

SPAIN WILL YIELD UNDER PROTEST

Reply Will Be Made at the Joint Session.

SPANIARDS STILL THINKING IT OVER

Administration Thinks at Least One or More Joint Sessions of the Peace Commission Will Be Held After Tomorrow.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The Spanish peace commissioners last night telegraphed to Madrid the substance of the United States' memorandum presented yesterday, and late yesterday evening they were discussing it among themselves. As late as 1 o'clock this morning a Spanish commissioner affirmed that his colleagues did not know what to do regarding the American offer. There is a difference of opinion among official people near the commission, but the prediction is that Spain will decline the American offer of money. She will refuse to cede the Philippines and will say to the United States:

Discussion By the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—At the cabinet meeting today a brief cablegram was read which had been sent from Paris by Day. It was substantially in accord with the newspaper reports of the proceedings.

Will Answer Tomorrow.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to the World from Paris says: "No one can foresee what the cortes will do." This was the answer of Senor Ojeda, principal secretary of the Spanish commission, when asked if the American ultimatum would be accepted.

Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish commission, frowned as he listened to America's final note as to the joint session. When the reading was ended he said curtly: "Spain does not need until November 28th to answer. She will present her reply Wednesday."

In the communication the United States refuses arbitration but offers \$20,000,000 in gold for the Philippines, and such a sum as may be agreed upon for an island in the Caroline group, or enough land on a strong island for a naval base and cable station.

The American commissioners proposed to give Spain until November 28th to accept or reject these demands, which were translated in full at the session by Interpreter Ferguson, but after Montero Rios' remark about not needing so much time, the joint session was adjourned until Wednesday.

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REVOLT IN SALVADOR SERIOUS

States Likely to Become Involved—Rebels in Possession of all Departments Except Two.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama says: Late advice from Salvador via Nicaragua indicate that the revolt is more serious than at first thought. It may involve all the five states in a general conflagration.

According to advices, the real object of the movement is the overthrow of the federal republic, which was organized November 1st at Amapala. To accomplish this Regalados called in the aid of Guatemala and Costa Rica, who always viewed the union of Salvador, Nicaragua and Honduras as a constant menace to its sovereignty.

The rebels are in possession of all the departments, with the exception of La Union and San Miguel, the latter a stronghold of Horacio Villavicencio, who is a candidate in opposition to Regalados.

The federal government is hurriedly mobilizing its forces to march against Regalados. Honduras sends 4000; Nicaragua, 3000, and the federal district of Salvador, 2000. The movement is backed by capitalists, who are well-known military men.

A cable censorship has been established at La Libertad.

Rushing Spanish Troops From Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The Cuban evacuation commission has made quite extended reports to the war department concerning the situation in the island, relating largely to camps, conditions and proposed sites for United States garrisons, as well as suggestions as to supplies for the army and other matters of detail which must be considered before the army is sent to Cuba.

One of the most important features of later reports is that the evacuation of the island by the Spaniards may take place sooner than at first anticipated. The commission has been informed that thirty Spanish transports are now on the way to Cuba, and that they will be able to take away to Cuba, and that able to take away a large number of troops.

The war department is now making arrangements to send troops to Cuba as soon as the Spaniards evacuate, and will be ready to occupy the different points as fast as the Spaniards move away.

Navy to Be Made Ready.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A Washington special says: Though confident that hostilities will not be resumed, Secretary Long has made it a point since the protocol was signed to put the men-of-war of the service in the best possible condition.

During the latter part of last week instructions were sent to the commanders of the navy yards at which ships were undergoing repairs, directing them to expedite the completion of the vessels in order that they might be in condition for immediate use should developments in the international situation require their employment.

Warehouse Collapses.

CORVALLIS, Nov. 21.—A report has reached this city that a portion of the foundation of the Finely warehouse, located 15 miles up the Willamette, has given way, and 500 tons of wheat is in danger of dropping into the river. The steamer William M. Hoag left up this morning, and the Albany is expected to follow tonight, to remove the wheat to safer quarters.

The speech of Father Abraham in the last number of Poor Richard's Almanac, published by Benjamin Franklin in 1757, "Contains the Wisdom of many ages and nations assembled and formed into one connected discourse." When first published it attracted world wide attention and was copied in all the newspapers in America and England and translated into many foreign languages. Would you not like to read it? Get a copy free of charge at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store.

Ask your grocer for Clarke & Falk's pure concentrated favoring extracts. If

BALDWIN HOTEL BURNED TO ASHES

Famous San Francisco Hotel Consumed Wednesday Morning.

FIVE LIVES LOST MANY INJURED

Impossible to Get a Complete List—Latest Estimates of the Loss-Caused By the Fire Places the Total at \$1,500,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 22.—At 3:35 this morning the Baldwin hotel caught fire and was entirely destroyed. There were 800 people, guests and employes, in the hotel at the time the fire broke out, and certainly five, probably many more of these people, lost their lives.

The fire is said to have started in the kitchen, located in the basement. It worked its way through a flue to the sixth floor and before the first alarm was sent in the flames had gained great headway. The first alarm was followed by others in rapid succession, until five calls had been sent in, summoning every piece of apparatus at the command of the department.

For years the Baldwin has been regarded as the most dangerous firetrap in San Francisco. Built of wood, six stories high, with narrow and tortuous hallways, it is a wonder half the people in the hotel escaped. They were slow to awaken. Many were dazed and stupefied by smoke when the police, firemen, and hotel employes, hurrying through the hallways, kicked open the doors and notified the people of the great danger. When they managed to reach the windows and fire escapes there were no ladders. Many attempted to jump from the windows to the streets, but were warned not to do so by the crowd below. Then the firemen got up ladders and commenced taking people to the ground, rescuing many.

In the interior of the hotel an explosion in the theater caused that portion of the building to cave in. The explosion also extinguished the electric lights throughout the building. There were many people in the upper halls and corridor at that time, and firemen and police were endeavoring to lead them to the Market and Powell-street windows. The entire top floor was then a blazing mass.

Escape By a Rope.

The story of the rope is a thrilling one. For eight years Kate Richardson has been an employe of the hotel, occupying a room on the fifth floor. Five years ago, as a precautionary measure in just such emergency, procured a rope long enough to reach from her room to the street. When the alarm was given, Miss Richardson, with the assistance of Miss Gussie Johnson, a companion, secured the rope to a piece of heavy furniture and threw the free end out of the window. The two girls were about to make the descent when three lady guests rushed into the room and begged to be saved. The two brave girls gave precedence to the guests, and then Miss Johnson took her position on the rope and went down hand over hand. Miss Richardson was the last to leave, and she had gone down but one story when Captain White, who occupied a room on that floor, called to her, appealingly begging her not to jump. Miss Richardson stopped and begged the captain to take her place on the line. This he refused to do, and only after dint of much persuasion could he induce Miss Richardson to save herself, promising to follow in her wake.

Miss Richardson reached the street in safety and Captain White had launched himself in the air, when suddenly the rope broke and he fell to the ground below, a distance of nearly 100 feet.

It is impossible at present to estimate the death loss but indications are that it must increase. The police department is compiling a list of guests, and checking them off as fast as reported safe. So far the list is as follows:

- Jonathan L. White, capitalist, residing in the hotel. Lewis Meyers, secretary Laluya Bay Gold Mining Company. John J. Carter, associate judge of

California Jockey Club. Tate Pryor, sheetwriter to J. J. Carroll. J. M. Lighththead, purser of the City of Sydney.

A careful estimate of the loss caused by the Baldwin hotel fire places the total at \$1,500,000, on which at the outside there was not over \$150,000 insurance. The insurance, \$50,000, carried on the hotel was ridiculously small. About \$900,000 of the mortgage covers the Baldwin hotel property, and the opinion is entertained that the site alohe is worth at least \$500,000 over the mortgage.

SPAIN WILL YIELD SOON

Remark of a Member of the Spanish Commission Lends Color to This View of Affairs

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The correspondent of the Associated Press asked Aberzon if the commission would be able to leave Paris next week with the treaty. He replied:

"I suppose we shall be here for another fortnight." "Why," the Spanish commissioner was asked, "is the opinion so emphatically expressed by a portion of the Paris press that you will decline the \$20,000,000, but will sign the treaty with a protest that you do so only by pressure of superior power?"

"Well, it does seem that \$20,000,000 is not very satisfactory."

This was the semi-evasive manner in which the Spanish diplomat answered the question. His questioner continued: "Then it has been affirmed that Spain will refuse to sign the treaty, decline the money offered and protest to the powers, and that her commissioners will go home. Is that the most likely result?"

"Ah, but we should not anticipate, we should know day by day what happens day by day."

The Petit Bleu reaffirms today as a certainty that the Spanish will refuse the American offer of \$20,000,000 for the treaty session of the Philippines.

The Temps says: "If Spain should withdraw from the peace negotiations, the war would not be resumed, but the protocol would come into force again. The Spanish army would evacuate Cuba and Porto Rico, while the Philippines will remain in Dewey's occupation, but not American possession. The only result would be that diplomatic relations would not be renewed."

Farmers' Short Course.

CORVALLIS, Or., Nov. 22.—The agricultural college authorities are making energetic endeavors to secure a large attendance of farmers at the short course, which will be begun early in January and continue about a month. Postal cards to the number of 750 were sent out to agriculturists in various parts of the state recently requesting the names of persons likely to attend, and the character of the responses indicates that the short course lectures, which are of the most interesting character to farmers, will be heard by an unusually large number. The lectures are free, and there are connected with them a large amount of practical experiments in many lines of work on the farm. The only expense to the farmer is board, \$2.50 per week.

Podder's Head Wilson

Says: "The fool saith, 'Put all thy eggs in different baskets,' which means, scatter your money and your attention; but the wise man saith: 'Put all your eggs in one basket, and watch the basket.'"

We have only one basket, and we are watching it in optics. Having made a thorough study of the subject, graduating from three of the best colleges, we are enabled to give you a scientific examination. It doesn't matter whether you buy a \$10 glass or a \$1 glass, or any glasses at all, you get an examination, and a thorough one at that, which alone is worth your time to know your eye. Fit all cases of eyes, and am permanently located in The Dalles. I am no traveling fake, and best of all I guarantee all work in optics to give you entire satisfaction. Yours to serve, Prof. P. G. DAUR, the optician. Two doors west of Keller's bakery, The Dalles, Oregon.

GOVERNMENT FOR HAWAIIANS

Territorial Form Will Be Recommended By the Commission.

WILL TAKE THIS FORM AT PRESENT

Commissioners Have Completed the Bill and Its Report Will Be Ready When Congress Assembles.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The commission appointed by the president to recommend a form of government for the Hawaiian Islands as a part of the United States, met in Senator Cullom's committee rooms at the capital today, for the first time since leaving Honolulu, Senators Cullom and Morgan, and Representatives Hitt and Frear being present.

The meeting was devoted to discussing details of the bill, and the report which the commission will make to congress, which had not been decided upon at the last meeting. The legislation which will be recommended by the commission will be included in a bill, which to all intents and purposes, will be an enabling act, and very much like the bills providing for the admission of new states into the Union, except in the important detail that it provides for the admission of a territory and not a state. The bill has been completed but probably will be amended in detail.

The report has not been completed, but the commission has decided upon its important features. One of these is a recommendation that the system of importing laborers under contract shall be discontinued. The commissioners have concluded that as the system is contrary to the laws applying to this country as a whole, it would not be wise to continue it, even temporarily in Hawaii. It is understood that a majority at least of the members of the commission do not accept the theory that Americans and Europeans cannot do manual labor in the islands.

The commission will recommend a regular territorial form of government, with a governor, a delegate in congress, and a legislature. The legislature will be elected by the qualified voters of the island, but there will be property and educational qualifications imposed upon those who vote for members of the upper house of the legislature. The franchise will not be extended to the Japanese or Chinese in the island, but the Portuguese who become citizens will not be excluded, under the restrictions imposed. The commission will present full details of the value of the property acquired, the income of the tariff taxes and other important facts bearing upon the government of the islands. They estimate that the property secured to the United States will amount to more than \$10,000,000.

WAS MURDERED BY INDIANS

Passengers of the Jesse Massacred While They Slept.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 22.—If the story of E. Molokoff, who arrived here today from Nunivak Island, Alaska, is true, the passengers and crew of the steamer Jesse, numbering fifteen, were not drowned at the mouth of the Kushowin river, as reported several weeks ago, but were murdered by Indians.

Molokoff says just before he left Nunivak Island the Indian wife of a hunter and trader, named Marsten, returned to Nunivak from Kushowin, where she had been visiting relatives, and reported that when the steamer Jesse and barge Minerva went ashore in the breakers, a large number of Indians were on the beach and rendered assistance in getting the whites ashore and saving supplies from the barge. After being comfortably camped the Indians demanded a larger portion of the supplies as payment for services, which, according to the Indian woman's story, was refused. A few nights later,

ROYAL Baking Powder. Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum. Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

while all were asleep, the Indians made a rush on the camp, killing the entire party, including Missionary Webber, his wife and child. After the massacre, the bodies were stripped of clothing and valuables. They were then taken in canoes a considerable distance from shore and thrown in the sea. Molokoff's story is partially corroborated by a letter from Marsten, received by Barneson & Chilcote, who owned an interest in the Jesse. Marsten asks for an investigation, and says that the Indians on the Kushowin are becoming very insolent. They claim that section as their hunting and fishing grounds, and do not want whites to trespass, and threaten to make trouble for all prospectors.

Discovered by a Woman. Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamrick, of N. C. Trial bottle free at Blakeley & Houghton Drug Store. Regular size 50c and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed.

Lost in the Mountains. PENDELTON, Or., Nov. 23.—Several thousand sheep are imprisoned in the mountains near here. Two feet of snow has fallen there. Shepherds have kept their sheep on the mountain ranges as long as possible, on account of dryness and a lack of grass outside, S. E. Boettcher has two bands at Wilbur, over 6000, and Robert Potwine 3000. One band belonging to Marshall & Fernish is lost. Herders hunted for it for three days, but found no trace of it. Unless chinook winds blow and melt the snow, shepherds will have difficulty in bringing their sheep out without heavy loss.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. No. 3-11 From New Zealand.

RZEPTON, New Zealand, Nov. 23, 1896. I am very pleased to state that since I took the agency of Chamberlain's medicines the sale has been very large, more especially of the Cough Remedy. In two years I have sold more of this particular remedy than of all other makes for the previous five years. As to its efficacy, I have been informed by scores of persons of the good results they have received from it, and know its value from the use of it in my own household. It is so pleasant to take that we have to place the bottle beyond the reach of the children. E. J. SCANTLEBURY. For sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

Overcome evil with good. Overcome your coughs and colds with One Minute Cough Cure. It is so good children cry for it. It cures croup, bronchitis, pneumonia, gripe and all throat and lung diseases. Snipes-Kinerey Drug Co.