15. Within and near the line of the street curb a stop cock of approved pattern and material must be placed, which will be furnished by the city water works without charge.

The service pipes from the mains to the wall of the building must be not less than two feet below the grade of the street, or on a level with the main when it is less than two feet below grade.

Section 16. Within the basement wall a stop, and waste cock, protected from frost, must in all cases be placed, by which the service pipes in the building may be drained at night during freezing weather.

Section 17. The service pipes, within and without the premises, must be

kept in repair and protected from freezing at the expense of the occupant, who will be responsible for all damages resulting from leaks or breaks.

Water running to waste in freezing weather is prohibited.

Section 18. No plumber or other person will be allowed to make connection with the city mains, or to make alterations in any conduit, pipe, or other fixture connecting therewith, or to connect pipes when they have been disconnected, or to turn water off or on, on any premises, without permission from the city water works.

Section 19. Plumbers doing any kind of work by which water may be drawn from the city mains must make in writing a true and accurate return of work done within twenty four hours after completion, to the superintendent, and before turning on the water, and must describe the positions of the service pipes, ferrules, stop cocks, and other fixtures by reference to street and lot corners.

Section 20. Plumbers failing to perform their work according to the established rules and regulations, or executing it unskillfully, or to the damage of the city water works, may be debarred from making connections with the city mains.

Section 21. Agents of the city water works may have free access at proper hours of the day to all buildings in which water may be delivered from the city mains, for the purpose of inspecting the condition of the pipes and fixtures and the manner in which the water is used.

Section 22. On failure to comply with the rules and regulations established as a condition to the use of water, or to pay the water rent in the time and manner hereafter provided, the water may be shut off until payment is made of the amount due, with fifty cents in addition for the expense of turning the water off and on.

Section 23. Should the occupant of the premises turn on the water after it has been shut off at the curb cock, it will be turned off at the main, and a charge of two dollars made for the expense of turning it off and on.

Section 24. The water rates, except for meters, will be due and payable on the first day of each month, and if not paid within ten days thereafter the water will be shut off from the premises as provided in Sections 22 and 23.

Section 25. The monthly rates for the use of water will be as follows:—

MONTHLY WATER RATES. Bakeries—No rates less than... \$ 1 50 Barber Shops—Bath tub... 75 First chair, (in addition to water closet and bath)... 1 25 Each additional chair... 25 Blacksmith Shops—One fire, in addition to water closet... 2 00 Book Binderies—Five persons or less, in addition to water closet... 1 00 Each additional workman... 10 00 Breweries—Each... From \$10 to 30 00 or by meter Building Purposes—Wetting each 1000 brick... 10 Wetting each barrel lime... 10 Wetting each barrel cement... 10 Butcher Shops and Fish Markets—In addition to water closet Chinese Buildings—First six persons in addition to water closet... \$2 to 5 00 Chinese Wash Houses—Each \$6 to 10 00 Family Rate—Five persons or less, water closet, bath and hose additional... 1 50 Each additional person... 15 00 Foundries—Each in addition to engine and forge... \$1.50 to 7 50 Garden Hose, Lawn and Green-houses—Each half lot of ground, or less (50x100)... 75 Each one lot of ground or less... 1 50 Each additional lot... 1 25 Hotels and Boarding houses—In addition to water closets, baths, urinals and first faucet rates... \$3 to 20 00 Ice cream Saloons—Each in addition to water closet... \$1.50 to 4 00 Laboratories, Soda Manufacturers, Bottling Establishments—Each, in addition to water closet... 75 cents to 10 00 Laundries—In addition to water closet... \$3 to 20 00 or by meter Lawn Fountains—With 1/2 inch nozzle... 2 50 Manufactories and Shops, not otherwise specified—In addition to water closet, six persons or less... \$2 to 5 00 Meter Rates—From 1,000 to 25,000 gal. per month... 30 cents per M From 25,000 to 50,000 gallons per month... 25 cents per M All over 100,000 gallons per month... 16 1/2 cents per M Offices—Each, in addition to water closet... 50 Photograph Galleries—Each, in addition to water closet... \$2 to 5 00 Printing Offices—Each power press, in addition to water closet and steam engine... \$3 to 10 00 Public halls and theaters—In addition to water closet... \$1.50 to 5 00 Schools—Public or Private—Each... From \$1 50 to 20 00 or by meter at 20 cents per M gallons. Restaurant and Coffee Houses—In addition to water closet... \$1.50 to 15 00 Saloons—In addition to water closet... \$2 to 5 00 Sidewalk Sprinkling—Each 25 feet front, or less, including washing windows... 50 Each 50 feet front, or less, including washing windows... 75 Each additional 25 feet... 10 00 Soda Fountains—Each in addition to water closet... 1 00 Stables—Livery and feed... \$4 to 12 00 Steam Engines—Each horse power, (ten hours a day) to ten horse power... 50 Each, from ten to twenty H. P... 40

Each, from twenty to thirty H. P... Each, from thirty to forty H. P... Gas engines... Stores—Drug stores, in addition to water closet and urinal... Grocery stores, in addition to water closet and urinal... Dry goods and other stores, in addition to water closet and urinal... Liquor stores, (wholesale), in addition to water closet and urinal... Urinals—In stores and business houses, each... In hotels and boarding houses, each... Water Closets—First closet, private... Closets in stores... Closets in saloons, public buildings and blocks... Water Motors... Motor fans, per month... For other uses or business not herein mentioned, at special rate or meter.

Section 27. The right is reserved to the water commission to amend to these rules and regulations, to change the water rates, as circumstances may show to be necessary or expedient. Water consumers should read these rules and regulations for their reference.

J. R. CROSSEN, The Scalp Bounty Law.

As much misunderstanding has prevailed concerning the new scalp law, it has been deemed advisable to publish the following, which has ascertained concerning the same:

1. The party owning the scalp of a peace and makes affidavit as follows: "STATE OF OREGON, ss County of... I, being first duly sworn, depose and say that I killed, or caused to be killed, the scalp of... are here presented, on the day of 1899, in... county, state of Oregon."

2. The notary public or justice of the peace then cuts off, or removes and gives the owner a scalp bounty certificate as follows: "STATE OF OREGON, ss County of... Precinct, Oregon. I hereby certify that this day of 1899, delivered to me in the form prescribed by the following scalps to-wit: \$2 each; tot \$..."

3. The notary public or justice of the peace then strings the scalp, attaches thereto a tag with the name of the owner written thereon.

4. At the next meeting of the court the notary public or justice of the peace delivers scalps so tagged, statements for each claim upon Statement or certificate may be in form as No. 2.

5. The original certificate issued owners must be presented to court. This may be done by notary public or justice of the peace or by owners.

6. The county court then causes the owner's claim with scalps sent by magistrate's statement, and if found to be just, causes the court to be attached to said original certificate and the same attested by the court.

7. When the original certificate thus been attested by the county court a warrant on the state treasurer will be issued for the amount thereof, by presenting the same to the secretary of state. The party holding such certificate may present same by mail, in person or through the county clerk.

Superintendent Gavin Resigns. The people of The Dalles, who have seen the public schools of our advance so signally under the leadership and superintendency of Prof. Gavin, will learn with much regret his connection with the school will terminate with this year's work, he having decided to follow other pursuits, presumably and voluntarily resigning. He, however, we are glad to hear, will remain in Dalles.

While we regret the loss of so competent superintendent as Prof. Gavin, at the same time every citizen parent and all concerned, will be satisfied that his mantle falls on one so generally esteemed and thoroughly competent to fill the position of superintendent as is Prof. J. S. Landers. All of his work in the schools during a few years he has been with us, his conscientiousness in every detail has been evident and his success so marked, that not the slightest hesitancy will be felt in entrusting the supervision of the schools to him. The city is very fortunate in having at hand a man of his character and attainments to step in and carry the work so well accomplished by Prof. Gavin.

Millions Given Away. It is certainly gratifying to the people to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proposition of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are cured by it. Call on Blakely & Houghton, druggists, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size, 50 cents and \$1.00. Each bottle guaranteed or price refunded.