

The Dalles Chronicle.



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IN OPPOSITION TO EXPANSION

Speech in the Senate By Caffrey on Vest's Resolution.

THE POWER OF THE GOVERNMENT

According to Caffrey It Is Limited, and the Acquisition of Foreign Territory Not a Part of It—The House Passes a Bill to Give Extra Pay Instead of Furloughs to Soldiers Upon Their Discharge.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The resolution introduced yesterday by Hoar, calling upon the president, if not in his judgment incompatible with the public interest, to communicate to the senate the instructions he had given to our commissioners who negotiated the treaty of peace, the correspondence which has passed between him and the department of state and commissioners, and the reports made by the commissioners either to him or the department of state, was laid before the senate early in the session today. After some debate on the resolution, participated in by Davis, Hoar, White and Allen, the senate went into executive session, continuing the debate. At 12:25 the senate convened in open session.

Caffrey then addressed the senate on the joint resolution offered by Vest, declaring that under the constitution of the United States no power is given to acquire territory to be held and governed permanently as colonies. Caffrey's speech was a constitutional argument in support of the declarations of the resolution. He declared the resolution went to the root of the question of the power of the United States to establish a permanent government in territories far distant from our own land. He proposed, he said, to institute an inquiry into the basic principles of the power of this government.

IN THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—At the opening of the house today Marsh asked unanimous consent for consideration of a bill to grant to officers and men of the volunteer army upon their muster out, two month's extra pay if they have served beyond the limits of the United States, and one month's extra pay if they have only served within the limits of the United States, this pay to be in lieu of furloughs or leaves of absence. The bill was passed.

The house then went into committee of the whole, with Payne in the chair, and took up consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

Cold Water Injures Oyster Beds.

TACOMA, Jan. 5.—Oyster men assert that if the present siege of cold weather continues cultivated oyster beds in Puget sound and Willapa harbor, valued at nearly a million dollars, will be ruined. It is explained that the low tides leave the cultivated beds out of water. The oysters are exposed to the cold weather, and are frozen fast to the ground. Before high tide could save them it is feared the oysters might be killed. Oyster men fear the future, as extra low tides are expected within a few days. At present no special damage has been done to the beds.

QUICK TIME FROM DAWSON

Portlanders Break Overland Record—New Yorkers in Hard Luck.

Overland Jan. 5. William Welch, of Portland, Or., who arrived today from the Klondike, claim to have broken the overland record from Dawson to Skag-

way. They left Dawson, December 12, and arrived at Skagway, December 29.

Antone Grobesits and Albert Bernard, two young men from New York, met with very hard luck on the way out. They broke through the ice on Thirty-Mile river and were in the water some time. They finally were rescued and cared for by the police. Grobesits lost \$2800 in gold, which was tied on his sled. He arrived here today absolutely penniless. His partner is at Tagish house in the police hospital, and will lose both feet as well as several fingers.

Manila Guards Won't Attend.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 5.—Governor-elect Geer received notice today that the Manila Guards, of McMinnville, will not be in Salem on the occasion of his inauguration. The governor-elect expressed regret that the McMinnville people have decided not to attend, as he had extended to them the same general invitation that he has to all with whom he has chanced to talk of his introduction into office.

Change in Running Time.

WASCO, Or., Jan. 5.—The new time card of the Columbia Southern railway, effective today, is quite an improvement over the old card. The train now leaves Moro at 11:30 a. m. and Wasco at 12:30, arriving at Biggs at 2:30, connecting with O. R. & N. train No. 1. The Columbia Southern railway runs but one train a day under the new card.

New Postmaster for Olney.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—William L. Tobey was today appointed postmaster of Olney, Or., vice L. O. Ralston, resigned.

OF INTEREST TO STOCKMEN

Report of Stock Inspector Bonney for the Past Year.

TYGH VALLEY, Or., Jan. 7.—To Wasco County Sheepmen:—Gentlemen: The work of the year 1898 has been brought to a close by "circumstances over which we have no control" and I desire to take this occasion to say a few words as to what has been accomplished in the direction of ridding the county of that most dreaded disease scab in sheep. It is within the personal knowledge of most of the sheepmen that early in the spring of 1898 a few bands of sheep, all in the vicinity of Antelope were afflicted with scab. All were treated properly and I think all were cured. As there is a good deal of scab in adjoining counties, and as some use the same old scabby corral again after dipping, it was almost inevitable that the infection should be spread to some extent. A few bands of Wasco county sheep were slightly afflicted in the fall and all were promptly and thoroughly treated, and so far as any one can judge up to date all were cured. I am able to report at this time that there is no scab known to exist in Wasco county at this date except in one band belonging to Mr. Wakefield on Tygh Ridge, and that has only been known to exist for a few days. They will be kept in an inclosure until the coming of better weather, when they will be treated for a cure. And on behalf of the county court and myself I desire to thank the sheepmen, both owners and employes, for the most general and hearty support in the effort made to enforce the law. I wish to say now that during the ensuing year the most persistent and determined effort will be made to entirely eradicate scab from the county. While it is not the intention to deal harshly with any one, all must understand that the law must and shall be enforced; and in this I have the united and hearty support of the county court. From and after this date I shall promptly publish in the papers of the county the names of all persons owning, and the location, of all sheep known to be affected. I shall do this as a notice to the public to avoid a spread of contagion, and to emphasize the fact that concealment cannot be tolerated.

I am sorry to say that a few cases have arisen from bringing infected sheep from other counties. Two bands were infected by bringing bucks from Sherman county. And I am sorry to say that one band of very scabby sheep traveled over half way across Wasco county with a permit from the inspector of Sherman county, to travel to a dipping vat.

I desire to renew my promise to treat all communications with reference to known or suspected cases of scab as personal and strictly confidential. And I consider the information gained in this way as absolutely essential to any success in exterminating the disease.

A. A. BONNEY,
Stock Inspector for Wasco County.

ISSUE AT ILOILO TO BE FORCED

Landing to Be Made Peaceably, or by Force If Necessary.

TROOPS WILL NOT FIRE FIRST

Filipinos Have Been Advised of the Intentions of the United States in Regard to the Islands and No Excuse for Preventing the Landing Will Be Accepted—War Department Thinks Iloilo Will Be in Miller's Hands This Week.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—A special from Washington says:

President McKinley has decided to force the issue with the Filipinos. His decision may result in a battle at Iloilo. It may lead to a harassing war with the natives of the Philippines. It is hoped and believed that such calamities may be averted, but it remains for the insurgents to determine what the results will be.

The president has ordered Gen. Miller to land his troops at Iloilo. The order leaves the American commander no alternative. He is directed to be conciliatory toward the natives, but at the same time he is instructed to use force, if necessary, to effect his landing and establish himself in the desired camp. In other words, General Miller is ordered to act on the defensive. He will not fire a gun unless he is attacked by the Filipinos.

The Filipinos are fully advised as to the purposes of the United States to take control of the islands, to give them a large measure of home rule and to establish a just, humane and enlightened government. The president has been extremely magnanimous and conciliatory in his treatment of the insurgents, and it is held there is no warrant for them to offer forcible resistance.

This government must move on to the performance of its mission in the Philippines. It is obvious that General Miller's troops cannot be recalled to Manila. Such a retreat would be ignominious. There was only one course open, and he determined to act promptly. The Filipinos have been given due notice of the intentions of the United States, and if they precipitate a fight they must suffer the consequences of such an action.

AGUINALDO'S MANIFESTO

He Protests Against the Stand Taken by the Americans.

MANILA, Jan. 7.—Within a few hours of the issuance of the proclamation by General Otis in behalf of President McKinley, agents of Aguinaldo billed Manila with a manifesto which attracted considerable attention. The revolutionary president objects to General Otis signing himself military governor of the Philippines. Aguinaldo declares he had never agreed at Singapore, Hong Kong or elsewhere to recognize the sovereignty of the Americans here, and insists that he returned to the Philippines on an American ship solely to conquer the Spaniards and win independence. He asserts that both his proclamation of May 24 and June 12 stated this fact officially, and he claims General Merritt confirmed this by a proclamation several days before the Spaniards capitulated, stating clearly and definitely that the Americans came to overthrow the Spanish government and to liberate the Filipinos. Aguinaldo claims that he had native and foreign witnesses who had the American's words registered not only by acts that the Filipinos were belligerents, but by publicly saluting the Filipino flag "as it triumphantly sailed

to the skies before the eyes of all nations."

Aguinaldo then solemnly protests, in the name of the deity, who is empowered to direct the brethren in the difficult task of regeneration, against the intrusion of the American government, and reiterates that he could produce proof that he was brought here on the understanding that the Americans promised their co-operation to attain independence.

The revolutionary leader then calls upon all of his followers to work together with force, assuring them that he is convinced that they will obtain absolute independence, and urging them never to turn from the "glorious road" on which they have "already so far advanced."

General Otis attaches no importance to the manifesto. He says he feels confident that the opinion of the better classes of the Filipinos is not expressed in it, but as to whether the Filipino masses can be controlled and the Filipino army kept in check he does not know although he hopes for a pacific outcome of the trouble.

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

A Pleasant, Simple but Safe and Effective Cure For It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable. The usual symptoms are a full or bloating sensation after eating, accompanied sometimes with sour or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing, headaches, fickle appetite, nervousness and a general played out, languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily, or thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate surface of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harlanston the safest and best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet composed of Diastase, Apeptic Pepsin, a little Nux, Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. N. L. Booher, of 2710 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the head, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonous discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat reaches the stomach, thus producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but today I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found flesh, appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the very simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, catarrh of stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, heartburn and bloating after meals.

Send for little book, mailed free on stomach troubles, by addressing Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. The tablets can be found at all drug stores.

Ten Killed; Forty Injured.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—A big boiler being tested in Hewitt's shipbuilding-yard at Barking burst today, and the superintendent, engineer and eight other men were killed. About 40 were injured, some fatally. The whole shipbuilding works were wrecked. A woman was found dead 300 yards from the scene of the disaster.

Remained in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Owing to the sickness of his wife, Representative Ellis was obliged to remain in Washington during the holidays. It had been expected that he would have returned to his home in Iowa.

GERMAN GOVERNMENT HOLDS OFF

She Was Invited to Step in at Iloilo But Refused.

MAINTAINS A NEUTRALITY

Confident That Her Subjects Will Receive Ample Protection Under the Stars and Stripes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The New York Staats Zeitung will publish tomorrow the following from its Berlin special correspondent:

I am informed from an unquestionable source that after the surrender of Iloilo, the Spanish general tried to induce the German consul at Manila and the German vice-consul at Iloilo to take charge of the protection of the private interests of the Spaniards. The two consuls wired to Berlin for instructions, and received the following answer from the German government:

"The German empire, being a neutral power, is not in a position to take charge of any functions which might be construed as a partiality of Spain. All we endeavor to obtain in the Philippines is protection and unrestricted movements of our commerce. Since we see that both are secure under the United States flag we are fully confident that there will never arise a situation which could cause us to deviate from the strictly neutral attitude observed by us up to the present day."

The correspondent also adds that the Washington government has been informed of this declaration.

Yukon Steamers are Doomed.

SEATTLE, Jan. 6.—News from Dawson states that a number of Yukon river steamers will be lost when the ice breaks up in the spring. Some were caught in very unprotected places and can scarcely escape being wrecked. The Robert Kerr, of the Moran fleet, is stuck fast on a bar 50 miles below Circle City. The fine steamer Arnold, of the Alaskan Exploration Company's fleet, was caught by the ice while fast on a bar some 30 miles below Forty Mile.

A crack boat of the Empire line, the Seattle, is stuck 12 miles below Circle City. She is on a bar and ice was jammed up all around her. The Tacoma and John C. Barr are also fast in dangerous positions.

Wants to Unite Cuba and San Domingo.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: A colonel in the insurgent army says that Gomez recently sounded the army on its ambition of uniting Cuba and San Domingo under one government. The wily old chief thinks that the United States can offer no objection to this plan which, if accomplished, would create a state strong enough to absorb Hayti soon.

With this done Gomez believes the foundation would be laid for a republic which would soon take rank in the Western world second only to the United States.

Money Order Rates Reduced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The postal departments of this country and Canada today reached an agreement providing for a considerable reduction of the rates on international money orders. This action is the result of plans formulated by First Assistant Postmaster-General Heath to change the fee system in the drawing and payment of international money orders between the United States and Canada, so as to reduce the price of such orders in each country.

To Sail for Manila.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—General Sumner, commander at Omaha, has informed the war department that he has received notice that the Spaniards will be sent to Manila. General Sumner accordingly ordered the Twentieth Infantry at Omaha to leave on the 11th inst., for San Francisco.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SENATOR DINGLEY REPORTED WORSE

The Maine Statesman Was Very Low Saturday Night.

LITTLE HOPE OF RECOVERY

Physicians Say a Radical Change, One Way or the Other, Must Take Place Very Soon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The condition of Representative Nelson Dingley, of Maine, who has been ill with pneumonia for almost a week, has undergone a marked change for the worse, and tonight his physicians hold out little, if any, hope of recovery. Although the lung has improved considerably and the cough lessened, the effect of the pneumonia has so weakened the system as to decrease the vitality to an alarming extent. The poison from the sickness has permeated the whole system, which renders it less potent to stand the terrible strain. Much of the day the patient was delirious and appeared to be uttering extracts from speeches he had made on the tariff question in the house of representatives. He was conscious only when aroused. The physicians say there must be a radical change one way or the other very soon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—(Bulletin.)—At 4 o'clock this morning there is no change to be reported in the condition of Mr. Dingley.

Potter for Ambassador to Russia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: The president has practically selected William Potter, of Philadelphia, for ambassador to Russia.

Mr. Potter was formerly minister to Italy, having been stationed at Rome during the Harrison administration. His record during that period has been carefully examined by the president and Secretary Hay, and both feel confident that he will satisfactorily fill the St. Petersburg post.

Stole Two Guns.

EGGERS, Or., James Smith was arrested late last evening on a charge of stealing two guns from M. S. Barker's store. He resides at Coburg, and while in Eugene yesterday called at the store to inspect and price guns. It is alleged that he concealed two guns under his overcoat and left the store. Shortly afterward, one of the guns was missed by Mr. Barker, and he immediately notified the officers. They found Smith getting his team ready to leave town. On searching his wagon they found the two guns concealed in the wagon, with Mr. Barker's price tag attached to them.

A preliminary examination was held this afternoon, and Smith was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, with bonds fixed at \$500.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS

THEY DO A DOSE.

For Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, etc.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS